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15 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics

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27 Abstract

28 This document is one of a set of documents, which together describe all aspects of a new Internet Printing  
29 Protocol (IPP). IPP is an application level protocol that can be used for distributed printing using Internet  
30 tools and technologies. This document describes a simplified model consisting of abstract objects, their  
31 attributes, and their operations that is independent of encoding and transport. The model consists of a  
32 Printer and a Job object. A Job optionally supports multiple documents. IPP 1.1 semantics allow end-users  
33 and operators to query printer capabilities, submit print jobs, inquire about the status of print jobs and  
34 printers, cancel, hold, release, and restart print jobs. IPP 1.1 semantics allow operators to pause, resume,  
35 and purge (jobs from) Printer objects. This document also addresses security, internationalization, and  
36 directory issues.

37 The full set of IPP documents includes:

38 Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2567]

39 Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2568]

40 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics (this document)  
41 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport [IPP-PRO]  
42 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG]  
43 Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [RFC2569]  
44

45 The "Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol" document takes a broad look at distributed printing  
46 functionality, and it enumerates real-life scenarios that help to clarify the features that need to be included  
47 in a printing protocol for the Internet. It identifies requirements for three types of users: end users,  
48 operators, and administrators. It calls out a subset of end user requirements that are satisfied in IPP/1.0.  
49 ~~Operator and administrator requirements are out of scope for version 1.0.~~ A few OPTIONAL operator  
50 operations have been added to IPP/1.1.

51 The "Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol" document  
52 describes IPP from a high level view, defines a roadmap for the various documents that form the suite of  
53 IPP specification documents, and gives background and rationale for the IETF working group's major  
54 decisions.

55 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport" document is a formal mapping of the abstract  
56 operations and attributes defined in the model document onto HTTP/1.1. It defines the encoding rules for a  
57 new Internet MIME media type called "application/ipp". This document also defines the rules for  
58 transporting over HTTP a message body whose Content-Type is "application/ipp". This document defines a  
59 new scheme named 'ipp' for identifying IPP printers and jobs. Finally, this document defines  
60 interoperability rules for supporting IPP/1.0 clients. **Issue 33**

61 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide" document gives insight and advice to  
62 implementers of IPP clients and IPP objects. It is intended to help them understand IPP/1.1 and some of the  
63 considerations that may assist them in the design of their client and/or IPP object implementations. For  
64 example, a typical order of processing requests is given, including error checking. Motivation for some of  
65 the specification decisions is also included.

66 The "Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols" document gives some advice to implementers of gateways  
67 between IPP and LPD (Line Printer Daemon) implementations.

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345

## 346 1. Introduction

347 The Internet Printing Protocol (IPP) is an application level protocol that can be used for distributed printing  
348 using Internet tools and technologies. IPP version 1.1 (IPP/1.1) focuses only on end user functionality.  
349 This document is just one of a suite of documents that fully define IPP. The full set of IPP documents  
350 includes:

- 351 Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2567]
- 352 Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2568]
- 353 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics (this document)
- 354 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport [IPP-PRO]
- 355 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG]
- 356 Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [RFC2569]

357  
358 Anyone reading these documents for the first time is strongly encouraged to read the IPP documents in the  
359 above order.

360 This document is laid out as follows:

- 361 - The rest of Section 1 is an introduction to the IPP simplified model for distributed printing.
- 362 - Section 2 introduces the object types covered in the model with their basic behaviors, attributes, and  
363 interactions.
- 364 - Section 3 defines the operations included in IPP/1.1. IPP operations are synchronous, therefore, for  
365 each operation, there is a both request and a response.
- 366 - Section 4 defines the attributes (and their syntaxes) that are used in the model.
- 367 - Sections 5 - 6 summarizes the implementation conformance requirements for objects that support the  
368 protocol and IANA considerations, respectively.
- 369 - Sections 7 - ~~12~~11 cover the Internationalization and Security considerations as well as  
370 References, ~~Intellectual Property Notice, Copyright Notice~~, Author contact information, and Formats  
371 for Registration Proposals.
- 372 - Sections ~~13-15~~12 - 14 are appendices that cover Terminology, Status Codes and Messages, and  
373 "media" keyword values.

374 Note: This document uses terms such as "attributes", "keywords", and "support". These  
375 terms have special meaning and are defined in the model terminology section 12.2.  
376 Capitalized terms, such as MUST, MUST NOT, REQUIRED, SHOULD, SHOULD NOT,  
377 MAY, NEED NOT, and OPTIONAL, have special meaning relating to conformance. These  
378 terms are defined in section 12.1 on conformance terminology, most of which is taken from  
379 RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

- 380 - Section ~~16~~15 is an appendix that helps to clarify the effects of interactions between related attributes  
381 and their values.
- 382 - Section ~~17~~16 is an appendix that enumerates the subset of Printer attributes that form a generic  
383 directory schema. These attributes are useful when registering a Printer so that a client can find the  
384 Printer not just by name, but by filtered searches as well.
- 385 - Section ~~18~~17 is an appendix summarizing the additions and changes from the IPP/1.0 "Model and  
386 Semantics" ~~specification~~document [RFC2566] to make this IPP/1.1 document.

387 - Section 18 is the full copyright notice.

## 388 1.1 Simplified Printing Model

389 In order to achieve its goal of realizing a workable printing protocol for the Internet, the Internet Printing  
390 Protocol (IPP) is based on a simplified printing model that abstracts the many components of real world  
391 printing solutions. The Internet is a distributed computing environment where requesters of print services  
392 (clients, applications, printer drivers, etc.) cooperate and interact with print service providers. This model  
393 and semantics document describes a simple, abstract model for IPP even though the underlying  
394 configurations may be complex "n-tier" client/server systems. An important simplifying step in the IPP  
395 model is to expose only the key objects and interfaces required for printing. The model described in this  
396 model document does not include features, interfaces, and relationships that are beyond the scope of the  
397 first version of IPP (IPP/1.1). IPP/1.1 incorporates many of the relevant ideas and lessons learned from  
398 other specification and development efforts [HTPP] [ISO10175] [LDPA] [P1387.4] [PSIS] [RFC1179]  
399 [SWP]. IPP is heavily influenced by the printing model introduced in the Document Printing Application  
400 (DPA) [ISO10175] standard. Although DPA specifies both end user and administrative features, IPP  
401 version 1.1 (IPP/1.1) focuses primarily on end user functionality with a few additional OPTIONAL operator  
402 operations.

403 The IPP/1.1 model encapsulates the important components of distributed printing into two object types:

404 - Printer (Section 2.1)

405 - Job (Section 2.2)

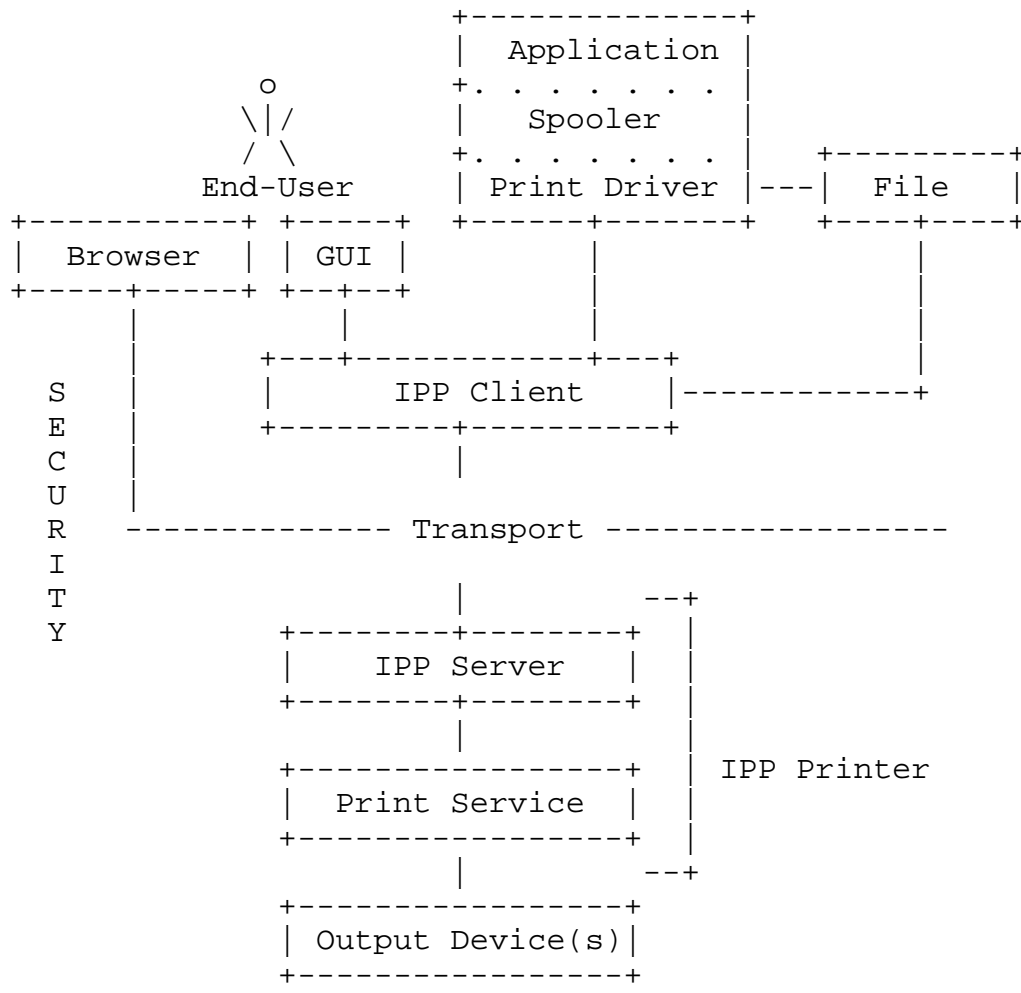
406

407 Each object type has an associated set of operations (see section 3) and attributes (see section 4).

408 It is important, however, to understand that in real system implementations (which lie underneath the  
409 abstracted IPP/1.1 model), there are other components of a print service which are not explicitly defined in  
410 the IPP/1.1 model. The following figure illustrates where IPP/1.1 fits with respect to these other  
411 components.

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443 An IPP Printer object encapsulates the functions normally associated with physical output devices along  
444 with the spooling, scheduling and multiple device management functions often associated with a print  
445 server. Printer objects are optionally registered as entries in a directory where end users find and select them  
446 based on some sort of filtered and context based searching mechanism (see section 16). The directory is  
447 used to store relatively static information about the Printer, allowing end users to search for and find  
448 Printers that match their search criteria, for example: name, context, printer capabilities, etc. The more  
449 dynamic information, such as state, currently loaded and ready media, number of jobs at the Printer, errors,  
450 warnings, and so forth, is directly associated with the Printer object itself rather than with the entry in the  
451 directory which only represents the Printer object.

452 IPP clients implement the IPP protocol on the client side and give end users (or programs running on behalf  
453 of end users) the ability to query Printer objects and submit and manage print jobs. An IPP server is just  
454 that part of the Printer object that implements the server-side protocol. The rest of the Printer object  
455 implements (or gateways into) the application semantics of the print service itself. The Printer objects may  
456 be embedded in an output device or may be implemented on a host on the network that communicates with  
457 an output device.

458 When a job is submitted to the Printer object and the Printer object validates the attributes in the  
459 submission request, the Printer object creates a new Job object. The end user then interacts with this new  
460 Job object to query its status and monitor the progress of the job. An end user can also cancel their print  
461 jobs by using the Job object's Cancel-Job operation. An end-user can also hold, release, and restart their  
462 print jobs using the Job object's OPTIONAL Hold-Job, Release-Job, and Restart-Job operations, if  
463 implemented.

464 A privileged operator or administrator of a Printer object can cancel, hold, release, and restart any user's job  
465 using the REQUIRED Cancel-Job and the OPTIONAL Hold-Job, Release-Job, and Restart-Job operations.  
466 In addition, a privileged operator or administrator of a Printer object can pause, resume, or purge (jobs from)  
467 a Printer object using the OPTIONAL Pause-Printer, Resume-Printer, and Purge-Jobs operations, if  
468 implemented.

469 The notification service is out of scope for this IPP/1.1 ~~specification~~, document, but using such a  
470 notification service, the end user is able to register for and receive Printer specific and Job specific events.  
471 An end user can query the status of Printer objects and can follow the progress of Job objects by polling  
472 using the Get-Printer-Attributes, Get-Jobs, and Get-Job-Attributes operations.

## 473 2. IPP Objects

474 The IPP/1.1 model introduces objects of type Printer and Job. Each type of object models relevant aspects  
475 of a real-world entity such as a real printer or real print job. Each object type is defined as a set of possible  
476 attributes that may be supported by instances of that object type. For each object (instance), the actual set  
477 of supported attributes and values describe a specific implementation. The object's attributes and values  
478 describe its state, capabilities, realizable features, job processing functions, and default behaviors and  
479 characteristics. For example, the Printer object type is defined as a set of attributes that each Printer object  
480 potentially supports. In the same manner, the Job object type is defined as a set of attributes that are  
481 potentially supported by each Job object.

482 Each attribute included in the set of attributes defining an object type is labeled as:

- 483 - "REQUIRED": each object MUST support the attribute.
  - 484 - "RECOMMENDED": each object SHOULD support the attribute.
  - 485 - "OPTIONAL": each object MAY support the attribute.
- 486

487 ~~There is no such similar labeling~~ Some definitions of attribute values indicate that an object MUST or  
488 SHOULD support the value; otherwise, support of the value is OPTIONAL. However, if an  
489 implementation supports an attribute, it MUST support at least one of the possible values for that attribute.

### 490 2.1 Printer Object

491 The major component of the IPP/1.1 model is the Printer object. A Printer object implements the server-  
492 side of the IPP/1.1 protocol. Using the protocol, end users may query the attributes of the Printer object and  
493 submit print jobs to the Printer object. The actual implementation components behind the Printer

494 abstraction may take on different forms and different configurations. However, the model abstraction  
495 allows the details of the configuration of real components to remain opaque to the end user. Section 3  
496 describes each of the Printer operations in detail.

497 The capabilities and state of a Printer object are described by its attributes. Printer attributes are divided  
498 into two groups:

- 499 - "job-template" attributes: These attributes describe supported job processing capabilities and defaults  
500 for the Printer object. (See section 4.2)
- 501 - "printer-description" attributes: These attributes describe the Printer object's identification, state,  
502 location, references to other sources of information about the Printer object, etc. (see section 4.4)

503

504 Since a Printer object is an abstraction of a generic document output device and print service provider, a  
505 Printer object could be used to represent any real or virtual device with semantics consistent with the  
506 Printer object, such as a fax device, an imager, or even a CD writer.

507 Some examples of configurations supporting a Printer object include:

- 508 1) An output device with no spooling capabilities
- 509 2) An output device with a built-in spooler
- 510 3) A print server supporting IPP with one or more associated output devices
- 511 3a) The associated output devices may or may not be capable of spooling jobs
- 512 3b) The associated output devices may or may not support IPP

513

514 The following figures show some examples of how Printer objects can be realized on top of various  
515 distributed printing configurations. The embedded case below represents configurations 1 and 2. The  
516 hosted and fan-out figures below represent configurations 3a and 3b.

517 In this document the term "client" refers to a software entity that sends IPP operation requests to an IPP  
518 Printer object and accepts IPP operation responses. A client MAY be:

- 519 1. contained within software controlled by an end user, e.g. activated by the "Print" menu item in an  
520 application ~~and/or~~
- 521 2. ~~a component of a~~the print server ~~that communicates (using IPP operations) with~~component that  
522 sends IPP requests to either an output device or another "downstream" print server.

523 The term "IPP Printer" is a network entity that accepts IPP operation requests and returns IPP operation  
524 responses. As such, an IPP object MAY be:

- 525 1. ~~(embedded) software that controls a device~~an (embedded) device component that accepts IPP  
526 requests and controls the device or
- 527 2. ~~part~~a component of a print server that accepts IPP ~~operation requests and, in turn, sends operation~~  
528 ~~requests using (the IPP or other) protocol to~~requests (where the print server controls one or more  
529 networked ~~device(s).~~devices using IPP or other protocols). Issue 4

530

531 Legend:

532

533 ##### indicates a Printer object which is  
 534 either embedded in an output device or is  
 535 hosted in a server. The Printer object  
 536 might or might not be capable of queuing/spooling.

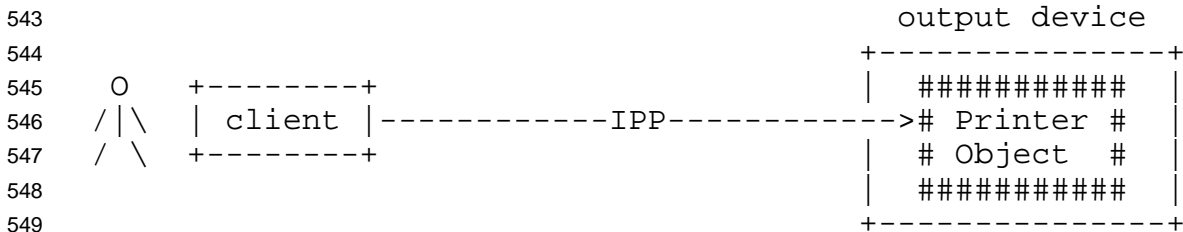
537

538 any indicates any network protocol or direct  
 539 connect, including IPP

540

541

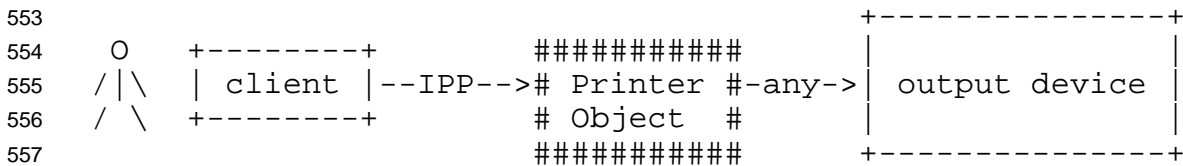
542 embedded printer:



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552 hosted printer:

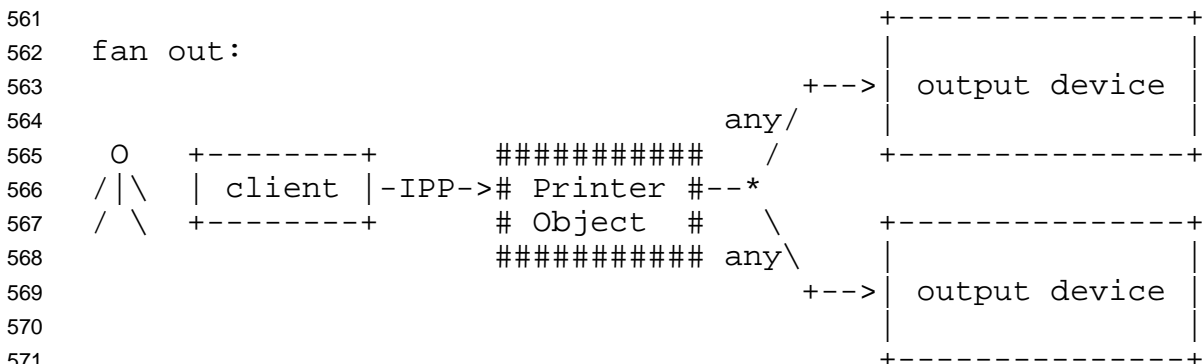


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561 fan out:



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574 2.2 Job Object

575 A Job object is used to model a print job. A Job object contains documents. The information required to  
 576 create a Job object is sent in a create request from the end user via an IPP Client to the Printer object. The



577 Printer object validates the create request, and if the Printer object accepts the request, the Printer object  
578 creates the new Job object. Section 3 describes each of the Job operations in detail.

579 The characteristics and state of a Job object are described by its attributes. Job attributes are grouped into  
580 two groups as follows:

- 581 - "job-template" attributes: These attributes can be supplied by the client or end user and include job  
582 processing instructions which are intended to override any Printer object defaults and/or instructions  
583 embedded within the document data. (See section 4.2)
- 584 - "job-description" attributes: These attributes describe the Job object's identification, state, size, etc.  
585 The client supplies some of these attributes, and the Printer object generates others. (See section 4.3)

586

587 An implementation **MUST** support at least one document per Job object. An implementation **MAY** support  
588 multiple documents per Job object. A document is either:

- 589 - a stream of document data in a format supported by the Printer object (typically a Page Description  
590 Language - PDL), or
- 591 - a reference to such a stream of document data

592

593 In IPP/1.1, a document is not modeled as an IPP object, therefore it has no object identifier or associated  
594 attributes. All job processing instructions are modeled as Job object attributes. These attributes are called  
595 Job Template attributes and they apply equally to all documents within a Job object.

## 596 2.3 Object Relationships

597 IPP objects have relationships that are maintained persistently along with the persistent storage of the object  
598 attributes.

599 A Printer object can represent either one or more physical output devices or a logical device which  
600 "processes" jobs but never actually uses a physical output device to put marks on paper. Examples of  
601 logical devices include a Web page publisher or a gateway into an online document archive or repository.  
602 A Printer object contains zero or more Job objects.

603 A Job object is contained by exactly one Printer object, however the identical document data associated  
604 with a Job object could be sent to either the same or a different Printer object. In this case, a second Job  
605 object would be created which would be almost identical to the first Job object, however it would have new  
606 (different) Job object identifiers (see section 2.4).

607 A Job object is either empty (before any documents have been added) or contains one or more documents.  
608 If the contained document is a stream of document data, that stream can be contained in only one document.  
609 However, there can be identical copies of the stream in other documents in the same or different Job  
610 objects. If the contained document is just a reference to a stream of document data, other documents (in the  
611 same or different Job object(s)) may contain the same reference.

## 612 2.4 Object Identity

613 All Printer and Job objects are identified by a Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) [RFC2396] so that they  
614 can be persistently and unambiguously referenced. The notion of a URI is a useful concept, however, until  
615 the notion of URI is more stable (i.e., defined more completely and deployed more widely), it is expected  
616 that the URIs used for IPP objects will actually be URLs [RFC2396]. Since every URL is a specialized  
617 form of a URI, even though the more generic term URI is used throughout the rest of this document, its  
618 usage is intended to cover the more specific notion of URL as well.

619 An administrator configures Printer objects to either support or not support authentication and/or message  
620 privacy using ~~TLS~~ [Transport Layer Security \(TLS\) \[RFC2246\]](#) (the mechanism for security  
621 configuration is outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document). In some situations, both types of connections  
622 (both authenticated and unauthenticated) can be established using a single communication channel that has  
623 some sort of negotiation mechanism. In other situations, multiple communication channels are used, one  
624 for each type of security configuration. Section 8 provides a full description of all security considerations  
625 and configurations.

626 If a Printer object supports more than one communication channel, some or all of those channels might  
627 support and/or require different security mechanisms. In such cases, an administrator could expose the  
628 simultaneous support for these multiple communication channels as multiple URIs for a single Printer  
629 object where each URI represents one of the communication channels to the Printer object. To support this  
630 flexibility, the IPP Printer object type defines a multi-valued identification attribute called the "printer-uri-  
631 supported" attribute. It **MUST** contain at least one URI. It **MAY** contain more than one URI. That is,  
632 every Printer object will have at least one URI that identifies at least one communication channel to the  
633 Printer object, but it may have more than one URI where each URI identifies a different communication  
634 channel to the Printer object. The "printer-uri-supported" attribute has two companion attributes, the "uri-  
635 security-supported" attribute and the "uri-authentication-supported". Both have the same cardinality as  
636 "printer-uri-supported". The purpose of the "uri-security-supported" attribute is to indicate the security  
637 mechanisms (if any) used for each URI listed in "printer-uri-supported". The purpose of the "uri-  
638 authentication-supported" attribute is to indicate the authentication mechanisms (if any) used for each URI  
639 listed in "printer-uri-supported". These three attributes are fully described in sections 4.4.1, 4.4.2, and  
640 4.4.3. **Issue 2**

641 When a job is submitted to the Printer object via a create request, the client supplies only a single Printer  
642 object URI. The client supplied Printer object URI **MUST** be one of the values in the "printer-uri-  
643 supported" Printer attribute.

644 ~~Note:~~ IPP/1.1 does not specify how the client obtains the client supplied URI, but it is **RECOMMENDED**  
645 that a Printer object be registered as an entry in a directory service. End-users and programs can then  
646 interrogate the directory searching for Printers. Section 16 defines a generic schema for Printer object  
647 entries in the directory service and describes how the entry acts as a bridge to the actual IPP Printer object.  
648 The entry in the directory that represents the IPP Printer object includes the possibly many URIs for that  
649 Printer object as values in one its attributes.

650 When a client submits a create request to the Printer object, the Printer object validates the request and  
651 creates a new Job object. The Printer object assigns the new Job object a URI which is stored in the "job-

652 uri" Job attribute. This URI is then used by clients as the target for subsequent Job operations. The Printer  
653 object generates a Job URI based on its configured security policy and the URI used by the client in the  
654 create request.

655 For example, consider a Printer object that supports both a communication channel secured by the use of  
656 SSL3 (using HTTP over SSL3 with an "https" schemed URI) and another open communication channel that  
657 is not secured with SSL3 (using a simple "http" schemed URI). If a client were to submit a job using the  
658 secure URI, the Printer object would assign the new Job object a secure URI as well. If a client were to  
659 submit a job using the open-channel URI, the Printer would assign the new Job object an open-channel  
660 URI.

661 In addition, the Printer object also populates the Job object's "job-printer-uri" attribute. This is a reference  
662 back to the Printer object that created the Job object. If a client only has access to a Job object's "job-uri"  
663 identifier, the client can query the Job's "job-printer-uri" attribute in order to determine which Printer object  
664 created the Job object. If the Printer object supports more than one URI, the Printer object picks the one  
665 URI supplied by the client when creating the job to build the value for and to populate the Job's "job-  
666 printer-uri" attribute.

667 Allowing Job objects to have URIs allows for flexibility and scalability. For example, in some  
668 implementations, the Printer object might create Jobs that are processed in the same local environment as  
669 the Printer object itself. In this case, the Job URI might just be a composition of the Printer's URI and some  
670 unique component for the Job object, such as the unique 32-bit positive integer mentioned later in this  
671 paragraph. In other implementations, the Printer object might be a central clearing-house for validating all  
672 Job object creation requests, but the Job object itself might be created in some environment that is remote  
673 from the Printer object. In this case, the Job object's URI may have no physical-location relationship at all  
674 to the Printer object's URI. Again, the fact that Job objects have URIs allows for flexibility and scalability,  
675 however, many existing printing systems have local models or interface constraints that force print jobs to  
676 be identified using only a 32-bit positive integer rather than an independent URI. This numeric Job ID is  
677 only unique within the context of the Printer object to which the create request was originally submitted.  
678 Therefore, in order to allow both types of client access to IPP Job objects (either by Job URI or by numeric  
679 Job ID), when the Printer object successfully processes a create request and creates a new Job object, the  
680 Printer object MUST generate both a Job URI and a Job ID. The Job ID (stored in the "job-id" attribute)  
681 only has meaning in the context of the Printer object to which the create request was originally submitted.  
682 This requirement to support both Job URIs and Job IDs allows all types of clients to access Printer objects  
683 and Job objects no matter the local constraints imposed on the client implementation.

684 In addition to identifiers, Printer objects and Job objects have names ("printer-name" and "job-name"). An  
685 object name NEED NOT be unique across all instances of all objects. A Printer object's name is chosen and  
686 set by an administrator through some mechanism outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document. A Job  
687 object's name is optionally chosen and supplied by the IPP client submitting the job. If the client does not  
688 supply a Job object name, the Printer object generates a name for the new Job object. In all cases, the name  
689 only has local meaning.

690 To summarize:

- 691 - Each Printer object is identified with one or more URIs. The Printer's "printer-uri-supported" attribute  
692 contains the URI(s).

- 693 - The Printer object's "uri-security-supported" attribute identifies the communication channel security  
694 protocols that may or may not have been configured for the various Printer object URIs (e.g., 'tls' or  
695 'none').
- 696 -- The Printer object's "uri-authentication-supported" attribute identifies the authentication mechanisms  
697 that may or may not have been configured for the various Printer object URIs (e.g., 'digest' or  
698 'none').
- 699 - Each Job object is identified with a Job URI. The Job's "job-uri" attribute contains the URI.
- 700 - Each Job object is also identified with Job ID which is a 32-bit, positive integer. The Job's "job-id"  
701 attribute contains the Job ID. The Job ID is only unique within the context of the Printer object  
702 which created the Job object.
- 703 - Each Job object has a "job-printer-uri" attribute which contains the URI of the Printer object that was  
704 used to create the Job object. This attribute is used to determine the Printer object that created a Job  
705 object when given only the URI for the Job object. This linkage is necessary to determine the  
706 languages, charsets, and operations which are supported on that Job (the basis for such support  
707 comes from the creating Printer object).
- 708 - Each Printer object has a name (which is not necessarily unique). The administrator chooses and sets  
709 this name through some mechanism outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document. The Printer object's  
710 "printer-name" attribute contains the name.
- 711 - Each Job object has a name (which is not necessarily unique). The client optionally supplies this name  
712 in the create request. If the client does not supply this name, the Printer object generates a name for  
713 the Job object. The Job object's "job-name" attribute contains the name.

### 714 3. IPP Operations

715 IPP objects support operations. An operation consists of a request and a response. When a client  
716 communicates with an IPP object, the client issues an operation request to the URI for that object.  
717 Operation requests and responses have parameters that identify the operation. Operations also have  
718 attributes that affect the run-time characteristics of the operation (the intended target, localization  
719 information, etc.). These operation-specific attributes are called operation attributes (as compared to object  
720 attributes such as Printer object attributes or Job object attributes). Each request carries along with it any  
721 operation attributes, object attributes, and/or document data required to perform the operation. Each  
722 request requires a response from the object. Each response indicates success or failure of the operation with  
723 a status code as a response parameter. The response contains any operation attributes, object attributes,  
724 and/or status messages generated during the execution of the operation request.

725 This section describes the semantics of the IPP operations, both requests and responses, in terms of the  
726 parameters, attributes, and other data associated with each operation.

727 The IPP/1.1 Printer operations are:

- 728 Print-Job (section 3.2.1)  
729 Print-URI (section 3.2.2)  
730 Validate-Job (section 3.2.3)  
731 Create-Job (section 3.2.4)  
732 Get-Printer-Attributes (section 3.2.5)

733 Get-Jobs (section 3.2.6)  
734 Pause-Printer (section 3.3.5)  
735 Resume-Printer (section 3.3.6)  
736 Purge-Jobs (section 3.3.7)

737

738 The Job operations are:

739 Send-Document (section 3.3.1)  
740 Send-URI (section 3.3.2)  
741 Cancel-Job (section 3.3.3)  
742 Get-Job-Attributes (section 3.3.4)  
743 Hold-Job (section 3.3.5)  
744 Release-Job (section 3.3.6)  
745 Restart-Job (section 3.3.7)

746

747 The Send-Document and Send-URI Job operations are used to add a new document to an existing multi-  
748 document Job object created using the Create-Job operation.

## 749 3.1 Common Semantics

750 All IPP operations require some common parameters and operation attributes. These common elements  
751 and their semantic characteristics are defined and described in more detail in the following sections.

### 752 3.1.1 Required Parameters

753 Every operation request contains the following REQUIRED parameters:

- 754 - a "version-number",
- 755 - an "operation-id",
- 756 - a "request-id", and
- 757 - the attributes that are REQUIRED for that type of request.

758

759 Every operation response contains the following REQUIRED parameters:

- 760 - a "version-number",
- 761 - a "status-code",
- 762 - the "request-id" that was supplied in the corresponding request, and
- 763 - the attributes that are REQUIRED for that type of response.

764

765 The "Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO] defines special rules for the encoding of these  
766 parameters. All other operation elements are represented using the more generic encoding rules for  
767 attributes and groups of attributes.

## 768 3.1.2 Operation IDs and Request IDs

769 Each IPP operation request includes an identifying "operation-id" value. Valid values are defined in the  
770 "operations-supported" Printer attribute section (see section 4.4.15). The client specifies which operation is  
771 being requested by supplying the correct "operation-id" value.

772 In addition, every invocation of an operation is identified by a "request-id" value. For each request, the  
773 client chooses the "request-id" which MUST be an integer (possibly unique depending on client  
774 requirements) in the range from 1 to  $2^{31} - 1$  (inclusive). This "request-id" allows clients to manage  
775 multiple outstanding requests. The receiving IPP object copies all 32-bits of the client-supplied "request-id"  
776 attribute into the response so that the client can match the response with the correct outstanding request,  
777 even if the "request-id" is out of range. If the request is terminated before the complete "request-id" is  
778 received, the IPP object rejects the request and returns a response with a "request-id" of 0.

779 Note: In some cases, the transport protocol underneath IPP might be a connection oriented protocol that  
780 would make it impossible for a client to receive responses in any order other than the order in which the  
781 corresponding requests were sent. In such cases, the "request-id" attribute would not be essential for correct  
782 protocol operation. However, in other mappings, the operation responses can come back in any order. In  
783 these cases, the "request-id" would be essential.

## 784 3.1.3 Attributes

785 Operation requests and responses are both composed of groups of attributes and/or document data. The  
786 attributes groups are:

- 787 - Operation Attributes: These attributes are passed in the operation and affect the IPP object's behavior  
788 while processing the operation request and may affect other attributes or groups of attributes. Some  
789 operation attributes describe the document data associated with the print job and are associated with  
790 new Job objects, however most operation attributes do not persist beyond the life of the operation.  
791 The description of each operation attribute includes conformance statements indicating which  
792 operation attributes are REQUIRED and which are OPTIONAL for an IPP object to support and  
793 which attributes a client MUST supply in a request and an IPP object MUST supply in a response.
- 794 - Job Template Attributes: These attributes affect the processing of a job. A client OPTIONALLY  
795 supplies Job Template Attributes in a create request, and the receiving object MUST be prepared to  
796 receive all supported attributes. The Job object can later be queried to find out what Job Template  
797 attributes were originally requested in the create request, and such attributes are returned in the  
798 response as Job Object Attributes. The Printer object can be queried about its Job Template  
799 attributes to find out what type of job processing capabilities are supported and/or what the default  
800 job processing behaviors are, though such attributes are returned in the response as Printer Object  
801 Attributes. The "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute affects processing of all client-supplied  
802 Job Template attributes (see sections 3.2.1.2 and 15 for a full description of "ipp-attribute-fidelity"  
803 and its relationship to other attributes).
- 804 - Job Object Attributes: These attributes are returned in response to a query operation directed at a Job  
805 object.
- 806 - Printer Object Attributes: These attributes are returned in response to a query operation directed at a  
807 Printer object.



808 - Unsupported Attributes: In a create request, the client supplies a set of Operation and Job Template  
809 attributes. If any of these attributes or their values is unsupported by the Printer object, the Printer  
810 object returns the set of unsupported attributes in the response. Sections 3.1.7, 3.2.1.2, and 15 give  
811 a full description of how Job Template attributes supplied by the client in a create request are  
812 processed by the Printer object and how unsupported attributes are returned to the client. Because  
813 of extensibility, any IPP object might receive a request that contains new or unknown attributes or  
814 values for which it has no support. In such cases, the IPP object processes what it can and returns  
815 the unsupported attributes in the response. The Unsupported Attribute group is defined for all  
816 operation responses for returning unsupported attributes that the client supplied in the request. [Issue](#)  
817

818 Later in this section, each operation is formally defined by identifying the allowed and expected groups of  
819 attributes for each request and response. The model identifies a specific order for each group in each  
820 request or response, but the attributes within each group may be in any order, unless specified otherwise.

821 Each attribute [specification](#)[definition](#) includes the attribute's name followed by the name of its attribute  
822 syntax(es) in parentheses. In addition, each 'integer' attribute is followed by the allowed range in  
823 parentheses, (m:n), for values of that attribute. Each 'text' or 'name' attribute is followed by the maximum  
824 size in octets in parentheses, (size), for values of that attribute. For more details on attribute syntax notation,  
825 see the descriptions of these attributes syntaxes in section 4.1.

826 Note: Document data included in the operation is not strictly an attribute, but it is treated as a special  
827 attribute group for ordering purposes. The only operations that support supplying the document data within  
828 an operation request are Print-Job and Send-Document. There are no operation responses that include  
829 document data.

830 ~~Note:~~ Some operations are REQUIRED for IPP objects to support; the others are OPTIONAL (see section  
831 5.2.2). Therefore, before using an OPTIONAL operation, a client SHOULD first use the REQUIRED Get-  
832 Printer-Attributes operation to query the Printer's "operations-supported" attribute in order to determine  
833 which OPTIONAL Printer and Job operations are actually supported. The client SHOULD NOT use an  
834 OPTIONAL operation that is not supported. When an IPP object receives a request to perform an operation  
835 it does not support, it returns the 'server-error-operation-not-supported' status code (see section 13.1.5.2).  
836 An IPP object is non-conformant if it does not support a REQUIRED operation.

### 837 3.1.4 Character Set and Natural Language Operation Attributes

838 Some Job and Printer attributes have values that are text strings and names intended for human  
839 understanding rather than machine understanding (see the 'text' and 'name' attribute syntax descriptions in  
840 section 4.1). The following sections describe two special Operation Attributes called "attributes-charset"  
841 and "attributes-natural-language". These attributes are always part of the Operation Attributes group. For  
842 most attribute groups, the order of the attributes within the group is not important. However, for these two  
843 attributes within the Operation Attributes group, the order is critical. The "attributes-charset" attribute  
844 MUST be the first attribute in the group and the "attributes-natural-language" attribute MUST be the second  
845 attribute in the group. In other words, these attributes MUST be supplied in every IPP request and  
846 response, they MUST come first in the group, and MUST come in the specified order. For job creation  
847 operations, the IPP Printer implementation saves these two attributes with the new Job object as Job



848 Description attributes. For the sake of brevity in this document, these operation attribute descriptions are  
849 not repeated with every operation request and response, but have a reference back to this section instead.

#### 850 3.1.4.1 Request Operation Attributes

851 The client **MUST** supply and the Printer object **MUST** support the following **REQUIRED** operation  
852 attributes in every IPP/1.1 operation request:

853 "attributes-charset" (charset):

854 This operation attribute identifies the charset (coded character set and encoding method) used by  
855 any 'text' and 'name' attributes that the client is supplying in this request. It also identifies the  
856 charset that the Printer object **MUST** use (if supported) for all 'text' and 'name' attributes and status  
857 messages that the Printer object returns in the response to this request. See Sections 4.1.1 and 4.1.2  
858 for the ~~specification~~definition of the 'text' and 'name' attribute syntaxes.

859

860 All clients and IPP objects **MUST** support the 'utf-8' charset [RFC2279] and **MAY** support  
861 additional charsets provided that they are registered with IANA [IANA-CS]. If the Printer object  
862 does not support the client supplied charset value, the Printer object **MUST** reject the request, set  
863 the "attributes-charset" to 'utf-8' in the response, and return the 'client-error-charset-not-supported'  
864 status code and any 'text' or 'name' attributes using the 'utf-8' charset. The Printer **NEED NOT** return  
865 any attributes in the Unsupported Attributes Group (See sections 3.1.7 and 3.2.1.2). The Printer  
866 object **MUST** indicate the charset(s) supported as the values of the "charset-supported" Printer  
867 attribute (see Section 4.4.18), so that the client can query to determine which charset(s) are  
868 supported.

869

870 Note to client implementers: Since IPP objects are only required to support the 'utf-8' charset, in  
871 order to maximize interoperability with multiple IPP object implementations, a client may want to  
872 supply 'utf-8' in the "attributes-charset" operation attribute, even though the client is only passing  
873 and able to present a simpler charset, such as US-ASCII or ISO-8859-1. Then the client will have to  
874 filter out (or charset convert) those characters that are returned in the response that it cannot present  
875 to its user. On the other hand, if both the client and the IPP objects also support a charset in  
876 common besides utf-8, the client may want to use that charset in order to avoid charset conversion  
877 or data loss.

878

879 See the 'charset' attribute syntax description in Section 4.1.7 for the syntax and semantic  
880 interpretation of the values of this attribute and for example values.

881

882 "attributes-natural-language" (naturalLanguage):

883 This operation attribute identifies the natural language used by any 'text' and 'name' attributes that  
884 the client is supplying in this request. This attribute also identifies the natural language that the  
885 Printer object **SHOULD** use for all 'text' and 'name' attributes and status messages that the Printer  
886 object returns in the response to this request.

887

888 There are no **REQUIRED** natural languages required for the Printer object to support. However, the  
889 Printer object's "generated-natural-language-supported" attribute identifies the natural languages  
890 supported by the Printer object and any contained Job objects for all text strings generated by the

891 IPP object. A client MAY query this attribute to determine which natural language(s) are supported  
892 for generated messages.

