



August 17, 2017  
IPP Registration

## The Printer Working Group

### 1                                   IPP Get-User-Printer-Attributes 2                                   (*USEROP*)

3                                   Status: ~~Interim~~Initial

4   Abstract: This document proposes a new Get-User-Printer-Attributes IPP operation that  
5   allows an IPP Client to retrieve the Printer's attributes and capabilities settings that are  
6   available specifically to the Client's most authenticated User.

7   This document is a White Paper. For a definition of a "White Paper", see:  
8   <http://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/general/pwg-process30.pdf>

9   This document is available electronically at:

10   <https://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/ipp/whitepaper/tb-userop-20170817.odt>

11   <https://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/ipp/whitepaper/tb-userop-20170801.odt>

12   <https://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/ipp/whitepaper/tb-userop-20170817.pdf>

13   <https://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/ipp/whitepaper/tb-userop-20170801.pdf>

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15 Title: *IPP Get-User-Printer-Attributes (USEROP)*

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## 59 **1 Introduction**

60 This document proposes a new Get-User-Printer-Attributes IPP operation that allows an  
61 IPP Client to retrieve the Printer's settings that are available to the Client's current User. It  
62 is semantically identical to the existing Get-Printer-Attributes IPP operation [RFC8011],  
63 with the key difference that the Printer will always respond with an authentication  
64 challenge. Once the Client has authenticated using the User's credentials, the Printer will  
65 respond with the settings for that user.

## 66 **2 Terminology**

### 67 **2.1 Protocol Roles Terminology**

68 This document defines the following protocol roles in order to specify unambiguous  
69 conformance requirements:

70 *Client*: Initiator of outgoing IPP session requests and sender of outgoing IPP operation  
71 requests (Hypertext Transfer Protocol -- HTTP/1.1 [RFC7230] User Agent).

72 *Printer*: Listener for incoming IPP session requests and receiver of incoming IPP operation  
73 requests (Hypertext Transfer Protocol -- HTTP/1.1 [RFC7230] Server) that represents one  
74 or more Physical Devices or a Logical Device.

### 75 **2.2 Other Terms Used in This Document**

76 *User*: A person or automata using a Client to communicate with a Printer.

### 77 **2.3 Acronyms and Organizations**

78 *IANA*: Internet Assigned Numbers Authority, <http://www.iana.org/>

79 *IETF*: Internet Engineering Task Force, <http://www.ietf.org/>

80 *ISO*: International Organization for Standardization, <http://www.iso.org/>

81 *PWG*: Printer Working Group, <http://www.pwg.org/>

## 82 | **3 Requirements Rationale for IPP Get-User-Printer-Attributes**

### 83 | **3.1 Rationale for IPP Get-User-Printer-Attributes**

84 | While there are many solutions, both standard and non-standard, for creating print policies  
85 | that provide a way to specify allowed or disallowed features according to individual users,  
86 | systems, applications and so forth, there is no established method that is in-band of IPP.  
87 | Having a print policy method using IPP would better support systems such as IPP  
88 | Everywhere [PWG5100.14] in print infrastructures provided by public print providers,  
89 | enterprises or educational environments such as university settings.

90 | Technical justification for pursuing the creation of a new IPP operation rather than reusing  
91 | or overloading existing operations such as Get-Printer-Attributes is discussed in section 4.

### 92 | **3.2 Use Cases**

93 | The need for solutions to these use cases emerged during the process of writing the IPP  
94 | Implementor's Guide v2 [PWG5100.19].

#### 95 | **3.2.1 Print Policy For Some Users Limits Print Capabilities**

96 | Sue wants to print her report on her department's workgroup printer. She wants to print it in  
97 | color to make the color graphs look best. However, she has abused her printing privileges,  
98 | so her department head has instructed the network administrator to restrict her user  
99 | account's ability to print in color.

100 | Sue opens the document on her laptop, chooses to print, and selects the department's  
101 | workgroup printer. The Printer authenticates the laptop using Sue's credentials, and then  
102 | provides the laptop with the print choices available for Sue's account, which does not  
103 | include color printing. Sue decides whether to print it in black-and-white anyway or to print  
104 | from one of the campus print centers, where she can pay to print in color.

105 | Bob is an associate professor in the same department as Sue. His account has no  
106 | limitations for color printing. He opens a document on his tablet, taps to print, and selects  
107 | the department's workgroup printer. His tablet presents print options including the option of  
108 | printing in color. Bob chooses to print in color, and prints his document, which prints in  
109 | color as he expects.

110 | Figure 3.1 illustrates this use case with a sequence diagram.

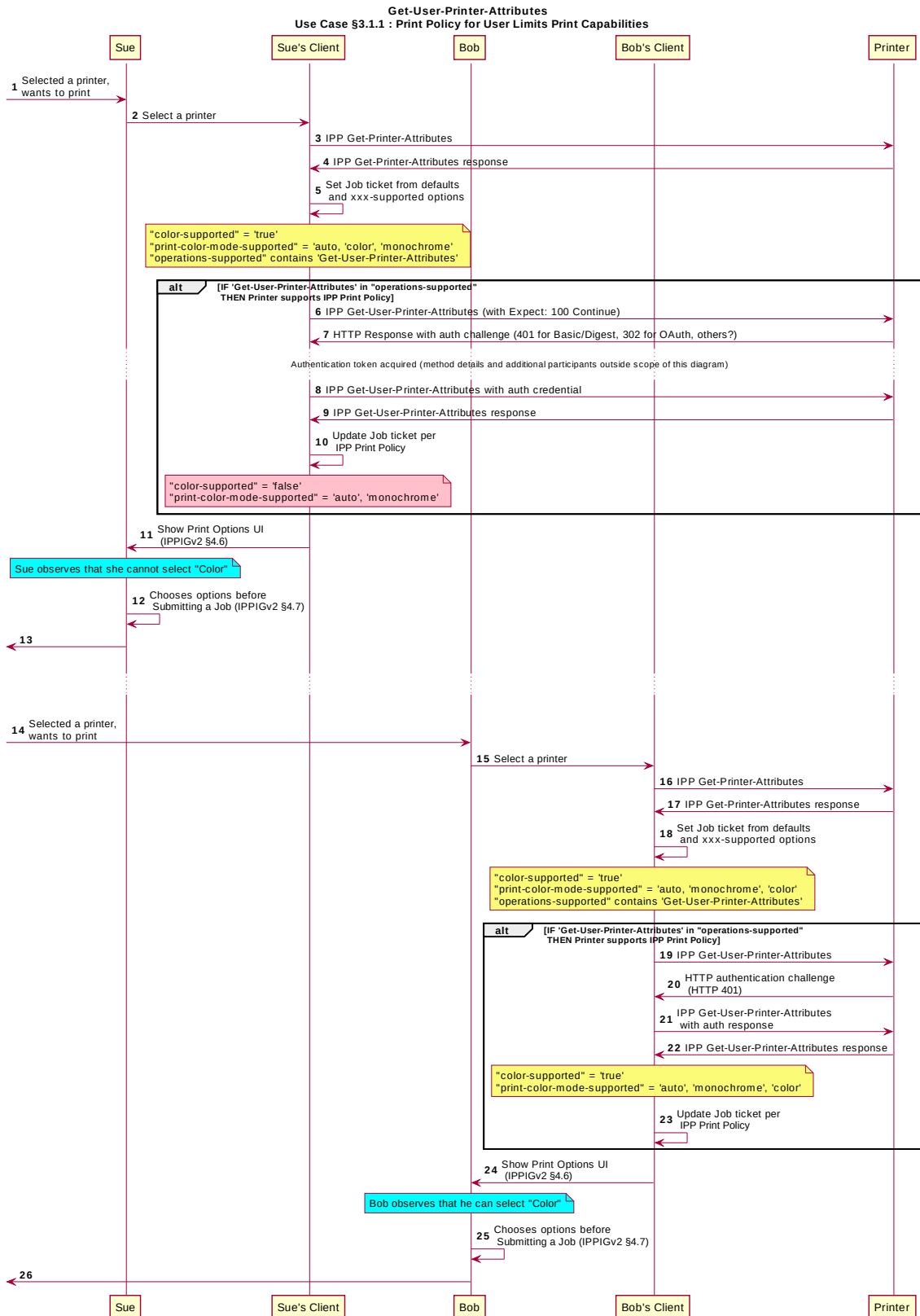


Figure 3.1 : Use Case 3.1.1 Sequence Diagram

### 111 **3.2.2 User Not Listed in Print Policy Denied Ability to Print in Color**

112 In this use case, a user who is not named in the print policy system is denied the ability to  
113 print using existing conventional IPP print protocol use. The Client may implement support  
114 for IPP Print Policy but authentication may fail, or the Client may have not implemented  
115 support for IPP Print Policy.