893

894 For any of the attributes for which the Printer object generates text, i.e., for the "job-state-message",  
895 "printer-state-message", and status messages (see Section 3.1.6), the Printer object MUST be able to  
896 generate these text strings in any of its supported natural languages. If the client requests a natural  
897 language that is not supported, the Printer object MUST return these generated messages in the  
898 Printer's configured natural language as specified by the Printer's "natural-language-configured"  
899 attribute" (see Section 4.4.19).

900

901 For other 'text' and 'name' attributes supplied by the client, authentication system, operator, system  
902 administrator, or manufacturer (i.e., for "job-originating-user-name", "printer-name" (name),  
903 "printer-location" (text), "printer-info" (text), and "printer-make-and-model" (text)), the Printer  
904 object is only required to support the configured natural language of the Printer identified by the  
905 Printer object's "natural-language-configured" attribute, though support of additional natural  
906 languages for these attributes is permitted.

907

908 For any 'text' or 'name' attribute in the request that is in a different natural language than the value  
909 supplied in the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute, the client MUST use the Natural  
910 Language Override mechanism (see sections 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.2.2) for each such attribute value  
911 supplied. The client MAY use the Natural Language Override mechanism redundantly, i.e., use it  
912 even when the value is in the same natural language as the value supplied in the "attributes-natural-  
913 language" operation attribute of the request.

914

915 The IPP object MUST accept any natural language and any Natural Language Override, whether the  
916 IPP object supports that natural language or not (and independent of the value of the "ipp-attribute-  
917 fidelity" Operation attribute). That is the IPP object accepts all client supplied values no matter  
918 what the values are in the Printer object's "generated-natural-language-supported" attribute. That  
919 attribute, "generated-natural-language-supported", only applies to generated messages, not client  
920 supplied messages. The IPP object MUST remember that natural language for all client-supplied  
921 attributes, and when returning those attributes in response to a query, the IPP object MUST indicate  
922 that natural language.

923

924 Each value whose attribute syntax type is 'text' or 'name' (see sections 4.1.1 and 4.1.2) has an  
925 Associated Natural-Language. This document does not specify how this association is stored in a  
926 Printer or Job object. When such a value is encoded in a request or response, the natural language is  
927 either implicit or explicit:

928

- 929 – In the implicit case, the value contains only the text/name value, and the language is  
930 specified by the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute in the request or response  
931 (see sections 4.1.1.1 textWithoutLanguage and 4.1.2.1 nameWithoutLanguage).
- 932
- 933 – In the explicit case (also known as the Natural-Language Override case), the value contains  
934 both the language and the text/name value (see sections 4.1.1.2 textWithLanguage and  
935 4.1.2.2 nameWithLanguage).

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For example, the "job-name" attribute MAY be supplied by the client in a create request. The text value for this attribute will be in the natural language identified by the "attribute-natural-language" attribute, or if different, as identified by the Natural Language Override mechanism. If supplied, the IPP object will use the value of the "job-name" attribute to populate the Job object's "job-name" attribute. Whenever any client queries the Job object's "job-name" attribute, the IPP object returns the attribute as stored and uses the Natural Language Override mechanism to specify the natural language, if it is different from that reported in the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute of the response. The IPP object MAY use the Natural Language Override mechanism redundantly, i.e., use it even when the value is in the same natural language as the value supplied in the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute of the response.

An IPP object MUST NOT reject a request based on a supplied natural language in an "attributes-natural-language" Operation attribute or in any attribute that uses the Natural Language Override.

See the 'naturalLanguage' attribute syntax description in section 4.1.8 for the syntax and semantic interpretation of the values of this attribute and for example values.

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Clients SHOULD NOT supply 'text' or 'name' attributes that use an illegal combination of natural language and charset. For example, suppose a Printer object supports charsets 'utf-8', 'iso-8859-1', and 'iso-8859-7'. Suppose also, that it supports natural languages 'en' (English), 'fr' (French), and 'el' (Greek). Although the Printer object supports the charset 'iso-8859-1' and natural language 'el', it probably does not support the combination of Greek text strings using the 'iso-8859-1' charset. The Printer object handles this apparent incompatibility differently depending on the context in which it occurs:

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- In a create request: If the client supplies a text or name attribute (for example, the "job-name" operation attribute) that uses an apparently incompatible combination, it is a client choice that does not affect the Printer object or its correct operation. Therefore, the Printer object simply accepts the client supplied value, stores it with the Job object, and responds back with the same combination whenever the client (or any client) queries for that attribute.
- In a query-type operation, like Get-Printer-Attributes: If the client requests an apparently incompatible combination, the Printer object responds (as described in section 3.1.4.2) using the Printer's configured natural language rather than the natural language requested by the client.

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In either case, the Printer object does not reject the request because of the apparent incompatibility. The potential incompatible combination of charset and natural language can occur either at the global operation level or at the Natural Language Override attribute-by-attribute level. In addition, since the response always includes explicit charset and natural language information, there is never any question or ambiguity in how the client interprets the response.

974

#### 3.1.4.2 Response Operation Attributes

975  
976

The Printer object MUST supply and the client MUST support the following REQUIRED operation attributes in every IPP/1.1 operation response:

977 "attributes-charset" (charset):

978 This operation attribute identifies the charset used by any 'text' and 'name' attributes that the Printer  
979 object is returning in this response. The value in this response MUST be the same value as the  
980 "attributes-charset" operation attribute supplied by the client in the request. If this is not possible  
981 (i.e., the charset requested is not supported), the request would have been rejected. See "attributes-  
982 charset" described in Section 3.1.4.1 above.

983

984 If the Printer object supports more than just the 'utf-8' charset, the Printer object MUST be able to  
985 code convert between each of the charsets supported on a highest fidelity possible basis in order to  
986 return the 'text' and 'name' attributes in the charset requested by the client. However, some  
987 information loss MAY occur during the charset conversion depending on the charsets involved. For  
988 example, the Printer object may convert from a UTF-8 'a' to a US-ASCII 'a' (with no loss of  
989 information), from an ISO Latin 1 CAPITAL LETTER A WITH ACUTE ACCENT to US-ASCII  
990 'A' (losing the accent), or from a UTF-8 Japanese Kanji character to some ISO Latin 1 error  
991 character indication such as '?', decimal code equivalent, or to the absence of a character, depending  
992 on implementation.

993

994 ~~Note:~~ Whether an implementation that supports more than one charset stores the data in the charset  
995 supplied by the client or code converts to one of the other supported charsets, depends on  
996 implementation. The strategy should try to minimize loss of information during code conversion.  
997 On each response, such an implementation converts from its internal charset to that requested.

998

999 "attributes-natural-language" (naturalLanguage):

1000 This operation attribute identifies the natural language used by any 'text' and 'name' attributes that  
1001 the IPP object is returning in this response. Unlike the "attributes-charset" operation attribute, the  
1002 IPP object NEED NOT return the same value as that supplied by the client in the request. The IPP  
1003 object MAY return the natural language of the Job object or the Printer's configured natural  
1004 language as identified by the Printer object's "natural-language-configured" attribute, rather than the  
1005 natural language supplied by the client. For any 'text' or 'name' attribute or status message in the  
1006 response that is in a different natural language than the value returned in the "attributes-natural-  
1007 language" operation attribute, the IPP object MUST use the Natural Language Override mechanism  
1008 (see sections 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.2.2) on each attribute value returned. The IPP object MAY use the  
1009 Natural Language Override mechanism redundantly, i.e., use it even when the value is in the same  
1010 natural language as the value supplied in the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute of the  
1011 response.

### 1012 3.1.5 Operation Targets

1013 All IPP operations are directed at IPP objects. For Printer operations, the operation is always directed at a  
1014 Printer object using one of its URIs (i.e., one of the values in the Printer object's "printer-uri-supported"  
1015 attribute). Even if the Printer object supports more than one URI, the client supplies only one URI as the  
1016 target of the operation. The client identifies the target object by supplying the correct URI in the "printer-  
1017 uri (uri)" operation attribute.

1018 For Job operations, the operation is directed at either:

- 1019 - The Job object itself using the Job object's URI. In this case, the client identifies the target object by  
1020 supplying the correct URI in the "job-uri (uri)" operation attribute.
- 1021 - The Printer object that created the Job object using both the Printer objects URI and the Job object's  
1022 Job ID. Since the Printer object that created the Job object generated the Job ID, it MUST be able to  
1023 correctly associate the client supplied Job ID with the correct Job object. The client supplies the  
1024 Printer object's URI in the "printer-uri (uri)" operation attribute and the Job object's Job ID in the  
1025 "job-id (integer(1:MAX))" operation attribute.  
1026

1027 If the operation is directed at the Job object directly using the Job object's URI, the client MUST NOT  
1028 include the redundant "job-id" operation attribute.

1029 The operation target attributes are REQUIRED operation attributes that MUST be included in every  
1030 operation request. Like the charset and natural language attributes (see section 3.1.4), the operation target  
1031 attributes are specially ordered operation attributes. In all cases, the operation target attributes immediately  
1032 follow the "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes within the operation attribute  
1033 group, however the specific ordering rules are:

- 1034 - In the case where there is only one operation target attribute (i.e., either only the "printer-uri" attribute  
1035 or only the "job-uri" attribute), that attribute MUST be the third attribute in the operation attributes  
1036 group.
- 1037 - In the case where Job operations use two operation target attributes (i.e., the "printer-uri" and "job-id"  
1038 attributes), the "printer-uri" attribute MUST be the third attribute and the "job-id" attribute MUST  
1039 be the fourth attribute.  
1040

1041 In all cases, the target URIs contained within the body of IPP operation requests and responses must be in  
1042 absolute format rather than relative format (a relative URL identifies a resource with the scope of the HTTP  
1043 server, but does not include scheme, host or port).

1044 The following rules apply to the use of port numbers in URIs that identify IPP objects:

- 1045 1. If the URI scheme allows the port number to be explicitly included in the URI string, and a port  
1046 number is specified within the URI, then that port number MUST be used by the client to contact  
1047 the IPP object.  
1048
- 1049 2. If the URI scheme allows the port number to be explicitly included in the URI string, and a port  
1050 number is not specified within the URI, then default port number implied by that URI scheme  
1051 MUST be used by the client to contact the IPP object.  
1052
- 1053 3. If the URI scheme does not allow an explicit port number to be specified within the URI, then the  
1054 default port number implied by that URI MUST be used by the client to contact the IPP object.  
1055

1056 Note: The IPP "Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO] shows a mapping of IPP onto HTTP/1.1 and  
1057 defines a new default port number for using IPP over HTTP/1.1.

1058 3.1.6 Operation Response Status Codes and Status Messages

1059 Every operation response includes a REQUIRED "status-code" parameter and an OPTIONAL "status-  
1060 message" operation attribute, and an OPTIONAL "detailed-status-message" operation attribute. The Print-  
1061 URI and Send-URI response MAY include an OPTIONAL "document-access-error" operation attribute.

1062 3.1.6.1 "status-code" (type2 enum)

1063 The REQUIRED "status-code" parameter provides information on the processing of a request. A "status-  
1064 message" attribute provides a short textual description of the status of the operation.

1065 ~~The status code is intended for use by automata, and the status message is intended for the human end user.~~  
1066 ~~The "status message" is especially useful for a later version of a Printer object to return as supplemental~~  
1067 ~~information for the human user to accompany a status code that an earlier version of a client might not~~  
1068 ~~understand. If a response does include a "status message" attribute, an IPP client NEED NOT examine or~~  
1069 ~~display the message, however it SHOULD do so in some automata. A client implementation specific~~  
1070 ~~manner of IPP SHOULD convert status code values into any localized message that has semantic meaning~~  
1071 ~~to the end user.~~

1072 The "status-code" value is a numeric value that has semantic meaning. The "status-code" syntax is similar  
1073 to a "type2 enum" (see section 4.1 on "Attribute Syntaxes") except that values can range only from 0x0000  
1074 to 0x7FFF. Section 13 describes the status codes, assigns the numeric values, and suggests a corresponding  
1075 status message for each statuscode. ~~The "status message" attribute's syntax is "text(255)". A client~~  
1076 ~~implementation of IPP SHOULD convert status code values into any localized message that has semantic~~  
1077 ~~meaning to the end user.~~

1078 ~~If the Printer object supports the "status message" operation attribute, the Printer object MUST be able to~~  
1079 ~~generate this message in any of the natural languages identified by the Printer object's "generated-natural-~~  
1080 ~~language-supported" attribute (see the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute specified in section~~  
1081 ~~3.1.4.1). As described in section 3.1.4.1 for any returned 'text' attribute, if there is a choice for generating~~  
1082 ~~this message, the Printer object uses the code for use by the client when the user's natural language indicated~~  
1083 ~~by the value of the "attributes-natural-language" in the client request if supported, otherwise the Printer~~  
1084 ~~object uses the value in the Printer object's own "natural-is English.~~

1085 ~~language-configured" attribute. If the Printer object supports the "status message" operation attribute, it~~  
1086 ~~SHOULD use the REQUIRED 'utf-8' charset to return a status message for the following error status codes~~  
1087 ~~(see section 13): 'client-error-bad-request', 'client-error-charset-not-supported', 'server-error-internal-error',~~  
1088 ~~'server-error-operation-not-supported', and 'server-error-version-not-supported'. In this case, it MUST set~~  
1089 ~~the value of the "attributes-charset" operation attribute to 'utf-8' in the error response.~~

1090 If the Printer performs an operation with no errors and it encounters no problems, it MUST return the status  
1091 code 'successful-ok' in the response. See section 13.

1092 If the client supplies unsupported values for the following parameters or Operation attributes, the Printer  
1093 object MUST reject the operation, NEED NOT return the unsupported attribute value in the Unsupported  
1094 Attributes group, and MUST return the indicated status code:



1095

Parameter/Attribute	Status code
version-number	server-error-version-not-supported
operation-id	server-error-operation-not-supported
attributes-charset	client-error-charset-not-supported
compression	client-error-compression-not-supported
document-format	client-error-document-format-not-supported
document-uri	client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported, client-error-document-access-error

1096

1097 If the client supplies unsupported values for other attributes, or unsupported attributes, the Printer returns  
1098 the status code defined in ~~the next~~ section 3.1.7 on Unsupported Attributes. **Issue 18**

1099

### 3.1.6.2 "status-message" (text(255))

1100 The OPTIONAL "status-message" operation attribute provides a short textual description of the status of  
1101 the operation. The "status-message" attribute's syntax is "text(255)", so the maximum length is 255 octets  
1102 (see section 4.1.1). The status message is intended for the human end user. If a response does include a  
1103 "status-message" attribute, an IPP client NEED NOT examine or display the messages, however it  
1104 SHOULD do so in some implementation specific manner. The "status-message" is especially useful for a  
1105 later version of a Printer object to return as supplemental information for the human user to accompany a  
1106 status code that an earlier version of a client might not understand.

1107 If the Printer object supports the "status-message" operation attribute, the Printer object MUST be able to  
1108 generate this message in any of the natural languages identified by the Printer object's "generated-natural-  
1109 language-supported" attribute (see the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute specified in section  
1110 3.1.4.1. Section 13 suggests the text for the status message returned by the Printer for use with the English  
1111 natural language.

1112 As described in section 3.1.4.1 for any returned 'text' attribute, if there is a choice for generating this  
1113 message, the Printer object uses the natural language indicated by the value of the "attributes-natural-  
1114 language" in the client request if supported, otherwise the Printer object uses the value in the Printer  
1115 object's own "natural-language-configured" attribute.

1116 If the Printer object supports the "status-message" operation attribute, it SHOULD use the REQUIRED 'utf-  
1117 8' charset to return a status message for the following error status codes (see section 13): 'client-error-bad-  
1118 request', 'client-error-charset-not-supported', 'server-error-internal-error', 'server-error-operation-not-  
1119 supported', and 'server-error-version-not-supported'. In this case, it MUST set the value of the "attributes-  
1120 charset" operation attribute to 'utf-8' in the error response.

1121

### 3.1.6.3 "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) **Issue 35**

1122 The OPTIONAL "detailed-status-message" operation attribute provides additional more detailed technical  
1123 and implementation-specific information about the operation. The "detailed-status-message" attribute's  
1124 syntax is "text(MAX)", so the maximum length is 1023 octets (see section 4.1.1). If the Printer objects



1125 supports the "detailed-status-message" operation attribute, neither the Printer nor the client localizes the  
1126 message, since it is intended for use by the system administrator or other experienced technical persons.  
1127 Clients MUST NOT attempt to parse the value of this attribute. See the "document-access-error" operation  
1128 attribute (section 3.1.6.4) for additional errors that a program can process.

#### 1129 3.1.6.4 "document-access-error" (text(MAX)) **Issue 35**

1130 This OPTIONAL operation attribute provides additional information about any document access errors  
1131 encountered by the Printer before it returned a response to the Print-URI (section 3.2.2) or Send-URI  
1132 (section 3.3.1) operation. For errors in the protocol identified by the URI scheme in the "document-uri"  
1133 operation attribute, such as 'http:' or 'ftp:', the error code is returned in parentheses, followed by the URI.  
1134 For example:

1135 (404) http://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/ipp/new\_MOD/ipp-model-v11-990510.pdf  
1136

1137 Most Internet protocols use decimal error codes (unlike IPP), so the ASCII error code representation is in  
1138 decimal.

### 1139 3.1.7 Unsupported Attributes

1140 The Unsupported Attributes group contains attributes that are not supported by the operation. This group is  
1141 primarily for the job creation operations, but all operations can return this group.

1142  
1143 A Printer object MUST include an Unsupported Attributes group in a response if the status code is one of  
1144 the following: 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes', 'successful-ok-conflicting-attributes', 'client-  
1145 error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' or 'client-error-conflicting-attributes'.

1146  
1147 If the status code is one of the four specified in the preceding paragraph, the Unsupported Attributes group  
1148 MUST contain all of those attributes and only those attributes that are:

- 1149 a. an Operation or Job Template attribute supplied in the request, and
- 1150 b. unsupported by the printer. See below for details on the three categories "unsupported" attributes.  
1151 **Issue 18, Issue 23, and Issue 27**

1152  
1153 If the Printer object is not returning any Unsupported Attributes in the response, the Printer object  
1154 SHOULD omit Group 2 rather than sending an empty group. However, a client MUST be able to accept an  
1155 empty group.

1156  
1157 Unsupported attributes fall into three categories:

- 1158  
1159 1. ~~1.~~ The Printer object does not support the supplied attribute (no matter what the attribute syntax or  
1160 value).

- 1161 2. ~~2-~~The Printer object does support the attribute, but does not support some or all of the particular  
1162 attribute syntaxes or values supplied by the client (i.e., the Printer object does not have those  
1163 attribute syntaxes or values in its corresponding "xxx-supported" attribute).
- 1164 3. ~~3-~~The Printer object does support the attributes and values supplied, but the particular values are in  
1165 conflict with one another, because they violate a constraint, such as not being able to staple  
1166 transparencies.

1167

1168 In the case of an unsupported attribute name, the Printer object returns the client-supplied attribute with a  
1169 substituted value of 'unsupported'. This value's syntax type is "out-of-band" and its encoding is defined by  
1170 special rules for "out-of-band" values in the "Encoding and Transport" [specification document](#) [IPP-PRO].  
1171 Its value indicates no support for the attribute itself (see the beginning of section 4.1). **Issue 12**

1172

1173 In the case of a supported attribute with one or more unsupported attribute syntaxes or values, the Printer  
1174 object simply returns the client-supplied attribute with the unsupported attribute syntaxes or values as  
1175 supplied by the client. This indicates support for the attribute, but no support for that particular attribute  
1176 syntax or value. If the client supplies a multi-valued attribute with more than one value and the Printer  
1177 object supports the attribute but only supports a subset of the client-supplied attribute syntaxes or values,  
1178 the Printer object MUST return only those attribute syntaxes or values that are unsupported.

1179

1180 In the case of two (or more) supported attribute values that are in conflict with one another (although each  
1181 is supported independently, the values conflict when requested together within the same job), the Printer  
1182 object MUST return all the values that it ignores or substitutes to resolve the conflict, but not any of the  
1183 values that it is still using. The choice for exactly how to resolve the conflict is implementation dependent.  
1184 See sections 3.2.1.2 and 15. See The Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] for an example.

### 1185 3.1.8 Versions

1186 Each operation request and response carries with it a "version-number" parameter. Each value of the  
1187 "version-number" is in the form "X.Y" where X is the major version number and Y is the minor version  
1188 number. By including a version number in the client request, it allows the client to identify which version  
1189 of IPP it is interested in ~~using~~ using, i.e., the version whose conformance requirements the client may be  
1190 depending upon the Printer to meet.

1191 If the IPP object does not support that ~~version,~~ major version number supplied by the client, i.e., the major  
1192 version field of the "version-number" parameter does not match any of the values of the Printer's "ipp-  
1193 versions-supported" (see section 4.4.14), the object ~~responds~~ MUST respond with a status code of 'server-  
1194 error-version-not-supported' along with the closest version number that is supported (see section 13.1.5.4).

1195 ). If the major version number is supported, but the minor version number is not, the IPP object SHOULD  
1196 accept and attempt to perform the request (or reject the request if the operation is not supported), else it  
1197 rejects the request and returns the 'server-error-version-not-supported' status code. In all cases, the IPP

1198 object MUST return the "version-number" that it supports that is closest to the version number supplied by  
1199 the client in the request.

1200 There is no version negotiation per se. However, if after receiving a 'server-error-version-not-supported'  
1201 status code from an IPP object, ~~there is nothing that prevents a client from trying~~ a client SHOULD try again  
1202 with a different version number. A client MAY also determine the versions supported either from a  
1203 directory that conforms to Appendix E (see section 16) or by querying the Printer object's "ipp-versions-  
1204 supported" attribute (see section 4.4.14) to determine which versions are supported. Issue 36

1205 ~~In order to conform to IPP/1.1, an IPP object implementations~~ An IPP object implementation MUST support  
1206 version '1.1', i.e., meet the conformance requirements for IPP/1.1 as specified in this document and [IPP-  
1207 PRO]. An IPP object implementation SHOULD support version '1.0', i.e., meet the conformance  
1208 requirements for IPP/1.0 [RFC2566 and RFC2565]. Issue 3336

1209 There is only one notion of "version number" that covers both IPP Model and IPP Protocol changes. Thus  
1210 the version number MUST change when introducing a new version of the Model and Semantics document  
1211 ~~[IPP-MOD]~~ (this document) or a new version of the "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO].

1212 Changes to the major version number of the Model and Semantics document indicate structural or syntactic  
1213 changes that make it impossible for older version of IPP clients and Printer objects to correctly parse and  
1214 correctly process the new or changed attributes, operations and responses. If the major version number  
1215 changes, the minor version numbers is set to zero. As an example, adding the REQUIRED "ipp-attribute-  
1216 fidelity" attribute to version '1.1' (if it had not been part of version ~~'1.1'~~, '1.0'), would have required a change  
1217 to the major version number, since an IPP/1.0 Printer would not have processed a request with the correct  
1218 semantics that contained the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute that it did not know about. Items that might  
1219 affect the changing of the major version number include any changes to the Model and Semantics document  
1220 ~~[IPP-MOD]~~ (this document) or the "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO] itself, such as:

- 1221 - reordering of ordered attributes or attribute sets
- 1222 - changes to the syntax of existing attributes
- 1223 - adding REQUIRED (for an IPP object to support) operation attribute groups
- 1224 - adding values to existing REQUIRED operation attributes
- 1225 - adding REQUIRED operations

1226  
1227 Changes to the minor version number indicate the addition of new features, attributes and attribute values  
1228 that may not be understood by all IPP objects, but which can be ignored if not understood. Items that might  
1229 affect the changing of the minor version number include any changes to the model objects and attributes but  
1230 not the encoding and transport rules [IPP-PRO] (except adding attribute syntaxes). Examples of such  
1231 changes are:

- 1232 - grouping all extensions not included in a previous version into a new version
- 1233 - adding new attribute values
- 1234 - adding new object attributes
- 1235 - adding OPTIONAL (for an IPP object to support) operation attributes (i.e., those attributes that an IPP  
1236 object can ignore without confusing clients)
- 1237 - adding OPTIONAL (for an IPP object to support) operation attribute groups (i.e., those attributes that  
1238 an IPP object can ignore without confusing clients)

- 1239 - adding new attribute syntaxes
- 1240 - adding OPTIONAL operations
- 1241 - changing Job Description attributes or Printer Description attributes from OPTIONAL to REQUIRED
- 1242 or vice versa.
- 1243 - adding OPTIONAL attribute syntaxes to an existing attribute. **Issue 33**

1244 The encoding of the "version-number" MUST NOT change over any version number (either major or  
1245 minor). This rule guarantees that all future versions will be backwards compatible with all previous  
1246 versions (at least for checking the "version-number"). In addition, any protocol elements (attributes, error  
1247 codes, tags, etc.) that are not carried forward from one version to the next are deprecated so that they can  
1248 never be reused with new semantics.

1249 Implementations that support a certain version NEED NOT support ALL previous versions. As each new  
1250 version is defined (through the release of a new specification), ~~that major~~ IPP specification document), ~~that~~  
1251 version will specify which previous versions MUST and which versions SHOULD be supported in  
1252 compliant implementations. **Issue 3336**

### 1253 3.1.9 Job Creation Operations

1254 In order to "submit a print job" and create a new Job object, a client issues a create request. A create  
1255 request is any one of following three operation requests:

- 1256 - The Print-Job Request: A client that wants to submit a print job with only a single document uses the  
1257 Print-Job operation. The operation allows for the client to "push" the document data to the Printer  
1258 object by including the document data in the request itself.
- 1259
- 1260 - The Print-URI Request: A client that wants to submit a print job with only a single document (where  
1261 the Printer object "pulls" the document data instead of the client "pushing" the data to the Printer  
1262 object) uses the Print-URI operation. In this case, the client includes in the request only a URI  
1263 reference to the document data (not the document data itself).
- 1264
- 1265 - The Create-Job Request: A client that wants to submit a print job with multiple documents uses the  
1266 Create-Job operation. This operation is followed by an arbitrary number of Send-Document and/or  
1267 Send-URI operations (each creating another document for the newly create Job object). The Send-  
1268 Document operation includes the document data in the request (the client "pushes" the document  
1269 data to the printer), and the Send-URI operation includes only a URI reference to the document data  
1270 in the request (the Printer "pulls" the document data from the referenced location). The last Send-  
1271 Document or Send-URI request for a given Job object includes a "last-document" operation attribute  
1272 set to 'true' indicating that this is the last request.
- 1273

1274 Throughout this model specification, document, the term "create request" is used to refer to any of these  
1275 three operation requests.

1276 A Create-Job operation followed by only one Send-Document operation is semantically equivalent to a  
1277 Print-Job operation, however, for performance reasons, the client SHOULD use the Print-Job operation for

1278 all single document jobs. Also, Print-Job is a REQUIRED operation (all implementations MUST support  
1279 it) whereas Create-Job is an OPTIONAL operation, hence some implementations might not support it.

1280 Job submission time is the point in time when a client issues a create request. The initial state of every Job  
1281 object is the 'pending', 'pending-held', or 'processing' state (see section 4.3.7). **Issue 13** When the Printer  
1282 object begins processing the print job, the Job object's state moves to 'processing'. This is known as job  
1283 processing time. There are validation checks that must be done at job submission time and others that must  
1284 be performed at job processing time.

1285 At job submission time and at the time a Validate-Job operation is received, the Printer MUST do the  
1286 following:

- 1287 1. Process the client supplied attributes and either accept or reject the request
- 1288 2. Validate the syntax of and support for the scheme of any client supplied URI

1289

1290 At job submission time the Printer object MUST validate whether or not the supplied attributes, attribute  
1291 syntaxes, and values are supported by matching them with the Printer object's corresponding "xxx-  
1292 supported" attributes. See section 3.1.7 for details. [IPP-IIG] presents suggested steps for an IPP object to  
1293 either accept or reject any request and additional steps for processing create requests.

1294 At job submission time the Printer object NEED NOT perform the validation checks reserved for job  
1295 processing time such as:

- 1296 1. Validating the document data
- 1297 2. Validating the actual contents of any client supplied URI (resolve the reference and follow the link to  
1298 the document data)

1299

1300 At job submission time, these additional job processing time validation checks are essentially useless, since  
1301 they require actually parsing and interpreting the document data, are not guaranteed to be 100% accurate,  
1302 and MUST be done, yet again, at job processing time. Also, in the case of a URI, checking for availability  
1303 at job submission time does not guarantee availability at job processing time. In addition, at job processing  
1304 time, the Printer object might discover any of the following conditions that were not detectable at job  
1305 submission time:

- 1306 - runtime errors in the document data,
- 1307 - nested document data that is in an unsupported format,
- 1308 - the URI reference is no longer valid (i.e., the server hosting the document might be down), or
- 1309 - any other job processing error

1310

1311 At job submission time, a Printer object, especially a non-spooling Printer, MAY accept jobs that it does  
1312 not have enough space for. In such a situation, a Printer object MAY stop reading data from a client for an  
1313 indefinite period of time. A client MUST be prepared for a write operation to block for an indefinite period  
1314 of time (~~See~~[see](#) section 5.1 on client conformance).

1315 When a Printer object has too little space for starting a new job, it MAY reject a new create request. In this  
1316 case, a Printer object MUST return a response (in reply to the rejected request) with a status-code of 'server-

1317 error-busy' (~~See~~(see section 14.1.5.8) and it MAY close the connection before receiving all bytes of the  
1318 operation. A Printer SHOULD indicate that it is temporarily unable to accept jobs by setting the 'spool-  
1319 space-full' value in its "printer-state-reasons" attribute and removing the value when it can accept another  
1320 job (see section 4.4.12).

1321 When receiving a 'server-error-busy' status-code in an operation response, a client MUST be prepared for  
1322 the Printer object to close the connection before the client has sent all of the data (especially for the Print-  
1323 Job operation). A client MUST be prepared to keep submitting a create request until the IPP Printer object  
1324 accepts the create request. **Issue 20**

1325 At job processing time, since the Printer object has already responded with a successful status code in the  
1326 response to the create request, if the Printer object detects an error, the Printer object is unable to inform the  
1327 end user of the error with an operation status code. In this case, the Printer, depending on the error, can set  
1328 the job object's "job-state", "job-state-reasons", or "job-state-message" attributes to the appropriate value(s)  
1329 so that later queries can report the correct job status.

1330 Note: Asynchronous notification of events is outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document.

1331

## 1332 3.2 Printer Operations

1333 All Printer operations are directed at Printer objects. A client MUST always supply the "printer-uri"  
1334 operation attribute in order to identify the correct target of the operation.

### 1335 3.2.1 Print-Job Operation

1336 This REQUIRED operation allows a client to submit a print job with only one document and supply the  
1337 document data (rather than just a reference to the data). See Section 15 for the suggested steps for  
1338 processing create operations and their Operation and Job Template attributes.

#### 1339 3.2.1.1 Print-Job Request

1340 The following groups of attributes are supplied as part of the Print-Job Request:

##### 1341 Group 1: Operation Attributes

###### 1342 Natural Language and Character Set:

1343 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.  
1344 The Printer object MUST copy these values to the corresponding Job Description attributes  
1345 described in sections 4.3.19 and 4.3.20.

1346

###### 1347 Target:

1348 The "printer-uri" (uri) operation attribute which is the target for this operation as described in  
1349 section 3.1.5.

1350



1351 Requesting User Name:

1352 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as  
1353 described in section 8.3.

1354

1355 "job-name" (name(MAX)):

1356 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It  
1357 contains the client supplied Job name. If this attribute is supplied by the client, its value is used for  
1358 the "job-name" attribute of the newly created Job object. The client MAY automatically include any  
1359 information that will help the end-user distinguish amongst his/her jobs, such as the name of the  
1360 application program along with information from the document, such as the document name,  
1361 document subject, or source file name. If this attribute is not supplied by the client, the Printer  
1362 generates a name to use in the "job-name" attribute of the newly created Job object (see Section  
1363 4.3.5).

1364

1365 "ipp-attribute-fidelity" (boolean):

1366 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute.  
1367 The value 'true' indicates that total fidelity to client supplied Job Template attributes and values is  
1368 required, else the Printer object MUST reject the Print-Job request. The value 'false' indicates that a  
1369 reasonable attempt to print the Job object is acceptable and the Printer object MUST accept the  
1370 Print-job request. If not supplied, the Printer object assumes the value is 'false'. All Printer objects  
1371 MUST support both types of job processing. See section 15 for a full description of "ipp-attribute-  
1372 fidelity" and its relationship to other attributes, especially the Printer object's "pdl-override-  
1373 supported" attribute.

1374

1375 "document-name" (name(MAX)):

1376 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute.  
1377 It contains the client supplied document name. The document name MAY be different than the Job  
1378 name. Typically, the client software automatically supplies the document name on behalf of the end  
1379 user by using a file name or an application generated name. If this attribute is supplied, its value can  
1380 be used in a manner defined by each implementation. Examples include: printed along with the Job  
1381 (job start sheet, page adornments, etc.), used by accounting or resource tracking management tools,  
1382 or even stored along with the document as a document level attribute. IPP/1.1 does not support the  
1383 concept of document level attributes.

1384

1385 "compression" (type3 keyword)

1386 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute  
1387 and the "compression-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.32). The client supplied "compression"  
1388 operation attribute identifies the compression algorithm used on the document data. The following  
1389 cases exist:

- 1390 a) If the client omits this attribute, the Printer object MUST assume that the data is not  
1391 compressed (i.e. the Printer follows the rules below as if the client supplied the  
1392 "compression" attribute with a value of 'none').
- 1393 b) If the client supplies this attribute, but the value is not supported by the Printer object,  
1394 i.e., the value is not one of the values of the Printer object's "compression-supported"  
1395 attribute, the Printer object MUST reject the request, and return the 'client-error-



- 1396 compression-not-supported' status code. See section 3.1.7 for returning unsupported  
1397 attributes and values.
- 1398 c) If the client supplies the attribute and the Printer object supports the attribute value, the  
1399 Printer object uses the corresponding decompression algorithm on the document data.
- 1400 d) If the decompression algorithm fails before the Printer returns an operation response, the  
1401 Printer object MUST reject the request and return the 'client-error-compression-error'  
1402 status code.
- 1403 e) If the decompression algorithm fails after the Printer returns an operation response, the  
1404 Printer object MUST abort the job and add the 'compression-error' value to the job's  
1405 "job-state-reasons" attribute.
- 1406 f) If the decompression algorithm succeeds, the document data MUST then have the format  
1407 specified by the job's "document-format" attribute, if supplied (see "document-format"  
1408 operation attribute (~~q.v.~~definition below). **Issue 28**

1409  
1410 "document-format" (mimeMediaType) :

1411 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute.  
1412 The value of this attribute identifies the format of the supplied document data. The following cases  
1413 exist:

- 1414 a) If the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer object assumes that the document  
1415 data is in the format defined by the Printer object's "document-format-default" attribute.  
1416 (i.e. the Printer follows the rules below as if the client supplied the "document-format"  
1417 attribute with a value equal to the printer's default value).
- 1418 b) If the client supplies this attribute, but the value is not supported by the Printer object,  
1419 i.e., the value is not one of the values of the Printer object's "document-format-  
1420 supported" attribute, the Printer object MUST reject the request and return the 'client-  
1421 error-document-format-not-supported' status code.
- 1422 c) If the client supplies this attribute and its value is 'application/octet-stream' (i.e. to be  
1423 auto-sensed, see Section 4.1.9.1), and the format is not one of the document-formats that  
1424 the Printer can auto-sense, and this check occurs before the Printer returns an operation  
1425 response, then the Printer MUST reject the request and return the 'client-error-  
1426 document-format-not-supported' status code.
- 1427 d) If the client supplies this attribute, and the value is supported by the Printer object, the  
1428 document data, the Printer is capable of interpreting the document data.
- 1429 e) If interpreting of the document data fails before the Printer returns an operation response,  
1430 the Printer object MUST reject the request and return the 'client-error-document-format-  
1431 error' status code.
- 1432 f) If interpreting of the document data fails after the Printer returns an operation response,  
1433 the Printer object MUST abort the job and add the 'document-format-error' value to the  
1434 job's "job-state-reasons" attribute. **Issue 11**

1435  
1436 "document-natural-language" (naturalLanguage):

1437 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports this  
1438 attribute. This attribute specifies the natural language of the document for those document-formats  
1439 that require a specification of the natural language in order to image the document unambiguously.  
1440 There are no particular values required for the Printer object to support.

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"job-k-octets" (integer(0:MAX))

The client **OPTIONALLY** supplies this attribute. The Printer object **OPTIONALLY** supports this attribute and the "job-k-octets-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.33). The client supplied "job-k-octets" operation attribute identifies the total size of the document(s) in K octets being submitted (see section 4.3.17.1 for the complete semantics). If the client supplies the attribute and the Printer object supports the attribute, the value of the attribute is used to populate the Job object's "job-k-octets" Job Description attribute.

~~Note~~—For this attribute and the following two attributes ("job-impressions", and "job-media-sheets"), if the client supplies the attribute, but the Printer object does not support the attribute, the Printer object ignores the client-supplied value. If the client supplies the attribute and the Printer supports the attribute, and the value is within the range of the corresponding Printer object's "xxx-supported" attribute, the Printer object **MUST** use the value to populate the Job object's "xxx" attribute. If the client supplies the attribute and the Printer supports the attribute, but the value is outside the range of the corresponding Printer object's "~~xxx-supported~~ supported" attribute, the Printer object **MUST** copy the attribute and its value to the Unsupported Attributes response group, reject the request, and return the 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' status code. If the client does not supply the attribute, the Printer object **MAY** choose to populate the corresponding Job object attribute depending on whether the Printer object supports the attribute and is able to calculate or discern the correct value.

"job-impressions" (integer(0:MAX))

The client **OPTIONALLY** supplies this attribute. The Printer object **OPTIONALLY** supports this attribute and the "job-impressions-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.34). The client supplied "job-impressions" operation attribute identifies the total size in number of impressions of the document(s) being submitted (see section 4.3.17.2 for the complete semantics).

See ~~note~~[last paragraph](#) under "job-k-octets".

"job-media-sheets" (integer(0:MAX))

The client **OPTIONALLY** supplies this attribute. The Printer object **OPTIONALLY** supports this attribute and the "job-media-sheets-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.35). The client supplied "job-media-sheets" operation attribute identifies the total number of media sheets to be produced for this job (see section 4.3.17.3 for the complete semantics).

See ~~note~~[last paragraph](#) under "job-k-octets".

## Group 2: Job Template Attributes

The client **OPTIONALLY** supplies a set of Job Template attributes as defined in section 4.2. If the client is not supplying any Job Template attributes in the request, the client **SHOULD** omit Group 2 rather than sending an empty group. However, a Printer object **MUST** be able to accept an empty group.

1485

## 1486 Group 3: Document Content

1487 The client MUST supply the document data to be processed.

1488

1489 ~~Note~~—In addition to the MANDATORY parameters required for every operation request, the simplest Print-  
1490 Job Request consists of just the "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" operation attributes;  
1491 the "printer-uri" target operation attribute; the Document Content and nothing else. In this simple case, the  
1492 Printer object:

- 1493 - creates a new Job object (the Job object contains a single document),
- 1494 - stores a generated Job name in the "job-name" attribute in the natural language and charset requested  
1495 (see Section 3.1.4.1) (if those are supported, otherwise using the Printer object's default natural  
1496 language and charset), and
- 1497 - at job processing time, uses its corresponding default value attributes for the supported Job Template  
1498 attributes that were not supplied by the client as IPP attribute or embedded instructions in the  
1499 document data.

1500

## 1501 3.2.1.2 Print-Job Response

1502 The Printer object MUST return to the client the following sets of attributes as part of the Print-Job  
1503 Response:

## 1504 Group 1: Operation Attributes

## 1505 Status Message:

1506 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY  
1507 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) operation attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6. If  
1508 the client supplies unsupported or conflicting Job Template attributes or values, the Printer object  
1509 MUST reject or accept the Print-Job request depending on the whether the client supplied a 'true' or  
1510 'false' value for the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute. See the Implementer's Guide [IPP-  
1511 IIG] for a complete description of the suggested steps for processing a create request.

1512

## 1513 Natural Language and Character Set:

1514 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.

1515

## 1516 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1517 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

1518

1519

1520 -The value of the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" supplied by the client does not affect what attributes the  
1521 Printer object returns in this group. The value of "ipp-attribute-fidelity" only affects whether the  
1522 Print-Job operation is accepted or rejected. If the job is accepted, the client may query the job using  
1523 the Get-Job-Attributes operation requesting the unsupported attributes that were returned in the

1524 create response to see which attributes were ignored (not stored on the Job object) and which  
1525 attributes were stored with other (substituted) values.  
1526

### 1527 Group 3: Job Object Attributes

#### 1528 "job-uri" (uri):

1529 The Printer object MUST return the Job object's URI by returning the contents of the REQUIRED  
1530 "job-uri" Job object attribute. The client uses the Job object's URI when directing operations at the  
1531 Job object. The Printer object always uses its configured security policy when creating the new  
1532 URI. However, if the Printer object supports more than one URI, the Printer object also uses  
1533 information about which URI was used in the Print-Job Request to generate the new URI so that  
1534 the new URI references the correct access channel. In other words, if the Print-Job Request comes  
1535 in over a secure channel, the Printer object MUST generate a Job URI that uses the secure channel  
1536 as well.  
1537

#### 1538 "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)):

1539 The Printer object MUST return the Job object's Job ID by returning the REQUIRED "job-id" Job  
1540 object attribute. The client uses this "job-id" attribute in conjunction with the "printer-uri" attribute  
1541 used in the Print-Job Request when directing Job operations at the Printer object.  
1542

#### 1543 "job-state":

1544 The Printer object MUST return the Job object's REQUIRED "job-state" attribute. The value of this  
1545 attribute (along with the value of the next attribute: "job-state-reasons") is taken from a "snapshot"  
1546 of the new Job object at some meaningful point in time (implementation defined) between when the  
1547 Printer object receives the Print-Job Request and when the Printer object returns the response.  
1548

#### 1549 "job-state-reasons":

1550 The Printer object MUST return the Job object's REQUIRED "job-state-reasons" attribute. . Issue  
1551 30  
1552

#### 1553 "job-state-message":

1554 The Printer object OPTIONALLY returns the Job object's OPTIONAL "job-state-message"  
1555 attribute. If the Printer object supports this attribute then it MUST be returned in the response. If  
1556 this attribute is not returned in the response, the client can assume that the "job-state-message"  
1557 attribute is not supported and will not be returned in a subsequent Job object query.  
1558

#### 1559 "number-of-intervening-jobs":

1560 The Printer object OPTIONALLY returns the Job object's OPTIONAL "number-of-intervening-  
1561 jobs" attribute. If the Printer object supports this attribute then it MUST be returned in the response.  
1562 If this attribute is not returned in the response, the client can assume that the "number-of-  
1563 intervening-jobs" attribute is not supported and will not be returned in a subsequent Job object  
1564 query.  
1565

1566 Note: Since any printer state information which affects a job's state is reflected in the "job-state" and  
1567 "job-state-reasons" attributes, it is sufficient to return only these attributes and no specific printer  
1568 status attributes.  
1569

1570 Note: In addition to the MANDATORY parameters required for every operation response, the simplest  
1571 response consists of the just the "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" operation attributes  
1572 and the "job-uri", "job-id", and "job-state" Job Object Attributes. In this simplest case, the status code is  
1573 'successful-ok' and there is no "status-message" operation attribute.

### 1574 3.2.2 Print-URI Operation

1575 This OPTIONAL operation is identical to the Print-Job operation (section 3.2.1) except that a client  
1576 supplies a URI reference to the document data using the "document-uri" (uri) operation attribute (in Group  
1577 1) rather than including the document data itself. Before returning the response, the Printer MUST validate  
1578 that the Printer supports the retrieval method (e.g., http, ftp, etc.) implied by the URI, and MUST check for  
1579 valid URI syntax. If the client-supplied URI scheme is not supported, i.e. the value is not in the Printer  
1580 object's "referenced-uri-scheme-supported" attribute, the Printer object MUST reject the request and return  
1581 the 'client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported' status code.

1582 The IPP Printer MAY validate the accessibility of the document as part of the operation or subsequently. If  
1583 the Printer determines an accessibility problem before returning an operation response, it rejects the request  
1584 and returns the 'client-error-document-access-error' status code. The Printer MAY also return a specific  
1585 document access error code using the "document-access-error" operation attribute (see section 3.1.6.4).  
1586 **Issue 35**

1587 If the Printer determines this **document** accessibility problem after accepting the request and returning an  
1588 operation response with one of the successful status codes, the Printer adds the 'document-access-error'  
1589 value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute and MAY populate the job's "job-document-access-errors"  
1590 Job Description attribute (see section 4.3.11). See The Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] for suggested  
1591 additional checks. **Issue 35**

1592 If the Printer object supports this operation, it MUST support the "reference-uri-schemes-supported" Printer  
1593 attribute (see section 4.4.27).

1594 It is up to the IPP object to interpret the URI and subsequently "pull" the document from the source  
1595 referenced by the URI string.

### 1596 3.2.3 Validate-Job Operation

1597 This REQUIRED operation is similar to the Print-Job operation (section 3.2.1) except that a client supplies  
1598 no document data and the Printer allocates no resources (i.e., it does not create a new Job object). This  
1599 operation is used only to verify capabilities of a printer object against whatever attributes are supplied by  
1600 the client in the Validate-Job request. By using the Validate-Job operation a client can validate that an  
1601 identical Print-Job operation (with the document data) would be accepted. The Validate-Job operation also

1602 performs the same security negotiation as the Print-Job operation (see section 8), so that a client can check  
1603 that the client and Printer object security requirements can be met before performing a Print-Job operation.

1604 ~~Note~~: The Validate-Job operation does not accept a "document-uri" attribute in order to allow a client to  
1605 check that the same Print-URI operation will be accepted, since the client doesn't send the data with the  
1606 Print-URI operation. The client SHOULD just issue the Print-URI request.

1607 The Printer object returns the same status codes, Operation Attributes (Group 1) and Unsupported  
1608 Attributes (Group 2) as the Print-Job operation. However, no Job Object Attributes (Group 3) are returned,  
1609 since no Job object is created.

#### 1610 3.2.4 Create-Job Operation

1611 This OPTIONAL operation is similar to the Print-Job operation (section 3.2.1) except that in the Create-Job  
1612 request, a client does not supply document data or any reference to document data. Also, the client does not  
1613 supply any of the "document-name", "document-format", "compression", or "document-natural-language"  
1614 operation attributes. This operation is followed by one or more Send-Document or Send-URI operations.  
1615 In each of those operation requests, the client OPTIONALLY supplies the "document-name", "document-  
1616 format", and "document-natural-language" attributes for each document in the multi-document Job object.

1617 If a Printer object supports the Create-Job operation, it MUST also support the Send-Document operation  
1618 and also MAY support the Send-URI operation.

1619 If the Printer object supports this operation, it MUST support the "multiple-operation-time-out" Printer  
1620 attribute (see section 4.4.31).

1621 If the Printer object supports this operation, then it MUST support the "multiple-document-jobs-supported"  
1622 Printer Description attribute ([see section 4.4.16](#)) and indicate whether or not it supports multiple-document  
1623 jobs. **Issue 34**

1624 If the Printer object supports this operation and supports multiple documents in a job, then it MUST support  
1625 the "multiple-document-handling" Job Template job attribute with at least one value (see section 4.2.4) and  
1626 the associated "multiple-document-handling-default" and "multiple-document-handling-supported" Job  
1627 Template Printer attributes ([see section 4.2](#)). **Issue 34**

1628 After the Create-Job operation has completed, the value of the "job-state" attribute is similar to the "job-  
1629 state" after a Print-Job, even though no document-data has arrived. A Printer MAY set the 'job-data-  
1630 insufficient' value of the job's "job-state-reason" attribute to indicate that processing cannot begin until  
1631 sufficient data has arrived and set the "job-state" to either 'pending' or 'pending-held'. A non-spooling  
1632 printer that doesn't implement the 'pending' job state may even set the "job-state" to 'processing', even  
1633 though there is not yet any data to process. [See sections 4.3.7 and 4.3.8](#). **Issue 13**

#### 1634 3.2.5 Get-Printer-Attributes Operation

1635 This REQUIRED operation allows a client to request the values of the attributes of a Printer object. In the  
1636 request, the client supplies the set of Printer attribute names and/or attribute group names in which the



1637 requester is interested. In the response, the Printer object returns a corresponding attribute set with the  
1638 appropriate attribute values filled in.

1639 For Printer objects, the possible names of attribute groups are:

- 1640 - 'job-template': the subset of the Job Template attributes that apply to a Printer object (the last two  
1641 columns of the table in Section 4.2) that the implementation supports for Printer objects.
- 1642 - 'printer-description': the subset of the attributes specified in Section 4.4 that the implementation  
1643 supports for Printer objects.
- 1644 - 'all': the special group 'all' that includes all attributes that the implementation supports for Printer  
1645 objects. **Issue 23**

1646

1647 Since a client MAY request specific attributes or named groups, there is a potential that there is some  
1648 overlap. For example, if a client requests, 'printer-name' and 'all', the client is actually requesting the  
1649 "printer-name" attribute twice: once by naming it explicitly, and once by inclusion in the 'all' group. In such  
1650 cases, the Printer object NEED NOT return each attribute only once in the response even if it is requested  
1651 multiple times. The client SHOULD NOT request the same attribute in multiple ways.

1652 It is NOT REQUIRED that a Printer object support all attributes belonging to a group (since some attributes  
1653 are OPTIONAL). However, it is REQUIRED that each Printer object support all group names.

#### 1654 3.2.5.1 Get-Printer-Attributes Request

1655 The following sets of attributes are part of the Get-Printer-Attributes Request:

##### 1656 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1657 Natural Language and Character Set:

1658 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.

1659

1660 Target:

1661 The "printer-uri" (uri) operation attribute which is the target for this operation as described in  
1662 section 3.1.5.

1663

1664 Requesting User Name:

1665 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as  
1666 described in section 8.3.

1667

1668 "requested-attributes" (1setOf keyword) :

1669 The client OPTIONALLY supplies a set of attribute names and/or attribute group names in whose  
1670 values the requester is interested. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. If the client  
1671 omits this attribute, the Printer MUST respond as if this attribute had been supplied with a value of  
1672 'all'.



1673

1674 "document-format" (mimeMediaType) :

1675 The client **OPTIONALLY** supplies this attribute. The Printer object **MUST** support this attribute.  
1676 This attribute is useful for a Printer object to determine the set of supported attribute values that  
1677 relate to the requested document format. The Printer object **MUST** return the attributes and values  
1678 that it uses to validate a job on a create or Validate-Job operation in which this document format is  
1679 supplied. The Printer object **SHOULD** return only (1) those attributes that are supported for the  
1680 specified format and (2) the attribute values that are supported for the specified document format.  
1681 By specifying the document format, the client can get the Printer object to eliminate the attributes  
1682 and values that are not supported for a specific document format. For example, a Printer object  
1683 might have multiple interpreters to support both 'application/postscript' (for PostScript) and  
1684 'text/plain' (for text) documents. However, for only one of those interpreters might the Printer  
1685 object be able to support "number-up" with values of '1', '2', and '4'. For the other interpreter it  
1686 might be able to only support "number-up" with a value of '1'. Thus a client can use the Get-Printer-  
1687 Attributes operation to obtain the attributes and values that will be used to accept/reject a create job  
1688 operation.

1689

1690 If the Printer object does not distinguish between different sets of supported values for each  
1691 different document format when validating jobs in the create and Validate-Job operations, it **MUST**  
1692 **NOT** distinguish between different document formats in the Get-Printer-Attributes operation. If the  
1693 Printer object does distinguish between different sets of supported values for each different  
1694 document format specified by the client, this specialization applies only to the following Printer  
1695 object attributes:

1696

- 1697 - Printer attributes that are Job Template attributes ("xxx-default" "xxx-supported", and "xxx-  
1698 ready" in the Table in Section 4.2),
- 1699 - "pdl-override-supported",
- 1700 - "compression-supported",
- 1701 - "job-k-octets-supported",
- 1702 - "job-impressions-supported",
- 1703 - "job-media-sheets-supported"
- 1704 - "printer-driver-installer",
- 1705 - "color-supported", and
- 1706 - "reference-uri-schemes-supported"

1707

1708 The values of all other Printer object attributes (including "document-format-supported") remain  
1709 invariant with respect to the client supplied document format (except for new Printer description  
1710 attribute as registered according to section 6.2).

1711

1712 If the client omits this "document-format" operation attribute, the Printer object **MUST** respond as if  
1713 the attribute had been supplied with the value of the Printer object's "document-format-default"  
1714 attribute. It is recommended that the client always supply a value for "document-format", since the  
1715 Printer object's "document-format-default" may be 'application/octet-stream', in which case the  
1716 returned attributes and values are for the union of the document formats that the Printer can

1717 automatically sense. For more details, see the description of the 'mimeType' attribute syntax  
1718 in section 4.1.9.

1719  
1720 If the client supplies a value for the "document-format" Operation attribute that is not supported by  
1721 the Printer, i.e., is not among the values of the Printer object's "document-format-supported"  
1722 attribute, the Printer object MUST reject the operation and return the 'client-error-document-format-  
1723 not-supported' status code.  
1724

### 1725 3.2.5.2 Get-Printer-Attributes Response

1726 The Printer object returns the following sets of attributes as part of the Get-Printer-Attributes Response:

#### 1727 Group 1: Operation Attributes

##### 1728 Status Message:

1729 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY  
1730 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) operation attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.  
1731

##### 1732 Natural Language and Character Set:

1733 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.  
1734

#### 1735 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1736 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

1737  
1738 The response NEED NOT contain the "requested-attributes" operation attribute with any supplied  
1739 values (attribute keywords) that were requested by the client but are not supported by the IPP object.  
1740 If the Printer **object** does include unsupported attributes referenced in "requested-attributes" and  
1741 such attributes include group names, such as 'all', the unsupported attributes MUST NOT include  
1742 attributes described in the standard but not supported by the implementation. **Issue 23**  
1743

#### 1744 Group 3: Printer Object Attributes

1745 This is the set of requested attributes and their current values. The Printer object ignores (does not  
1746 respond with) any requested attribute which is not supported. The Printer object MAY respond with  
1747 a subset of the supported attributes and values, depending on the security policy in force. However,  
1748 the Printer object MUST respond with the 'unknown' value for any supported attribute (including all  
1749 REQUIRED attributes) for which the Printer object does not know the value. Also the Printer  
1750 object MUST respond with the 'no-value' for any supported attribute (including all REQUIRED  
1751 attributes) for which the system administrator has not configured a value. See the description of the  
1752 "out-of-band" values in the beginning of Section 4.1.  
1753

## 1754 3.2.6 Get-Jobs Operation

1755 This REQUIRED operation allows a client to retrieve the list of Job objects belonging to the target Printer  
1756 object. The client may also supply a list of Job attribute names and/or attribute group names. A group of  
1757 Job object attributes will be returned for each Job object that is returned.

1758 This operation is similar to the Get-Job-Attributes operation, except that this Get-Jobs operation returns  
1759 attributes from possibly more than one object (see the description of Job attribute group names in section  
1760 3.3.4).

## 1761 3.2.6.1 Get-Jobs Request

1762 The client submits the Get-Jobs request to a Printer object.

1763 The following groups of attributes are part of the Get-Jobs Request:

## 1764 Group 1: Operation Attributes

## 1765 Natural Language and Character Set:

1766 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.  
1767

## 1768 Target:

1769 The "printer-uri" (uri) operation attribute which is the target for this operation as described in  
1770 section 3.1.5.  
1771

## 1772 Requesting User Name:

1773 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as  
1774 described in section 8.3.  
1775

## 1776 "limit" (integer(1:MAX)):

1777 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It  
1778 is an integer value that determines the maximum number of jobs that a client will receive from the  
1779 Printer even if "which-jobs" or "my-jobs" constrain which jobs are returned. The limit is a "stateless  
1780 limit" in that if the value supplied by the client is 'N', then only the first 'N' jobs are returned in the  
1781 Get-Jobs Response. There is no mechanism to allow for the next 'M' jobs after the first 'N' jobs. If  
1782 the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer object responds with all applicable jobs. **Issue 8**  
1783

## 1784 "requested-attributes" (1setOf keyword):

1785 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It  
1786 is a set of Job attribute names and/or attribute groups names in whose values the requester is  
1787 interested. This set of attributes is returned for each Job object that is returned. The allowed  
1788 attribute group names are the same as those defined in the Get-Job-Attributes operation in section  
1789 3.3.4. If the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer MUST respond as if the client had  
1790 supplied this attribute with two values: 'job-uri' and 'job-id'.  
1791

1792 "which-jobs" (keyword):

1793 The client **OPTIONALLY** supplies this attribute. The Printer object **MUST** support this attribute. It  
1794 indicates which Job objects **MUST** be returned by the Printer object. The values for this attribute  
1795 are:

1796

1797 'completed': This includes any Job object whose state is 'completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted'.

1798 'not-completed': This includes any Job object whose state is 'pending', 'processing', 'processing-  
1799 stopped', or 'pending-held'.

1800

1801 A Printer object **MUST** support both values. However, if the implementation does not keep jobs in  
1802 the 'completed', 'canceled', and 'aborted' states, then it returns no jobs when the 'completed' value is  
1803 supplied.

1804

1805 If a client supplies some other value, the Printer object **MUST** copy the attribute and the  
1806 unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group, reject the request, and return the  
1807 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' status code.

1808

1809 If the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer object **MUST** respond as if the client had  
1810 supplied the attribute with a value of 'not-completed'.

1811

1812 "my-jobs" (boolean):

1813 The client **OPTIONALLY** supplies this attribute. The Printer object **MUST** support this attribute. It  
1814 indicates whether jobs from all users or just the jobs submitted by the requesting user of this request  
1815 **MUST** be returned by the Printer object. If the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer  
1816 object **MUST** respond as if the client had supplied the attribute with a value of 'false', i.e., jobs from  
1817 all users. The means for authenticating the requesting user and matching the jobs is described in  
1818 section 8.

### 1819 3.2.6.2 Get-Jobs Response

1820 The Printer object returns all of the Job objects up to the number specified by the "limit" attribute that  
1821 match the criteria as defined by the attribute values supplied by the client in the request. It is possible that  
1822 no Job objects are returned since there may literally be no Job objects at the Printer, or there may be no Job  
1823 objects that match the criteria supplied by the client. If the client requests any Job attributes at all, there is a  
1824 set of Job Object Attributes returned for each Job object.

1825 It is not an error for the Printer to return 0 jobs. If the response returns 0 jobs because there are no jobs  
1826 matching the criteria, and the request would have returned 1 or more jobs with a status code of 'successful-  
1827 ok' if there had been jobs matching the criteria, then the status code for 0 jobs **MUST** be 'successful-ok'.

1828 **Issue 24**

### 1829 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1830 Status Message:

1831 In addition to the **REQUIRED** status code returned in every response, the response **OPTIONALLY**  
1832 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) operation attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.

1833

1834 Natural Language and Character Set:

1835 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.

1836

1837 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1838 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

1839

1840 The response NEED NOT contain the "requested-attributes" operation attribute with any supplied  
1841 values (attribute keywords) that were requested by the client but are not supported by the IPP object.1842 If the Printer object does include unsupported attributes referenced in "requested-attributes" and  
1843 such attributes include group names, such as 'all', the unsupported attributes MUST NOT include  
1844 attributes described in the standard but not supported by the implementation. **Issue 23**

1845

1846 Groups 3 to N: Job Object Attributes

1847 The Printer object responds with one set of Job Object Attributes for each returned Job object. The  
1848 Printer object ignores (does not respond with) any requested attribute or value which is not  
1849 supported or which is restricted by the security policy in force, including whether the requesting  
1850 user is the user that submitted the job (job originating user) or not (see section 8). However, the  
1851 Printer object MUST respond with the 'unknown' value for any supported attribute (including all  
1852 REQUIRED attributes) for which the Printer object does not know the value, unless it would violate  
1853 the security policy. See the description of the "out-of-band" values in the beginning of Section 4.1.

1854

1855 Jobs are returned in the following order:

- 1856 - If the client requests all 'completed' Jobs (Jobs in the 'completed', 'aborted', or 'canceled' states),
- 
- 1857 then the Jobs are returned newest to oldest (with respect to actual completion time)
- 
- 1858 - If the client requests all 'not-completed' Jobs (Jobs in the 'pending', 'processing', 'pending-held',
- 
- 1859 and 'processing-stopped' states), then Jobs are returned in relative chronological order of
- 
- 1860 expected time to complete (based on whatever scheduling algorithm is configured for the
- 
- 1861 Printer object).

1862

1863 3.2.7 Pause-Printer Operation

1864 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to stop the Printer object from scheduling jobs on all its devices.  
1865 Depending on implementation, the Pause-Printer operation MAY also stop the Printer from processing the  
1866 current job or jobs. Any job that is currently being printed is either stopped as soon as the implementation  
1867 permits or is completed, depending on implementation. The Printer object MUST still accept create  
1868 operations to create new jobs, but MUST prevent any jobs from entering the 'processing' state.1869 If the Pause-Printer operation is supported, then the Resume-Printer operation MUST be supported, and  
1870 vice-versa.

1871 The IPP Printer stops the current job(s) on its device(s) that were in the 'processing' or 'processing-stopped'  
 1872 states as soon as the implementation permits. If the implementation **Issue 30** will take appreciable time to  
 1873 stop, the IPP Printer adds the 'moving-to-paused' value to the Printer object's "printer-state-reasons"  
 1874 attribute (see section 4.4.12). When the device(s) have all stopped, the IPP Printer transitions the Printer  
 1875 object to the 'stopped' state, removes the 'moving-to-paused' value, if present, and adds the 'paused' value to  
 1876 the Printer object's "printer-state-reasons" attribute.

1877 When the current job(s) complete that were in the 'processing' state, the IPP Printer transitions them to the  
 1878 'completed' state. When the current job(s) stop in mid processing that were in the 'processing' state, the IPP  
 1879 Printer transitions them to the 'processing-stopped' state and **Issue 30** adds the 'printer-stopped' value to the  
 1880 job's "job-state-reasons" attribute.

1881 ~~Note: for~~For any jobs that are 'pending' or 'pending-held', the 'printer-stopped' value of the jobs' "job-state-  
 1882 reasons" attribute also applies. However, the IPP Printer NEED NOT update those jobs' "job-state-reasons"  
 1883 attributes and only need return the 'printer-stopped' value when those jobs are queried (so-called "lazy  
 1884 evaluation").

1885 Whether the Pause-Printer operation affects jobs that were submitted to the device from other sources than  
 1886 the IPP Printer object in the same way that the Pause-Printer operation affects jobs that were submitted to  
 1887 the IPP Printer object using IPP, depends on implementation, i.e., on whether the IPP protocol is being used  
 1888 as a universal management protocol or just to manage IPP jobs, respectively.

1889 The IPP Printer MUST accept the request in any state and transition the Printer to the indicated new  
 1890 "printer-state" before returning as follows:

Current "printer-state"	New "printer-state"	"printer-state-reasons"	IPP Printer's response status code and action:
'idle'	'stopped'	'paused'	'successful-ok'
'processing'	'processing'	'moving-to-paused'	OPTION 1: 'successful-ok'; Later, when all output has stopped, the "printer-state" becomes 'stopped', and the 'paused' value replaces the 'moving-to-paused' value in the "printer-state-reasons" attribute
'processing'	'stopped'	'paused'	OPTION 2: 'successful-ok'; all device output stopped immediately
'stopped'	'stopped'	'paused'	'successful-ok'

1891 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must be an operator or  
 1892 administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP Printer MUST reject the  
 1893 operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or 'client-error-not-authorized'  
 1894 as appropriate.

### 1895 3.2.7.1 Pause-Printer Request

1896 The following groups of attributes are part of the Pause-Printer Request:



## 1897 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1898 Natural Language and Character Set:

1899 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.

1900

1901 Target:

1902 The "printer-uri" (uri) operation attribute which is the target for this operation as described in  
1903 section 3.1.5.

1904

1905 Requesting User Name:

1906 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as  
1907 described in section 8.3.

## 1908 3.2.7.2 Pause-Printer Response

1909 The following groups of attributes are part of the Pause-Printer Response:

## 1910 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1911 Status Message:

1912 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY  
1913 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) operation attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.

1914

1915 Natural Language and Character Set:

1916 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.

1917

## 1918 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1919 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

1920

## 1921 3.2.8 Resume-Printer Operation

1922 This operation allows a client to resume the Printer object scheduling jobs on all its devices. The Printer  
1923 object **Issue 30** MUST remove the 'paused' and 'moving-to-paused' values from the Printer object's  
1924 "printer-state-reasons" attribute, if present. If there are no other reasons to keep a device paused (such as  
1925 media-jam), the IPP Printer transitions itself to the 'processing' or 'idle' states, depending on whether there  
1926 are jobs to be processed or not, respectively, and the device(s) resume processing jobs.1927 If the Pause-Printer operation is supported, then the Resume-Printer operation MUST be supported, and  
1928 vice-versa.1929 The IPP Printer removes the 'printer-stopped' value from any job's "job-state-reasons" attributes contained  
1930 in that Printer.1931 The IPP Printer MUST accept the request in any state, transition the Printer object to the indicated new state  
1932 as follows:

Current "printer-state"	New "printer-state"	IPP Printer's response status code and action:
'idle'	'idle'	'successful-ok'
'processing'	'processing'	'successful-ok'
'stopped'	'processing'	'successful-ok'; when there are jobs to be processed
'stopped'	'idle'	'successful-ok'; when there are no jobs to be processed.

1933 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must be an operator or  
 1934 administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP Printer MUST reject the  
 1935 operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or 'client-error-not-authorized'  
 1936 as appropriate.

1937 The Resume-Printer Request and Resume-Printer Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as  
 1938 the Pause-Printer operation (see sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2).

### 1939 3.2.9 Purge-Jobs Operation

1940 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to remove all jobs from an IPP Printer object, regardless of their  
 1941 job states, including jobs in the Printer object's Job History (see Section 4.3.7.2). After a Purge-Jobs  
 1942 operation has been performed, a Printer object MUST return no jobs in subsequent Get-Job-Attributes and  
 1943 Get-Jobs responses (until new jobs are submitted).

1944 Whether the Purge-Jobs (and Get-Jobs) operation affects jobs that were submitted to the device from other  
 1945 sources than the IPP Printer object in the same way that the Purge-Jobs operation affects jobs that were  
 1946 submitted to the IPP Printer object using IPP, depends on implementation, i.e., on whether the IPP protocol  
 1947 is being used as a universal management protocol or just to manage IPP jobs, respectively.

1948 Note: if an operator wants to cancel all jobs without clearing out the Job History, the operator uses the  
 1949 Cancel-Job operation on each job instead of using the Purge-Job operation.

1950 The Printer object MUST accept this operation in any state and transition the Printer object to the 'idle'  
 1951 state.

1952 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must be an operator or  
 1953 administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP object MUST reject the  
 1954 operation and return: client-error-forbidden, client-error-not-authenticated, and client-error-not-authorized  
 1955 as appropriate.

1956 The Purge-Jobs Request and Purge-Jobs Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as the  
 1957 Pause-Printer operation (see sections 3.2.7.1 and 3.2.7.2).

1958

## 1959 3.3 Job Operations

1960 All Job operations are directed at Job objects. A client MUST always supply some means of identifying the  
1961 Job object in order to identify the correct target of the operation. That job identification MAY either be a  
1962 single Job URI or a combination of a Printer URI with a Job ID. The IPP object implementation MUST  
1963 support both forms of identification for every job.

## 1964 3.3.1 Send-Document Operation

1965 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to create a multi-document Job object that is initially "empty"  
1966 (contains no documents). In the Create-Job response, the Printer object returns the Job object's URI (the  
1967 "job-uri" attribute) and the Job object's 32-bit identifier (the "job-id" attribute). For each new document  
1968 that the client desires to add, the client uses a Send-Document operation. Each Send-Document Request  
1969 contains the entire stream of document data for one document.

1970 If the Printer supports this operation but does not support multiple documents per job, the Printer MUST  
1971 reject subsequent Send-Document operations supplied with data and return the 'server-error-multiple-  
1972 document-jobs-not-supported'. However, the Printer MUST accept the first document with a 'true' or 'false'  
1973 value for the "last-document" operation attribute (see below), so that clients MAY always submit one  
1974 document jobs with a 'false' value for "last-document" in the first Send-Document and a 'true' for "last-  
1975 document" in the second Send-Document (with no data). **Issue 34**

1976 Since the Create-Job and the send operations (Send-Document or Send-URI operations) that follow could  
1977 occur over an arbitrarily long period of time for a particular job, a client MUST send another send operation  
1978 within an IPP Printer defined minimum time interval after the receipt of the previous request for the job. If  
1979 a Printer object supports multiple document jobs, the Printer object MUST support the "multiple-operation-  
1980 time-out" attribute (see section 4.4.31). This attribute indicates the minimum number of seconds the Printer  
1981 object will wait for the next send operation before taking some recovery action.

1982 An IPP object MUST recover from an errant client that does not supply a send operation, sometime after  
1983 the minimum time interval specified by the Printer object's "multiple-operation-time-out" attribute. Such  
1984 recovery MAY include any of the following or other recovery actions:

- 1985 1. Assume that the Job is an invalid job, start the process of changing the job state to 'aborted', add the  
1986 'aborted-by-system' value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute (see section 4.3.8), **Issue 30** and  
1987 clean up all resources associated with the Job. In this case, if another send operation is finally  
1988 received, the Printer responds with an "client-error-not-possible" or "client-error-not-found"  
1989 depending on whether or not the Job object is still around when the send operation finally arrives.
- 1990 2. Assume that the last send operation received was in fact the last document (as if the "last-document"  
1991 flag had been set to 'true'), close the Job object, and proceed to process it (i.e., move the Job's state  
1992 to 'pending').
- 1993 3. Assume that the last send operation received was in fact the last document, close the Job, but move it  
1994 to the 'pending-held' and add the 'submission-interrupted' value to the job's "job-state-reasons"  
1995 attribute (see section 4.3.8). **Issue 30** This action allows the user or an operator to determine  
1996 whether to continue processing the Job by moving it back to the 'pending' state using the Release-  
1997 Job operation (see section 3.3.6) or to cancel the job using the Cancel-Job operation (see section  
1998 3.3.3).

1999

2000 Each implementation is free to decide the "best" action to take depending on local policy, whether any  
2001 documents have been added, whether the implementation spools jobs or not, and/or any other piece of  
2002 information available to it. If the choice is to abort the Job object, it is possible that the Job object may  
2003 already have been processed to the point that some media sheet pages have been printed.

2004 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must either be the job  
2005 owner (as determined in the Create-Job operation) or an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see  
2006 Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP object MUST reject the operation and return: 'client-error-  
2007 forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate. **Issue 19**

### 2008 3.3.1.1 Send-Document Request

2009 The following attribute sets are part of the Send-Document Request:

#### 2010 Group 1: Operation Attributes

##### 2011 Natural Language and Character Set:

2012 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.

2013

##### 2014 Target:

2015 Either (1) the "printer-uri" (uri) plus "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)) or (2) the "job-uri" (uri) operation  
2016 attribute(s) which define the target for this operation as described in section 3.1.5.

2017

##### 2018 Requesting User Name:

2019 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as  
2020 described in section 8.3.

2021

##### 2022 "document-name" (name(MAX)):

2023 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It  
2024 contains the client supplied document name. The document name MAY be different than the Job  
2025 name. It might be helpful, but NEED NOT be unique across multiple documents in the same Job.  
2026 Typically, the client software automatically supplies the document name on behalf of the end user  
2027 by using a file name or an application generated name. See the description of the "document-name"  
2028 operation attribute in the Print-Job Request (section 3.2.1.1) for more information about this  
2029 attribute.

2030

##### 2031 "compression" (type3 keyword)

2032 See the description of "compression" for the Print-Job operation in Section 3.2.1.1.

2033

2034

##### 2035 "document-format" (mimeMediaType) :

2036 See the description of "document-format" for the Print-Job operation in Section 3.2.1.1. **Issue 11**

2037

2038 "document-natural-language" (naturalLanguage):

2039 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports this  
2040 attribute. This attribute specifies the natural language of the document for those document-formats  
2041 that require a specification of the natural language in order to image the document unambiguously.  
2042 There are no particular values required for the Printer object to support.

2043

2044

2045 "last-document" (boolean):

2046 The client MUST supply this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It is a  
2047 boolean flag that is set to 'true' if this is the last document for the Job, 'false' otherwise.

2048

## 2049 Group 2: Document Content

2050 The client MUST supply the document data if the "last-document" flag is set to 'false'. However,  
2051 since a client might not know that the previous document sent with a Send-Document (or Send-  
2052 URI) operation was the last document (i.e., the "last-document" attribute was set to 'false'), it is legal  
2053 to send a Send-Document request with no document data where the "last-document" flag is set to  
2054 'true'. Such a request MUST NOT increment the value of the Job object's "number-of-documents"  
2055 attribute, since no real document was added to the job.

### 2056 3.3.1.2 Send-Document Response

2057 The following sets of attributes are part of the Send-Document Response:

#### 2058 Group 1: Operation Attributes

2059 Status Message:

2060 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY  
2061 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) operation attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.

2062

2063 Natural Language and Character Set:

2064 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.

2065

#### 2066 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

2067 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

#### 2068 Group 3: Job Object Attributes

2069 This is the same set of attributes as described in the Print-Job response (see section 3.2.1.2).

2070

### 2071 3.3.2 Send-URI Operation

2072 This OPTIONAL operation is identical to the Send-Document operation (see section 3.3.1) except that a  
2073 client MUST supply a URI reference ("document-uri" operation attribute) rather than the document data  
2074 itself. If a Printer object supports this operation, clients can use both Send-URI or Send-Document  
2075 operations to add new documents to an existing multi-document Job object. However, if a client needs to

2076 indicate that the previous Send-URI or Send-Document was the last document, the client MUST use the  
 2077 Send-Document operation with no document data and the "last-document" flag set to 'true' (rather than  
 2078 using a Send-URI operation with no "document-uri" operation attribute).

2079 If a Printer object supports this operation, it MUST also support the Print-URI operation (see section 3.2.2).

2080 The Printer object MUST validate the syntax and URI scheme of the supplied URI before returning a  
 2081 response, just as in the Print-URI operation. The IPP Printer MAY validate the accessibility of the  
 2082 document as part of the operation or subsequently (see section 3.2.2). Issue 35

### 2083 3.3.3 Cancel-Job Operation

2084 This REQUIRED operation allows a client to cancel a Print Job from the time the job is created up to the  
 2085 time it is completed, canceled, or aborted. Since a Job might already be printing by the time a Cancel-Job is  
 2086 received, some media sheet pages might be printed before the job is actually terminated.

2087 The IPP object MUST accept or reject the request based on the job's current state and transition the job to  
 2088 the indicated new state as follows:

Current "job-state"	New "job-state"	IPP object's response status code and action:
'pending'	'canceled'	'successful-ok'
'pending-held'	'canceled'	'successful-ok'
'processing'	'canceled'	'successful-ok'
<del>'processing'</del>	<del>'processing'</del>	<del>'successful-ok'</del> See Note 1
<u>'processing'</u>	<u>'processing'</u>	<u>'successful-ok'</u> See Rule 1
<del>'processing'</del>	<del>'processing'</del>	<del>'client-error-not-possible'</del> See Note 2
<u>'processing'</u>	<u>'processing'</u>	<u>'client-error-not-possible'</u> See Rule 2
'processing-stopped'	'canceled'	'successful-ok'
<del>'processing-stopped'</del>	<del>'processing-stopped'</del>	<del>'successful-ok'</del> See Note 1
<u>'processing-stopped'</u>	<u>'processing-stopped'</u>	<u>'successful-ok'</u> See Rule 1
<del>'processing-stopped'</del>	<del>'processing-stopped'</del>	<del>'client-error-not-possible'</del> See Note 2
<u>'processing-stopped'</u>	<u>'processing-stopped'</u>	<u>'client-error-not-possible'</u> See Rule 2
'completed'	'completed'	'client-error-not-possible'
'canceled'	'canceled'	'client-error-not-possible'
'aborted'	'aborted'	'client-error-not-possible'

2089 NoteRule 1: If the implementation requires some measurable time to cancel the job in the 'processing' or  
 2090 'processing-stopped' job states, the IPP object MUST add the 'processing-to-stop-point' value to the job's  
 2091 "job-state-reasons" attribute and then transition the job to the 'canceled' state when the processing ceases  
 2092 (see section 4.3.8).

2093 NoteRule 2: If the Job object already has the 'processing-to-stop-point' value in its "job-state-reasons"  
 2094 attribute, then the Printer object MUST reject a Cancel-Job operation.



2095 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must either be the job  
2096 owner or an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP  
2097 object MUST reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or  
2098 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate.

### 2099 3.3.3.1 Cancel-Job Request

2100 The following groups of attributes are part of the Cancel-Job Request:

#### 2101 Group 1: Operation Attributes

2102 Natural Language and Character Set:

2103 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.

2104

2105 Target:

2106 Either (1) the "printer-uri" (uri) plus "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)) or (2) the "job-uri" (uri) operation  
2107 attribute(s) which define the target for this operation as described in section 3.1.5.

2108

2109 Requesting User Name:

2110 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as  
2111 described in section 8.3.

2112

2113 "message" (text(127)):

2114 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports this  
2115 attribute. It is a message to the operator. This "message" attribute is not the same as the "job-  
2116 message-from-operator" attribute. That attribute is used to report a message from the operator to the  
2117 end user that queries that attribute. This "message" operation attribute is used to send a message  
2118 from the client to the operator along with the operation request. It is an implementation decision of  
2119 how or where to display this message to the operator (if at all).

2120

### 2121 3.3.3.2 Cancel-Job Response

2122 The following sets of attributes are part of the Cancel-Job Response:

#### 2123 Group 1: Operation Attributes

2124 Status Message:

2125 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY  
2126 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) operation attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.

2127

2128 Natural Language and Character Set:

2129 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.

2130

#### 2131 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

2132 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

2133

2134 Once a successful response has been sent, the implementation guarantees that the Job will eventually end up  
2135 in the 'canceled' state. Between the time of the Cancel-Job operation is accepted and when the job enters the  
2136 'canceled' job-state (see section 4.3.7), the "job-state-reasons" attribute SHOULD contain the 'processing-to-  
2137 stop-point' value which indicates to later queries that although the Job might still be 'processing', it will  
2138 eventually end up in the 'canceled' state, not the 'completed' state.

### 2139 3.3.4 Get-Job-Attributes Operation

2140 This REQUIRED operation allows a client to request the values of attributes of a Job object and it is almost  
2141 identical to the Get-Printer-Attributes operation (see section 3.2.5). The only differences are that the  
2142 operation is directed at a Job object rather than a Printer object, there is no "document-format" operation  
2143 attribute used when querying a Job object, and the returned attribute group is a set of Job object attributes  
2144 rather than a set of Printer object attributes.

2145 For Jobs, the possible names of attribute groups are:

- 2146 - 'job-template': the subset of the Job Template attributes that apply to a Job object (the first column of  
2147 the table in Section 4.2) that the implementation supports for Job objects.
- 2148 - 'job-description': the subset of the Job Description attributes specified in Section 4.3 that the  
2149 implementation supports for Job objects.
- 2150 - 'all': the special group 'all' that includes all attributes that the implementation supports for Job objects.

2151 **Issue 23**

2152

2153 Since a client MAY request specific attributes or named groups, there is a potential that there is some  
2154 overlap. For example, if a client requests, 'job-name' and 'job-description', the client is actually requesting  
2155 the "job-name" attribute once by naming it explicitly, and once by inclusion in the 'job-description' group.  
2156 In such cases, the Printer object NEED NOT return the attribute only once in the response even if it is  
2157 requested multiple times. The client SHOULD NOT request the same attribute in multiple ways.

2158 It is NOT REQUIRED that a Job object support all attributes belonging to a group (since some attributes  
2159 are OPTIONAL). However it is REQUIRED that each Job object support all group names.

#### 2160 3.3.4.1 Get-Job-Attributes Request

2161 The following groups of attributes are part of the Get-Job-Attributes Request when the request is directed at  
2162 a Job object:

##### 2163 Group 1: Operation Attributes

2164 Natural Language and Character Set:

2165 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.1.