116 Duncan is at the office and needs to print a 5 page report that contains color diagrams  
117 before his next meeting. His office user account has been granted permission by his office  
118 network administrator to print in color. Duncan opens the document on his tablet, taps to  
119 print, and selects the desired Printer. The tablet fetches the Printer's default capabilities,  
120 and then authenticates using Duncan's user account to retrieve the print options available  
121 to him as per his account's print policy, including the option to print in color or  
122 monochrome. He prints the document using the color option, retrieves the hardcopy from  
123 the printer, and then goes on to his meeting.

124 Ed is visiting Duncan's office and needs to print a 3 page document. Ed is not listed as a  
125 user in the print policy. Ed opens the document on his laptop, clicks to print, and selects  
126 the Printer recommended by Duncan. The laptop does not support print policies or does  
127 but has no valid credentials. The Printer provides Ed's laptop with the default print  
128 capabilities. When the Job is submitted to the Printer, the Printer rejects the Job or  
129 identifies the setting that were adjusted, since unknown users don't have the right to print  
130 in color on this printer.

131 Figure 3.2 illustrates this use case with a sequence diagram.

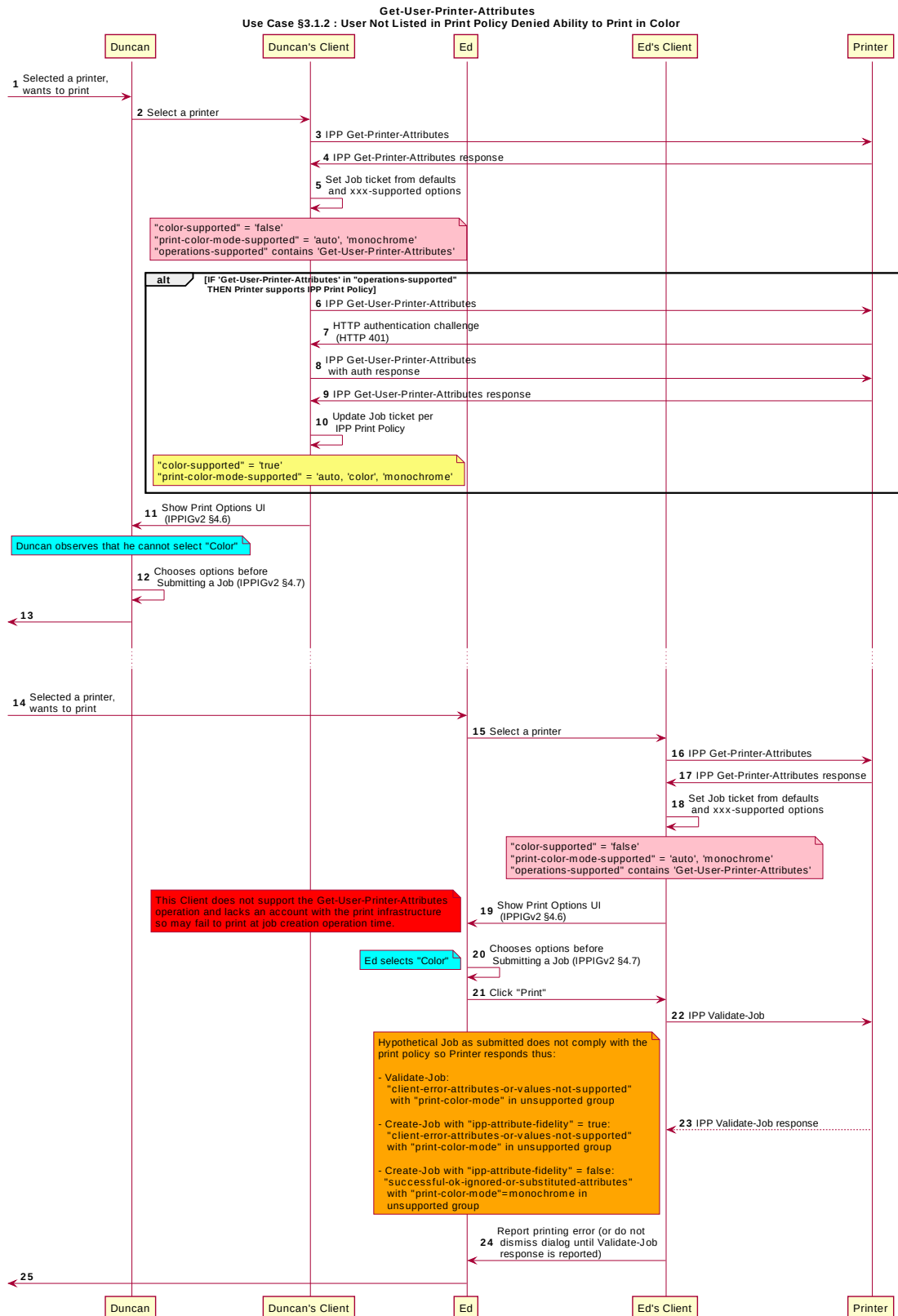


Figure 3.2 : Use Case 3.1.2 Sequence Diagram



### 132 **3.3 Exceptions**

133 There are no exceptions to the use cases in section 3.2.

### 134 **3.4 Out of Scope**

135 The following are considered out of scope for this document:

- 136 1. Definition of ~~specific actual~~ print policies.
- 137 2. Definition of how print policy management systems structure and/or organize the
- 138 sets of users and their policies.
- 139 3. Definition of non-IPP protocols that can provide similar functionality.

### 140 **3.5 Design Requirements**

141 The design requirements for this document are:

- 142 1. Identify an appropriate set of IPP operations that allows a supporting Client to
- 143 acquire from the target Printer the set of print features available for a particular
- 144 User.
- 145 2. Identify an appropriate Printer behavior and expected Client behavior for a non-
- 146 supporting Client (i.e. one that is unaware of this new system) can still be a