2166

2167 Target:  
2168 Either (1) the "printer-uri" (uri) plus "job-id" (integer(1:MAX)) or (2) the "job-uri" (uri) operation  
2169 attribute(s) which define the target for this operation as described in section 3.1.5.  
2170

2171 Requesting User Name:  
2172 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as  
2173 described in section 8.3.  
2174

2175 "requested-attributes" (1setOf keyword) :  
2176 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The IPP object MUST support this attribute. It is  
2177 a set of attribute names and/or attribute group names in whose values the requester is interested. If  
2178 the client omits this attribute, the IPP object MUST respond as if this attribute had been supplied  
2179 with a value of 'all'.  
2180

### 2181 3.3.4.2 Get-Job-Attributes Response

2182 The Printer object returns the following sets of attributes as part of the Get-Job-Attributes Response:

#### 2183 Group 1: Operation Attributes

2184 Status Message:  
2185 In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY  
2186 includes a "status-message" (text(255)) operation attribute as described in sections 13 and 3.1.6.  
2187

#### 2188 Natural Language and Character Set:

2189 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in section 3.1.4.2.  
2190 The "attributes-natural-language" MAY be the natural language of the Job object, rather than the  
2191 one requested.  
2192

#### 2193 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

2194 See section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.  
2195

2196 The response NEED NOT contain the "requested-attributes" operation attribute with any supplied  
2197 values (attribute keywords) that were requested by the client but are not supported by the IPP object.  
2198 If the Printer object does include unsupported attributes referenced in "requested-attributes" and  
2199 such attributes include group names, such as 'all', the unsupported attributes MUST NOT include  
2200 attributes described in the standard but not supported by the implementation. **Issue 23**  
2201

#### 2202 Group 3: Job Object Attributes

2203 This is the set of requested attributes and their current values. The IPP object ignores (does not  
2204 respond with) any requested attribute or value which is not supported or which is restricted by the  
2205 security policy in force, including whether the requesting user is the user that submitted the job (job  
2206 originating user) or not (see section 8). However, the IPP object MUST respond with the 'unknown'

2207 value for any supported attribute (including all REQUIRED attributes) for which the IPP object does  
 2208 not know the value, unless it would violate the security policy. See the description of the "out-of-  
 2209 band" values in the beginning of Section 4.1.

### 2210 3.3.5 Hold-Job Operation

2211 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to hold a pending job in the queue so that it is not eligible for  
 2212 scheduling. If the Hold-Job operation is supported, then the Release-Job operation MUST be supported,  
 2213 and vice-versa. The OPTIONAL "job-hold-until" operation attribute allows a client to specify whether to  
 2214 hold the job indefinitely or until a specified time period, if supported.

2215 The IPP object MUST accept or reject the request based on the job's current state and transition the job to  
 2216 the indicated new state as follows:

Current "job-state"	New "job-state"	IPP object's response status code and action:
<del>'pending'</del>	<del>'pending-held'</del>	<del>'successful-ok'</del> See Note 1
'pending'	'pending-held'	'successful-ok' See Rule 1
<del>'pending'</del>	<del>'pending'</del>	<del>'successful-ok'</del> See Note 2
'pending'	'pending'	'successful-ok' See Rule 2
<del>'pending-held'</del>	<del>'pending-held'</del>	<del>'successful-ok'</del> See Note 1
'pending-held'	'pending-held'	'successful-ok' See Rule 1
<del>'pending-held'</del>	<del>'pending'</del>	<del>'successful-ok'</del> See Note 2
'pending-held'	'pending'	'successful-ok' See Rule 2
'processing'	'processing'	'client-error-not-possible'
'processing-stopped'	'processing-stopped'	'client-error-not-possible'
'completed'	'completed'	'client-error-not-possible'
'canceled'	'canceled'	'client-error-not-possible'
'aborted'	'aborted'	'client-error-not-possible'

2217 **NoteRule 1:** If the implementation supports multiple reasons for a job to be in the 'pending-held' state, the  
 2218 IPP object MUST add the 'job-hold-until-specified' value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute.

2219 **NoteRule 2:** If the IPP object supports the "job-hold-until" operation attribute, but the specified time period  
 2220 has already started (or is the 'no-hold' value) and there are no other reasons to hold the job, the IPP object  
 2221 MUST make the job be a candidate for processing immediately (see Section 4.2.2) by putting the job in the  
 2222 'pending' state.

2223 Note: In order to keep the Hold-Job operation simple, such a request is rejected when the job is in the  
 2224 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' states. If an operation is needed to hold jobs while in these states, it will  
 2225 be added as an additional operation, rather than overloading the Hold-Job operation. Then it is clear to  
 2226 clients by querying the Printer object's "operations-supported" (see Section 4.4.15) and the Job object's  
 2227 "job-state" (see Section 4.3.7) attributes which operations are possible.

2228 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must either be the job  
 2229 owner or an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP

2230 object MUST reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or  
2231 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate.

#### 2232 3.3.5.1 Hold-Job Request

2233 The groups and operation attributes are the same as for a Cancel-Job request (see section 3.3.3.1), with the  
2234 addition of the following Group 1 Operation attribute:

2235 "job-hold-until" (type3 keyword | name(MAX)):

2236 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this Operation attribute. The IPP object MUST support this  
2237 operation attribute in a Hold-Job request, if it supports the "job-hold-until" Job template attribute in  
2238 create operations. See section 4.2.2. The IPP object SHOULD support the "job-hold-until" Job  
2239 Template attribute for use in job create operations with at least the 'indefinite' value, if it supports  
2240 the Hold-Job operation. Otherwise, a client cannot create a job and hold it immediately (without  
2241 picking some supported time period in the future).

2242 If supplied and supported as specified in the Printer's "job-hold-until-supported" attribute, the IPP  
2243 object copies the supplied operation attribute to the Job object, replacing the job's previous "job-  
2244 hold-until" attribute, if present, and makes the job a candidate for scheduling during the supplied  
2245 named time period.

2246 If supplied, but either the "job-hold-until" Operation attribute itself or the value supplied is not  
2247 supported, the IPP object accepts the request, returns the unsupported attribute or value in the  
2248 Unsupported Attributes Group according to section 3.1.7, returns the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-  
2249 substituted-attributes, and holds the job indefinitely until a client performs a subsequent Release-Job  
2250 operation.

2251 If the client (1) supplies a value that specifies a time period that has already started or the 'no-hold'  
2252 value (meaning don't hold the job) and (2) the IPP object supports the "job-hold-until" operation  
2253 attribute and there are no other reasons to hold the job, the IPP object MUST accept the operation  
2254 and make the job be a candidate for processing immediately (see Section 4.2.2).

2255 If the client does not supply a "job-hold-until" Operation attribute in the request, the IPP object  
2256 MUST populate the job object with a "job-hold-until" attribute with the 'indefinite' value (if IPP  
2257 object supports the "job-hold-until" attribute) and hold the job indefinitely, until a client performs a  
2258 Release-Job operation.

#### 2259 3.3.5.2 Hold-Job Response

2260 The groups and attributes are the same as for a Cancel-Job response (see section 3.3.3.2).

#### 2261 3.3.6 Release-Job Operation

2262 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to release a previously held job so that it is again eligible for  
2263 scheduling. If the Hold-Job operation is supported, then the Release-Job operation MUST be supported,  
2264 and vice-versa.

2265 This operation removes the "job-hold-until" job attribute, if present, from the job object that had been  
 2266 supplied in the create or most recent Hold-Job or Restart-Job operation and remove its effect on the job.  
 2267 **Issue 30** The IPP object MUST remove the 'job-hold-until-specified' value from the job's "job-state-  
 2268 reasons" attribute, if present. See section 4.3.8.

2269 The IPP object MUST accept or reject the request based on the job's current state and transition the job to  
 2270 the indicated new state as follows:

Current "job-state"	New "job-state"	IPP object's response status code and action:
'pending'	'pending'	'successful-ok' No effect on the job.
<del>'pending-held'</del>	<del>'pending-held'</del>	<del>'successful-ok' See Note 1</del>
<u>'pending-held'</u>	<u>'pending-held'</u>	<u>'successful-ok' See Rule 1</u>
'pending-held'	'pending'	'successful-ok'
'processing'	'processing'	'successful-ok' No effect on the job.
'processing-stopped'	'processing-stopped'	'successful-ok' No effect on the job.
'completed'	'completed'	'client-error-not-possible'
'canceled'	'canceled'	'client-error-not-possible'
'aborted'	'aborted'	'client-error-not-possible'

2271 **NoteRule 1:** If there are other reasons to keep the job in the 'pending-held' state, such as 'resources-are-not-  
 2272 ready', the job remains in the 'pending-held' state. Thus the 'pending-held' state is not just for jobs that have  
 2273 the 'job-hold-until' applied to them, but are for any reason to keep the job from being a candidate for  
 2274 scheduling and processing, such as 'resources-are-not-ready'. See the "job-hold-until" attribute (section  
 2275 4.2.2).

2276 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must either be the job  
 2277 owner or an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP  
 2278 object MUST reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or  
 2279 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate.

2280 The Release-Job Request and Release-Job Response have the same attribute groups and attributes as the  
 2281 Cancel-Job operation (see section 3.3.3.1 and 3.3.3.2).

### 2282 3.3.7 Restart-Job Operation

2283 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to restart a job that is retained in the queue after processing has  
 2284 completed (see section 4.3.7.2).

2285 The job is moved to the 'pending' job state and restarts at the beginning on the same IPP Printer object with  
 2286 the same attribute values. The Job Description attributes that accumulate job progress, such as "job-  
 2287 impressions-completed", "job-media-sheets-completed", and "job-k-octets-processed", MUST be reset to 0  
 2288 so that they give an accurate record of the job from its restart point. The job object MUST continue to use  
 2289 the same "job-uri" and "job-id" attribute values.



2290 Note: If in the future an operation is needed that does not reset the job progress attributes, then a new  
 2291 operation will be defined which makes a copy of the job, assigns a new "job-uri" and "job-id" to the copy  
 2292 and resets the job progress attributes in the new copy only.

2293 The IPP object MUST accept or reject the request based on the job's current state, transition the job to the  
 2294 indicated new state as follows:

Current "job-state"	New "job-state"	IPP object's response status code and action:
'pending'	'pending'	'client-error-not-possible'.
'pending-held'	'pending-held'	'client-error-not-possible'.
'processing'	'processing'	'client-error-not-possible'.
'processing-stopped'	'processing-stopped'	'client-error-not-possible'.
'completed'	'pending'	'successful-ok' - job is started over.
<del>'completed'</del>	<del>'completed'</del>	<del>'client-error-not-possible' - see Note 1</del>
<u>'completed'</u>	<u>'completed'</u>	<u>'client-error-not-possible' - see Rule 1</u>
'canceled'	'pending'	'successful-ok' - job is started over.
<del>'canceled'</del>	<del>'canceled'</del>	<del>'client-error-not-possible' - see Note 1</del>
<u>'canceled'</u>	<u>'canceled'</u>	<u>'client-error-not-possible' - see Rule 1</u>
'aborted'	'pending'	'successful-ok' - job is started over.
<del>'aborted'</del>	<del>'aborted'</del>	<del>'client-error-not-possible' - see Note 1</del>
<u>'aborted'</u>	<u>'aborted'</u>	<u>'client-error-not-possible' - see Rule 1</u>

2295

2296 **NoteRule 1:** If the Job Retention Period has expired for the job in this state, then the IPP object rejects the  
 2297 operation. See section 4.3.7.2.

2298 Note: In order to prevent a user from inadvertently restarting a job in the middle, the Restart-Job request is  
 2299 rejected when the job is in the 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' states. If in the future an operation is  
 2300 needed to hold or restart jobs while in these states, it will be added as an additional operation, rather than  
 2301 overloading the Restart-Job operation, so that it is clear that the user intended that the current job not be  
 2302 completed.

2303 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see section 8.3) performing this operation must either be the job  
 2304 owner or an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP  
 2305 object MUST reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or  
 2306 'client-error-not-authorized' as appropriate.

### 2307 3.3.7.1 Restart-Job Request

2308 The groups and attributes are the same as for a Cancel-Job request (see section 3.3.3.1), with the addition of  
 2309 the following Group 1 Operation attribute:

2310 "job-hold-until" (type3 keyword | name(MAX)):

2311 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The IPP object MUST support this Operation  
 2312 attribute in a Restart-Job request, if it supports the "job-hold-until" Job Template attribute in create

2313 operations. See section 4.2.2. Otherwise, the IPP object NEED NOT support the "job-hold-until"  
2314 Operation attribute in a Restart-Job request.

2315 If supplied and supported as specified in the Printer's "job-hold-until-supported" attribute, the IPP  
2316 object copies the supplied Operation attribute to the Job object, replacing the job's previous "job-  
2317 hold-until" attribute, if present, and makes the job a candidate for scheduling during the supplied  
2318 named time period. See section 4.2.2.

2319 If supplied, but the value is not supported, the IPP object accepts the request, returns the  
2320 unsupported attribute or value in the Unsupported Attributes Group according to section 3.1.7,  
2321 returns the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code, and holds the job  
2322 indefinitely until a client performs a subsequent Release-Job operation.

2323 If supplied, but the "job-hold-until" Operation attribute itself is not supported, the IPP object accepts  
2324 the request, returns the unsupported attribute with the out-of-band 'unsupported' value in the  
2325 Unsupported Attributes Group according to section 3.1.7, returns the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-  
2326 substituted-attributes' status code, and restarts the job, i.e., ignores the "job-hold-until" attribute.

2327 If the client (1) supplies a value that specifies a time period that has already started or the 'no-hold'  
2328 value (meaning don't hold the job) and (2) the IPP object supports the "job-hold-until" operation  
2329 attribute and there are no other reasons to hold the job, the IPP object makes the job a candidate for  
2330 processing immediately (see Section 4.2.2).

2331 If the client does not supply a "job-hold-until" operation attribute in the request, the IPP object  
2332 removes the "job-hold-until" attribute, if present, from the job. If there are no other reasons to hold  
2333 the job, the Restart-Job operation makes the job a candidate for processing immediately (see Section  
2334 4.2.2).

#### 2335 3.3.7.2 Restart-Job Response

2336 The groups and attributes are the same as for a Cancel-Job response (see section 3.3.3.2).

2337 Note: In the future an OPTIONAL Modify-Job or Set-Job-Attributes operation may be specified that  
2338 allows the client to modify other attributes before releasing the restarted job.

## 2339 4. Object Attributes

2340 This section describes the attributes with their corresponding attribute syntaxes and values that are part of  
2341 the IPP model. The sections below show the objects and their associated attributes which are included  
2342 within the scope of this protocol. Many of these attributes are derived from other relevant  
2343 specifications:documents:

2344 - Document Printing Application (DPA) [ISO10175]

2345 - RFC 1759 Printer MIB [RFC1759]

2346

2347 Each attribute is uniquely identified in this document using a "keyword" (see section 12.2.1) which is the  
2348 name of the attribute. The keyword is included in the section header describing that attribute.

2349 Note: Not only are keywords used to identify attributes, but one of the attribute syntaxes described below is  
2350 "keyword" so that some attributes have keyword values. Therefore, these attributes are defined as having  
2351 an attribute syntax that is a set of keywords.

## 2352 4.1 Attribute Syntaxes

2353 This section defines the basic attribute syntax types that all clients and IPP objects MUST be able to accept  
2354 in responses and accept in requests, respectively. Each attribute description in sections 3 and 4 includes the  
2355 name of attribute syntax(es) in the heading (in parentheses). A conforming implementation of an attribute  
2356 MUST include the semantics of the attribute syntax(es) so identified. Section 6.3 describes how the  
2357 protocol can be extended with new attribute syntaxes.

2358 The attribute syntaxes are specified in the following sub-sections, where the sub-section heading is the  
2359 keyword name of the attribute syntax inside the single quotes. In operation requests and responses each  
2360 attribute value MUST be represented as one of the attribute syntaxes specified in the sub-section heading  
2361 for the attribute. In addition, the value of an attribute in a response (but not in a request) MAY be one of  
2362 the "out-of-band" values whose special encoding rules are defined in the "Encoding and Transport"  
2363 [specification document](#) [IPP-PRO]. Standard "out-of-band" values are: **Issue 12 and Issue 15**

2364 'unknown': The attribute is supported by the IPP object, but the value is unknown to the IPP object for  
2365 some reason.

2366 'unsupported': The attribute is unsupported by the IPP object. This value MUST be returned only as the  
2367 value of an attribute in the Unsupported Attributes Group.

2368 'no-value': The attribute is supported by the Printer object, but the administrator has not yet configured a  
2369 value.

2370

2371 All attributes in a request MUST have one or more values as defined in Sections 4.2 to 4.4. Thus clients  
2372 MUST NOT supply attributes with "out-of-band" values. All attributes in a response MUST have one or  
2373 more values as defined in Sections 4.2 to 4.4 or a single "out-of-band" value.

2374 Most attributes are defined to have a single attribute syntax. However, a few attributes (e.g., "job-sheet",  
2375 "media", "job-hold-until") are defined to have several attribute syntaxes, depending on the value. These  
2376 multiple attribute syntaxes are separated by the "|" character in the sub-section heading to indicate the  
2377 choice. Since each value MUST be tagged as to its attribute syntax in the protocol, a single-valued attribute  
2378 instance may have any one of its attribute syntaxes and a multi-valued attribute instance may have a mixture  
2379 of its defined attribute syntaxes.

### 2380 4.1.1 'text'

2381 A text attribute is an attribute whose value is a sequence of zero or more characters encoded in a maximum  
2382 of 1023 (MAX) octets. MAX is the maximum length for each value of any text attribute. However, if an

2383 attribute will always contain values whose maximum length is much less than MAX, the definition of that  
2384 attribute will include a qualifier that defines the maximum length for values of that attribute. For example:  
2385 the "printer-location" attribute is specified as "printer-location (text(127))". In this case, text values for  
2386 "printer-location" MUST NOT exceed 127 octets; if supplied with a longer text string via some external  
2387 interface (other than the protocol), implementations are free to truncate to this shorter length limitation.

2388 In this ~~specification~~, ~~document~~, all text attributes are defined using the 'text' syntax. However, 'text' is used  
2389 only for brevity; the formal interpretation of 'text' is: 'textWithoutLanguage | textWithLanguage'. That is,  
2390 for any attribute defined in this ~~specification~~~~document~~ using the 'text' attribute syntax, all IPP objects and  
2391 clients MUST support both the 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntaxes.  
2392 However, in actual usage and protocol execution, objects and clients accept and return only one of the two  
2393 syntax per attribute. The syntax 'text' never appears "on-the-wire".

2394 Both 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' are needed to support the real world needs of  
2395 interoperability between sites and systems that use different natural languages as the basis for human  
2396 communication. Generally, one natural language applies to all text attributes in a given request or response.  
2397 The language is indicated by the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute defined in section 3.1.4 or  
2398 "attributes-natural-language" job attribute defined in section 4.3.20, and there is no need to identify the  
2399 natural language for each text string on a value-by-value basis. In these cases, the attribute syntax  
2400 'textWithoutLanguage' is used for text attributes. In other cases, the client needs to supply or the Printer  
2401 object needs to return a text value in a natural language that is different from the rest of the text values in  
2402 the request or response. In these cases, the client or Printer object uses the attribute syntax  
2403 'textWithLanguage' for text attributes (this is the Natural Language Override mechanism described in  
2404 section 3.1.4).

2405 The 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntaxes are described in more detail in the  
2406 following sections.

#### 2407 4.1.1.1 'textWithoutLanguage'

2408 The 'textWithoutLanguage' syntax indicates a value that is sequence of zero or more characters. Text  
2409 strings are encoded using the rules of some charset. The Printer object MUST support the UTF-8 charset  
2410 [RFC2279] and MAY support additional charsets to represent 'text' values, provided that the charsets are  
2411 registered with IANA [IANA-CS]. See Section 4.1.7 for the ~~specification~~~~definition~~ of the 'charset' attribute  
2412 syntax, including restricted semantics and examples of charsets.

#### 2413 4.1.1.2 'textWithLanguage'

2414 The 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax is a compound attribute syntax consisting of two parts: a  
2415 'textWithoutLanguage' part plus an additional 'naturalLanguage' (see section 4.1.8) part that overrides the  
2416 natural language in force. The 'naturalLanguage' part explicitly identifies the natural language that applies  
2417 to the text part of that value and that value alone. For any give text attribute, the 'textWithoutLanguage' part  
2418 is limited to the maximum length defined for that attribute, but the 'naturalLanguage' part is always limited  
2419 to 63 octets. Using the 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax rather than the normal 'textWithoutLanguage'

2420 syntax is the so-called Natural Language Override mechanism and MUST be supported by all IPP objects  
2421 and clients.

2422 If the attribute is multi-valued (1setOf text), then the 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax MUST be used to  
2423 explicitly specify each attribute value whose natural language needs to be overridden. Other values in a  
2424 multi-valued 'text' attribute in a request or a response revert to the natural language of the operation  
2425 attribute.

2426 In a create request, the Printer object MUST accept and store with the Job object any natural language in the  
2427 "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute, whether the Printer object supports that natural language  
2428 or not. Furthermore, the Printer object MUST accept and store any 'textWithLanguage' attribute value,  
2429 whether the Printer object supports that natural language or not. These requirements are independent of the  
2430 value of the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute that the client MAY supply.

2431 Example: If the client supplies the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute with the value: 'en'  
2432 indicating English, but the value of the "job-name" attribute is in French, the client MUST use the  
2433 'textWithLanguage' attribute syntax with the following two values:

2434       'fr': Natural Language Override indicating French  
2435       'Rapport Mensuel': the job name in French  
2436

2437 See the "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO] for a detailed example of the 'textWithLanguage'  
2438 attribute syntax.

#### 2439 4.1.2 'name'

2440 This syntax type is used for user-friendly strings, such as a Printer name, that, for humans, are more  
2441 meaningful than identifiers. Names are never translated from one natural language to another. The 'name'  
2442 attribute syntax is essentially the same as 'text', including the REQUIRED support of UTF-8 except that the  
2443 sequence of characters is limited so that its encoded form MUST NOT exceed 255 (MAX) octets.

2444 Also like 'text', 'name' is really an abbreviated notation for either 'nameWithoutLanguage' or  
2445 'nameWithLanguage'. That is, all IPP objects and clients MUST support both the 'nameWithoutLanguage'  
2446 and 'nameWithLanguage' attribute syntaxes. However, in actual usage and protocol execution, objects and  
2447 clients accept and return only one of the two syntax per attribute. The syntax 'name' never appears "on-the-  
2448 wire".

2449 ~~Note:~~ Only the 'text' and 'name' attribute syntaxes permit the Natural Language Override mechanism.

2450 Some attributes are defined as 'type3 keyword | name'. These attributes support values that are either type3  
2451 keywords or names. This dual-syntax mechanism enables a site administrator to extend these attributes to  
2452 legally include values that are locally defined by the site administrator. Such names are not registered with  
2453 IANA.

## 2454 4.1.2.1 'nameWithoutLanguage'

2455 The 'nameWithoutLanguage' syntax indicates a value that is sequence of zero or more characters so that its  
2456 encoded form does not exceed MAX octets.

## 2457 4.1.2.2 'nameWithLanguage'

2458 The 'nameWithLanguage' attribute syntax is a compound attribute syntax consisting of two parts: a  
2459 'nameWithoutLanguage' part plus an additional 'naturalLanguage' (see section 4.1.8) part that overrides the  
2460 natural language in force. The 'naturalLanguage' part explicitly identifies the natural language that applies  
2461 to that name value and that name value alone.

2462 The 'nameWithLanguage' attribute syntax behaves the same as the 'textWithLanguage' syntax. If a name is  
2463 in a language that is different than the rest of the object or operation, then this 'nameWithLanguage' syntax  
2464 is used rather than the generic 'nameWithoutLanguage' syntax.

2465 Example: If the client supplies the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute with the value: 'en'  
2466 indicating English, but the "printer-name" attribute is in German, the client MUST use the  
2467 'nameWithLanguage' attribute syntax as follows:

2468       'de': Natural Language Override indicating German  
2469       'Farbdrucker': the Printer name in German  
2470

## 2471 4.1.2.3 Matching 'name' attribute values

2472 For purposes of matching two 'name' attribute values for equality, such as in job validation (where a client-  
2473 supplied value for attribute "xxx" is checked to see if the value is among the values of the Printer object's  
2474 corresponding "xxx-supported" attribute), the following match rules apply:

2475       1. 'keyword' values never match 'name' values.

2476       2. 'name' (nameWithoutLanguage and nameWithLanguage) values match if (1) the name parts  
2477 match and (2) the Associated Natural-Language parts (see section 3.1.4.1) match. The matching  
2478 rules are:

2479           a. the name parts match if the two names are identical character by character, except it is  
2480 RECOMMENDED that case be ignored. For example: 'Ajax-letter-head-white' MUST  
2481 match 'Ajax-letter-head-white' and SHOULD match 'ajax-letter-head-white' and 'AJAX-  
2482 LETTER-HEAD-WHITE'.

2483           b. the Associated Natural-Language parts match if the shorter of the two meets the syntactic  
2484 requirements of RFC 1766 [RFC1766] and matches byte for byte with the longer. For  
2485 example, 'en' matches 'en', 'en-us' and 'en-gb', but matches neither 'fr' nor 'e'.



## 2486 4.1.3 'keyword'

2487 The 'keyword' attribute syntax is a sequence of characters, length: 1 to 255, containing only the US-ASCII  
2488 [ASCII] encoded values for lowercase letters ("a" - "z"), digits ("0" - "9"), hyphen ("-"), dot ("."), and  
2489 underscore ("\_"). The first character MUST be a lowercase letter. Furthermore, keywords MUST be in  
2490 U.S. English.

2491 This syntax type is used for enumerating semantic identifiers of entities in the abstract protocol, i.e., entities  
2492 identified in this document. Keywords are used as attribute names or values of attributes. Unlike 'text' and  
2493 'name' attribute values, 'keyword' values MUST NOT use the Natural Language Override mechanism, since  
2494 they MUST always be US-ASCII and U.S. English.

2495 Keywords are for use in the protocol. A user interface will likely provide a mapping between protocol  
2496 keywords and displayable user-friendly words and phrases which are localized to the natural language of  
2497 the user. While the keywords specified in this document MAY be displayed to users whose natural  
2498 language is U.S. English, they MAY be mapped to other U.S. English words for U.S. English users, since  
2499 the user interface is outside the scope of this document.

2500 In the definition for each attribute of this syntax type, the full set of defined keyword values for that  
2501 attribute are listed.

2502 When a keyword is used to represent an attribute (its name), it MUST be unique within the full scope of all  
2503 IPP objects and attributes. When a keyword is used to represent a value of an attribute, it MUST be unique  
2504 just within the scope of that attribute. That is, the same keyword MUST NOT be used for two different  
2505 values within the same attribute to mean two different semantic ideas. However, the same keyword MAY  
2506 be used across two or more attributes, representing different semantic ideas for each attribute. Section 6.1  
2507 describes how the protocol can be extended with new keyword values. Examples of attribute name  
2508 keywords:

2509 "job-name"  
2510 "attributes-charset"  
2511

2512 Note: This document uses "type1", "type2", and "type3" prefixes to the "keyword" basic syntax to indicate  
2513 different levels of review for extensions (see section 6.1).

## 2514 4.1.4 'enum'

2515 The 'enum' attribute syntax is an enumerated integer value that is in the range from 1 to  $2^{*}31 - 1$  (MAX).  
2516 Each value has an associated 'keyword' name. In the definition for each attribute of this syntax type, the full  
2517 set of possible values for that attribute are listed. This syntax type is used for attributes for which there are  
2518 enum values assigned by other standards, such as SNMP MIBs. A number of attribute enum values in this  
2519 [specification document](#) are also used for corresponding attributes in other standards [RFC1759]. This  
2520 syntax type is not used for attributes to which the administrator may assign values. Section 6.1 describes  
2521 how the protocol can be extended with new enum values.

2522 Enum values are for use in the protocol. A user interface will provide a mapping between protocol enum  
2523 values and displayable user-friendly words and phrases which are localized to the natural language of the  
2524 user. While the enum symbols specified in this document MAY be displayed to users whose natural  
2525 language is U.S. English, they MAY be mapped to other U.S. English words for U.S. English users, since  
2526 the user interface is outside the scope of this document.

2527 Note: SNMP MIBs use '2' for 'unknown' which corresponds to the IPP "out-of-band" value 'unknown'. See  
2528 the description of the "out-of-band" values at the beginning of Section 4.1. Therefore, attributes of type  
2529 'enum' start at '3'.

2530 Note: This document uses "type1", "type2", and "type3" prefixes to the "enum" basic syntax to indicate  
2531 different levels of review for extensions (see section 6.1).

#### 2532 4.1.5 'uri'

2533 The 'uri' attribute syntax is any valid Uniform Resource Identifier or URI [RFC2396]. Most often, URIs are  
2534 simply Uniform Resource Locators or URLs. The maximum length of URIs used as values of IPP  
2535 attributes is 1023 octets. Although most other IPP attribute syntax types allow for only lower-cased values,  
2536 this attribute syntax type conforms to the case-sensitive and case-insensitive rules specified in [RFC2396].  
2537 See also [IPP-IIG] for a discussion of case in URIs.

#### 2538 4.1.6 'uriScheme'

2539 The 'uriScheme' attribute syntax is a sequence of characters representing a URI scheme according to RFC  
2540 2396 [RFC2396]. Though RFC 2396 requires that the values be case-insensitive, IPP requires all lower  
2541 case values in IPP attributes to simplify comparing by IPP clients and Printer objects.

2542 Standard values for this syntax type are the following keywords:

2543 'ipp': for IPP schemed URIs (e.g., "ipp:...")  
2544 'http': for HTTP schemed URIs (e.g., "http:...")  
2545 'https': for use with HTTPS schemed URIs (e.g., "https:...") (not on IETF standards track)  
2546 'ftp': for FTP schemed URIs (e.g., "ftp:...")  
2547 'mailto': for SMTP schemed URIs (e.g., "mailto:...")  
2548 'file': for file schemed URIs (e.g., "file:...")  
2549

2550 A Printer object MAY support any URI 'scheme' that has been registered with IANA [IANA-MT]. The  
2551 maximum length of URI 'scheme' values used to represent IPP attribute values is 63 octets.

#### 2552 4.1.7 'charset'

2553 The 'charset' attribute syntax is a standard identifier for a charset. A charset is a coded character set and  
2554 encoding scheme. Charsets are used for labeling certain document contents and 'text' and 'name' attribute  
2555 values. The syntax and semantics of this attribute syntax are specified in RFC 2046 [RFC2046] and  
2556 contained in the IANA character-set Registry [IANA-CS] according to the IANA procedures [RFC2278].  
2557 Though RFC 2046 requires that the values be case-insensitive US-ASCII, IPP requires all lower case values

2558 in IPP attributes to simplify comparing by IPP clients and Printer objects. When a character-set in the  
2559 IANA registry has more than one name (alias), the name labeled as "(preferred MIME name)", if present,  
2560 MUST be used.

2561 The maximum length of 'charset' values used to represent IPP attribute values is 63 octets.

2562 Some examples are:

- 2563 'utf-8': ISO 10646 Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Character Set (UCS) represented as the UTF-8  
2564 [RFC2279] transfer encoding scheme in which US-ASCII is a subset charset.
- 2565 'us-ascii': 7-bit American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII), ANSI X3.4-1986  
2566 [ASCII]. That standard defines US-ASCII, but RFC 2045 [RFC2045] eliminates most of the control  
2567 characters from conformant usage in MIME and IPP.
- 2568 'iso-8859-1': 8-bit One-Byte Coded Character Set, Latin Alphabet Nr 1 [ISO8859-1]. That standard  
2569 defines a coded character set that is used by Latin languages in the Western Hemisphere and  
2570 Western Europe. US-ASCII is a subset charset.
- 2571 'iso-10646-ucs-2': ISO 10646 Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Character Set (UCS) represented as two  
2572 octets (UCS-2), with the high order octet of each pair coming first (so-called Big Endian integer).

2573

2574 Some attribute descriptions MAY place additional requirements on charset values that may be used, such as  
2575 REQUIRED values that MUST be supported or additional restrictions, such as requiring that the charset  
2576 have US-ASCII as a subset charset.

#### 2577 4.1.8 'naturalLanguage'

2578 The 'naturalLanguage' attribute syntax is a standard identifier for a natural language and optionally a  
2579 country. The values for this syntax type are defined by RFC 1766 [RFC1766]. Though RFC 1766 requires  
2580 that the values be case-insensitive US-ASCII, IPP requires all lower case to simplify comparing by IPP  
2581 clients and Printer objects. Examples include:

- 2582 'en': for English
- 2583 'en-us': for US English
- 2584 'fr': for French
- 2585 'de': for German

2586

2587 The maximum length of 'naturalLanguage' values used to represent IPP attribute values is 63 octets.

#### 2588 4.1.9 'mimeMediaType'

2589 The 'mimeMediaType' attribute syntax is the Internet Media Type (sometimes called MIME type) as  
2590 defined by RFC 2046 [RFC2046] and registered according to the procedures of RFC 2048 [RFC2048] for  
2591 identifying a document format. The value MAY include a charset parameter, depending on the  
2592 specification of the Media Type in the IANA Registry [IANA-MT]. Although most other IPP syntax types  
2593 allow for only lower-cased values, this syntax type allows for mixed-case values which are case-insensitive.

2594 Examples are:

2595       `text/html`: An HTML document  
2596       `text/plain`: A plain text document in US-ASCII (RFC 2046 indicates that in the absence of the charset  
2597           parameter MUST mean US-ASCII rather than simply unspecified) [RFC2046].  
2598       `text/plain; charset=US-ASCII`: A plain text document in US-ASCII [52, 56].  
2599       `text/plain; charset=ISO-8859-1`: A plain text document in ISO 8859-1 (Latin 1) [ISO8859-1].  
2600       `text/plain; charset=utf-8`: A plain text document in ISO 10646 represented as UTF-8 [RFC2279]  
2601       `application/postscript`: A PostScript document [RFC2046]  
2602       `application/vnd.hp-PCL`: A PCL document [IANA-MT] (charset escape sequence embedded in the  
2603           document data)  
2604       `application/pdf`: Portable Document Format - see IANA MIME Media Type registry  
2605       `application/octet-stream`: Auto-sense - see [below section 4.1.9.1](#)  
2606  
2607

#### 2608 4.1.9.1 Application/octet-stream -- Auto-Sensing the document format

2609       One special type is `application/octet-stream`. If the Printer object supports this value, the Printer object  
2610       MUST be capable of auto-sensing the format of the document data, either as part of the create operation  
2611       and/or at document processing time. During auto-sensing, a Printer may determine that the document-data  
2612       has a format that the Printer doesn't recognize. If the Printer determines this problem before returning an  
2613       operation response, it rejects the request and returns the `client-error-document-format-not-supported` status  
2614       code. If the Printer determines this problem after accepting the request and returning an operation response  
2615       with one of the successful status codes, the Printer adds the `unsupported-document-format` value to the  
2616       job's "job-state-reasons" attribute. **Issue 9 and Issue 10**

2617       If the Printer object's default value attribute "document-format-default" is set to `application/octet-stream`,  
2618       the Printer object not only supports auto-sensing of the document format, but will depend on the result of  
2619       applying its auto-sensing when the client does not supply the "document-format" attribute. If the client  
2620       supplies a document format value, the Printer MUST rely on the supplied attribute, rather than trust its  
2621       auto-sensing algorithm. To summarize:

- 2622       1. If the client does not supply a document format value, the Printer MUST rely on its default value  
2623          setting (which may be `application/octet-stream` indicating an auto-sensing mechanism).
  - 2624       2. If the client supplies a value other than `application/octet-stream`, the client is supplying valid  
2625          information about the format of the document data and the Printer object MUST trust the client  
2626          supplied value more than the outcome of applying an automatic format detection mechanism. For  
2627          example, the client may be requesting the printing of a PostScript file as a `text/plain` document.  
2628          The Printer object MUST print a text representation of the PostScript commands rather than  
2629          interpret the stream of PostScript commands and print the result.
  - 2630       3. If the client supplies a value of `application/octet-stream`, the client is indicating that the Printer  
2631          object MUST use its auto-sensing mechanism on the client supplied document data whether auto-  
2632          sensing is the Printer object's default or not.
- 2633

2634       Note: Since the auto-sensing algorithm is probabilistic, if the client requests both auto-sensing ("document-  
2635       format" set to `application/octet-stream`) and true fidelity ("ipp-attribute-fidelity" set to `true`), the Printer  
2636       object might not be able to guarantee exactly what the end user intended (the auto-sensing algorithm might

2637 mistake one document format for another-), but it is able to guarantee that its auto-sensing mechanism be  
2638 used.

2639 The maximum length of a 'mimeType' value to represent IPP attribute values is 255 octets.

#### 2640 4.1.10 'octetString'

2641 The 'octetString' attribute syntax is a sequence of octets encoded in a maximum of 1023 octets which is  
2642 indicated in sub-section headers using the notation: octetString(MAX). This syntax type is used for opaque  
2643 data.

#### 2644 4.1.11 'boolean'

2645 The 'boolean' attribute syntax has only two values: 'true' and 'false'.

#### 2646 4.1.12 'integer'

2647 The 'integer' attribute syntax is an integer value that is in the range from  $-2^{31}$  (MIN) to  $2^{31} - 1$  (MAX).  
2648 Each individual attribute may specify the range constraint explicitly in sub-section headers if the range is  
2649 different from the full range of possible integer values. For example: job-priority (integer(1:100)) for the  
2650 "job-priority" attribute. However, the enforcement of that additional constraint is up to the IPP objects, not  
2651 the protocol.

#### 2652 4.1.13 'rangeOfInteger'

2653 The 'rangeOfInteger' attribute syntax is an ordered pair of integers that defines an inclusive range of integer  
2654 values. The first integer specifies the lower bound and the second specifies the upper bound. If a range  
2655 constraint is specified in the header description for an attribute in this document whose attribute syntax is  
2656 'rangeOfInteger' (i.e., 'X:Y' indicating X as a minimum value and Y as a maximum value), then the  
2657 constraint applies to both integers.

#### 2658 4.1.14 'dateTime'

2659 The 'dateTime' attribute syntax is a standard, fixed length, 11 octet representation of the "DateAndTime"  
2660 syntax as defined in RFC ~~1903 [RFC1903]~~, ~~RFC 1903~~ 2579 [RFC2579]. RFC 2579 also identifies an 8  
2661 octet representation of a "DateAndTime" value, but IPP objects MUST use the 11 octet representation. A  
2662 user interface will provide a mapping between protocol dateTime values and displayable user-friendly  
2663 words or presentation values and phrases which are localized to the natural language and date format of the  
2664 user, including time zone.

#### 2665 4.1.15 'resolution'

2666 The 'resolution' attribute syntax specifies a two-dimensional resolution in the indicated units. It consists of  
2667 3 values: a cross feed direction resolution (positive integer value), a feed direction resolution (positive  
2668 integer value), and a units value. The semantics of these three components are taken from the Printer MIB

2669 [RFC1759] suggested values. That is, the cross feed direction component resolution component is the same  
2670 as the prtMarkerAddressabilityXFeedDir object in the Printer MIB, the feed direction component resolution  
2671 component is the same as the prtMarkerAddressabilityFeedDir in the Printer MIB, and the units component  
2672 is the same as the prtMarkerAddressabilityUnit object in the Printer MIB (namely, '3' indicates dots per inch  
2673 and '4' indicates dots per centimeter). All three values MUST be present even if the first two values are the  
2674 same. Example: '300', '600', '3' indicates a 300 dpi cross-feed direction resolution, a 600 dpi feed direction  
2675 resolution, since a '3' indicates dots per inch (dpi).

#### 2676 4.1.16 '1setOf X'

2677 The '1setOf X' attribute syntax is 1 or more values of attribute syntax type X. This syntax type is used for  
2678 multi-valued attributes. The syntax type is called '1setOf' rather than just 'setOf' as a reminder that the set  
2679 of values MUST NOT be empty (i.e., a set of size 0). Sets are normally unordered. However each attribute  
2680 description of this type may specify that the values MUST be in a certain order for that attribute.

## 2681 4.2 Job Template Attributes

2682 Job Template attributes describe job processing behavior. Support for Job Template attributes by a Printer  
2683 object is OPTIONAL (see section 12.2.3 for a description of support for OPTIONAL attributes). Also,  
2684 clients OPTIONALLY supply Job Template attributes in create requests.

2685 Job Template attributes conform to the following rules. For each Job Template attribute called "xxx":

2686 1. If the Printer object supports "xxx" then it MUST support both a "xxx-default" attribute (unless there  
2687 is a "No" in the table below) and a "xxx-supported" attribute. If the Printer object doesn't support  
2688 "xxx", then it MUST support neither an "xxx-default" attribute nor an "xxx-supported" attribute,  
2689 and it MUST treat an attribute "xxx" supplied by a client as unsupported. An attribute "xxx" may be  
2690 supported for some document formats and not supported for other document formats. For example,  
2691 it is expected that a Printer object would only support "orientation-requested" for some document  
2692 formats (such as 'text/plain' or 'text/html') but not others (such as 'application/postscript').  
2693

2694 2. "xxx" is OPTIONALLY supplied by the client in a create request. If "xxx" is supplied, the client is  
2695 indicating a desired job processing behavior for this Job. When "xxx" is not supplied, the client is  
2696 indicating that the Printer object apply its default job processing behavior at job processing time if  
2697 the document content does not contain an embedded instruction indicating an xxx-related behavior.  
2698

2699 **Note:** Since an administrator MAY change the default value attribute after a Job object has been  
2700 submitted but before it has been processed, the default value used by the Printer object at job  
2701 processing time may be different that the default value in effect at job submission time.  
2702

2703 3. The "xxx-supported" attribute is a Printer object attribute that describes which job processing  
2704 behaviors are supported by that Printer object. A client can query the Printer object to find out what  
2705 xxx-related behaviors are supported by inspecting the returned values of the "xxx-supported"  
2706 attribute.  
2707



2708 Note: The "xxx" in each "xxx-supported" attribute name is singular, even though an "xxx-  
2709 supported" attribute usually has more than one value, such as "job-sheet-supported", unless the  
2710 "xxx" Job Template attribute is plural, such as "finishings" or "sides". In such cases the "xxx-  
2711 supported" attribute names are: "finishings-supported" and "sides-supported".  
2712

2713 4. The "xxx-default" default value attribute describes what will be done at job processing time when no  
2714 other job processing information is supplied by the client (either explicitly as an IPP attribute in the  
2715 create request or implicitly as an embedded instruction within the document data).  
2716

2717 If an application wishes to present an end user with a list of supported values from which to choose, the  
2718 application SHOULD query the Printer object for its supported value attributes. The application SHOULD  
2719 also query the default value attributes. If the application then limits selectable values to only those value  
2720 that are supported, the application can guarantee that the values supplied by the client in the create request  
2721 all fall within the set of supported values at the Printer. When querying the Printer, the client MAY  
2722 enumerate each attribute by name in the Get-Printer-Attributes Request, or the client MAY just name the  
2723 "job-template" group in order to get the complete set of supported attributes (both supported and default  
2724 attributes).

2725 The "finishings" attribute is an example of a Job Template attribute. It can take on a set of values such as  
2726 'staple', 'punch', and/or 'cover'. A client can query the Printer object for the "finishings-supported" attribute  
2727 and the "finishings-default" attribute. The supported attribute contains a set of supported values. The  
2728 default value attribute contains the finishing value(s) that will be used for a new Job if the client does not  
2729 supply a "finishings" attribute in the create request and the document data does not contain any  
2730 corresponding finishing instructions. If the client does supply the "finishings" attribute in the create  
2731 request, the IPP object validates the value or values to make sure that they are a subset of the supported  
2732 values identified in the Printer object's "finishings-supported" attribute. See section 3.1.7.

2733 The table below summarizes the names and relationships for all Job Template attributes. The first column  
2734 of the table (labeled "Job Attribute") shows the name and syntax for each Job Template attribute in the Job  
2735 object. These are the attributes that can optionally be supplied by the client in a create request. The last  
2736 two columns (labeled "Printer: Default Value Attribute" and "Printer: Supported Values Attribute") shows  
2737 the name and syntax for each Job Template attribute in the Printer object (the default value attribute and the  
2738 supported values attribute). A "No" in the table means the Printer MUST NOT support the attribute (that is,  
2739 the attribute is simply not applicable). For brevity in the table, the 'text' and 'name' entries do not show the  
2740 maximum length for each attribute.

2741	+=====+		
2742	Job Attribute	Printer: Default Value	Printer: Supported
2743		Attribute	Values Attribute
2744	+=====+		
2745	job-priority	job-priority-default	job-priority-supported
2746	(integer 1:100)	(integer 1:100)	(integer 1:100)
2747	+-----+		
2748	job-hold-until	job-hold-until-	job-hold-until-
2749	(type3 keyword	default	supported
2750	name)	(type3 keyword	(1setOf (
2751		name)	type3 keyword   name))
2752	+-----+		
2753	job-sheets	job-sheets-default	job-sheets-supported
2754	(type3 keyword	(type3 keyword	(1setOf (
2755	name)	name)	type3 keyword   name))
2756	+-----+		
2757	multiple-document-	multiple-document-	multiple-document-
2758	handling	handling-default	handling-supported
2759	(type2 keyword)	(type2 keyword)	(1setOf type2 keyword)
2760	+-----+		
2761	copies	copies-default	copies-supported
2762	(integer (1:MAX))	(integer (1:MAX))	(rangeOfInteger
2763			(1:MAX))
2764	+-----+		
2765	finishings	finishings-default	finishings-supported
2766	(1setOf type2 enum)	(1setOf type2 enum)	(1setOf type2 enum)
2767	+-----+		
2768	page-ranges	No	page-ranges-
2769	(1setOf		supported (boolean)
2770	rangeOfInteger		
2771	(1:MAX))		
2772	+-----+		
2773	sides	sides-default	sides-supported
2774	(type2 keyword)	(type2 keyword)	(1setOf type2 keyword)
2775	+-----+		
2776	number-up	number-up-default	number-up-supported
2777	(integer (1:MAX))	(integer (1:MAX))	(1setOf integer
2778			(1:MAX)
2779			rangeOfInteger
2780			(1:MAX))
2781	+-----+		
2782	orientation-	orientation-requested-	orientation-requested-
2783	requested	default	supported
2784	(type2 enum)	(type2 enum)	(1setOf type2 enum)
2785	+-----+		
2786	media	media-default	media-supported
2787	(type3 keyword	(type3 keyword	(1setOf (
2788	name)	name)	type3 keyword   name))
2789			
2790			media-ready

2791			(1setOf (
2792			type3 keyword   name))
2793	+-----+-----+-----+		
2794	printer-resolution	printer-resolution-	printer-resolution-
2795	(resolution)	default	supported
2796		(resolution)	(1setOf resolution)
2797	+-----+-----+-----+		
2798	print-quality	print-quality-default	print-quality-
2799	(type2 enum)	(type2 enum)	supported
2800			(1setOf type2 enum)
2801	+-----+-----+-----+		

2802

2803

## 2804 4.2.1 job-priority (integer(1:100))

2805 This attribute specifies a priority for scheduling the Job. A higher value specifies a higher priority. The  
 2806 value 1 indicates the lowest possible priority. The value 100 indicates the highest possible priority. Among  
 2807 those jobs that are ready to print, a Printer **MUST** print all jobs with a priority value of n before printing  
 2808 those with a priority value of n-1 for all n.

2809 If the Printer object supports this attribute, it **MUST** always support the full range from 1 to 100. No  
 2810 administrative restrictions are permitted. This way an end-user can always make full use of the entire range  
 2811 with any Printer object. If privileged jobs are implemented outside IPP/1.1, they **MUST** have priorities  
 2812 higher than 100, rather than restricting the range available to end-users.

2813 If the client does not supply this attribute and this attribute is supported by the Printer object, the Printer  
 2814 object **MUST** use the value of the Printer object's "job-priority-default" at job submission time (unlike most  
 2815 Job Template attributes that are used if necessary at job processing time).

2816 The syntax for the "job-priority-supported" is also integer(1:100). This single integer value indicates the  
 2817 number of priority levels supported. The Printer object **MUST** take the value supplied by the client and  
 2818 map it to the closest integer in a sequence of n integers values that are evenly distributed over the range  
 2819 from 1 to 100 using the formula:

2820 
$$\text{roundToNearestInt}((100x+50)/n)$$

2821 where n is the value of "job-priority-supported" and x ranges from 0 through n-1.

2822 For example, if n=1 the sequence of values is 50; if n=2, the sequence of values is: 25 and 75; if n = 3, the  
 2823 sequence of values is: 17, 50 and 83; if n = 10, the sequence of values is: 5, 15, 25, 35, 45, 55, 65, 75, 85,  
 2824 and 95; if n = 100, the sequence of values is: 1, 2, 3, ... 100.

2825 If the value of the Printer object's "job-priority-supported" is 10 and the client supplies values in the range 1  
 2826 to 10, the Printer object maps them to 5, in the range 11 to 20, the Printer object maps them to 15, etc.

## 2827 4.2.2 job-hold-until (type3 keyword | name (MAX))

2828 This attribute specifies the named time period during which the Job **MUST** become a candidate for printing.

2829 Standard keyword values for named time periods are:

2830     `no-hold`: immediately, if there are not other reasons to hold the job

2831     `indefinite`: - the job is held indefinitely, until a client performs a Release-Job (section 3.3.6)

2832     `day-time`: during the day

2833     `evening`: evening

2834     `night`: night

2835     `weekend`: weekend

2836     `second-shift`: second-shift (after close of business)

2837     `third-shift`: third-shift (after midnight)

2838

2839 An administrator **MUST** associate allowable print times with a named time period (by means outside the  
2840 scope of this IPP/1.1 document). An administrator is encouraged to pick names that suggest the type of  
2841 time period. An administrator **MAY** define additional values using the `name` or `keyword` attribute syntax,  
2842 depending on implementation.

2843 If the value of this attribute specifies a time period that is in the future, the Printer ~~**MUST**~~**SHOULD** add the  
2844 `job-hold-until-specified` value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute, **MUST** move the job to the  
2845 `pending-held` state, and **MUST NOT** schedule the job for printing until the specified time-period arrives.

2846 When the specified time period arrives, the Printer **MUST** remove the `job-hold-until-specified` value from  
2847 the job's "job-state-reason" ~~attribute and, if~~ **attribute, if present**. **If** there are no other job state reasons that  
2848 keep the job in the `pending-held` state, the Printer **MUST** consider the job as a candidate for processing by  
2849 moving the job to the `pending` state. **Issue 30**

2850 If this job attribute value is the named value `no-hold`, or the specified time period has already started, the  
2851 job **MUST** be a candidate for processing immediately.

2852 If the client does not supply this attribute and this attribute is supported by the Printer object, the Printer  
2853 object **MUST** use the value of the Printer object's "job-hold-until-default" at job submission time (unlike  
2854 most Job Template attributes that are used if necessary at job processing time).

## 2855 4.2.3 job-sheets (type3 keyword | name(MAX))

2856 This attribute determines which job start/end sheet(s), if any, **MUST** be printed with a job.

2857 Standard keyword values are:

2858     `none`: no job sheet is printed

2859     `standard`: one or more site specific standard job sheets are printed, e.g. a single start sheet or both start  
2860             and end sheet is printed

2861

2862 An administrator MAY define additional values using the 'name' or 'keyword' attribute syntax, depending  
2863 on implementation.

2864 ~~Note~~: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents MAY be affected by the "multiple-  
2865 document-handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4), depending on the job sheet semantics.

#### 2866 4.2.4 multiple-document-handling (type2 keyword)

2867 This attribute is relevant only if a job consists of two or more documents. This attribute MUST be  
2868 supported if the Printer supports multiple documents per job (see sections 3.2.4 and 3.3.1). **Issue 34** The  
2869 attribute controls finishing operations and the placement of one or more print-stream pages into impressions  
2870 and onto media sheets. When the value of the "copies" attribute exceeds 1, it also controls the order in  
2871 which the copies that result from processing the documents are produced. For the purposes of this  
2872 explanation, if "a" represents an instance of document data, then the result of processing the data in  
2873 document "a" is a sequence of media sheets represented by "a(\*)".

2874 Standard keyword values are:

2875 'single-document': If a Job object has multiple documents, say, the document data is called a and b, then  
2876 the result of processing all the document data (a and then b) MUST be treated as a single sequence  
2877 of media sheets for finishing operations; that is, finishing would be performed on the concatenation  
2878 of the sequences a(\*),b(\*). The Printer object MUST NOT force the data in each document instance  
2879 to be formatted onto a new print-stream page, nor to start a new impression on a new media sheet. If  
2880 more than one copy is made, the ordering of the sets of media sheets resulting from processing the  
2881 document data MUST be a(\*), b(\*), a(\*), b(\*), ..., and the Printer object MUST force each copy  
2882 (a(\*),b(\*)) to start on a new media sheet.

2883 'separate-documents-uncollated-copies': If a Job object has multiple documents, say, the document data  
2884 is called a and b, then the result of processing the data in each document instance MUST be treated  
2885 as a single sequence of media sheets for finishing operations; that is, the sets a(\*) and b(\*) would  
2886 each be finished separately. The Printer object MUST force each copy of the result of processing the  
2887 data in a single document to start on a new media sheet. If more than one copy is made, the ordering  
2888 of the sets of media sheets resulting from processing the document data MUST be a(\*), a(\*), ...,  
2889 b(\*), b(\*) ... .

2890 'separate-documents-collated-copies': If a Job object has multiple documents, say, the document data is  
2891 called a and b, then the result of processing the data in each document instance MUST be treated as  
2892 a single sequence of media sheets for finishing operations; that is, the sets a(\*) and b(\*) would each  
2893 be finished separately. The Printer object MUST force each copy of the result of processing the data  
2894 in a single document to start on a new media sheet. If more than one copy is made, the ordering of  
2895 the sets of media sheets resulting from processing the document data MUST be a(\*), b(\*), a(\*), b(\*),  
2896 ... .

2897 'single-document-new-sheet': Same as 'single-document', except that the Printer object MUST ensure  
2898 that the first impression of each document instance in the job is placed on a new media sheet. This  
2899 value allows multiple documents to be stapled together with a single staple where each document  
2900 starts on a new sheet.

2901

2902 The 'single-document' value is the same as 'separate-documents-collated-copies' with respect to ordering of  
 2903 print-stream pages, but not media sheet generation, since 'single-document' will put the first page of the  
 2904 next document on the back side of a sheet if an odd number of pages have been produced so far for the job,  
 2905 while 'separate-documents-collated-copies' always forces the next document or document copy on to a new  
 2906 sheet. In addition, if the "finishings" attribute specifies 'staple', then with 'single-document', documents a  
 2907 and b are stapled together as a single document with no regard to new sheets, with 'single-document-new-  
 2908 sheet', documents a and b are stapled together as a single document, but document b starts on a new sheet,  
 2909 but with 'separate-documents-uncollated-copies' and 'separate-documents-collated-copies', documents a and  
 2910 b are stapled separately.

2911 Note: None of these values provide means to produce uncollated sheets within a document, i.e., where  
 2912 multiple copies of sheet n are produced before sheet n+1 of the same document.

2913 The relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that control document processing is described in  
 2914 section 15.3.

#### 2915 4.2.5 copies (integer(1:MAX))

2916 This attribute specifies the number of copies to be printed.

2917 On many devices the supported number of collated copies will be limited by the number of physical output  
 2918 bins on the device, and may be different from the number of uncollated copies which can be supported.

2919 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-  
 2920 handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that  
 2921 control document processing is described in section 15.3.

#### 2922 4.2.6 finishings (1setOf type2 enum)

2923 This attribute identifies the finishing operations that the Printer uses for each copy of each printed  
 2924 document in the Job. For Jobs with multiple documents, the "multiple-document-handling" attribute  
 2925 determines what constitutes a "copy" for purposes of finishing.

2926 Standard enum values are:

2927	Value	Symbolic Name and Description
2928		
2929	'3'	'none': Perform no finishing
2930	'4'	'staple': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples. The exact number and placement of
2931		the staples is site-defined.
2932	'5'	'punch': This value indicates that holes are required in the finished document. The exact
2933		number and placement of the holes is site-defined The punch specification MAY be
2934		satisfied (in a site- and implementation-specific manner) either by drilling/punching,
2935		or by substituting pre-drilled media.



- 2936 '6' 'cover': This value is specified when it is desired to select a non-printed (or pre-printed)  
2937 cover for the document. This does not supplant the specification of a printed cover  
2938 (on cover stock medium) by the document itself.
- 2939 '7' 'bind': This value indicates that a binding is to be applied to the document; the type and  
2940 placement of the binding is site-defined.
- 2941
- 2942 '8' 'saddle-stitch': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along the  
2943 middle fold. The exact number and placement of the staples and the middle fold is  
2944 implementation and/or site-defined.
- 2945 '9' 'edge-stitch': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along one edge.  
2946 The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation and/or site-  
2947 defined.
- 2948 '10'-'19' reserved for future generic finishing enum values.

2949 The following values are more specific; they indicate a corner or an edge as if the document were a portrait  
2950 document (see below):

- 2951 '20' 'staple-top-left': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples in the top left corner.
- 2952 '21' 'staple-bottom-left': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples in the bottom left  
2953 corner.
- 2954 '22' 'staple-top-right': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples in the top right corner.
- 2955 '23' 'staple-bottom-right': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples in the bottom right  
2956 corner.
- 2957 '24' 'edge-stitch-left': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along the  
2958 left edge. The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation and/or  
2959 site-defined.
- 2960 '25' 'edge-stitch-top': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along the  
2961 top edge. The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation and/or  
2962 site-defined.
- 2963 '26' 'edge-stitch-right': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along the  
2964 right edge. The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation and/or  
2965 site-defined.
- 2966 '27' 'edge-stitch-bottom': Bind the document(s) with one or more staples (wire stitches) along  
2967 the bottom edge. The exact number and placement of the staples is implementation  
2968 and/or site-defined.
- 2969 '28' 'staple-dual-left': Bind the document(s) with two staples (wire stitches) along the left edge  
2970 assuming a portrait document (see above).
- 2971 '29' 'staple-dual-top': Bind the document(s) with two staples (wire stitches) along the top edge  
2972 assuming a portrait document (see above).
- 2973 '30' 'staple-dual-right': Bind the document(s) with two staples (wire stitches) along the right  
2974 edge assuming a portrait document (see above).
- 2975 '31' 'staple-dual-bottom': Bind the document(s) with two staples (wire stitches) along the bottom  
2976 edge assuming a portrait document (see above).

2977 The 'staple-xxx' values are specified with respect to the document as if the document were a portrait  
2978 document. If the document is actually a landscape or a reverse-landscape document, the client supplies the  
2979 appropriate transformed value. For example, to position a staple in the upper left hand corner of a

2980 landscape document when held for reading, the client supplies the 'staple-bottom-left' value (since  
2981 landscape is defined as a +90 degree rotation from portrait, i.e., anti-clockwise). On the other hand, to  
2982 position a staple in the upper left hand corner of a reverse-landscape document when held for reading, the  
2983 client supplies the 'staple-top-right' value (since reverse-landscape is defined as a -90 degree rotation from  
2984 portrait, i.e., clockwise).

2985 The angle (vertical, horizontal, angled) of each staple with respect to the document depends on the  
2986 implementation which may in turn depend on the value of the attribute.

2987 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-  
2988 handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that  
2989 control document processing is described in section 15.3.

2990 If the client supplies a value of 'none' along with any other combination of values, it is the same as if only  
2991 that other combination of values had been supplied (that is the 'none' value has no effect).

#### 2992 4.2.7 page-ranges (1setOf rangeOfInteger (1:MAX))

2993 This attribute identifies the range(s) of print-stream pages that the Printer object uses for each copy of each  
2994 document which are to be printed. Nothing is printed for any pages identified that do not exist in the  
2995 document(s). Ranges MUST be in ascending order, for example: 1-3, 5-7, 15-19 and MUST NOT overlap,  
2996 so that a non-spooling Printer object can process the job in a single pass. If the ranges are not ascending or  
2997 are overlapping, the IPP object MUST reject the request and return the 'client-error-bad-request' status code.  
2998 The attribute is associated with print-stream pages not application-numbered pages (for example, the page  
2999 numbers found in the headers and or footers for certain word processing applications).

3000 For Jobs with multiple documents, the "multiple-document-handling" attribute determines what constitutes  
3001 a "copy" for purposes of the specified page range(s). When "multiple-document-handling" is 'single-  
3002 document', the Printer object MUST apply each supplied page range once to the concatenation of the print-  
3003 stream pages. For example, if there are 8 documents of 10 pages each, the page-range '41:60' prints the  
3004 pages in the 5th and 6th documents as a single document and none of the pages of the other documents are  
3005 printed. When "multiple-document-handling" is 'separate-documents-uncollated-copies' or 'separate-  
3006 documents-collated-copies', the Printer object MUST apply each supplied page range repeatedly to each  
3007 document copy. For the same job, the page-range '1:3, 10:10' would print the first 3 pages and the 10th  
3008 page of each of the 8 documents in the Job, as 8 separate documents.

3009 In most cases, the exact pages to be printed will be generated by a device driver and this attribute would not  
3010 be required. However, when printing an archived document which has already been formatted, the end user  
3011 may elect to print just a subset of the pages contained in the document. In this case, if page-range = n.m is  
3012 specified, the first page to be printed will be page n. All subsequent pages of the document will be printed  
3013 through and including page m.

3014 "page-ranges-supported" is a boolean value indicating whether or not the printer is capable of supporting  
3015 the printing of page ranges. This capability may differ from one PDL to another. There is no "page-ranges-  
3016 default" attribute. If the "page-ranges" attribute is not supplied by the client, all pages of the document will  
3017 be printed.

3018 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-  
3019 handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that  
3020 control document processing is described in section 15.3.

#### 3021 4.2.8 sides (type2 keyword)

3022 This attribute specifies how print-stream pages are to be imposed upon the sides of an instance of a selected  
3023 medium, i.e., an impression.

3024 The standard keyword values are:

3025 'one-sided': imposes each consecutive print-stream page upon the same side of consecutive media  
3026 sheets.

3027 'two-sided-long-edge': imposes each consecutive pair of print-stream pages upon front and back sides of  
3028 consecutive media sheets, such that the orientation of each pair of print-stream pages on the medium  
3029 would be correct for the reader as if for binding on the long edge. This imposition is sometimes  
3030 called 'duplex' or 'head-to-head'.

3031 'two-sided-short-edge': imposes each consecutive pair of print-stream pages upon front and back sides  
3032 of consecutive media sheets, such that the orientation of each pair of print-stream pages on the  
3033 medium would be correct for the reader as if for binding on the short edge. This imposition is  
3034 sometimes called 'tumble' or 'head-to-toe'.

3035

3036 'two-sided-long-edge', 'two-sided-short-edge', 'tumble', and 'duplex' all work the same for portrait or  
3037 landscape. However 'head-to-toe' is 'tumble' in portrait but 'duplex' in landscape. 'head-to-head' also  
3038 switches between 'duplex' and 'tumble' when using portrait and landscape modes.

3039 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-  
3040 handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that  
3041 control document processing is described in section 15.3.

#### 3042 4.2.9 number-up (integer(1:MAX))

3043 This attribute specifies the number of print-stream pages to impose upon a single side of an instance of a  
3044 selected medium. For example, if the value is:

3045 Value	Description
3046 '1'	the Printer MUST place one print-stream page on a single side of an instance of the selected 3047 medium (MAY add some sort of translation, scaling, or rotation).
3048 '2'	the Printer MUST place two print-stream pages on a single side of an instance of the selected 3049 medium (MAY add some sort of translation, scaling, or rotation).
3050 '4'	the Printer MUST place four print-stream pages on a single side of an instance of the 3051 selected medium (MAY add some sort of translation, scaling, or rotation).
3052	
3053	

3054

This attribute primarily controls the translation, scaling and rotation of print-stream pages.

3055 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-  
3056 handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that  
3057 control document processing is described in section 15.3.

#### 3058 4.2.10 orientation-requested (type2 enum)

3059 This attribute indicates the desired orientation for printed print-stream pages; it does not describe the  
3060 orientation of the client-supplied print-stream pages.

3061 For some document formats (such as 'application/postscript'), the desired orientation of the print-stream  
3062 pages is specified within the document data. This information is generated by a device driver prior to the  
3063 submission of the print job. Other document formats (such as 'text/plain') do not include the notion of  
3064 desired orientation within the document data. In the latter case it is possible for the Printer object to bind  
3065 the desired orientation to the document data after it has been submitted. It is expected that a Printer object  
3066 would only support "orientations-requested" for some document formats (e.g., 'text/plain' or 'text/html') but  
3067 not others (e.g., 'application/postscript'). This is no different than any other Job Template attribute since  
3068 section 4.2, item 1, points out that a Printer object may support or not support any Job Template attribute  
3069 based on the document format supplied by the client. However, a special mention is made here since it is  
3070 very likely that a Printer object will support "orientation-requested" for only a subset of the supported  
3071 document formats.

3072 Standard enum values are:

3073	Value	Symbolic Name and Description
3074		
3075	'3'	'portrait': The content will be imaged across the short edge of the medium.
3076	'4'	'landscape': The content will be imaged across the long edge of the medium. Landscape is
3077		defined to be a rotation of the print-stream page to be imaged by +90 degrees with
3078		respect to the medium (i.e. anti-clockwise) from the portrait orientation. Note: The
3079		+90 direction was chosen because simple finishing on the long edge is the same edge
3080		whether portrait or landscape
3081	'5'	'reverse-landscape': The content will be imaged across the long edge of the medium.
3082		Reverse-landscape is defined to be a rotation of the print-stream page to be imaged
3083		by -90 degrees with respect to the medium (i.e. clockwise) from the portrait
3084		orientation. Note: The 'reverse-landscape' value was added because some
3085		applications rotate landscape -90 degrees from portrait, rather than +90 degrees.
3086	'6'	'reverse-portrait': The content will be imaged across the short edge of the medium. Reverse-
3087		portrait is defined to be a rotation of the print-stream page to be imaged by 180
3088		degrees with respect to the medium from the portrait orientation. Note: The 'reverse-
3089		portrait' value was added for use with the "finishings" attribute in cases where the
3090		opposite edge is desired for finishing a portrait document on simple finishing devices
3091		that have only one finishing position. Thus a 'text/plain' portrait document can be
3092		stapled "on the right" by a simple finishing device as is common use with some
3093		middle eastern languages such as Hebrew.
3094		

3095 Note: The effect of this attribute on jobs with multiple documents is controlled by the "multiple-document-  
3096 handling" job attribute (section 4.2.4) and the relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that  
3097 control document processing is described in section 15.3.

#### 3098 4.2.11 media (type3 keyword | name(MAX))

3099 This attribute identifies the medium that the Printer uses for all impressions of the Job.

3100 The values for "media" include medium-names, medium-sizes, input-trays and electronic forms so that one  
3101 attribute specifies the media. If a Printer object supports a medium name as a value of this attribute, such a  
3102 medium name implicitly selects an input-tray that contains the specified medium. If a Printer object  
3103 supports a medium size as a value of this attribute, such a medium size implicitly selects a medium name  
3104 that in turn implicitly selects an input-tray that contains the medium with the specified size. If a Printer  
3105 object supports an input-tray as the value of this attribute, such an input-tray implicitly selects the medium  
3106 that is in that input-tray at the time the job prints. This case includes manual-feed input-trays. If a Printer  
3107 object supports an electronic form as the value of this attribute, such an electronic form implicitly selects a  
3108 medium-name that in turn implicitly selects an input-tray that contains the medium specified by the  
3109 electronic form. The electronic form also implicitly selects an image that the Printer MUST merge with the  
3110 document data as its prints each page.

3111 Standard keyword values are (taken from ISO DPA and the Printer MIB) and are listed in section 14. An  
3112 administrator MAY define additional values using the 'name' or 'keyword' attribute syntax, depending on  
3113 implementation.

3114 There is also an additional Printer attribute named "media-ready" which differs from "media-supported" in  
3115 that legal values only include the subset of "media-supported" values that are physically loaded and ready  
3116 for printing with no operator intervention required. If an IPP object supports "media-supported", it NEED  
3117 NOT support "media-ready".

3118 The relationship of this attribute and the other attributes that control document processing is described in  
3119 section 15.3.

#### 3120 4.2.12 printer-resolution (resolution)

3121 This attribute identifies the resolution that Printer uses for the Job.

#### 3122 4.2.13 print-quality (type2 enum)

3123 This attribute specifies the print quality that the Printer uses for the Job.

3124 The standard enum values are:

3125	Value	Symbolic Name and Description
3126		
3127	'3'	'draft': lowest quality available on the printer
3128	'4'	'normal': normal or intermediate quality on the printer

3129        '5'        'high': highest quality available on the printer  
3130

### 3131 4.3 Job Description Attributes

3132 The attributes in this section form the attribute group called "job-description". The following table  
3133 summarizes these attributes. The third column indicates whether the attribute is a REQUIRED attribute  
3134 that MUST be supported by Printer objects. If it is not indicated as REQUIRED, then it is OPTIONAL.  
3135 The maximum size in octets for 'text' and 'name' attributes is indicated in parentheses.



3136	+	-----+	-----+	-----+
3137		Attribute	Syntax	REQUIRED?
3138	+	-----+	-----+	-----+
3139		job-uri	uri	REQUIRED
3140	+	-----+	-----+	-----+
3141		job-id	integer(1:MAX)	REQUIRED
3142	+	-----+	-----+	-----+
3143		job-printer-uri	uri	REQUIRED
3144	+	-----+	-----+	-----+
3145		job-more-info	uri	
3146	+	-----+	-----+	-----+
3147		job-name	name (MAX)	REQUIRED
3148	+	-----+	-----+	-----+
3149		job-originating-user-name	name (MAX)	REQUIRED
3150	+	-----+	-----+	-----+
3151		job-state	type1 enum	REQUIRED
3152	+	-----+	-----+	-----+
3153		job-state-reasons	1setOf type2 keyword	REQUIRED
3154	+	-----+	-----+	-----+
3155		job-state-message	text (MAX)	
3156	+	-----+	-----+	-----+
3157		number-of-documents	integer (0:MAX)	
3158	+	-----+	-----+	-----+
3159		output-device-assigned	name (127)	
3160	+	-----+	-----+	-----+
3161		time-at-creation	integer <del>(0:MAX)</del> <u>(MIN:MAX)</u>	REQUIRED
3162				
3163	+	-----+	-----+	-----+
3164		time-at-processing	integer <del>(0:MAX)</del> <u>(MIN:MAX)</u>	REQUIRED
3165				
3166	+	-----+	-----+	-----+
3167		time-at-completed	integer <del>(0:MAX)</del> <u>(MIN:MAX)</u>	REQUIRED
3168				
3169	+	-----+	-----+	-----+
3170		job-printer-up-time	integer (1:MAX)	REQUIRED
3171	+	-----+	-----+	-----+
3172		<u>date-time-at-creation</u>	<u>dateTime</u>	<u>OPTIONAL</u>
3173	+	-----+	-----+	-----+
3174		<u>date-time-at-processing</u>	<u>dateTime</u>	<u>OPTIONAL</u>
3175	+	-----+	-----+	-----+
3176		<u>date-time-at-completed</u>	<u>dateTime</u>	<u>OPTIONAL</u>
3177	+	-----+	-----+	-----+
3178		number-of-intervening-jobs	integer (0:MAX)	
3179	+	-----+	-----+	-----+
3180		job-message-from-operator	text (127)	
3181	+	-----+	-----+	-----+
3182		job-k-octets	integer (0:MAX)	
3183	+	-----+	-----+	-----+
3184		job-impressions	integer (0:MAX)	
3185	+	-----+	-----+	-----+

3186	job-media-sheets	integer (0:MAX)		
3187	+-----+-----+-----+-----+			
3188	job-k-octets-processed	integer (0:MAX)		
3189	+-----+-----+-----+-----+			
3190	job-impressions-completed	integer (0:MAX)		
3191	+-----+-----+-----+-----+			
3192	job-media-sheets-completed	integer (0:MAX)		
3193	+-----+-----+-----+-----+			
3194	attributes-charset	charset		REQUIRED
3195	+-----+-----+-----+-----+			
3196	attributes-natural-language	naturalLanguage		REQUIRED
3197	+-----+-----+-----+-----+			
3198				
3199				

#### 3200 4.3.1 job-uri (uri)

3201 This REQUIRED attribute contains the URI for the job. The Printer object, on receipt of a new job,  
 3202 generates a URI which identifies the new Job. The Printer object returns the value of the "job-uri" attribute  
 3203 as part of the response to a create request. The precise format of a Job URI is implementation dependent.  
 3204 If the Printer object supports more than one URI and there is some relationship between the newly formed  
 3205 Job URI and the Printer object's URI, the Printer object uses the Printer URI supplied by the client in the  
 3206 create request. For example, if the create request comes in over a secure channel, the new Job URI MUST  
 3207 use the same secure channel. This can be guaranteed because the Printer object is responsible for  
 3208 generating the Job URI and the Printer object is aware of its security configuration and policy as well as the  
 3209 Printer URI used in the create request.

3210 For a description of this attribute and its relationship to "job-id" and "job-printer-uri" attribute, see the  
 3211 discussion in section 2.4 on "Object Identity".

#### 3212 4.3.2 job-id (integer(1:MAX))

3213 This REQUIRED attribute contains the ID of the job. The Printer, on receipt of a new job, generates an ID  
 3214 which identifies the new Job on that Printer. The Printer returns the value of the "job-id" attribute as part of  
 3215 the response to a create request. The 0 value is not included to allow for compatibility with SNMP index  
 3216 values which also cannot be 0.

3217 For a description of this attribute and its relationship to "job-uri" and "job-printer-uri" attribute, see the  
 3218 discussion in section 2.4 on "Object Identity".

#### 3219 4.3.3 job-printer-uri (uri)

3220 This REQUIRED attribute identifies the Printer object that created this Job object. When a Printer object  
 3221 creates a Job object, it populates this attribute with the Printer object URI that was used in the create  
 3222 request. This attribute permits a client to identify the Printer object that created this Job object when only  
 3223 the Job object's URI is available to the client. The client queries the creating Printer object to determine  
 3224 which languages, charsets, operations, are supported for this Job.

3225 For a description of this attribute and its relationship to "job-uri" and "job-id" attribute, see the discussion in  
3226 section 2.4 on "Object Identity".

#### 3227 4.3.4 job-more-info (uri)

3228 Similar to "printer-more-info", this attribute contains the URI referencing some resource with more  
3229 information about this Job object, perhaps an HTML page containing information about the Job.

#### 3230 4.3.5 job-name (name(MAX))

3231 This REQUIRED attribute is the name of the job. It is a name that is more user friendly than the "job-uri"  
3232 attribute value. It does not need to be unique between Jobs. The Job's "job-name" attribute is set to the  
3233 value supplied by the client in the "job-name" operation attribute in the create request (see Section 3.2.1.1).  
3234 If, however, the "job-name" operation attribute is not supplied by the client in the create request, the Printer  
3235 object, on creation of the Job, MUST generate a name. The printer SHOULD generate the value of the  
3236 Job's "job-name" attribute from the first of the following sources that produces a value: 1) the "document-  
3237 name" operation attribute of the first (or only) document, 2) the "document-URI" attribute of the first (or  
3238 only) document, or 3) any other piece of Job specific and/or Document Content information.

#### 3239 4.3.6 job-originating-user-name (name(MAX))

3240 This REQUIRED attribute contains the name of the end user that submitted the print job. The Printer  
3241 object sets this attribute to the most authenticated printable name that it can obtain from the authentication  
3242 service over which the IPP operation was received. Only if such is not available, does the Printer object use  
3243 the value supplied by the client in the "requesting-user-name" operation attribute of the create operation  
3244 (see Section 8).

3245 Note: The Printer object needs to keep an internal originating user id of some form, typically as a credential  
3246 of a principal, with the Job object. Since such an internal attribute is implementation-dependent and not of  
3247 interest to clients, it is not specified as a Job Description attribute. This originating user id is used for  
3248 authorization checks (if any) on all subsequent operation.

#### 3249 4.3.7 job-state (type1 enum)

3250 This REQUIRED attribute identifies the current state of the job. Even though the IPP protocol defines  
3251 seven values for job states (plus the out-of-band 'unknown' value - see Section 4.1), implementations only  
3252 need to support those states which are appropriate for the particular implementation. In other words, a  
3253 Printer supports only those job states implemented by the output device and available to the Printer object  
3254 implementation.

3255 Standard enum values are:

3256 Values Symbolic Name and Description

3257

3258 '3' 'pending': The job is a candidate to start processing, but is not yet processing.

3259

- 3260       '4'       'pending-held': The job is not a candidate for processing for any number of reasons but will  
3261                   return to the 'pending' state as soon as the reasons are no longer present. The job's  
3262                   "job-state-reason" attribute MUST indicate why the job is no longer a candidate for  
3263                   processing.  
3264
- 3265       '5'       'processing': One or more of:  
3266  
3267                   1. the job is using, or is attempting to use, one or more purely software processes  
3268                   that are analyzing, creating, or interpreting a PDL, etc.,  
3269                   2. the job is using, or is attempting to use, one or more hardware devices that are  
3270                   interpreting a PDL, making marks on a medium, and/or performing finishing, such as  
3271                   stapling, etc.,  
3272                   3. the Printer object has made the job ready for printing, but the output device is not  
3273                   yet printing it, either because the job hasn't reached the output device or because the  
3274                   job is queued in the output device or some other spooler, awaiting the output device  
3275                   to print it.  
3276
- 3277                   When the job is in the 'processing' state, the entire job state includes the detailed  
3278                   status represented in the Printer object's "printer-state", "printer-state-reasons", and  
3279                   "printer-state-message" attributes.
- 3280                   Implementations MAY, though they NEED NOT, include additional values in the  
3281                   job's "job-state-reasons" attribute to indicate the progress of the job, such as adding  
3282                   the 'job-printing' value to indicate when the output device is actually making marks  
3283                   on paper and/or the 'processing-to-stop-point' value to indicate that the IPP object is  
3284                   in the process of canceling or aborting the job. Most implementations won't bother  
3285                   with this nuance.  
3286
- 3287       '6'       'processing-stopped': The job has stopped while processing for any number of reasons and  
3288                   will return to the 'processing' state as soon as the reasons are no longer present.  
3289
- 3290                   The job's "job-state-reason" attribute MAY indicate why the job has stopped  
3291                   processing. For example, if the output device is stopped, the 'printer-stopped' value  
3292                   MAY be included in the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute.  
3293
- 3294                   Note: When an output device is stopped, the device usually indicates its condition in  
3295                   human readable form locally at the device. A client can obtain more complete device  
3296                   status remotely by querying the Printer object's "printer-state", "printer-state-reasons"  
3297                   and "printer-state-message" attributes.  
3298
- 3299       '7'       'canceled': The job has been canceled by a Cancel-Job operation and the Printer object has  
3300                   completed canceling the job and all job status attributes have reached their final  
3301                   values for the job. While the Printer object is canceling the job, the job remains in its  
3302                   current state, but the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute SHOULD contain the

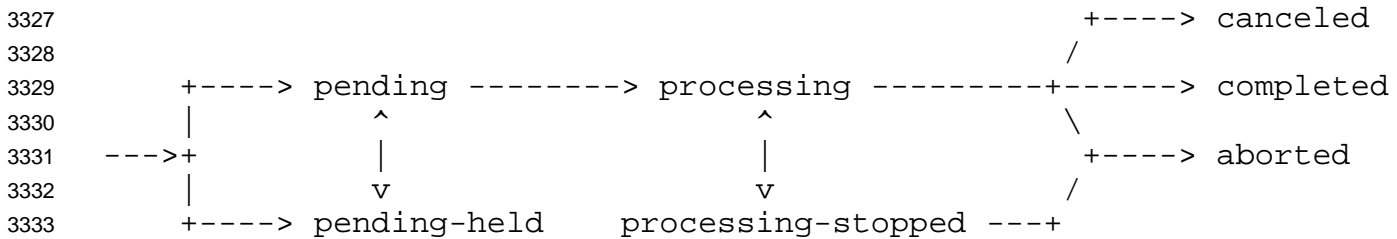
3303 'processing-to-stop-point' value and one of the 'canceled-by-user', 'canceled-by-  
 3304 operator', or 'canceled-at-device' value. When the job moves to the 'canceled' state,  
 3305 the 'processing-to-stop-point' value, if present, MUST be removed, but the 'canceled-  
 3306 by-xxx', if present, MUST remain.

3307  
 3308 '8' 'aborted': The job has been aborted by the system, usually while the job was in the  
 3309 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' state and the Printer has completed aborting the  
 3310 job and all job status attributes have reached their final values for the job. While the  
 3311 Printer object is aborting the job, the job remains in its current state, but the job's  
 3312 "job-state-reasons" attribute SHOULD contain the 'processing-to-stop-point' and  
 3313 'aborted-by-system' values. When the job moves to the 'aborted' state, the  
 3314 'processing-to-stop-point' value, if present, MUST be removed, but the 'aborted-by-  
 3315 system' value, if present, MUST remain.

3316  
 3317 '9' 'completed': The job has completed successfully or with warnings or errors after processing  
 3318 and all of the job media sheets have been successfully stacked in the appropriate  
 3319 output bin(s) and all job status attributes have reached their final values for the job.  
 3320 The job's "job-state-reasons" attribute SHOULD contain one of: 'completed-  
 3321 successfully', 'completed-with-warnings', or 'completed-with-errors' values.

3322  
 3323 The final value for this attribute MUST be one of: 'completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted' before the Printer  
 3324 removes the job altogether. The length of time that jobs remain in the 'canceled', 'aborted', and 'completed'  
 3325 states depends on implementation. See section 4.3.7.2.

3326 The following figure shows the normal job state transitions.



3335 Normally a job progresses from left to right. Other state transitions are unlikely, but are not forbidden. Not  
 3336 shown are the transitions to the 'canceled' state from the 'pending', 'pending-held', and 'processing-stopped'  
 3337 states.