- 147 legitimate actor in the print policy system.
- 148 3. Identify an appropriate set of IPP operations and attributes that allows a Printer
- 149 to refer a Client to a trusted IPP Print Policy Service, such that the Client can
- 150 assert that the options it provides with a submitted job do comply with a policy
- 151 originating from that trusted policy server.
- 152 4. Maintain backward compatibility with existing versions of IPP (IPP/1.1, IPP/2.x).
- 153 5. Register all attributes and operations with IANA.

154 The design recommendations for this document are:

- 155 1. Recommend suitable authentication methods and guidelines for the use of those
- 156 methods that could inform the creation of a high quality Client user experience.

## 157 | **4 IPP Get-User-Printer-Attributes Definitions**

## 158 | **5 Technical Solutions/Approaches**

159 | **6 Although the existing Get-Printer-Attributes operation**  
160 | **[RFC8011] conveys the needed information and could be used**  
161 | **for this task, few legacy Clients expect the Printer to respond**  
162 | **to a Get-Printer-Attributes operation with an HTTP**  
163 | **authentication challenge. To preserve backward compatibility**  
164 | **with legacy Clients, a new operation is defined here, with**  
165 | **semantics similar to Get-Printer-Attributes.**

### 166 | **6.1 IPP Operations**

## 167 | **7 IPP Operations**

## 168 | **8 Get-User-Printer-Attributes Operation**

169 | This REQUIRED operation is semantically analogous to the Get-Printer-Attributes  
170 | operation [RFC8011] except that the Printer MUST return the attributes and values allowed  
171 | for the most authenticated user. The most authenticated user provides the identity the  
172 | Printer will use to construct its IPP response, containing the attributes and values for that  
173 | identity.

174 | The Client MUST be prepared to respond to an HTTP authentication challenge. The Client  
175 | detects whether the Printer supports this operation by examining the “operations-  
176 | supported” attribute [RFC8011]. If the Client initiates the Get-User-Printer-Attributes  
177 | operation over a non-TLS connection, the Client MUST be prepared to receive an HTTP  
178 | 426 response to upgrade the connection to TLS [RFC2817]. The Printer MUST only send  
179 | Get-User-Printer-Attributes responses over TLS connections [RFC8010] [RFC8011].