3338 Jobs reach one of the three terminal states: 'completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted', after the jobs have  
 3339 completed all activity, including stacking output media, after the jobs have completed all activity, and all  
 3340 job status attributes have reached their final values for the job.

3341 4.3.7.1 Forwarding Servers Issue 14

3342 ~~Note:~~ As with all other IPP attributes, if the implementation cannot determine the correct value for this  
 3343 attribute, it SHOULD respond with the out-of-band value 'unknown' (see section 4.1) rather than try to

3344 guess at some possibly incorrect value and give the end user the wrong impression about the state of the Job  
3345 object. For example, if the implementation is just a gateway into some printing system from which it can  
3346 normally get status, but temporarily is unable, then the implementation should return the 'unknown' value.  
3347 However, if the implementation is a gateway to a printing system that never provides detailed status about  
3348 the print job, the implementation MAY set the IPP Job object's state to 'completed', provided that it also  
3349 sets the 'queued-in-device' value in the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute (see section 4.3.8). **Issue 14**

#### 3350 4.3.7.2 Partitioning of Job States

3351 This section partitions the 7 job states into phases: Job Not Completed, Job Retention, Job History, and Job  
3352 Removal. This section also explains the 'job-restartable' value of the "job-state-reasons" Job Description  
3353 attribute for use with the Restart-Job operation.

3354 Job Not Completed: When a job is in the 'pending', 'pending-held', 'processing', or 'processing-stopped'  
3355 states, the job is not completed.

3356 Job Retention: When a job enters one of the three terminal job states: 'completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted',  
3357 the IPP Printer object MAY "retain" the job in a restartable condition for an implementation-defined time  
3358 period. This time period MAY be zero seconds and MAY depend on the terminal job state. This phase is  
3359 called Job Retention. While in the Job Retention phase, the job's document data is retained and a client  
3360 may restart the job using the Restart-Job operation. If the IPP object supports **Issue 30** the Restart-Job  
3361 operation, then it SHOULD indicate that the job is restartable by adding the 'job-restartable' value to the  
3362 job's "job-state-reasons" attribute (see Section 4.3.8) during the Job Retention phase.

3363 Job History: After the Job Retention phase expires for a job, the Printer object deletes the document data  
3364 for the job and the job becomes part of the Job History. The Printer object MAY also delete any number of  
3365 the job attributes. Since the job is no longer restartable, the Printer object MUST remove the 'job-  
3366 restartable' value from the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute, if present.

3367 Job Removal: After the job has remained in the Job History for an implementation-defined time, such as  
3368 when the number of jobs exceeds a fixed number or after a fixed time period (which MAY be zero  
3369 seconds), the IPP Printer removes the job from the system.

3370 Using the Get-Jobs operation and supplying the 'not-completed' value for the "which-jobs" operation  
3371 attribute, a client is requesting jobs in the Job Not Completed phase. Using the Get-Jobs operation and  
3372 supplying the 'completed' value for the "which-jobs" operation attribute, a client is requesting jobs in the  
3373 Job Retention and Job History phases. Using the Get-Job-Attributes operation, a client is requesting a job  
3374 in any phase except Job Removal. After Job Removal, the Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs operations no  
3375 longer are capable of returning any information about a job.

#### 3376 4.3.8 job-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword)

3377 This REQUIRED attribute provides additional information about the job's current state, i.e., information  
3378 that augments the value of the job's "job-state" attribute.

3379 ~~While implementation of this attribute is REQUIRED, implementation of these values is OPTIONAL.~~  
3380 **Issue 30**—These values MAY be used with any job state or states for which the reason makes sense. **Some**



3381 of these value definitions indicate conformance requirements; the rest are OPTIONAL. Issue 30  
3382 Furthermore, when implemented, the Printer MUST return these values when the reason applies and MUST  
3383 NOT return them when the reason no longer applies whether the value of the Job's "job-state" attribute  
3384 changed or not. When the Job does not have any reasons for being in its current state, the value of the Job's  
3385 "job-state-reasons" attribute MUST be 'none'.

3386 Note: While values cannot be added to the 'job-state' attribute without impacting deployed clients that take  
3387 actions upon receiving "job-state" values, it is the intent that additional "job-state-reasons" values can be  
3388 defined and registered without impacting such deployed clients. In other words, the "job-state-reasons"  
3389 attribute is intended to be extensible.

3390 The following standard keyword values are defined. For ease of understanding, the values are presented in  
3391 the order in which the reasons are likely to occur (if implemented), starting with the 'job-incoming' value:

3392 'none': There are no reasons for the job's current state. This state reason is semantically equivalent to  
3393 "job-state-reasons" without any value and MUST be used when there is no other value, since the  
3394 lsetOf attribute syntax requires at least one value. Issue 30

3395 'job-incoming': The Create-Job operation has been accepted by the Printer, but the Printer is expecting  
3396 additional Send-Document and/or Send-URI operations and/or is accessing/accepting document  
3397 data.

3398 'job-data-insufficient': The Create-Job operation has been accepted by the Printer, but the Printer is  
3399 expecting additional document data before it can move the job into the 'processing' state. If a Printer  
3400 starts processing before it has received all data, the Printer removes the 'job-data-insufficient'  
3401 reason, but the 'job-incoming' remains. If a Printer starts processing after it has received all data, the  
3402 Printer removes the 'job-data-insufficient' reason and the 'job-incoming' at the same time. Issue 13

3403 'document-access-error': After accepting a Print-URI or Send-URI request, the Printer could not access  
3404 one or more documents passed by reference. This reason is intended to cover any file access  
3405 problem, including file does not exist and access denied because of an access control problem. The  
3406 Printer MAY also indicate the document access error using the "job-document-access-errors" Job  
3407 Description attribute (see section 4.3.11). Whether the Printer aborts the job and moves the job to  
3408 the 'aborted' job state or prints all documents that are accessible and moves the job to the 'completed'  
3409 job state and adds the 'completed-with-errors' value in the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute depends  
3410 on implementation and/or site policy. This value SHOULD be supported if the Print-URI or Send-  
3411 URI operations are supported. Issue 30 and Issue 35

3412 'submission-interrupted': The job was not completely submitted for some unforeseen reason, such as:  
3413 (1) the Printer has crashed before the job was closed by the client, (2) the Printer or the document  
3414 transfer method has crashed in some non-recoverable way before the document data was entirely  
3415 transferred to the Printer, (3) the client crashed or failed to close the job before the time-out period.  
3416 See section 4.4.31.

3417 'job-outgoing': The Printer is transmitting the job to the output device.

3418 'job-hold-until-specified': The value of the job's "job-hold-until" attribute was specified with a time  
3419 period that is still in the future. The job MUST NOT be a candidate for processing until this reason  
3420 is removed and there are no other reasons to hold the job.

3421 job. This value SHOULD be supported if the "job-hold-until" Job Template attribute is supported.  
3422 Issue 30

- 3423 'resources-are-not-ready': At least one of the resources needed by the job, such as media, fonts, resource  
3424 objects, etc., is not ready on any of the physical printer's for which the job is a candidate. This  
3425 condition MAY be detected when the job is accepted, or subsequently while the job is pending or  
3426 processing, depending on implementation. The job may remain in its current state or be moved to  
3427 the 'pending-held' state, depending on implementation and/or job scheduling policy.
- 3428 'printer-stopped-partly': The value of the Printer's "printer-state-reasons" attribute contains the value  
3429 'stopped-partly'.
- 3430 'printer-stopped': The value of the Printer's "printer-state" attribute is 'stopped'.
- 3431 'job-interpreting': Job is in the 'processing' state, but more specifically, the Printer is interpreting the  
3432 document data.
- 3433 'job-queued': Job is in the 'processing' state, but more specifically, the Printer has queued the document  
3434 data.
- 3435 'job-transforming': Job is in the 'processing' state, but more specifically, the Printer is interpreting  
3436 document data and producing another electronic representation.
- 3437 'job-queued-for-marker': Job is in any of the 'pending-held', 'pending', or 'processing' states, but more  
3438 specifically, the Printer has completed enough processing of the document to be able to start  
3439 marking and the job is waiting for the marker. Systems that require human intervention to release  
3440 jobs using the Release-Job operation, put the job into the 'pending-held' job state. Systems that  
3441 automatically select a job to use the marker put the job into the 'pending' job state or keep the job in  
3442 the 'processing' job state while waiting for the marker, depending on implementation. All  
3443 implementations put the job into (or back into) the 'processing' state when marking does begin.
- 3444 **Issue 31**
- 3445 'job-printing': The output device is marking media. This value is useful for Printers which spend a great  
3446 deal of time processing (1) when no marking is happening and then want to show that marking is  
3447 now happening or (2) when the job is in the process of being canceled or aborted while the job  
3448 remains in the 'processing' state, but the marking has not yet stopped so that impression or sheet  
3449 counts are still increasing for the job.
- 3450 'job-canceled-by-user': The job was canceled by the owner of the job using the Cancel-Job request, i.e.,  
3451 by a user whose authenticated identity is the same as the value of the originating user that created  
3452 the Job object, or by some other authorized end-user, such as a member of the job owner's security  
3453 ~~group~~.
- 3454 group. This value SHOULD be supported. Issue 30
- 3455 'job-canceled-by-operator': The job was canceled by the operator using the Cancel-Job request, i.e., by a  
3456 user who has been authenticated as having operator privileges (whether local or remote). If the  
3457 security policy is to allow anyone to cancel anyone's job, then this value may be used when the job  
3458 is canceled by other than the owner of the job. For such a security policy, in effect, everyone is an  
3459 operator as far as canceling jobs with IPP is concerned. This value SHOULD be supported if the  
3460 implementation permits canceling by other than the owner of the job. Issue 30
- 3461 'job-canceled-at-device': The job was canceled by an unidentified local user, i.e., a user at a console at  
3462 the device. This value SHOULD be supported if the implementation supports canceling jobs at the  
3463 console. Issue 30
- 3464 'aborted-by-system': The job (1) is in the process of being aborted, (2) has been aborted by the system  
3465 and placed in the 'aborted' state, or (3) has been aborted by the system and placed in the 'pending-  
3466 held' state, so that a user or operator can manually try the job again. This value SHOULD be  
3467 supported. Issue 30

- 3468 'unsupported-compression': The job was aborted by the system because the Printer determined while  
3469 attempting to decompress the document-data's that the compression is actually not among those  
3470 supported by the Printer. This value MUST be supported, since "compressions is a REQUIRED  
3471 operation attribute. Issue 6
- 3472 'compression-error': The job was aborted by the system because the Printer encountered an error in the  
3473 document-data while decompressing it. If the Printer posts this reason, the document-data has  
3474 already passed any tests that would have led to the 'unsupported-compression' job-state-reason. Issue  
3475 6
- 3476 'unsupported-document-format': The job was aborted by the system because the document-data's  
3477 document-format is not among those supported by the Printer. If the client specifies the document-  
3478 format as 'application/octet-stream', the printer MAY abort the job and post this reason even though  
3479 the format is a member of the "document-format-supported" printer attribute, but not among the  
3480 auto-sensed document-formats. This value MUST be supported, since "document-format" is a  
3481 REQUIRED operation attribute. Issue 3
- 3482 'document-format-error': The job was aborted by the system because the Printer encountered an error in  
3483 the document-data while processing it. If the Printer posts this reason, the document-data has  
3484 already passed any tests that would have led to the 'unsupported-document-format' job-state-reason.  
3485 Issue 3
- 3486 'processing-to-stop-point': The requester has issued a Cancel-Job operation or the Printer object has  
3487 aborted the job, but is still performing some actions on the job until a specified stop point occurs or  
3488 job termination/cleanup is completed.
- 3489
- 3490 ~~This reason is recommended to be used in conjunction with~~ If the implementation requires some  
3491 measurable time to cancel the job in the 'processing' ~~job-state~~ or 'processing-stopped' job states, the  
3492 IPP object MUST use this value Issue 30 to indicate that the Printer object is still performing some  
3493 actions on the job while the job remains in the 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' state. After all  
3494 the job's job description attributes have stopped incrementing, the Printer object moves the job from  
3495 the 'processing' state to the 'canceled' or 'aborted' job states.
- 3496
- 3497 'service-off-line': The Printer is off-line and accepting no jobs. All 'pending' jobs are put into the  
3498 'pending-held' state. This situation could be true if the service's or document transform's input is  
3499 impaired or broken.
- 3500 'job-completed-successfully': The job completed successfully. This value SHOULD be supported.  
3501 Issue 30
- 3502 'job-completed-with-warnings': The job completed with warnings. This value SHOULD be supported  
3503 if the implementation detects warnings. Issue 30
- 3504 'job-completed-with-errors': The job completed with errors (and possibly warnings too). This value  
3505 SHOULD be supported if the implementation detects errors. Issue 30
- 3506 'job-restartable' - This job is retained (see section 4.3.7.2) and is currently able to be restarted using the  
3507 Restart-Job operation (see section 3.3.7). If 'job-restartable' is a value of the job's 'job-state-reasons'  
3508 attribute, then the IPP object MUST accept a Restart-Job operation for that ~~job.~~  
3509 job. This value SHOULD be supported if the Restart-Job operation is supported. Issue 30
- 3510 'queued-in-device': The job has been forwarded to a device or print system that is unable to send back  
3511 status. The Printer sets the job's "job-state" attribute to 'completed' and adds the 'queued-in-device'

3512 value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute to indicate that the Printer has no additional  
3513 information about the job and never will have any better information. See ~~note in~~ section 4.3.7.1.  
3514 **Issue 14**

#### 3515 4.3.9 job-state-message (text(MAX))

3516 This attribute specifies information about the "job-state" and "job-state-reasons" attributes in human  
3517 readable text. If the Printer object supports this attribute, the Printer object MUST be able to generate this  
3518 message in any of the natural languages identified by the Printer's "generated-natural-language-supported"  
3519 attribute (see the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute specified in Section 3.1.4.1).

3520 ~~Note: the~~The value SHOULD NOT contain additional information not contained in the values of the "job-  
3521 state" and "job-states-reasons" attributes, such as interpreter error information. Otherwise, application  
3522 programs might attempt to parse the (localized text). For such additional information such as interpreter  
3523 errors for application program consumption or specific document access errors, new attributes with  
3524 keyword values, needs to be developed and registered.

#### 3525 4.3.10 job-detailed-status-messages (1setOf text(MAX)) **Issue 35**

3526 This attribute specifies additional detailed and technical information about the job. Neither the Printer nor  
3527 the client localizes the message(s), since they are intended for use by the system administrator or other  
3528 experienced technical persons. Clients MUST NOT attempt to parse the value of this attribute. See "job-  
3529 document-access-errors" (section 4.3.11) for additional errors that a program can process.

#### 3530 4.3.11 job-document-access-errors (1setOf text(MAX)) **Issue 35**

3531 This attribute provides additional information about each document access error for this job encountered by  
3532 the Printer after it returned a response to the Print-URI or Send-URI operation and subsequently attempted  
3533 to access document(s) supplied in the Print-URI or Send-URI operation. For errors in the protocol that is  
3534 identified by the URI scheme in the "document-uri" operation attribute, such as 'http:' or 'ftp:', the error code  
3535 is returned in parentheses, followed by the URI. For example:

3536 (404) http://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/ipp/new\_MOD/ipp-model-v11-990510.pdf

3538 Most Internet protocols use decimal error codes (unlike IPP), so the ASCII error code representation is in  
3539 decimal.

#### 3540 4.3.12 number-of-documents (integer(0:MAX))

3541 This attribute indicates the number of documents in the job, i.e., the number of Send-Document, Send-URI,  
3542 Print-Job, or Print-URI operations that the Printer has accepted for this job, regardless of whether the  
3543 document data has reached the Printer object or not.

3544 Implementations supporting the OPTIONAL Create-Job/Send-Document/Send-URI operations SHOULD  
3545 support this attribute so that clients can query the number of documents in each job.

## 3546 4.3.13 output-device-assigned (name(127))

3547 This attribute identifies the output device to which the Printer object has assigned this job. If an output  
 3548 device implements an embedded Printer object, the Printer object NEED NOT set this attribute. If a print  
 3549 server implements a Printer object, the value MAY be empty (zero-length string) or not returned until the  
 3550 Printer object assigns an output device to the job. This attribute is particularly useful when a single Printer  
 3551 object support multiple devices (so called "fan-out").

3552 4.3.14 Event Time Job Description Attributes **Issue 17**

3553 This section defines the Job Description attributes that indicate the time at which certain events occur for a  
 3554 job. ~~The attribute syntax MUST be either 'integer' or 'dateTime' for any response in which the "version-~~  
 3555 ~~number" parameter is supplied as '1.1', but MUST be an 'integer' for any response in which the "version-~~  
 3556 ~~number"~~ If the job event has not yet occurred, then the IPP object MUST return the 'no-value' out-of-band  
 3557 value (see the beginning of Section 4.1). The "time-at-xxx(integer)" attributes represent time as an 'integer'  
 3558 representing parameter is supplied as '1.0', for compatibility with IPP/1.0 [RFC2566]. See section 3.1.8. the  
 3559 number of seconds since the device was powered up (informally called "time ticks"). The "date-time-at-  
 3560 xxx(dateTime)" attributes represent time as 'dateTime' representing date and time (including an offset from  
 3561 UTC).

3562 In order to populate these ~~Event Time Job Description Attributes, attributes,~~ the Printer object copies  
 3563 ~~either:~~ the value(s) of the following Printer Description attributes at the time the event occurs:

- 3564 1. the value in the Printer's "printer-up-time" attribute for the "time-at-xxx(integer)" attributes
- 3565 ~~1.2. its~~ the value in the Printer's "printer-current-time" attribute for the 'dateTime' value at the time the  
 3566 event occurred if the printer supports the attribute "printer-current-time" and its value is not the out-  
 3567 of-band 'no-value' value; "date-time-at-xxx(dateTime)" attributes.
- 3568 ~~2. the value in its "printer-up-time" attribute for the 'integer' value at the time the event occurred~~  
 3569 ~~otherwise~~

3570 ~~Note: because the time MAY become known to the Printer some time after power-up, a client could~~  
 3571 ~~receive jobs that contain some Event Time Job Description Attributes that use the 'integer' time tick~~  
 3572 ~~representation while the later events use the 'dateTime' date/time representation.~~

3573 ~~If the Printer implementation keeps jobs persistently across power cycles, then an implementation MUST~~  
 3574 ~~reset its "printer-up-time" attribute to 1 on each power up. In addition, an implementation that uses the~~  
 3575 ~~'integer' form MUST change all of its Event Time Job Description attributes for those persistent jobs~~  
 3576 ~~either:~~ If the Printer resets its "printer-up-time" attribute to 1 on power-up (see section 4.4.29) and has  
 3577 persistent jobs, then it MUST change all of jobs' "time-at-xxx(integer)" (time tick) job attributes whose  
 3578 events have occurred either to:

- 3579 1. ~~to~~ 0 to indicate that the event happened before the most recent power up OR
- 3580 2. ~~to~~ the negative of the number of seconds before the most recent power-up that the event took place,  
 3581 though the negative number NEED NOT reflect the exact number of seconds.



3582 If a client queries a "time-at-xxx(integer)" time tick Job attribute and finds the value to be 0 or negative, the  
3583 client MUST assume that the event occurred in some life other than the Printer's current life.

3584 ~~An implementation that uses the 'dateTime' form~~ Note: A Printer does not change the values of any ~~of its~~  
3585 ~~Event Time Job Description Attributes for persistent jobs~~ "date-time-at-xxx(dateTime)" job attributes on  
3586 power-up.

3587 ~~4.3.12.14.3.14.1~~ 4.3.14.1 time-at-creation (integer(MIN:MAX)+~~dateTime~~)

3588 This REQUIRED attribute indicates the time at which the Job object was created.

3589 ~~4.3.12.24.3.14.2~~ 4.3.14.2 time-at-processing (integer(MIN:MAX)+~~dateTime~~)

3590 This REQUIRED attribute indicates the time at which the Job object ~~began processing~~ first began  
3591 processing after the create operation or the most recent Restart-Job operation. The out-of-band 'no-value'  
3592 value is returned if the job has not yet been in the 'processing' state (see the beginning of Section ~~4.1~~ 4.1).  
3593 Issue 17

3594 ~~4.3.12.34.3.14.3~~ 4.3.14.3 time-at-completed (integer(MIN:MAX)+~~dateTime~~)

3595 This REQUIRED attribute indicates the time at which the Job object completed (or was cancelled or  
3596 aborted). The out-of-band 'no-value' value is returned if the job has not yet completed, been canceled, or  
3597 aborted (see the beginning of Section 4.1).

3598 4.3.14.4 job-printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX)) Issue 17

3599 This REQUIRED Job Description attribute indicates the amount of time (in seconds) that the Printer  
3600 implementation has been up and running. This attribute is an alias for the "printer-up-time" Printer  
3601 Description attribute (see Section 4.4.29).

3602 ~~Note:~~ A client MAY request this attribute in a Get-Job-Attributes or Get-Jobs request and use the value  
3603 returned in combination with other requested Event Time Job Description Attributes in order to display  
3604 time attributes to a ~~user when the IPP Printer returns them using the 'integer' attribute syntax~~ user. The  
3605 difference between this attribute and the 'integer' value of a "time-at-xxx" attribute is the number of seconds  
3606 ago that the "time-at-xxx" event occurred. A client can compute the wall-clock time at which the "time-at-  
3607 xxx" event occurred by subtracting this difference from the client's wall-clock time.

3608 4.3.14.5 date-time-at-creation (dateTime) Issue 17

3609 This attribute indicates the date and time at which the Job object was created.

3610 4.3.14.6 date-time-at-processing (dateTime) Issue 17

3611 This attribute indicates the date and time at which the Job object first began processing after the create  
3612 operation or the most recent Restart-Job operation.



3613 4.3.14.7 date-time-at-completed (dateTime) Issue 17

3614 This attribute indicates the date and time at which the Job object completed (or was cancelled or aborted).

3615 4.3.15 number-of-intervening-jobs (integer(0:MAX))

3616 This attribute indicates the number of jobs that are "ahead" of this job in the relative chronological order of  
3617 expected time to complete (i.e., the current scheduled order). For efficiency, it is only necessary to calculate  
3618 this value when an operation is performed that requests this attribute.

3619 4.3.16 job-message-from-operator (text(127))

3620 This attribute provides a message from an operator, system administrator or "intelligent" process to indicate  
3621 to the end user the reasons for modification or other management action taken on a job.

3622 4.3.17 Job Size Attributes

3623 This sub-section defines job attributes that describe the size of the job. These attributes are not intended to  
3624 be counters; they are intended to be useful routing and scheduling information if known. For these  
3625 attributes, the Printer object may try to compute the value if it is not supplied in the create request. Even if  
3626 the client does supply a value for these three attributes in the create request, the Printer object MAY choose  
3627 to change the value if the Printer object is able to compute a value which is more accurate than the client  
3628 supplied value. The Printer object may be able to determine the correct value for these attributes either  
3629 right at job submission time or at any later point in time.

3630 4.3.17.1 job-k-octets (integer(0:MAX))

3631 This attribute specifies the total size of the document(s) in K octets, i.e., in units of 1024 octets requested to  
3632 be processed in the job. The value MUST be rounded up, so that a job between 1 and 1024 octets MUST  
3633 be indicated as being 1, 1025 to 2048 MUST be 2, etc.

3634 This value MUST NOT include the multiplicative factors contributed by the number of copies specified by  
3635 the "copies" attribute, independent of whether the device can process multiple copies without making  
3636 multiple passes over the job or document data and independent of whether the output is collated or not.  
3637 Thus the value is independent of the implementation and indicates the size of the document(s) measured in  
3638 K octets independent of the number of copies.

3639 This value MUST also not include the multiplicative factor due to a copies instruction embedded in the  
3640 document data. If the document data actually includes replications of the document data, this value will  
3641 include such replication. In other words, this value is always the size of the source document data, rather  
3642 than a measure of the hardcopy output to be produced.

## 3643 4.3.17.2 job-impressions (integer(0:MAX))

3644 This attribute specifies the total size in number of impressions of the document(s) being submitted (see the  
3645 definition of impression in section 12.2.5).

3646 As with "job-k-octets", this value **MUST NOT** include the multiplicative factors contributed by the number  
3647 of copies specified by the "copies" attribute, independent of whether the device can process multiple copies  
3648 without making multiple passes over the job or document data and independent of whether the output is  
3649 collated or not. Thus the value is independent of the implementation and reflects the size of the  
3650 document(s) measured in impressions independent of the number of copies.

3651 As with "job-k-octets", this value **MUST** also not include the multiplicative factor due to a copies  
3652 instruction embedded in the document data. If the document data actually includes replications of the  
3653 document data, this value will include such replication. In other words, this value is always the number of  
3654 impressions in the source document data, rather than a measure of the number of impressions to be  
3655 produced by the job.

## 3656 4.3.17.3 job-media-sheets (integer(0:MAX))

3657 This attribute specifies the total number of media sheets to be produced for this job.

3658 Unlike the "job-k-octets" and the "job-impressions" attributes, this value **MUST** include the multiplicative  
3659 factors contributed by the number of copies specified by the "copies" attribute and a 'number of copies'  
3660 instruction embedded in the document data, if any. This difference allows the system administrator to  
3661 control the lower and upper bounds of both (1) the size of the document(s) with "job-k-octets-supported"  
3662 and "job-impressions-supported" and (2) the size of the job with "job-media-sheets-supported".

## 3663 4.3.18 Job Progress Attributes

3664 This sub-section defines job attributes that describe the progress of the job. These attributes are intended to  
3665 be counters. That is, the value for a job that has not started processing **MUST** be 0. When the job's "job-  
3666 state" is 'processing' or 'processing-stopped', this value is intended to contain the amount of the job that has  
3667 been processed to the time at which the attributes are requested. When the job enters the 'completed',  
3668 'canceled', or 'aborted' states, these values are the final values for the job.

## 3669 4.3.18.1 job-k-octets-processed (integer(0:MAX))

3670 This attribute specifies the total number of octets processed in K octets, i.e., in units of 1024 octets so far.  
3671 The value **MUST** be rounded up, so that a job between 1 and 1024 octets inclusive **MUST** be indicated as  
3672 being 1, 1025 to 2048 inclusive **MUST** be 2, etc.

3673 For implementations where multiple copies are produced by the interpreter with only a single pass over the  
3674 data, the final value **MUST** be equal to the value of the "job-k-octets" attribute. For implementations where  
3675 multiple copies are produced by the interpreter by processing the data for each copy, the final value **MUST**  
3676 be a multiple of the value of the "job-k-octets" attribute.

## 3677 4.3.18.2 job-impressions-completed (integer(0:MAX))

3678 This job attribute specifies the number of impressions completed for the job so far. For printing devices,  
3679 the impressions completed includes interpreting, marking, and stacking the output.

## 3680 4.3.18.3 job-media-sheets-completed (integer(0:MAX))

3681 This job attribute specifies the media-sheets completed marking and stacking for the entire job so far  
3682 whether those sheets have been processed on one side or on both.

## 3683 4.3.19 attributes-charset (charset)

3684 This REQUIRED attribute is populated using the value in the client supplied "attributes-charset" attribute in  
3685 the create request. It identifies the charset (coded character set and encoding method) used by any Job  
3686 attributes with attribute syntax 'text' and 'name' that were supplied by the client in the create request. See  
3687 Section 3.1.4 for a complete description of the "attributes-charset" operation attribute.

3688 This attribute does not indicate the charset in which the 'text' and 'name' values are stored internally in the  
3689 Job object. The internal charset is implementation-defined. The IPP object MUST convert from whatever  
3690 the internal charset is to that being requested in an operation as specified in Section 3.1.4.

## 3691 4.3.20 attributes-natural-language (naturalLanguage)

3692 This REQUIRED attribute is populated using the value in the client supplied "attributes-natural-language"  
3693 attribute in the create request. It identifies the natural language used for any Job attributes with attribute  
3694 syntax 'text' and 'name' that were supplied by the client in the create request. See Section 3.1.4 for a  
3695 complete description of the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute. See Sections 4.1.1.2 and  
3696 4.1.2.2 for how a Natural Language Override may be supplied explicitly for each 'text' and 'name' attribute  
3697 value that differs from the value identified by the "attributes-natural-language" attribute.

## 3698 4.4 Printer Description Attributes

3699 These attributes form the attribute group called "printer-description". The following table summarizes  
3700 these attributes, their syntax, and whether or not they are REQUIRED for a Printer object to support. If  
3701 they are not indicated as REQUIRED, they are OPTIONAL. The maximum size in octets for 'text' and  
3702 'name' attributes is indicated in parentheses.

3703 Note: How these attributes are set by an Administrator is outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document.

3704	+			+-
3705	-----+			
3706	Attribute	Syntax	REQUIRED?	
3707	+-----+			+-
3708	-----+			
3709	printer-uri-supported	1setOf uri	REQUIRED	
3710	+-----+			+-
3711	-----+			
3712	uri-security-supported	1setOf type2 keyword	REQUIRED	
3713	+-----+			+-
3714	-----+			
3715	<del>uri-authentication-supported</del>	<del>uri-authentication-</del>	1setOf type2	
3716	keyword	REQUIRED		
3717	supported			
3718	+-----+			
3719	printer-name	name (127)	REQUIRED	
3720	+-----+			
3721	printer-location	text (127)		
3722	+-----+			
3723	printer-info	text (127)		
3724	+-----+			
3725	printer-more-info	uri		
3726	+-----+			
3727	printer-driver-installer	uri		
3728	+-----+			
3729	printer-make-and-model	text (127)		
3730	+-----+			
3731	printer-more-info-	uri		
3732	manufacturer			
3733	+-----+			
3734	printer-state	type1 enum	REQUIRED	
3735	+-----+			
3736	printer-state-reasons	1setOf type2 keyword	REQUIRED	
3737	+-----+			
3738	printer-state-message	text (MAX)		
3739	+-----+			
3740	ipp-versions-supported	1setOf type2 keyword	REQUIRED	
3741	+-----+			
3742	operations-supported	1setOf type2 enum	REQUIRED	
3743	+-----+			
3744	ipp-multiple-document-jobs-	boolean		
3745	supported			
3746	+-----+			
3747	charset-configured	charset	REQUIRED	
3748	+-----+			
3749	charset-supported	1setOf charset	REQUIRED	
3750	+-----+			
3751	natural-language-configured	naturalLanguage	REQUIRED	
3752	+-----+			
3753	generated-natural-language-	1setOf naturalLanguage	REQUIRED	

3754	supported			
3755	+-----+-----+-----+			
3756	document-format-default	mimeType	REQUIRED	
3757	+-----+-----+-----+			
3758	document-format-supported	1setOf mimeType	REQUIRED	
3759	+-----+-----+-----+			
3760	printer-is-accepting-jobs	boolean	REQUIRED	
3761	+-----+-----+-----+			
3762	queued-job-count	integer (0:MAX)	REQUIRED	
3763	+-----+-----+-----+			
3764	printer-message-from-	text (127)		
3765	operator			
3766	+-----+-----+-----+			
3767	color-supported	boolean		
3768	+-----+-----+-----+			
3769	reference-uri-schemes-	1setOf uriScheme		
3770	supported			
3771	+-----+-----+-----+			
3772	pdl-override-supported	type2 keyword	REQUIRED	
3773	+-----+-----+-----+			
3774	printer-up-time	integer (1:MAX)	REQUIRED	
3775	+-----+-----+-----+			
3776	printer-current-time	dateTime		
3777	+-----+-----+-----+			
3778	multiple-operation-time-out	integer (1:MAX)		
3779	+-----+-----+-----+			
3780	compression-supported	1setOf type3 keyword	REQUIRED	
3781	+-----+-----+-----+			
3782	job-k-octets-supported	rangeOfInteger (0:MAX)		
3783	+-----+-----+-----+			
3784	job-impressions-supported	rangeOfInteger (0:MAX)		
3785	+-----+-----+-----+			
3786	job-media-sheets-supported	rangeOfInteger (0:MAX)		
3787	+-----+-----+-----+			
3788	pages-per-minute	integer(0:MAX)		
3789	+-----+-----+-----+			
3790	pages-per-minute-color	integer(0:MAX)		
3791	+-----+-----+-----+			
3792				

#### 3793 4.4.1 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri)

3794 This REQUIRED Printer attribute contains at least one URI for the Printer object. It OPTIONALLY  
 3795 contains more than one URI for the Printer object. An administrator determines a Printer object's URI(s)  
 3796 and configures this attribute to contain those URIs by some means outside the scope of this IPP/1.1  
 3797 document. The precise format of this URI is implementation dependent and depends on the protocol. See  
 3798 the next two sections for a description of the "uri-security-supported" and "uri-authentication-supported"  
 3799 attributes, both of which are the REQUIRED companion attributes to this "printer-uri-supported" attribute.  
 3800 See section 2.4 on Printer object identity and section 8.2 on security and URIs for more information.

3801 4.4.2 uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) **Issue 2**

3802 This REQUIRED Printer attribute MUST have the same cardinality (contain the same number of values) as  
3803 the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. This attribute identifies the Client Authentication mechanism  
3804 associated with each URI listed in the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. The Printer object uses the specified  
3805 mechanism to identify the authenticated user (see section 8.3) . The "i th" value in "uri-authentication-  
3806 supported" corresponds to the "i th" value in "printer-uri-supported" and it describes the authentication  
3807 mechanisms used by the Printer when accessed via that URI. See [IPP-PRO] for more details on Client  
3808 Authentication.

3809 The following standard keyword values are defined:

- 3810 'none': There is no authentication mechanism associated with the URI. The Printer object assumes that  
3811 the authenticated user is "anonymous".
- 3812 'requesting-user-name': When a client performs an operation whose target is the associated URI, the  
3813 Printer object assumes that the authenticated user is specified by the "requesting-user-name"  
3814 Operation attribute (see section 8.3). If the "requesting-user-name" attribute is absent in a request,  
3815 the Printer object assumes that the authenticated user is "anonymous".
- 3816 'basic': When a client performs an operation whose target is the associated URI, the Printer object  
3817 challenges the client with HTTP basic authentication. The Printer object assumes that the  
3818 authenticated user is the name received via the basic authentication mechanism.
- 3819 'digest': When a client performs an operation whose target is the associated URI, the Printer object  
3820 challenges the client with HTTP digest authentication. The Printer object assumes that the  
3821 authenticated user is the name received via the digest authentication mechanism.
- 3822 'certificate': When a client performs an operation whose target is the associated URI, the Printer object  
3823 expects the client to provide a certificate. The Printer object assumes that the authenticated user is  
3824 the textual name contained within the certificate.

## 3825 4.4.3 uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)

3826 This REQUIRED Printer attribute MUST have the same cardinality (contain the same number of values) as  
3827 the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. This attribute identifies the security mechanisms used for each URI  
3828 listed in the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. The "i th" value in "uri-security-supported" corresponds to  
3829 the "i th" value in "printer-uri-supported" and it describes the security mechanisms used for accessing the  
3830 Printer object via that URI. See [IPP-PRO] for more details on security mechanisms.

3831 The following standard keyword values are defined:

- 3832 'none': There are no secure communication channel protocols in use for the given URI.
- 3833 'ssl3': SSL3 [SSL] is the secure communications channel protocol in use for the given URI.
- 3834 'tls': TLS [RFC2246] is the secure communications channel protocol in use for the given URI.

3836 This attribute is orthogonal to the [specification definition](#) of a Client Authentication mechanism.  
3837 Specifically, 'none' does not exclude Client Authentication. See section 4.4.2. **Issue 21**

3838 Consider the following example. For a single Printer object, an administrator configures the "printer-uri-  
3839 supported", "uri-authentication-supported" and "uri-security-supported" attributes as follows:



3840 "printer-uri-supported": 'xxx://acme.com/open-use-printer', 'xxx://acme.com/restricted-use-printer',  
3841 'xxx://acme.com/private-printer'  
3842 "uri-authentication-supported": 'none', 'digest', 'basic'  
3843 "uri-security-supported": 'none', 'none', 'tls'  
3844

3845 Note: 'xxx' is not a valid scheme. See the IPP/1.1 "Transport and Encoding" [specification document](#) [IPP-  
3846 PRO] for the actual URI schemes to be used in object target attributes.

3847 In this case, one Printer object has three URIs.

- 3848 - For the first URI, 'xxx://acme.com/open-use-printer', the value 'none' in "uri-security-supported"  
3849 indicates that there is no secure channel protocol configured to run under HTTP. The value of 'none'  
3850 in "uri-authentication-supported" indicates that all users are 'anonymous'. There will be no  
3851 challenge and the Printer will ignore "requesting-user-name".
- 3852 - For the second URI, 'xxx://acme.com/restricted-use-printer', the value 'none' in "uri-security-  
3853 supported" indicates that there is no secure channel protocol configured to run under HTTP. The  
3854 value of 'digest' in "uri-authentication-supported" indicates that the Printer will issue a challenge and  
3855 that the Printer will use the name supplied by the digest mechanism to determine the authenticated  
3856 user (see section 8.3).
- 3857 - For the third URI, 'xxx://acme.com/private-printer', the value 'tls' in "uri-security-supported" indicates  
3858 that TLS is being used to secure the channel. The client SHOULD be prepared to use TLS framing  
3859 to negotiate an acceptable ciphersuite to use while communicating with the Printer object. In this  
3860 case, the name implies the use of a secure communications channel, but the fact is made explicit by  
3861 the presence of the 'tls' value in "uri-security-supported". The client does not need to resort to  
3862 understanding which security it must use by following naming conventions or by parsing the URI to  
3863 determine which security mechanisms are implied. The value of 'basic' in "uri-authentication-  
3864 supported" indicates that the Printer will issue a challenge and that the Printer will use the name  
3865 supplied by the digest mechanism to determine the authenticated user (see section 8.3) . Because  
3866 this challenge occurs in a tls session, the channel is secure.  
3867

3868 It is expected that many IPP Printer objects will be configured to support only one channel (either  
3869 configured to use TLS access or not) and only one authentication mechanism. Such Printer objects only  
3870 have one URI listed in the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. No matter the configuration of the Printer  
3871 object (whether it has only one URI or more than one URI), a client MUST supply only one URI in the  
3872 target "printer-uri" operation attribute.

#### 3873 4.4.4 printer-name (name(127))

3874 This REQUIRED Printer attribute contains the name of the Printer object. It is a name that is more end-  
3875 user friendly than a URI. An administrator determines a printer's name and sets this attribute to that name.  
3876 This name may be the last part of the printer's URI or it may be unrelated. In non-US-English locales, a  
3877 name may contain characters that are not allowed in a URI.

## 3878 4.4.5 printer-location (text(127))

3879 This Printer attribute identifies the location of the device. This could include things like: "in Room 123A,  
3880 second floor of building XYZ".

## 3881 4.4.6 printer-info (text(127))

3882 This Printer attribute identifies the descriptive information about this Printer object. This could include  
3883 things like: "This printer can be used for printing color transparencies for HR presentations", or "Out of  
3884 courtesy for others, please print only small (1-5 page) jobs at this printer", or even "This printer is going  
3885 away on July 1, 1997, please find a new printer".

## 3886 4.4.7 printer-more-info (uri)

3887 This Printer attribute contains a URI used to obtain more information about this specific Printer object. For  
3888 example, this could be an HTTP type URI referencing an HTML page accessible to a Web Browser. The  
3889 information obtained from this URI is intended for end user consumption. Features outside the scope of IPP  
3890 can be accessed from this URI. The information is intended to be specific to this printer instance and site  
3891 specific services (e.g. job pricing, services offered, end user assistance). The device manufacturer may  
3892 initially populate this attribute.

## 3893 4.4.8 printer-driver-installer (uri)

3894 This Printer attribute contains a URI to use to locate the driver installer for this Printer object. This  
3895 attribute is intended for consumption by automata. The mechanics of print driver installation is outside the  
3896 scope of this IPP/1.1 document. The device manufacturer may initially populate this attribute.

## 3897 4.4.9 printer-make-and-model (text(127))

3898 This Printer attribute identifies the make and model of the device. The device manufacturer may initially  
3899 populate this attribute.

## 3900 4.4.10 printer-more-info-manufacturer (uri)

3901 This Printer attribute contains a URI used to obtain more information about this type of device. The  
3902 information obtained from this URI is intended for end user consumption. Features outside the scope of  
3903 IPP can be accessed from this URI (e.g., latest firmware, upgrades, print drivers, optional features available,  
3904 details on color support). The information is intended to be germane to this printer without regard to site  
3905 specific modifications or services. The device manufacturer may initially populate this attribute.

## 3906 4.4.11 printer-state (type1 enum)

3907 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the current state of the device. The "printer-state reasons"  
3908 attribute augments the "printer-state" attribute to give more detailed information about the Printer in the  
3909 given printer state.

3910 A Printer object need only update this attribute before responding to an operation which requests the  
 3911 attribute; the Printer object NEED NOT update this attribute continually, since asynchronous event  
 3912 notification is not part of IPP/1.1. A Printer NEED NOT implement all values if they are not applicable to  
 3913 a given implementation.

3914 The following standard enum values are defined:

3915 Value Symbolic Name and Description

3916  
 3917 '3' 'idle': ~~If a Printer receives a job (whose required resources are ready) while in this state, such~~  
 3918 ~~a job MUST transit into the 'processing' state immediately. If the "printer state-~~  
 3919 ~~reasons" attribute contains any reasons, they MUST be reasons that would not~~  
 3920 ~~prevent a job from transiting into the 'processing' state immediately, e.g., 'toner low'.~~

3921  
 3922 ~~If a Printer can interpret one or more jobs while marking a job, then it is idle if it is~~  
 3923 ~~available to interpret jobs even while marking a job. Issue 31~~

3924  
 3925 ~~If a Printer controls more than one output device, the above definition implies that a~~  
 3926 ~~Printer is 'idle' if at least one output device is idle, i.e., the IPP Printer is available to~~  
 3927 ~~immediately start processing a job if a client submitted it.~~

3928  
 3929 '4' ~~'processing': If a Printer receives a job (whose required resources are ready) while in this~~  
 3930 ~~state, such a job MUST transit into the 'pending' state immediately. Such a job~~  
 3931 ~~MUST transit into the 'processing' state only after jobs ahead of it complete. If the~~  
 3932 ~~"printer state reasons" attribute contains any reasons, they MUST be reasons that do~~  
 3933 ~~not prevent the current job from printing, e.g. 'toner low'.~~

3934  
 3935 ~~If a Printer can interpret one or more jobs while marking a job and receives a job~~  
 3936 ~~(whose required resources are ready) while in this state, such a received job MAY~~  
 3937 ~~transit into the 'processing' state along with the job that is being marked, if any. Issue~~  
 3938 ~~31~~

3939  
 3940 ~~If a Printer controls more than one output device, the above definition implies that a~~  
 3941 ~~Printer is 'processing' if at least one output device is processing, and none is idle.~~

3942  
 3943 '5' ~~'stopped': If a Printer receives a job (whose required resources are ready) while in this state,~~  
 3944 ~~such a job MUST transit into the 'pending' state immediately. Such a job MUST~~  
 3945 ~~transit into the 'processing' state only after some human fixes the problem that~~  
 3946 ~~stopped the printer and after jobs ahead of it complete processing. Issue 30 The~~  
 3947 ~~"printer state reasons" attribute MUST contain at least one reason, e.g. 'media jam',~~  
 3948 ~~which prevents it from either processing the current job or transitioning a 'pending'~~  
 3949 ~~job to the 'processing' state.~~

3950  
 3951 ~~If a Printer can interpret one or more jobs while marking a job and receives a job (whose required~~  
 3952 ~~resources are ready) while in this state, such a submitted job MAY transit into the~~  
 3953 ~~'processing' state in order to be interpreted even while the Printer is in the 'stopped'~~

3954 ~~state. However, before such a job can be completed, a human needs to fix the~~  
 3955 ~~problem. Issue 31~~

3956  
 3957 ~~If a Printer controls more than one output device, the above definition implies that a~~  
 3958 ~~Printer is 'stopped' only if all output devices are stopped.~~

3959  
 3960 ~~Note: it is tempting to define 'stopped' as when a sufficient number of output devices~~  
 3961 ~~are stopped and leave it to an implementation to define the sufficient number. But~~  
 3962 ~~such a rule complicates the definition of 'stopped' and 'processing'. For example, with~~  
 3963 ~~this alternate definition of 'stopped', a job can move from 'pending' to 'processing'~~  
 3964 ~~without human intervention, even though the Printer is stopped. Indicates that new~~  
 3965 ~~jobs can start processing without waiting. Issue 31~~

3966 '4' 'processing': Indicates that jobs are processing; new jobs will wait before processing. Issue  
 3967 31  
 3968 '5' 'stopped': Indicates that no jobs can be processed and intervention is  
 3969 required. Issue 31

3970 Values of "printer-state-reasons", such as 'spool-area-full' and 'stopped-partly', MAY be used to provide  
 3971 further information. Issue 31

#### 3972 4.4.12 printer-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword)

3973 This REQUIRED Printer attribute supplies additional detail about the device's state. Some of the these  
 3974 value definitions indicate conformance requirements; the rest are OPTIONAL. Issue 30

3975 Each keyword value MAY have a suffix to indicate its level of severity. The three levels are: report (least  
 3976 severe), warning, and error (most severe).

- 3977 - 'report': This suffix indicates that the reason is a "report". An implementation may choose to omit  
 3978 some or all reports. Some reports specify finer granularity about the printer state; others serve as a  
 3979 precursor to a warning. A report MUST contain nothing that could affect the printed output.
- 3980 - 'warning': This suffix indicates that the reason is a "warning". An implementation may choose to omit  
 3981 some or all warnings. Warnings serve as a precursor to an error. A warning MUST contain nothing  
 3982 that prevents a job from completing, though in some cases the output may be of lower quality.
- 3983 - 'error': This suffix indicates that the reason is an "error". An implementation MUST include all  
 3984 errors. If this attribute contains one or more errors, printer MUST be in the stopped state.  
 3985

3986 If the implementation does not add any one of the three suffixes, all parties MUST assume that the reason is  
 3987 an "error".

3988 If a Printer object controls more than one output device, each value of this attribute MAY apply to one or  
 3989 more of the output devices. An error on one output device that does not stop the Printer object as a whole  
 3990 MAY appear as a warning in the Printer's "printer-state-reasons attribute". If the "printer-state" for such a  
 3991 Printer has a value of 'stopped', then there MUST be an error reason among the values in the "printer-state-  
 3992 reasons" attribute.

3993 The following standard keyword values are defined:

3994 'other': The device has detected an error other than one listed in this document.

3995 'none': There are not reasons. This state reason is semantically equivalent to "printer-state-reasons"  
3996 without any value and MUST be used, since the lsetOf attribute syntax requires at least one value.

3997 'media-needed': A tray has run out of media.

3998 'media-jam': The device has a media jam.

3999 'moving-to-paused': Someone has paused the Printer object using the Pause-Printer operation (see  
4000 section 3.2.7) or other means, but the device(s) are taking an appreciable time to stop. Later, when  
4001 all output has stopped, the "printer-state" becomes 'stopped', and the 'paused' value replaces the  
4002 'moving-to-paused' value in the "printer-state-reasons" attribute. This value MUST be supported, if  
4003 the Pause-Printer operation is supported and the implementation takes significant time to pause a  
4004 device in certain circumstances. Issue 30

4005 'paused': Someone has paused the Printer object using the Pause-Printer operation (see section 3.2.7) or  
4006 other means and the Printer object's "printer-state" is 'stopped'. In this state, a Printer MUST NOT  
4007 produce printed output, but it MUST perform other operations requested by a client. If a Printer had  
4008 been printing a job when the Printer was paused, the Printer MUST resume printing that job when  
4009 the Printer is no longer paused and leave no evidence in the printed output of such a pause. This  
4010 value MUST be supported, if the Pause-Printer operation is supported. Issue 30

4011 'shutdown': Someone has removed a Printer object from service, and the device may be powered down  
4012 or physically removed. In this state, a Printer object MUST NOT produce printed output, and unless  
4013 the Printer object is realized by a print server that is still active, the Printer object MUST perform no  
4014 other operations requested by a client, including returning this value. If a Printer object had been  
4015 printing a job when it was shutdown, the Printer NEED NOT resume printing that job when the  
4016 Printer is no longer shutdown. If the Printer resumes printing such a job, it may leave evidence in  
4017 the printed output of such a shutdown, e.g. the part printed before the shutdown may be printed a  
4018 second time after the shutdown.

4019 'connecting-to-device': The Printer object has scheduled a job on the output device and is in the process  
4020 of connecting to a shared network output device (and might not be able to actually start printing the  
4021 job for an arbitrarily long time depending on the usage of the output device by other servers on the  
4022 network).

4023 'timed-out': The server was able to connect to the output device (or is always connected), but was unable  
4024 to get a response from the output device.

4025 'stopping': The Printer object is in the process of stopping the device and will be stopped in a while.  
4026 When the device is stopped, the Printer object will change the Printer object's state to 'stopped'. The  
4027 'stopping-warning' reason is never an error, even for a Printer with a single output device. When an  
4028 output-device ceases accepting jobs, the Printer will have this reason while the output device  
4029 completes printing.

4030 'stopped-partly': When a Printer object controls more than one output device, this reason indicates that  
4031 one or more output devices are stopped. If the reason is a report, fewer than half of the output  
4032 devices are stopped. If the reason is a warning, fewer than all of the output devices are stopped.

4033 'toner-low': The device is low on toner.

4034 'toner-empty': The device is out of toner.

4035 'spool-area-full': The limit of persistent storage allocated for spooling has been ~~reached~~.  
4036 reached. The Printer is temporarily unable to accept more jobs. The Printer will remove this value  
4037 when it is able to accept more jobs. This value SHOULD be used by a non-spooling Printer that

4038 only accepts one or a small number jobs at a time or a spooling Printer that has filled the spool  
4039 space. Issue 20 Issue 30 and Issue 31

4040 'cover-open': One or more covers on the device are open.  
4041 'interlock-open': One or more interlock devices on the printer are unlocked.  
4042 'door-open': One or more doors on the device are open.  
4043 'input-tray-missing': One or more input trays are not in the device.  
4044 'media-low': At least one input tray is low on media.  
4045 'media-empty': At least one input tray is empty.  
4046 'output-tray-missing': One or more output trays are not in the device  
4047 'output-area-almost-full': One or more output area is almost full (e.g. tray, stacker, collator).  
4048 'output-area-full': One or more output area is full. (e.g. tray, stacker, collator)  
4049 'marker-supply-low': The device is low on at least one marker supply. (e.g. toner, ink, ribbon)  
4050 'marker-supply-empty': The device is out of at least one marker supply. (e.g. toner, ink, ribbon)  
4051 'marker-waste-almost-full': The device marker supply waste receptacle is almost full.  
4052 'marker-waste-full': The device marker supply waste receptacle is full.  
4053 'fuser-over-temp': The fuser temperature is above normal.  
4054 'fuser-under-temp': The fuser temperature is below normal.  
4055 'opc-near-eol': The optical photo conductor is near end of life.  
4056 'opc-life-over': The optical photo conductor is no longer functioning.  
4057 'developer-low': The device is low on developer.  
4058 'developer-empty': The device is out of developer.  
4059 'interpreter-resource-unavailable': An interpreter resource is unavailable (i.e. font, form)  
4060

#### 4061 4.4.13 printer-state-message (text(MAX))

4062 This Printer attribute specifies the additional information about the printer state and printer state reasons in  
4063 human readable text. If the Printer object supports this attribute, the Printer object MUST be able to  
4064 generate this message in any of the natural languages identified by the Printer's "generated-natural-  
4065 language-supported" attribute (see the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute specified in Section  
4066 3.1.4.1).

#### 4067 4.4.14 ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) Issue 36

4068 This REQUIRED attribute identifies the IPP protocol ~~versions~~version(s) that this Printer supports,  
4069 including major and minor versions, i.e., the ~~values of the "version-number" parameter that it will accept in~~  
4070 ~~requests and return in responses. If an IPP Printer receives a request with the "version-number" parameter~~  
4071 ~~set to a (two-octet binary) value that~~version numbers for which this Printer implementation meets the  
4072 conformance requirements. For version number validation, the Printer matches the (two-octet binary)  
4073 "version-number" does not correspond to one of the values of this (US-ASCII) keyword, it MUST reject the  
4074 request and return the 'server-error-version-not-supported' status code. See Section 3.1.8:parameter  
4075 supplied by the client in each request (see sections 3.1.1 and 3.1.8) with the (US-ASCII) keyword values of  
4076 this attribute.

4077 The following standard keyword values are defined:



4078 '1.0': ~~Version~~Meets the conformance requirement of IPP version 1.0 as specified in RFC 2566  
 4079 [RFC2566] and RFC 2565 [RFC2565] including any extensions registered according to Section ~~66~~  
 4080 and any extension defined in this version or any future version of the IPP "Model and Semantics"  
 4081 document or the IPP "Encoding and ~~this~~ Transport" document following the rules, if any, when the  
 4082 "version-number" parameter is ~~'1.0', if any. For an example of such a '1.0'.~~'1.0'.  
 4083 ~~rule, see section 4.3.12.~~  
 4084 '1.1': ~~Version~~Meets the conformance requirement of IPP version 1.1 as specified in this document and  
 4085 [IPP-PRO] including any extensions registered according to Section ~~6 or 6~~ and any extension defined  
 4086 in any future ~~version of this~~versions of the IPP "Model and Semantics" document or the IPP  
 4087 Encoding and Transport document following the rules, ~~rules~~ if any, when the "version-number"  
 4088 parameter is '1.1', ~~if any.~~

#### 4089 4.4.15 operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum)

4090 This REQUIRED Printer attribute specifies the set of supported operations for this Printer object and  
 4091 contained Job objects.

4092 ~~Note:~~ This attribute is encoded as any other enum attribute syntax according to [IPP-PRO] as 32-bits.  
 4093 However, all 32-bit enum values for this attribute MUST NOT exceed 0x00008FFF, since these same  
 4094 values are also passed in two octets in the "operation-id" parameter (see section 3.1.1) in each Protocol  
 4095 request with the two high order octets omitted in order to indicate the operation being performed [IPP-  
 4096 PRO].

4097 The following standard enum and "operation-id" (see section 3.1.2) values are defined:

4098 Value	Operation Name
4099 -----	-----
4100	
4101 0x0000	reserved, not used
4102 0x0001	reserved, not used
4103 0x0002	Print-Job
4104 0x0003	Print-URI
4105 0x0004	Validate-Job
4106 0x0005	Create-Job
4107 0x0006	Send-Document
4108 0x0007	Send-URI
4109 0x0008	Cancel-Job
4110 0x0009	Get-Job-Attributes
4111 0x000A	Get-Jobs
4112 0x000B	Get-Printer-Attributes
4113 0x000C	Hold-Job
4114 0x000D	Release-Job
4115 0x000E	Restart-Job
4116 0x000F	reserved for a future operation
4117 0x0010	Pause-Printer
4118 0x0011	Resume-Printer

4119        0x0012                    Purge-Jobs  
4120        0x00013-0x3FFF        reserved for future operations  
4121        0x4000-0x8FFF        reserved for private extensions  
4122

4123        The reserved block for private extensions allows for vendors to implement private extensions that are  
4124        guaranteed to not conflict with future registered extensions. However, there is no guarantee that two or  
4125        more private extensions will not conflict.

#### 4126        4.4.16 multiple-document-jobs-supported (boolean) **Issue 34**

4127        This Printer attribute indicates whether or not the Printer supports more than one document per job, i.e.,  
4128        more than one Send-Document or Send-Data operation with document data. If the Printer supports the  
4129        Create-Job and Send-Document operations (see section 3.2.4 and 3.3.1), it **MUST** support this attribute.

#### 4130        4.4.17 charset-configured (charset)

4131        This **REQUIRED** Printer attribute identifies the charset that the Printer object has been configured to  
4132        represent 'text' and 'name' Printer attributes that are set by the operator, system administrator, or  
4133        manufacturer, i.e., for "printer-name" (name), "printer-location" (text), "printer-info" (text), and "printer-  
4134        make-and-model" (text). Therefore, the value of the Printer object's "charset-configured" attribute **MUST**  
4135        also be among the values of the Printer object's "charset-supported" attribute.

#### 4136        4.4.18 charset-supported (1setOf charset)

4137        This **REQUIRED** Printer attribute identifies the set of charsets that the Printer and contained Job objects  
4138        support in attributes with attribute syntax 'text' and 'name'. At least the value 'utf-8' **MUST** be present, since  
4139        IPP objects **MUST** support the UTF-8 [RFC2279] charset. If a Printer object supports a charset, it means  
4140        that for all attributes of syntax 'text' and 'name' the IPP object **MUST** (1) accept the charset in requests and  
4141        return the charset in responses as needed.

4142        If more charsets than UTF-8 are supported, the IPP object **MUST** perform charset conversion between the  
4143        charsets as described in Section 3.1.4.2.

#### 4144        4.4.19 natural-language-configured (naturalLanguage)

4145        This **REQUIRED** Printer attribute identifies the natural language that the Printer object has been configured  
4146        to represent 'text' and 'name' Printer attributes that are set by the operator, system administrator, or  
4147        manufacturer, i.e., for "printer-name" (name), "printer-location" (text), "printer-info" (text), and "printer-  
4148        make-and-model" (text). When returning these Printer attributes, the Printer object **MAY** return them in the  
4149        configured natural language specified by this attribute, instead of the natural language requested by the  
4150        client in the "attributes-natural-language" operation attribute. See Section 3.1.4.1 for the specification of  
4151        the **OPTIONAL** multiple natural language support. Therefore, the value of the Printer object's "natural-  
4152        language-configured" attribute **MUST** also be among the values of the Printer object's "generated-natural-  
4153        language-supported" attribute.

## 4154 4.4.20 generated-natural-language-supported (1setOf naturalLanguage)

4155 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the natural language(s) that the Printer object and contained  
4156 Job objects support in attributes with attribute syntax 'text' and 'name'. The natural language(s) supported  
4157 depends on implementation and/or configuration. Unlike charsets, IPP objects MUST accept requests with  
4158 any natural language or any Natural Language Override whether the natural language is supported or not.

4159 If a Printer object supports a natural language, it means that for any of the attributes for which the Printer or  
4160 Job object generates messages, i.e., for the "job-state-message" and "printer-state-message" attributes and  
4161 Operation Messages (see Section 3.1.5) in operation responses, the Printer and Job objects MUST be able  
4162 to generate messages in any of the Printer's supported natural languages. See section 3.1.4 for the  
4163 [specification definition](#) of 'text' and 'name' attributes in operation requests and responses.

4164 Note: A Printer object that supports multiple natural languages, often has separate catalogs of messages,  
4165 one for each natural language supported.

## 4166 4.4.21 document-format-default (mimeMediaType)

4167 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the document format that the Printer object has been  
4168 configured to assume if the client does not supply a "document-format" operation attribute in any of the  
4169 operation requests that supply document data. The standard values for this attribute are Internet Media  
4170 types (sometimes called MIME types). For further details see the description of the 'mimeMediaType'  
4171 attribute syntax in Section 4.1.9.

## 4172 4.4.22 document-format-supported (1setOf mimeMediaType)

4173 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the set of document formats that the Printer object and  
4174 contained Job objects can support. For further details see the description of the 'mimeMediaType' attribute  
4175 syntax in Section 4.1.9.

## 4176 4.4.23 printer-is-accepting-jobs (boolean)

4177 This REQUIRED Printer attribute indicates whether the printer is currently able to accept jobs, i.e., is  
4178 accepting Print-Job, Print-URI, and Create-Job requests. If the value is 'true', the printer is accepting jobs.  
4179 If the value is 'false', the Printer object is currently rejecting any jobs submitted to it. In this case, the  
4180 Printer object returns the 'server-error-not-accepting-jobs' status code.

4181 ~~Note:~~ This value is independent of the "printer-state" and "printer-state-reasons" attributes because its value  
4182 does not affect the current job; rather it affects future jobs. This [attribute may cause attribute, when 'false',](#)  
4183 [causes](#) the Printer to reject jobs [even](#) when the "printer-state" is 'idle' [or it may cause or, when 'true', causes](#)  
4184 the Printer object to accepts jobs [even](#) when the "printer-state" is 'stopped'.

## 4185 4.4.24 queued-job-count (integer(0:MAX))

4186 This REQUIRED Printer attribute contains a count of the number of jobs that are either 'pending',  
4187 'processing', 'pending-held', or 'processing-stopped' and is set by the Printer object. Issue 29

## 4188 4.4.25 printer-message-from-operator (text(127))

4189 This Printer attribute provides a message from an operator, system administrator or "intelligent" process to  
4190 indicate to the end user information or status of the printer, such as why it is unavailable or when it is  
4191 expected to be available.

## 4192 4.4.26 color-supported (boolean)

4193 This Printer attribute identifies whether the device is capable of any type of color printing at all, including  
4194 highlight color. All document instructions having to do with color are embedded within the document PDL  
4195 (none are external IPP attributes in IPP/1.1).

4196 Note: end-users are able to determine the nature and details of the color support by querying the "printer-  
4197 more-info-manufacturer" Printer attribute.

## 4198 4.4.27 reference-uri-schemes-supported (1setOf uriScheme)

4199 This Printer attribute specifies which URI schemes are supported for use in the "document-uri" operation  
4200 attribute of the Print-URI or Send-URI operation. If a Printer object supports these optional operations, it  
4201 MUST support the "reference-uri-schemes-supported" Printer attribute with at least the following schemed  
4202 URI value:

4203 'ftp': The Printer object will use an FTP 'get' operation as defined in RFC 2228 [RFC2228] using FTP  
4204 URLs as defined by [RFC2396] and [RFC2316].  
4205

4206 The Printer object MAY OPTIONALLY support other URI schemes (see section 4.1.6).

## 4207 4.4.28 pdl-override-supported (type2 keyword)

4208 This REQUIRED Printer attribute expresses the ability for a particular Printer implementation to either  
4209 attempt to override document data instructions with IPP attributes or not.

4210 This attribute takes on the following values:

- 4211 - 'attempted': This value indicates that the Printer object attempts to make the IPP attribute values take  
4212 precedence over embedded instructions in the document data, however there is no guarantee.
- 4213 - 'not-attempted': This value indicates that the Printer object makes no attempt to make the IPP attribute  
4214 values take precedence over embedded instructions in the document data.  
4215

4216 Section 15 contains a full description of how this attribute interacts with and affects other IPP attributes,  
4217 especially the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute.

## 4218 4.4.29 printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX))

4219 This REQUIRED Printer attribute indicates the amount of time (in seconds) that this Printer instance has  
 4220 been up and running. The value is a monotonically increasing value starting from 1 when the Printer object  
 4221 is started-up (initialized, booted, etc.). This value ~~or the value of "printer-current-time"~~ is used to populate  
 4222 the Event Time Job Description Job attributes ~~Time Job Description attributes~~ "time-at-creation", "time-at-  
 4223 processing", and "time-at-completed" (see section 4.3.14).

4224 ~~"time-at-completed", depending on~~ If the Printer object goes down at some value 'n', and comes back up, the  
 4225 implementation (see Section 4.3.12). MAY:

4226 1. Know how long it has been down, and resume at some value greater than 'n', or

4227 2. Restart from 1.

4228 ~~If the Printer object software ceases running, and restarts without knowing the last value for "printer-up-~~  
 4229 ~~time", the implementation MUST reset this value to 1. However,~~ In other words, if the device or devices  
 4230 that the Printer object is representing are restarted or power cycled, the Printer object MAY continue  
 4231 counting this value or MAY reset this value to 1 depending on implementation. However, if the Printer  
 4232 object software ceases running, and restarts without knowing the last value for "printer-up-time", the  
 4233 implementation MUST reset this value to 1. If this value is reset and the ~~implementation has persistent jobs~~  
 4234 ~~and the Event Time Job Description Attributes are represented using the "integer" form (instead of the~~  
 4235 ~~'dateTime' form), they MUST be reset~~ Printer has persistent jobs, the Printer MUST reset the "time-at-  
 4236 xxx(integer) Event Time Job Description attributes according to Section 4.3.14. Issue 17 An  
 4237 implementation MAY use both implementation alternatives, depending on warm versus cold start,  
 4238 respectively.

## 4239 4.4.30 printer-current-time (dateTime)

4240 This Printer attribute indicates the current ~~wall-clock~~ date and time. This value ~~or the value of "printer-~~  
 4241 ~~uptime-time"~~ is used to populate the ~~Job attributes~~ Event Time Job Description attributes: "time-at-  
 4242 creation", "time-at-processing", and "time-at-completed", ~~depending on implementation~~ (see Section  
 4243 ~~4.3.12).~~ 4.3.14).

4244 The date and time is obtained on a "best efforts basis" and does not have to be that precise in order to work  
 4245 in practice. A Printer implementation sets the value of this attribute by obtaining the date and time via  
 4246 some implementation-dependent means, such as getting the value from a network time server, initialization  
 4247 at time of manufacture, or setting by an administrator. See [IPP-IIG] for examples. If an implementation  
 4248 supports this attribute and the implementation knows that it has not yet been set ~~to a correct value~~, then the  
 4249 implementation MUST return the value of this attribute using the out-of-band 'no-value' meaning not  
 4250 configured. See the beginning of section 4.1. Issue 17

4251 The time zone of this attribute NEED NOT be the time zone used by people located near the Printer object  
 4252 or device. The client MUST NOT expect that the time zone of any received 'dateTime' value to be in the  
 4253 time zone of the client or in the time zone of the people located near the printer. Issue 17

4254 The client SHOULD display any dateTime attributes to the user in client local time by converting the  
4255 'dateTime' value returned by the server to the time zone of the client, rather than using the time zone  
4256 returned by the Printer in attributes that use the 'dateTime' attribute syntax. **Issue 17**

#### 4257 4.4.31 multiple-operation-time-out (integer(1:MAX))

4258 This Printer attribute identifies the minimum time (in seconds) that the Printer object waits for additional  
4259 Send-Document or Send-URI operations to follow a still-open multi-document Job object before taking  
4260 any recovery actions, such as the ones indicated in section 3.3.1. If the Printer object supports the Create-  
4261 Job and Send-Document operations (see section 3.2.4 and 3.3.1), it MUST support this attribute.

4262 It is RECOMMENDED that vendors supply a value for this attribute that is between 60 and 240 seconds.  
4263 An implementation MAY allow a system administrator to set this attribute (by means outside this IPP/1.1  
4264 document). If so, the system administrator MAY be able to set values outside this range.

#### 4265 4.4.32 compression-supported (1setOf type3 keyword)

4266 This REQUIRED Printer attribute identifies the set of supported compression algorithms for document  
4267 data. Compression only applies to the document data; compression does not apply to the encoding of the  
4268 IPP operation itself. The supported values are used to validate the client supplied "compression" operation  
4269 attributes in Print-Job, Send-Document, and Send-URI requests. **Issue 28**

4270 Standard values are :

- 4271 'none': no compression is used.
- 4272 'deflate': ZIP public domain inflate/deflate) compression technology
- 4273 'gzip' GNU zip compression technology described in RFC 1952 [RFC1952].
- 4274 'compress': UNIX compression technology

4275

#### 4276 4.4.33 job-k-octets-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))

4277 This Printer attribute specifies the upper and lower bounds of total sizes of jobs in K octets, i.e., in units of  
4278 1024 octets. The supported values are used to validate the client supplied "job-k-octets" operation attributes  
4279 in create requests. The corresponding job description attribute "job-k-octets" is defined in section 4.3.17.1.

#### 4280 4.4.34 job-impressions-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))

4281 This Printer attribute specifies the upper and lower bounds for the number of impressions per job. The  
4282 supported values are used to validate the client supplied "job-impressions" operation attributes in create  
4283 requests. The corresponding job description attribute "job-impressions" is defined in section 4.3.17.2.



## 4284 4.4.35 job-media-sheets-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))

4285 This Printer attribute specifies the upper and lower bounds for the number of media sheets per job. The  
4286 supported values are used to validate the client supplied "job-media-sheets" operation attributes in create  
4287 requests. The corresponding Job attribute "job-media-sheets" is defined in section 4.3.17.3.

## 4288 4.4.36 pages-per-minute (integer(0:MAX))

4289 This Printer attributes specifies the nominal number of pages per minute to the nearest whole number which  
4290 may be generated by this printer (e.g., simplex, black-and-white). This attribute is informative, not a  
4291 service guarantee. Generally, it is the value used in the marketing literature to describe the device.

4292 A value of 0 indicates a device that takes more than two minutes to process a page.

## 4293 4.4.37 pages-per-minute-color (integer(0:MAX))

4294 This Printer attributes specifies the nominal number of pages per minute to the nearest whole number which  
4295 may be generated by this printer when printing color (e.g., simplex, color). For purposes of this attribute,  
4296 "color" means the same as for the "color-supported" attribute, namely, the device is capable of any type of  
4297 color printing at all, including highlight color. This attribute is informative, not a service guarantee.  
4298 Generally, it is the value used in the marketing literature to describe the color capabilities of this device.

4299 A value of 0 indicates a device that takes more than two minutes to process a page.

4300 ~~Note:~~ If a color device has several color modes, it MAY use the pages-per-minute value for this attribute  
4301 that corresponds to the mode that produces the highest number.

4302 Black and white only printers MUST NOT support this attribute. If this attribute is present, then the "color-  
4303 supported" Printer description attribute MUST be present and have a 'true' value.

4304 ~~Note:~~ The values of these two attributes returned by the Get-Printer-Attributes operation MAY be affected  
4305 by the "document-format" attribute supplied by the client in the Get-Printer-Attributes request. In other  
4306 words, the implementation MAY have different speeds depending on the document format being processed.  
4307 See section 3.2.5.1 Get-Printer-Attributes.

## 4308 5. Conformance

4309 This section describes conformance issues and requirements. This document introduces model entities such  
4310 as objects, operations, attributes, attribute syntaxes, and attribute values. These conformance sections  
4311 describe the conformance requirements which apply to these model entities.

## 4312 5.1 Client Conformance Requirements

4313 This section describes the conformance requirements for a client (see section 2.1), whether it be:

- 4314 1. contained within software controlled by an end user, e.g. activated by the "Print" menu item in an  
4315 application that sends IPP requests or
- 4316 2. ~~a component of a print server that communicates (using IPP operations) with~~ the print server  
4317 component that sends IPP requests to either an output device or another "downstream" print server.  
4318 Issue 4 and Issue 5

4319 A conforming client MUST support all REQUIRED operations as defined in this document. For each  
4320 attribute included in an operation request, a conforming client MUST supply a value whose type and value  
4321 syntax conforms to the requirements of the Model document as specified in Sections 3 and 4. A  
4322 conforming client MAY supply any registered extensions and/or private extensions in an operation request,  
4323 as long as they meet the requirements in Section 6.

4324 Otherwise, there are no conformance requirements placed on the user interfaces provided by IPP clients or  
4325 their applications. For example, one application might not allow an end user to submit multiple documents  
4326 per job, while another does. One application might first query a Printer object in order to supply a graphical  
4327 user interface (GUI) dialogue box with supported and default values whereas a different implementation  
4328 might not.

4329 When sending a request, an IPP client NEED NOT supply any attributes that are indicated as  
4330 OPTIONALLY supplied by the client.

4331 A client MUST be able to accept any of the attribute syntaxes defined in Section 4.1, including their full  
4332 range, that may be returned to it in a response from a Printer object. In particular for each attribute that the  
4333 client supports whose attribute syntax is 'text', the client MUST accept and process both the  
4334 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' forms. Similarly, for each attribute that the client supports  
4335 whose attribute syntax is 'name', the client MUST accept and process both the 'nameWithoutLanguage' and  
4336 'nameWithLanguage' forms. For presentation purposes, truncation of long attribute values is not  
4337 recommended. A recommended approach would be for the client implementation to allow the user to scroll  
4338 through long attribute values.

4339 A response MAY contain attribute groups, attributes, ~~and values~~ attribute syntaxes, values, and status codes  
4340 that the client does not expect. Therefore, a client implementation MUST gracefully handle such responses  
4341 and not refuse to inter-operate with a conforming Printer that is returning registered or private extensions,  
4342 including attribute groups, attributes, ~~and~~ attribute values syntaxes, attribute values, and status codes that  
4343 conform to Section 6. Clients may choose to ignore any parameters, attributes, attribute syntaxes, or values  
4344 that they do not understand. Issue 25 and Issue 26

4345 While a client is sending data to a printer, it SHOULD do its best to prevent a channel from being closed by  
4346 a lower layer when the channel is blocked (i.e. flow-controlled off) for whatever reason, e.g. 'out of paper'  
4347 or 'job ahead hasn't freed up enough memory'. However, the layer that launched the print submission (e.g.  
4348 an end user) MAY close the channel in order to cancel the job. When a client closes a channel, a Printer  
4349 MAY print all or part of the received portion of the document. See the "Encoding and Transport" document  
4350 [IPP-PRO] for more details. Issue 4 and Issue 5

4351 A client MUST/SHOULD ~~[which is to be determined in consultation with the Area Director]~~ support Client  
 4352 Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO]. A client SHOULD  
 4353 support Operation Privacy and Server Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport  
 4354 document [IPP-PRO]. See also ~~[IPP-MOD]~~ section 8 of this document. Issue 32

## 4355 5.2 IPP Object Conformance Requirements

4356 This section specifies the conformance requirements for conforming implementations ~~with respect to~~  
 4357 ~~objects, operations, and attributes whether they be (1) IPP objects that accept IPP requests and control one~~  
 4358 ~~or more devices or are embedded in a single device or (2) servers that accept IPP requests and forward them~~  
 4359 ~~to networked~~ of IPP objects (see section 2). These requirements apply to an IPP object whether it is:

4360 (1) an (embedded) device component that accepts IPP requests and controls the device or  
 4361 devices (using IPP or other protocol). (2) a component of a print server that accepts IPP requests  
 4362 (where the print server control one or more networked devices using IPP or other protocols). Issue 4

### 4363 5.2.1 Objects

4364 Conforming implementations MUST implement all of the model objects as defined in this  
 4365 specification document in the indicated sections:

4366 Section 2.1 - Printer Object  
 4367 Section 2.2 - Job Object

4368 ~~whether they are (embedded) software that controls a device or are part of a print server that accepts IPP~~  
 4369 ~~operation requests and, in turn, sends operation requests using (the IPP or other) protocol to one or more~~  
 4370 ~~networked device(s). See sections 2.1 and 2.2.~~

### 4371 5.2.2 Operations

4372 Conforming IPP object implementations MUST implement all of the REQUIRED model operations,  
 4373 including REQUIRED responses, as defined in this specification document in the indicated sections:

4374 For a Printer object:

4375	Print-Job (section 3.2.1)	REQUIRED
4376	Print-URI (section 3.2.2)	OPTIONAL
4377	Validate-Job (section 3.2.3)	REQUIRED
4378	Create-Job (section 3.2.4)	OPTIONAL
4379	Get-Printer-Attributes (section 3.2.5)	REQUIRED
4380	Get-Jobs (section 3.2.6)	REQUIRED
4381	Pause-Printer (section 3.2.7)	OPTIONAL
4382	Resume-Printer (section 3.2.8)	OPTIONAL
4383	Purge-Jobs (section 3.2.9)	OPTIONAL

4384 For a Job object:

4385	Send-Document (section 3.3.1)	OPTIONAL
------	-------------------------------	----------

4387	Send-URI (section 3.3.2)	OPTIONAL
4388	Cancel-Job (section 3.3.3)	REQUIRED
4389	Get-Job-Attributes (section 3.3.4)	REQUIRED
4390	Hold-Job (section 3.3.5)	OPTIONAL
4391	Release-Job (section 3.3.6)	OPTIONAL
4392	Restart-Job (section 3.3.7)	OPTIONAL
4393		

4394 Conforming IPP objects MUST support all REQUIRED operation attributes and all values of such  
 4395 attributes if so indicated in the description. Conforming IPP objects MUST ignore all unsupported or  
 4396 unknown operation attributes or operation attribute groups received in a request, but MUST reject a request  
 4397 that contains a supported operation attribute that contains an unsupported value.

4398 Conforming IPP objects MAY return operation responses that contain attributes groups, attributes ~~name~~  
 4399 ~~and names,~~ attribute ~~values~~ ~~syntaxes,~~ ~~attribute values,~~ ~~and status codes~~ that are extensions to this standard.  
 4400 The additional attribute groups MAY occur in any order. **Issue 26**

4401 The following section on object attributes specifies the support required for object attributes.

#### 4402 5.2.3 IPP Object Attributes

4403 Conforming IPP objects MUST support all of the REQUIRED object attributes, as defined in this  
 4404 ~~specification~~ ~~document~~ in the indicated sections.

4405 If an object supports an attribute, it MUST support only those values specified in this document or through  
 4406 the extension mechanism described in section 5.2.4. It MAY support any non-empty subset of these values.  
 4407 That is, it MUST support at least one of the specified values and at most all of them.

#### 4408 5.2.4 Versions

4409 Clients MUST ~~support version 1.1~~ ~~meet the conformance requirements for clients specified in this document~~  
 4410 ~~and [IPP-PRO]~~ and SHOULD also support version 1.0, i.e., ~~SHOULD meet the conformance requirements~~  
 4411 ~~for clients as specified in [RFC2566] and [RFC2565].~~

4412 ~~1.0.~~ ~~IPP Printer and Job objects MUST meet the conformance requirements for IPP objects specified in this~~  
 4413 ~~document and [IPP-PRO]. For interoperability with IPP/1.0 clients, IPP/1.1 objects SHOULD also meet~~  
 4414 ~~the conformance requirements for IPP objects as specified in [RFC2566] and [RFC2565].~~

4415 ~~Clients MUST send requests containing a "version-number" parameter with a '1.1' value and SHOULD try~~  
 4416 ~~supplying alternate version numbers if they receive a 'server-error-version-not-supported' error return in a~~  
 4417 ~~response.~~

4418 IPP objects MUST ~~support version 1.1 and SHOULD also support version 1.0.~~ ~~accept requests containing a~~  
 4419 ~~"version-number" parameter with a '1.1' value (or reject the request if the operation is not supported). IPP~~  
 4420 ~~objects SHOULD accept any request with the major version '1' (or reject the request if the operation is not~~  
 4421 ~~supported).~~ See section 3.1.8. **ISSUE 36**

## 4422 5.2.5 Extensions

4423 A conforming IPP object MAY support registered extensions and private extensions, as long as they meet  
4424 the requirements specified in Section 6.

4425 For each attribute included in an operation response, a conforming IPP object MUST return a value whose  
4426 type and value syntax conforms to the requirement of the Model document as specified in Sections 3 and 4.

## 4427 5.2.6 Attribute Syntaxes

4428 An IPP object MUST be able to accept any of the attribute syntaxes defined in Section 4.1, including their  
4429 full range, in any operation in which a client may supply attributes or the system administrator may  
4430 configure attributes (by means outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document). In particular for each attribute  
4431 that the IPP object supports whose attribute syntax is 'text', the IPP object MUST accept and process both  
4432 the 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' forms. Similarly, for each attribute that the IPP object  
4433 supports whose attribute syntax is 'name', the IPP object MUST accept and process both the  
4434 'nameWithoutLanguage' and 'nameWithLanguage' forms. Furthermore, an IPP object MUST return  
4435 attributes to the client in operation responses that conform to the syntax specified in Section 4.1, including  
4436 their full range if supplied previously by a client.

4437 5.2.7 Security **Issue 32**

4438 An IPP Printer implementation ~~MUST/SHOULD [which is to be determined in consultation with the Area~~  
4439 ~~Director]~~**SHOULD** contain support for Client Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and  
4440 Transport document [IPP-PRO]. A Printer implementation MAY allow an administrator to configure the  
4441 Printer so that all, some, or none of the users are authenticated. See also ~~[IPP-MOD]~~ section 8 of this  
4442 document.

4443 An IPP Printer implementation SHOULD contain support for Operation Privacy and Server Authentication  
4444 as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO]. A Printer implementation MAY  
4445 allow an administrator to configure the degree of support for Operation Privacy and Server Authentication.  
4446 See also ~~[IPP-MOD]~~ section 8 of this document.

4447 Security MUST NOT be compromised when a client supplies a lower "version-number" parameter in a  
4448 request. For example, if an IPP/1.1 conforming Printer object accepts version '1.0' requests and is  
4449 configured to enforce Digest Authentication, it MUST do the same for a version '1.0' request.

## 4450 5.3 Charset and Natural Language Requirements

4451 All clients and IPP objects MUST support the 'utf-8' charset as defined in section 4.1.7.

4452 IPP objects MUST be able to accept any client request which correctly uses the "attributes-natural-  
4453 language" operation attribute or the Natural Language Override mechanism on any individual attribute  
4454 whether or not the natural language is supported by the IPP object. If an IPP object supports a natural  
4455 language, then it MUST be able to translate (perhaps by table lookup) all generated 'text' or 'name' attribute

4456 values into one of the supported languages (see section 3.1.4). That is, the IPP object that supports a  
4457 natural language NEED NOT be a general purpose translator of any arbitrary 'text' or 'name' value supplied  
4458 by the client into that natural language. However, the object MUST be able to translate (automatically  
4459 generate) any of its own attribute values and messages into that natural language.

## 4460 6. IANA Considerations (registered and private extensions)

4461 This section describes how IPP can be extended to allow the following registered and private extensions to  
4462 IPP:

- 4463 1. keyword attribute values
- 4464 2. enum attribute values
- 4465 3. attributes
- 4466 4. attribute syntaxes
- 4467 5. operations
- 4468 6. attribute groups
- 4469 7. status codes

4470

4471 Extensions registered for use with IPP/1.1 are OPTIONAL for client and IPP object conformance to the  
4472 IPP/1.1 Model ~~specification~~-document.