180 | ~~This REQUIRED operation allows a Client to request the values of the attributes of a~~  
181 | ~~Printer. This operation is semantically similar to the Get-Printer-Attributes operation~~  
182 | ~~[RFC8011] except that the returned attributes and values MAY be different depending on~~  
183 | ~~the most authenticated user, and the Client MUST be prepared to respond to an HTTP~~  
184 | ~~authentication challenge. The Client detects whether the Printer supports this operation by~~  
185 | ~~examining the “operations-supported” attribute [RFC8011].~~

186 | ~~If the Client initiates the Get-User-Printer-Attributes operation over a non-TLS connection,~~  
187 | ~~the Client MUST be prepared to receive an HTTP 426 response to upgrade the connection~~  
188 | ~~to TLS [RFC2817]. The Printer MUST only send Get-User-Printer-Attributes responses~~  
189 | ~~over TLS connections.~~

## 190 | Get-User-Printer-Attributes Request

191 | The following groups of attributes are supplied as part of the Get-User-Printer-Attributes  
192 | request:

## 193 | Group 1: Operation Attributes

194 | "attributes-charset" (charset) and  
195 | "attributes-natural-language" (naturalLanguage) :

196 | As described in [RFC8011] Section 4.1.4.1. The Client MUST supply and the  
197 | Printer MUST support both of these attributes.

198 | "printer-uri" (uri) :

199 | The Client MUST supply and the Printer MUST support this attribute, which is  
200 | the target for this operation as described in [RFC8011] Section 4.1.5.

201 | "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) :

202 | The Client MUST supply and the Printer MUST support this attribute, as  
203 | described in [RFC8011] Section 9.3.

204 | "requesting-user-uri" (uri) :

205 | The Client MUST supply and the Printer MUST support this attribute, as  
206 | described in [PWG5100.13] section

207 | "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) and  
208 | "requesting-user-uri" (uri) and  
209 | "requesting-user-vcard" (1setOf text(MAX)) :

210 | The Client SHOULD supply and the Printer MUST support all three of these  
211 | attributes.

## 212 | Natural Language and Character Set:

213 | ~~The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as-~~  
214 | ~~described in [RFC8011] Section 4.1.4.1.~~

215 | ~~Target:~~

216 | ~~The "printer-uri" (uri) operation attribute, which is the target for this operation-~~  
217 | ~~as described in [RFC8011] Section 4.1.5.~~

218 | ~~Requesting User Name:~~

219 | ~~The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by-~~  
220 | ~~the Client as described in [RFC8011] Section 9.3. In addition, the-~~

221           ~~“requesting-user-uri” (uri) [PWG5100.13] and “requesting-user-vcard” (1setOf~~  
222           ~~text(MAX)) [PWG5100.SYSTEM] attribute SHOULD be supplied by the Client~~  
223           ~~as described in their respective PWG specifications. These attributes~~  
224           ~~SHOULD be sent even when HTTP authentication is used, since the “most~~  
225           ~~authenticated user” principle applies here as with all IPP operations, as per~~  
226           ~~[RFC8011] Section 9.3.~~

227           "requested-attributes" (1setOf keyword):

228           The "requested-attributes" (1setOf keyword) attribute ~~MAY~~SHOULD be  
229           supplied by the Client and ~~MUST~~ be supported by the Printer as described in  
230           [RFC8011] Section 4.2.5.1.

231           "document-format" (mimeMediaType):

232           The "document-format" (mimeMediaType) attribute SHOULD be supplied by  
233           the Client as described in [RFC8011] Section 4.2.5.1.

#### 234    **8.1.1.1    Get-User-Printer-Attributes Response**

235    The Printer returns the following sets of attributes as part of the Get-User-Printer-Attributes  
236    response:

237    Group 1: Operation Attributes

238           "attributes-charset" (charset) and  
239           "attributes-natural-language" (naturalLanguage) :

240           As described in [RFC8011] Section 4.1.4.1. The Client MUST supply and the  
241           Printer MUST support both of these attributes.

242           Natural Language and Character Set:

243           ~~The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as~~  
244           ~~described in [RFC8011] Section 4.1.4.1.~~

245           Status Message:

246           In addition to the REQUIRED status-code returned in every response, the  
247           response MAY include a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-  
248           status-message" (text(MAX)) operation attribute as described in [RFC8011]  
249           Appendix B and Section 4.1.6.

250    Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

251           See [RFC8011] Section 4.1.7 for details on returning unsupported attributes.

252    Group 3: Printer Attributes

253 This is the set of requested attributes and their current values. See [RFC8011]  
254 Section 4.2.5.2 for details.

## 255 **9 Internationalization Considerations**

256 For interoperability and basic support for multiple languages, conforming implementations  
257 MUST support the Universal Character Set (UCS) Transformation Format -- 8 bit (UTF-8)  
258 [RFC3629] encoding of Unicode [UNICODE] [ISO10646] and the Unicode Format for  
259 Network Interchange [RFC5198].

260 Implementations of this specification SHOULD conform to the following standards on  
261 processing of human-readable Unicode text strings, see:

- 262 • Unicode Bidirectional Algorithm [UAX9] – left-to-right, right-to-left, and vertical
- 263 • Unicode Line Breaking Algorithm [UAX14] – character classes and wrapping
- 264 • Unicode Normalization Forms [UAX15] – especially NFC for [RFC5198]
- 265 • Unicode Text Segmentation [UAX29] – grapheme clusters, words, sentences
- 266 • Unicode Identifier and Pattern Syntax [UAX31] – identifier use and normalization
- 267 • Unicode Collation Algorithm [UTS10] – sorting
- 268 • Unicode Locale Data Markup Language [UTS35] – locale databases

269 Implementations of this specification are advised to also review the following informational  
270 documents on processing of human-readable Unicode text strings:

- 271 • Unicode Character Encoding Model [UTR17] – multi-layer character model
- 272 • Unicode in XML and other Markup Languages [UTR20] – XML usage
- 273 • Unicode Character Property Model [UTR23] – character properties
- 274 • Unicode Conformance Model [UTR33] – Unicode conformance basis

## 275 **10 Security Considerations**

276 The security considerations for the Get-User-Printer-Attributes operation build upon those  
277 defined for IPP/1.1 [RFC8011] and IPP/2.0 [PWG5100.12] for the Validate-Job, Create-Job  
278 and Print-Job operations. In addition to those security considerations, a Printer MUST  
279 NOT send a Get-User-Printer-Attributes response over a non-TLS connection.

## 280 **10.1 Human-readable Strings**

281 Implementations of this specification SHOULD conform to the following standard on  
282 processing of human-readable Unicode text strings, see:

- 283 • Unicode Security Mechanisms [UTS39] – detecting and avoiding security attacks

284 Implementations of this specification are advised to also review the following informational  
285 document on processing of human-readable Unicode text strings:

- 286 • Unicode Security FAQ [UNISECFAQ] – common Unicode security issues

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358 standard:

359 Mike Sweet – Apple Inc.  
360 Ira McDonald – High North Inc.



## 361 **13 Change History**

### 362 | **13.1 August 17, 2017**

363 | Updated as per feedback from August 2017 IPP WG vF2F meeting minutes:

- 364 | • Removed section 4
- 365 | • Rewrote portions of now section 4 “Get-User-Printer-Attributes” definition and  
366 | restructured presentation of list of attributes in request and response sub-sections  
367 | for Get-User-Printer-Attributes definition
- 368 | • Relabeled document to be “IPP Registration” instead of “White Paper”

### 369 | **13.2 August 1, 2017**

370 Updated as per feedback from July 20, 2017 IPP WG meeting minutes and feedback:

- 371 | • Added sub-sections for the Get-User-Printer-Attributes request and response,  
372 | leveraging text from RFC 8011 and 5100.SYSTEM
- 373 | • Updated Internationalization section to use Unicode 10 and added a bunch of  
374 | references.
- 375 | • Updated references to add System, and full standard of IPP/2.0 (5100.12)
- 376 | • Other editorial fixes

### 377 | **13.3 May 24, 2017**

378 Updated as per feedback from May 2017 F2F review.

- 379 | • Removed previous use cases 3.1.2-3.1.5; renamed 3.1.6 to be new 3.1.2, with  
380 | updated sequence diagram that includes Validate-Job / Create-Job response.
- 381 | • Removed section 6 – no new IPP attributes need to be defined as of this draft.

### 382 | **13.4 April 18, 2017**

- 383 | • Updated and clarified the description in section 4 “Technical Solutions/Approaches”  
384 | to explain with more detail why it is not practical to use the venerable Get-Printer-  
385 | Attributes operation for the task of conveying print policies.

386 **13.5 April 4, 2017**

- 387 • Updated with new and elaborated use cases and accompanying sequence  
388 diagrams to better articulate the breadth of the problem space.

389 **13.6 February 1, 2017**

- 390 • Editorial changes.

391 **13.7 January 30, 2017**

- 392 • Initial draft.