4473 These extension procedures are aligned with the guidelines as set forth by the IESG [IANA-CON]. Section  
4474 11 describes how to propose new registrations for consideration. IANA will reject registration proposals  
4475 that leave out required information or do not follow the appropriate format described in Section 11. IPP/1.1  
4476 may also be extended by an appropriate RFC that specifies any of the above extensions.

### 4477 6.1 Typed 'keyword' and 'enum' Extensions

4478 IPP allows for 'keyword' and 'enum' extensions (see sections 4.1.2.3 and 4.1.4). This document uses  
4479 prefixes to the 'keyword' and 'enum' basic attribute syntax type in order to communicate extra information  
4480 to the reader through its name. This extra information is not represented in the protocol because it is  
4481 unimportant to a client or Printer object. The list below describes the prefixes and their meaning.

4482 "type1": ~~The~~This IPP specification ~~document~~ must be revised to add a new keyword or a new enum.  
4483 No private keywords or enums are allowed.

4484

4485 "type2": Implementers can, at any time, add new keyword or enum values by proposing the complete  
4486 specification to IANA:

4487



4488 iana@iana.org

4489

4490 IANA will forward the registration proposal to the IPP Designated Expert who will review the  
4491 proposal with a mailing list that the Designated Expert keeps for this purpose. Initially, that list will  
4492 be the mailing list used by the IPP WG:

4493

4494 ipp@pwg.org

4495

4496 even after the IPP WG is disbanded as permitted by [IANA-CON]. The IPP Designated Expert is  
4497 appointed by the IESG Area Director responsible for IPP, according to [IANA-CON].

4498

4499 When a type2 keyword or enum is approved, the IPP Designated Expert becomes the point of  
4500 contact for any future maintenance that might be required for that registration.

4501

4502 "type3": Implementers can, at any time, add new keyword and enum values by submitting the complete  
4503 specification to IANA as for type2 who will forward the proposal to the IPP Designated Expert.  
4504 While no additional technical review is required, the IPP Designated Expert may, at his/her  
4505 discretion, forward the proposal to the same mailing list as for type2 registrations for advice and  
4506 comment.

4507

4508 When a type3 keyword or enum is approved by the IPP Designated Expert, the original proposer  
4509 becomes the point of contact for any future maintenance that might be required for that registration.

4510

4511 For type2 and type3 keywords, the proposer includes the name of the keyword in the registration proposal  
4512 and the name is part of the technical review.

4513 After type2 and type3 enums specifications are approved, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with  
4514 IANA assigns the next available enum number for each enum value.

4515 IANA will publish approved type2 and type3 keyword and enum attributes value registration specifications  
4516 in:

4517 ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-values/xxx/yyy.txt

4518 where xxx is the attribute name that specifies the initial values and yyy.txt is a descriptive file name that  
4519 contains one or more enums or keywords approved at the same time. For example, if several additional  
4520 enums for stapling are approved for use with the "finishings" attribute (and "finishings-default" and  
4521 "finishings-supported" attributes), IANA will publish the additional values in the file:

4522 ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-values/finishings/stapling.txt

4523 Note: Some attributes are defined to be: 'type3 keywords' | 'name' which allows for attribute values to be  
4524 extended by a site administrator with administrator defined names. Such names are not registered with  
4525 IANA.

4526 By definition, each of the three types above assert some sort of registry or review process in order for  
4527 extensions to be considered valid. Each higher numbered level (1, 2, 3) tends to be decreasingly less  
4528 stringent than the previous level. Therefore, any typeN value MAY be registered using a process for some  
4529 typeM where M is less than N, however such registration is NOT REQUIRED. For example, a type3 value  
4530 MAY be registered in a type 1 manner (by being included in a future version of an IPP specification),  
4531 however, it is NOT REQUIRED.

4532 This specification document defines keyword and enum values for all of the above types, including type3  
4533 keywords.

4534 For private (unregistered) keyword extensions, implementers SHOULD use keywords with a suitable  
4535 distinguishing prefix, such as "xxx-" where xxx is the (lowercase) fully qualified company name registered  
4536 with IANA for use in domain names [RFC1035]. For example, if the company XYZ Corp. had obtained  
4537 the domain name "XYZ.com", then a private keyword 'abc' would be: 'xyz.com-abc'.

4538 Note: RFC 1035 [RFC1035] indicates that while upper and lower case letters are allowed in domain names,  
4539 no significance is attached to the case. That is, two names with the same spelling but different case are to  
4540 be treated as if identical. Also, the labels in a domain name must follow the rules for ARPANET host  
4541 names: They must start with a letter, end with a letter or digit, and have as interior characters only letters,  
4542 digits, and hyphen. Labels must be 63 characters or less. Labels are separated by the "." character.

4543 For private (unregistered) enum extension, implementers MUST use values in the reserved integer range  
4544 which is 2\*\*30 to 2\*\*31-1.

## 4545 6.2 Attribute Extensibility

4546 Attribute names are type2 keywords. Therefore, new attributes may be registered and have the same status  
4547 as attributes in this document by following the type2 extension rules. For private (unregistered) attribute  
4548 extensions, implementers SHOULD use keywords with a suitable distinguishing prefix as described in  
4549 Section 6.1.

4550 IANA will publish approved attribute registration specifications as separate files:

4551 `ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attributes/xxx-yyy.txt`

4552 where "xxx-yyy" is the new attribute name.

4553 If a new Printer object attribute is defined and its values can be affected by a specific document format, its  
4554 specification needs to contain the following sentence:

4555 "The value of this attribute returned in a Get-Printer-Attributes response MAY depend on the  
4556 "document-format" attribute supplied (see Section 3.2.5.1)."

4557 If the specification does not, then its value in the Get-Printer-Attributes response MUST NOT depend on  
4558 the "document-format" supplied in the request. When a new Job Template attribute is registered, the value

4559 of the Printer attributes MAY vary with "document-format" supplied in the request without the  
4560 specification having to indicate so.

### 4561 6.3 Attribute Syntax Extensibility

4562 Attribute syntaxes are like type2 enums. Therefore, new attribute syntaxes may be registered and have the  
4563 same status as attribute syntaxes in this document by following the type2 extension rules described in  
4564 Section 6.1. The value codes that identify each of the attribute syntaxes are assigned in the "Encoding and  
4565 Transport" ~~specification~~document [IPP-PRO], including a designated range for private, experimental use.

4566 For attribute syntaxes, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA assigns the next attribute  
4567 syntax code in the appropriate range as specified in [IPP-PRO]. IANA will publish approved attribute  
4568 syntax registration specifications as separate files:

4569 ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-syntaxes/xxx-yyy.txt

4570 where 'xxx-yyy' is the new attribute syntax name.

### 4571 6.4 Operation Extensibility

4572 Operations may also be registered following the type2 procedures described in Section 6.1, though major  
4573 new operations will usually be done by a new standards track RFC that augments this document. For  
4574 private (unregistered) operation extensions, implementers MUST use the range for the "operation-id" in  
4575 requests specified in Section 4.4.15 "operations-supported" Printer attribute.

4576 For operations, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA assigns the next operation-id code as  
4577 specified in Section 4.4.15. IANA will publish approved operation registration specifications as separate  
4578 files:

4579 ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/operations/Xxx-Yyy.txt

4580 where "Xxx-Yyy" is the new operation name.

### 4581 6.5 Attribute Groups

4582 Attribute groups passed in requests and responses may be registered following the type2 procedures  
4583 described in Section 6.1. The tags that identify each of the attribute groups are assigned in [IPP-PRO].

4584 For attribute groups, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA assigns the next attribute group  
4585 tag code in the appropriate range as specified in [IPP-PRO]. IANA will publish approved attribute group  
4586 registration specifications as separate files:

4587 ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-group-tags/xxx-yyy-tag.txt

4588 where 'xxx-yyy-tag' is the new attribute group tag name.

## 4589 6.6 Status Code Extensibility

4590 Operation status codes may also be registered following the type2 procedures described in Section 6.1. The  
4591 values for status codes are allocated in ranges as specified in Section 14 for each status code class:

4592 "informational" - Request received, continuing process

4593 "successful" - The action was successfully received, understood, and accepted

4594 "redirection" - Further action must be taken in order to complete the request

4595 "client-error" - The request contains bad syntax or cannot be fulfilled

4596 "server-error" - The IPP object failed to fulfill an apparently valid request

4597

4598 For private (unregistered) operation status code extensions, implementers MUST use the top of each range  
4599 as specified in Section 13.

4600 For operation status codes, the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA assigns the next status  
4601 code in the appropriate class range as specified in Section 13. IANA will publish approved status code  
4602 registration specifications as separate files:

4603 ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/status-codes/xxx-yyy.txt

4604 where "xxx-yyy" is the new operation status code keyword.

## 4605 6.7 Registration of MIME types/sub-types for document-formats

4606 The "document-format" attribute's syntax is 'mimeMediaType'. This means that valid values are Internet  
4607 Media Types (see Section 4.1.9). RFC 2045 [RFC2045] defines the syntax for valid Internet media types.  
4608 IANA is the registry for all Internet media types.

## 4609 6.8 Registration of charsets for use in 'charset' attribute values

4610 The "attributes-charset" attribute's syntax is 'charset'. This means that valid values are charsets names.  
4611 When a charset in the IANA registry has more than one name (alias), the name labeled as "(preferred  
4612 MIME name)", if present, MUST be used (see Section 4.1.7). IANA is the registry for charsets following  
4613 the procedures of [RFC2278].

## 4614 7. Internationalization Considerations

4615 Some of the attributes have values that are text strings and names which are intended for human  
4616 understanding rather than machine understanding (see the 'text' and 'name' attribute syntaxes in Sections  
4617 4.1.1 and 4.1.2).

4618 In each operation request, the client

4619 - identifies the charset and natural language of the request which affects each supplied 'text' and 'name'  
4620 attribute value, and

4621 - requests the charset and natural language for attributes returned by the IPP object in operation  
4622 responses (as described in Section 3.1.4.1).  
4623

4624 In addition, the client MAY separately and individually identify the Natural Language Override of a  
4625 supplied 'text' or 'name' attribute using the 'textWithLanguage' and 'nameWithLanguage' technique  
4626 described section 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.2.2 respectively.

4627 All IPP objects MUST support the UTF-8 [RFC2279] charset in all 'text' and 'name' attributes supported. If  
4628 an IPP object supports more than the UTF-8 charset, the object MUST convert between them in order to  
4629 return the requested charset to the client according to Section 3.1.4.2. If an IPP object supports more than  
4630 one natural language, the object SHOULD return 'text' and 'name' values in the natural language requested  
4631 where those values are generated by the Printer (see Section 3.1.4.1).

4632 For Printers that support multiple charsets and/or multiple natural languages in 'text' and 'name' attributes,  
4633 different jobs may have been submitted in differing charsets and/or natural languages. All responses MUST  
4634 be returned in the charset requested by the client. However, the Get-Jobs operation uses the  
4635 'textWithLanguage' and 'nameWithLanguage' mechanism to identify the differing natural languages with  
4636 each job attribute returned.

4637 The Printer object also has configured charset and natural language attributes. The client can query the  
4638 Printer object to determine the list of charsets and natural languages supported by the Printer object and  
4639 what the Printer object's configured values are. See the "charset-configured", "charset-supported", "natural-  
4640 language-configured", and "generated-natural-language-supported" Printer description attributes for more  
4641 details.

4642 The "charset-supported" attribute identifies the supported charsets. If a charset is supported, the IPP  
4643 object MUST be capable of converting to and from that charset into any other supported charset. In many  
4644 cases, an IPP object will support only one charset and it MUST be the UTF-8 charset.

4645 The "charset-configured" attribute identifies the one supported charset which is the native charset given the  
4646 current configuration of the IPP object (administrator defined).

4647 The "generated-natural-language-supported" attribute identifies the set of supported natural languages for  
4648 generated messages; it is not related to the set of natural languages that must be accepted for client supplied  
4649 'text' and 'name' attributes. For client supplied 'text' and 'name' attributes, an IPP object MUST accept ALL  
4650 supplied natural languages. Just because a Printer object is currently configured to support 'en-us' natural  
4651 language does not mean that the Printer object should reject a job if the client supplies a job name that is in  
4652 'fr-ca'.

4653 The "natural-language-configured" attribute identifies the one supported natural language for generated  
4654 messages which is the native natural language given the current configuration of the IPP object  
4655 (administrator defined).

4656 Attributes of type 'text' and 'name' are populated from different sources. These attributes can be categorized  
4657 into following groups (depending on the source of the attribute):

- 4658 1. Some attributes are supplied by the client (e.g., the client supplied "job-name", "document-name",  
 4659 and "requesting-user-name" operation attributes along with the corresponding Job object's "job-  
 4660 name" and "job-originating-user-name" attributes). The IPP object MUST accept these attributes in  
 4661 any natural language no matter what the set of supported languages for generated messages  
 4662 2. Some attributes are supplied by the system administrator (e.g., the Printer object's "printer-name" and  
 4663 "printer-location" attributes). These too can be in any natural language. If the natural language for  
 4664 these attributes is different than what a client requests, then they must be reported using the Natural  
 4665 Language Override mechanism.  
 4666 3. Some attributes are supplied by the device manufacturer (e.g., the Printer object's "printer-make-and-  
 4667 model" attribute). These too can be in any natural language. If the natural language for these  
 4668 attributes is different than what a client requests, then they must be reported using the Natural  
 4669 Language Override mechanism.  
 4670 4. Some attributes are supplied by the operator (e.g., the Job object's "job-message-from-operator"  
 4671 attribute). These too can be in any natural language. If the natural language for these attributes is  
 4672 different than what a client requests, then they must be reported using the Natural Language  
 4673 Override mechanism.  
 4674 5. Some attributes are generated by the IPP object (e.g., the Job object's "job-state-message" attribute,  
 4675 the Printer object's "printer-state-message" attribute, and the "status-message" operation attribute).  
 4676 These attributes can only be in one of the "generated-natural-language-supported" natural  
 4677 languages. If a client requests some natural language for these attributes other than one of the  
 4678 supported values, the IPP object SHOULD respond using the value of the "natural-language-  
 4679 configured" attribute (using the Natural Language Override mechanism if needed).  
 4680

4681 The 'text' and 'name' attributes specified in this version of this document (additional ones will be registered  
 4682 according to the procedures in Section 6) are:

Attributes	Source
Operation Attributes:	
job-name (name)	client
document-name (name)	client
requesting-user-name (name)	client
status-message	Job or Printer object
Job Template Attributes:	
job-hold-until (keyword   name)	client matches administrator-configured
job-hold-until-default (keyword   name)	client matches administrator-configured
job-hold-until-supported (keyword   name)	client matches administrator-configured
job-sheets (keyword   name)	client matches administrator-configured
job-sheets-default (keyword   name)	client matches administrator-configured
job-sheets-supported (keyword   name)	client matches administrator-configured
media (keyword   name)	client matches administrator-configured
media-default (keyword   name)	client matches administrator-configured
media-supported (keyword   name)	client matches administrator-configured
media-ready (keyword   name)	client matches administrator-configured



Job Description Attributes:		
	job-name (name)	client or Printer object
	job-originating-user-name (name)	Printer object
	job-state-message (text)	Job or Printer object
	output-device-assigned (name(127))	administrator
	job-message-from-operator (text(127))	operator
Printer Description Attributes:		
	printer-name (name(127))	administrator
	printer-location (text(127))	administrator
	printer-info (text(127))	administrator
	printer-make-and-model (text(127))	administrator or manufacturer
	printer-state-message (text)	Printer object
	printer-message-from-operator (text(127))	operator

## 4683 8. Security Considerations

4684 It is difficult to anticipate the security risks that might exist in any given IPP environment. For example, if  
 4685 IPP is used within a given corporation over a private network, the risks of exposing document data may be  
 4686 low enough that the corporation will choose not to use encryption on that data. However, if the connection  
 4687 between the client and the IPP object is over a public network, the client may wish to protect the content of  
 4688 the information during transmission through the network with encryption.

4689 Furthermore, the value of the information being printed may vary from one IPP environment to the next.  
 4690 Printing payroll checks, for example, would have a different value than printing public information from a  
 4691 file. There is also the possibility of denial-of-service attacks, but denial-of-service attacks against printing  
 4692 resources are not well understood and there is no published precedents regarding this scenario.

4693 Once the authenticated identity of the requester has been supplied to the IPP object, the object uses that  
 4694 identity to enforce any authorization policy that might be in place. For example, one site's policy might be  
 4695 that only the job owner is allowed to cancel a job. The details and mechanisms to set up a particular access  
 4696 control policy are not part of IPP/1.1, and must be established via some other type of administrative or  
 4697 access control framework. However, there are operation status codes that allow an IPP server to return  
 4698 information back to a client about any potential access control violations for an IPP object.

4699 During a create operation, the client's identity is recorded in the Job object in an implementation-defined  
 4700 attribute. This information can be used to verify a client's identity for subsequent operations on that Job  
 4701 object in order to enforce any access control policy that might be in effect. See section 8.3 below for more  
 4702 details.

4703 Since the security levels or the specific threats that any given IPP system administrator may be concerned  
 4704 with cannot be anticipated, IPP MUST be capable of operating with different security mechanisms and

4705 security policies as required by the individual installation. Security policies might vary from very strong, to  
4706 very weak, to none at all, and corresponding security mechanisms will be required.

## 4707 8.1 Security Scenarios

4708 The following sections describe specific security attacks for IPP environments. Where examples are  
4709 provided they should be considered illustrative of the environment and not an exhaustive set. Not all of  
4710 these environments will necessarily be addressed in initial implementations of IPP.

### 4711 8.1.1 Client and Server in the Same Security Domain

4712 This environment is typical of internal networks where traditional office workers print the output of  
4713 personal productivity applications on shared work-group printers, or where batch applications print their  
4714 output on large production printers. Although the identity of the user may be trusted in this environment, a  
4715 user might want to protect the content of a document against such attacks as eavesdropping, replaying or  
4716 tampering.

### 4717 8.1.2 Client and Server in Different Security Domains

4718 Examples of this environment include printing a document created by the client on a publicly available  
4719 printer, such as at a commercial print shop; or printing a document remotely on a business associate's  
4720 printer. This latter operation is functionally equivalent to sending the document to the business associate as  
4721 a facsimile. Printing sensitive information on a Printer in a different security domain requires strong  
4722 security measures. In this environment authentication of the printer is required as well as protection against  
4723 unauthorized use of print resources. Since the document crosses security domains, protection against  
4724 eavesdropping and document tampering are also required. It will also be important in this environment to  
4725 protect Printers against "spamming" and malicious document content.

### 4726 8.1.3 Print by Reference

4727 When the document is not stored on the client, printing can be done by reference. That is, the print request  
4728 can contain a reference, or pointer, to the document instead of the actual document itself (see sections 3.2.2  
4729 and 3.3.2). Standard methods currently do not exist for remote entities to "assume" the credentials of a  
4730 client for forwarding requests to a 3rd party. It is anticipated that Print-By-Reference will be used to access  
4731 "public" documents and that sophisticated methods for authenticating "proxies" is not specified in this  
4732 document.

## 4733 8.2 URIs in Operation, Job, and Printer attributes

4734 The "printer-uri-supported" attribute contains the Printer object's URI(s). Its companion attribute, "uri-  
4735 security-supported", identifies the security mechanism used for each URI listed in the "printer-uri-  
4736 supported" attribute. For each Printer operation request, a client MUST supply only one URI in the  
4737 "printer-uri" operation attribute. In other words, even though the Printer supports more than one URI, the  
4738 client only interacts with the Printer object using one if its URIs. This duality is not needed for Job objects,

4739 since the Printer object is the factory for Job objects, and the Printer object will generate the correct URI  
4740 for new Job objects depending on the Printer object's security configuration.

### 4741 8.3 URIs for each authentication mechanisms

4742 Each URI has an authentication mechanism associated with it. If the URI is the *i*'th element of "printer-uri-  
4743 supported", then authentication mechanism is the "i th" element of "uri-authentication-supported". For a list  
4744 of possible authentication mechanisms, see section 4.4.2.

4745 The Printer object uses an authentication mechanism to determine the name of the user performing an  
4746 operation. This user is called the "authenticated user". The credibility of authentication depends on the  
4747 mechanism that the Printer uses to obtain the user's name. When the authentication mechanism is 'none', all  
4748 authenticated users are "anonymous".

4749 During job creation operations, the Printer initializes the value of the "job-originating-user-name" attribute  
4750 ([see section 4.3.6](#)) to be the authenticated user. The authenticated user in this case is called the "job-owner".

4751 If an implementation can be configured to support more than one authentication mechanism, then it MUST  
4752 implement rules for determining equality of authenticated user names which have been authenticated via  
4753 different authentication mechanisms. One possible policy is that identical names that are authenticated via  
4754 different mechanism are different. For example, a user can cancel his job only if he uses the same  
4755 authentication mechanism for both Cancel-Job and Print-Job. Another policy is that identical names that  
4756 are authenticated via different mechanism are the same if the authentication mechanism for the later  
4757 operation is not less strong than the authentication mechanism for the earlier job creation operation. For  
4758 example, a user can cancel his job only if he uses the same or stronger authentication mechanism for  
4759 Cancel-Job and Print-Job. With this second policy a job submitted via 'requesting-user-name' authentication  
4760 could be cancelled via 'digest' authentication. With the first policy, the job could not be cancelled in this  
4761 way.

4762 A client is able to determine the authentication mechanism used to create a job. It is the *i*'th value of the  
4763 Printer's "uri-authentication-supported" attribute ([see section 4.4.2](#)), where *i* is the index of the element of  
4764 the Printer's ~~"uri-printer-supported" attribute~~ ["printer-uri-supported" attribute \(see section 4.4.1\)](#) equal to the  
4765 job's "job-printer-uri" ~~attribute~~.

4766 [attribute \(see section 4.3.3\)](#).

4767

4768

### 4769 8.4 Restricted Queries

4770 In many IPP operations, a client supplies a list of attributes to be returned in the response. For security  
4771 reasons, an IPP object may be configured not to return all attributes (or all values) that a client requests.  
4772 The job attributes returned MAY depend on whether the requesting user is the same as the user that

4773 submitted the job. The IPP object MAY even return none of the requested attributes. In such cases, the  
4774 status returned is the same as if the object had returned all requested attributes. The client cannot tell by  
4775 such a response whether the requested attribute was present or absent on the object.

#### 4776 8.5 Operations performed by operators and system administrators

4777 For the three printer operations Pause-Printer, Resume-Printer, and Purge-Jobs (see sections 0, 3.2.8 and  
4778 3.2.9), the requesting user is intended to be an operator or administrator of the Printer object (see section 1).  
4779 For operations on jobs, the requesting user is intended to be the job owner or may be an operator or  
4780 administrator of the Printer object. The means for authorizing an operator or administrator of the Printer  
4781 object are not specified in this document.

#### 4782 8.6 Queries on jobs submitted using non-IPP protocols

4783 If the device that an IPP Printer is representing is able to accept jobs using other job submission protocols  
4784 in addition to IPP, it is RECOMMENDED that such an implementation at least allow such "foreign" jobs to  
4785 be queried using Get-Jobs returning "job-id" and "job-uri" as 'unknown'. Such an implementation NEED  
4786 NOT support all of the same IPP job attributes as for IPP jobs. The IPP object returns the 'unknown' out-of-  
4787 band value for any requested attribute of a foreign job that is supported for IPP jobs, but not for foreign  
4788 jobs.

4789 It is further RECOMMENDED, that the IPP Printer generate "job-id" and "job-uri" values for such "foreign  
4790 jobs", if possible, so that they may be targets of other IPP operations, such as Get-Job-Attributes and  
4791 Cancel-Job. Such an implementation also needs to deal with the problem of authentication of such foreign  
4792 jobs. One approach would be to treat all such foreign jobs as belonging to users other than the user of the  
4793 IPP client. Another approach would be for the foreign job to belong to 'anonymous'. Only if the IPP client  
4794 has been authenticated as an operator or administrator of the IPP Printer object, could the foreign jobs be  
4795 queried by an IPP request. Alternatively, if the security policy is to allow users to query other users' jobs,  
4796 then the foreign jobs would also be visible to an end-user IPP client using Get-Jobs and Get-Job-Attributes.

4797

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4976  
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4978 in any discussions of clarification issues and review of registration proposals for additional attributes and  
4979 values.

4980  
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## 5031 11. Formats for IPP Registration Proposals

5032 In order to propose an IPP extension for registration, the proposer must submit an application to IANA by  
5033 email to "iana@iana.org" or by filling out the appropriate form on the IANA web pages  
5034 (<http://www.iana.org>). This section specifies the required information and the formats for proposing  
5035 registrations of extensions to IPP as provided in Section 6 for:

5036

5037 1. type2 'keyword' attribute values

5038 2. type3 'keyword' attribute values

5039 3. type2 'enum' attribute values

5040 4. type3 'enum' attribute values

5041 5. attributes

5042 6. attribute syntaxes

5043 7. operations

5044 8. status codes

## 5045 11.1 Type2 keyword attribute values registration

5046 Type of registration: type2 keyword attribute value

5047 Name of attribute to which this keyword specification is to be added:

5048 Proposed keyword name of this keyword value:

5049 Specification of this keyword value (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1.2.3):

5050 Name of proposer:

5051 Address of proposer:

5052 Email address of proposer:

5053

5054 Note: For type2 keywords, the Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration  
5055 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

## 5056 11.2 Type3 keyword attribute values registration

5057 Type of registration: type3 keyword attribute value

5058 Name of attribute to which this keyword specification is to be added:

5059 Proposed keyword name of this keyword value:

5060 Specification of this keyword value (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1.2.3):

5061 Name of proposer:

5062 Address of proposer:

5063 Email address of proposer:

5064

5065 Note: For type3 keywords, the proposer will be the point of contact for the approved registration  
5066 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

## 5067 11.3 Type2 enum attribute values registration

5068 Type of registration: type2 enum attribute value

5069 Name of attribute to which this enum specification is to be added:

5070 Keyword symbolic name of this enum value:  
5071 Numeric value (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA):  
5072 Specification of this enum value (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1.4):  
5073 Name of proposer:  
5074 Address of proposer:  
5075 Email address of proposer:  
5076  
5077 Note: For type2 enums, the Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration  
5078 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

#### 5079 11.4 Type3 enum attribute values registration

5080 Type of registration: type3 enum attribute value  
5081 Name of attribute to which this enum specification is to be added:  
5082 Keyword symbolic name of this enum value:  
5083 Numeric value (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA):  
5084 Specification of this enum value (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1.4):  
5085 Name of proposer:  
5086 Address of proposer:  
5087 Email address of proposer:  
5088  
5089 Note: For type3 enums, the proposer will be the point of contact for the approved registration specification,  
5090 if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

#### 5091 11.5 Attribute registration

5092 Type of registration: attribute  
5093 Proposed keyword name of this attribute:  
5094 Types of attribute (Operation, Job Template, Job Description, Printer Description):  
5095 Operations to be used with if the attribute is an operation attribute:  
5096 Object (Job, Printer, etc. if bound to an object):  
5097 Attribute syntax(es) (include 1setOf and range as in Section 4.2):  
5098 If attribute syntax is 'keyword' or 'enum', is it type2 or type3:  
5099 If this is a Printer attribute, MAY the value returned depend on "document-format" (See Section 6.2):  
5100 If this is a Job Template attribute, how does its specification depend on the value of the "multiple-  
5101 document-handling" attribute:  
5102 Specification of this attribute (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.2):  
5103 Name of proposer:  
5104 Address of proposer:  
5105 Email address of proposer:  
5106  
5107 Note: For attributes, the IPP Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration  
5108 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.



## 5109 11.6 Attribute Syntax registration

5110 Type of registration: attribute syntax

5111 Proposed name of this attribute syntax:

5112 Type of attribute syntax (integer, octetString, character-string, see [IPP-PRO]):

5113 Numeric value (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA):

5114 Specification of this attribute (follow the style of IPP Model Section 4.1):

5115 Name of proposer:

5116 Address of proposer:

5117 Email address of proposer:

5118

5119 Note: For attribute syntaxes, the IPP Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved  
5120 registration specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

## 5121 11.7 Operation registration

5122 Type of registration: operation

5123 Proposed name of this operation:

5124 Numeric operation-id value (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA):

5125 Object Target (Job, Printer, etc. that operation is upon):

5126 Specification of this attribute (follow the style of IPP Model Section 3):

5127 Name of proposer:

5128 Address of proposer:

5129 Email address of proposer:

5130

5131 Note: For operations, the IPP Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration  
5132 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

## 5133 11.8 Attribute Group registration

5134 Type of registration: attribute group

5135 Proposed name of this attribute group:

5136 Numeric tag according to [IPP-PRO] (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with  
5137 IANA):

5138 Operation requests and group number for each operation in which the attribute group occurs:

5139 Operation responses and group number for each operation in which the attribute group occurs:

5140 Specification of this attribute group (follow the style of IPP Model Section 3):

5141 Name of proposer:

5142 Address of proposer:

5143 Email address of proposer:

5144

5145 Note: For attribute groups, the IPP Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved  
5146 registration specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

## 5147 11.9 Status code registration

5148 Type of registration: status code

5149 Keyword symbolic name of this status code value:

5150 Numeric value (to be assigned by the IPP Designated Expert in consultation with IANA):

5151 Operations that this status code may be used with:

5152 Specification of this status code (follow the style of IPP Model Section 13 APPENDIX B: Status Codes  
5153 and Suggested Status Code Messages):

5154 Name of proposer:

5155 Address of proposer:

5156 Email address of proposer:

5157

5158 Note: For status codes, the Designated Expert will be the point of contact for the approved registration  
5159 specification, if any maintenance of the registration specification is needed.

## 5160 12. APPENDIX A: Terminology

5161 This specification document uses the terminology defined in this section.

## 5162 12.1 Conformance Terminology

5163 The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT",  
5164 "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in  
5165 RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

## 5166 12.1.1 NEED NOT

5167 This term is not included in RFC 2119. The verb "NEED NOT" indicates an action that the subject of the  
5168 sentence does not have to implement in order to claim conformance to the standard. The verb "NEED  
5169 NOT" is used instead of "MAY NOT" since "MAY NOT" sounds like a prohibition.

## 5170 12.2 Model Terminology

## 5171 12.2.1 Keyword

5172 Keywords are used within this document as identifiers of semantic entities within the abstract model (see  
5173 section 4.1.2.3). Attribute names, some attribute values, attribute syntaxes, and attribute group names are  
5174 represented as keywords.

## 5175 12.2.2 Attributes

5176 An attribute is an item of information that is associated with an instance of an IPP object. An attribute  
5177 consists of an attribute name and one or more attribute values. Each attribute has a specific attribute syntax.  
5178 All object attributes are defined in section 4 and all operation attributes are defined in section 3.

5179 Job Template Attributes are described in section 4.2. The client optionally supplies Job Template attributes  
5180 in a create request (operation requests that create Job objects). The Printer object has associated attributes  
5181 which define supported and default values for the Printer.

## 5182 12.2.2.1 Attribute Name

5183 Each attribute is uniquely identified in this document by its attribute name. An attribute name is a keyword.  
5184 The keyword attribute name is given in the section header describing that attribute. In running text in this  
5185 document, attribute names are indicated inside double quotation marks (") where the quotation marks are  
5186 not part of the keyword itself.

## 5187 12.2.2.2 Attribute Group Name

5188 Related attributes are grouped into named groups. The name of the group is a keyword. The group name  
5189 may be used in place of naming all the attributes in the group explicitly. Attribute groups are defined in  
5190 section 3.

## 5191 12.2.2.3 Attribute Value

5192 Each attribute has one or more values. Attribute values are represented in the syntax type specified for that  
5193 attribute. In running text in this document, attribute values are indicated inside single quotation marks ('),  
5194 whether their attribute syntax is keyword, integer, text, etc. where the quotation marks are not part of the  
5195 value itself.

## 5196 12.2.2.4 Attribute Syntax

5197 Each attribute is defined using an explicit syntax type. In this document, each syntax type is defined as a  
5198 keyword with specific meaning. The "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO] indicates the actual  
5199 "on-the-wire" encoding rules for each syntax type. Attribute syntax types are defined in section 4.1.

## 5200 12.2.3 Supports

5201 By definition, a Printer object supports an attribute only if that Printer object responds with the  
5202 corresponding attribute populated with some value(s) in a response to a query for that attribute. A Printer  
5203 object supports an attribute value if the value is one of the Printer object's "supported values" attributes.  
5204 The device behind a Printer object may exhibit a behavior that corresponds to some IPP attribute, but if the  
5205 Printer object, when queried for that attribute, doesn't respond with the attribute, then as far as IPP is  
5206 concerned, that implementation does not support that feature. If the Printer object's "xxx-supported"

5207 attribute is not populated with a particular value (even if that value is a legal value for that attribute), then  
5208 that Printer object does not support that particular value.

5209 A conforming implementation **MUST** support all **REQUIRED** attributes. However, even for **REQUIRED**  
5210 attributes, conformance to IPP does not mandate that all implementations support all possible values  
5211 representing all possible job processing behaviors and features. For example, if a given instance of a  
5212 Printer supports only certain document formats, then that Printer responds with the "document-format-  
5213 supported" attribute populated with a set of values, possibly only one, taken from the entire set of possible  
5214 values defined for that attribute. This limited set of values represents the Printer's set of supported  
5215 document formats. Supporting an attribute and some set of values for that attribute enables IPP end users to  
5216 be aware of and make use of those features associated with that attribute and those values. If an  
5217 implementation chooses to not support an attribute or some specific value, then IPP end users would have  
5218 no ability to make use of that feature within the context of IPP itself. However, due to existing practice and  
5219 legacy systems which are not IPP aware, there might be some other mechanism outside the scope of IPP to  
5220 control or request the "unsupported" feature (such as embedded instructions within the document data  
5221 itself).

5222 For example, consider the "finishings-supported" attribute.

- 5223 1) If a Printer object is not physically capable of stapling, the "finishings-supported" attribute **MUST**  
5224 NOT be populated with the value of 'staple'.
- 5225 2) A Printer object is physically capable of stapling, however an implementation chooses not to support  
5226 stapling in the IPP "finishings" attribute. In this case, 'staple' **MUST NOT** be a value in the  
5227 "finishings-supported" Printer object attribute. Without support for the value 'staple', an IPP end  
5228 user would have no means within the protocol itself to request that a Job be stapled. However, an  
5229 existing document data formatter might be able to request that the document be stapled directly with  
5230 an embedded instruction within the document data. In this case, the IPP implementation does not  
5231 "support" stapling, however the end user is still able to have some control over the stapling of the  
5232 completed job.
- 5233 3) A Printer object is physically capable of stapling, and an implementation chooses to support stapling  
5234 in the IPP "finishings" attribute. In this case, 'staple' **MUST** be a value in the "finishings-supported"  
5235 Printer object attribute. Doing so, would enable end users to be aware of and make use of the  
5236 stapling feature using IPP attributes.

5237  
5238 Even though support for Job Template attributes by a Printer object is **OPTIONAL**, it is **RECOMMENDED**  
5239 that if the device behind a Printer object is capable of realizing any feature or function that corresponds to  
5240 an IPP attribute and some associated value, then that implementation **SHOULD** support that IPP attribute  
5241 and value.

5242 The set of values in any of the supported value attributes is set (populated) by some administrative process  
5243 or automatic sensing mechanism that is outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document. For administrative  
5244 policy and control reasons, an administrator may choose to make only a subset of possible values visible to  
5245 the end user. In this case, the real output device behind the IPP Printer abstraction may be capable of a  
5246 certain feature, however an administrator is specifying that access to that feature not be exposed to the end  
5247 user through the IPP protocol. Also, since a Printer object may represent a logical print device (not just a  
5248 physical device) the actual process for supporting a value is undefined and left up to the implementation.

5249 However, if a Printer object supports a value, some manual human action may be needed to realize the  
5250 semantic action associated with the value, but no end user action is required.

5251 For example, if one of the values in the "finishings-supported" attribute is 'staple', the actual process might  
5252 be an automatic staple action by a physical device controlled by some command sent to the device. Or, the  
5253 actual process of stapling might be a manual action by an operator at an operator attended Printer object.

5254 For another example of how supported attributes function, consider a system administrator who desires to  
5255 control all print jobs so that no job sheets are printed in order to conserve paper. To force no job sheets, the  
5256 system administrator sets the only supported value for the "job-sheets-supported" attribute to 'none'. In this  
5257 case, if a client requests anything except 'none', the create request is rejected or the "job-sheets" value is  
5258 ignored (depending on the value of "ipp-attribute-fidelity"). To force the use of job start/end sheets on all  
5259 jobs, the administrator does not include the value 'none' in the "job-sheets-supported" attribute. In this case,  
5260 if a client requests 'none', the create request is rejected or the "job-sheets" value is ignored (again depending  
5261 on the value of "ipp-attribute-fidelity").

#### 5262 12.2.4 print-stream page

5263 A "print-stream page" is a page according to the definition of pages in the language used to express the  
5264 document data.

#### 5265 12.2.5 impression

5266 An "impression" is the image (possibly many print-stream pages in different configurations) imposed onto a  
5267 single media page.

### 5268 13. APPENDIX B: Status Codes and Suggested Status Code Messages

5269 This section defines status code enum keywords and values that are used to provide semantic information  
5270 on the results of an operation request. Each operation response **MUST** include a status code. The response  
5271 **MAY** also contain a status message that provides a short textual description of the status. The status code  
5272 is intended for use by automata, and the status message is intended for the human end user. Since the status  
5273 message is an **OPTIONAL** component of the operation response, an IPP application (i.e., a browser, GUI,  
5274 print driver or gateway) is **NOT REQUIRED** to examine or display the status message, since it **MAY** not be  
5275 returned to the application.

5276 The prefix of the status keyword defines the class of response as follows:

- 5277 "informational" - Request received, continuing process
- 5278 "successful" - The action was successfully received, understood, and accepted
- 5279 "redirection" - Further action must be taken in order to complete the request
- 5280 "client-error" - The request contains bad syntax or cannot be fulfilled
- 5281 "server-error" - The IPP object failed to fulfill an apparently valid request

5282

5283 As with type2 enums, IPP status codes are extensible. IPP clients are NOT REQUIRED to understand the  
5284 meaning of all registered status codes, though such understanding is obviously desirable. However, IPP  
5285 clients MUST understand the class of any status code, as indicated by the prefix, and treat any unrecognized  
5286 response as being equivalent to the first status code of that class, with the exception that an unrecognized  
5287 response MUST NOT be cached. For example, if an unrecognized status code of "client-error-xxx-yyy" is  
5288 received by the client, it can safely assume that there was something wrong with its request and treat the  
5289 response as if it had received a "client-error-bad-request" status code. In such cases, IPP applications  
5290 SHOULD present the OPTIONAL message (if present) to the end user since the message is likely to  
5291 contain human readable information which will help to explain the unusual status. The name of the enum  
5292 is the suggested status message for US English.

5293 The status code values range from 0x0000 to 0x7FFF. The value ranges for each status code class are as  
5294 follows:

5295 "successful" - 0x0000 to 0x00FF  
5296 "informational" - 0x0100 to 0x01FF  
5297 "redirection" - 0x0200 to 0x02FF  
5298 "client-error" - 0x0400 to 0x04FF  
5299 "server-error" - 0x0500 to 0x05FF

5300

5301 The top half (128 values) of each range (0x0n40 to 0x0nFF, for n = 0 to 5) is reserved for private use within  
5302 each status code class. Values 0x0600 to 0x7FFF are reserved for future assignment and MUST NOT be  
5303 used.

## 5304 13.1 Status Codes

5305 Each status code is described below. Section 13.1.5.9 contains a table that indicates which status codes  
5306 apply to which operations. The Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] describe the suggested steps for processing  
5307 IPP attributes for all operations, including returning status codes.

### 5308 13.1.1 Informational

5309 This class of status code indicates a provisional response and is to be used for informational purposes only.

5310 There are no status codes defined in IPP/1.1 for this class of status code.

### 5311 13.1.2 Successful Status Codes

5312 This class of status code indicates that the client's request was successfully received, understood, and  
5313 accepted.

#### 5314 13.1.2.1 successful-ok (0x0000)

5315 The request has succeeded and no request attributes were substituted or ignored. In the case of a response  
5316 to a create request, the 'successful-ok' status code indicates that the request was successfully received and



5317 validated, and that the Job object has been created; it does not indicate that the job has been processed. The  
5318 transition of the Job object into the 'completed' state is the only indicator that the job has been printed.

#### 5319 13.1.2.2 successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes (0x0001)

5320 The request has succeeded, but some supplied (1) attributes were ignored or (2) unsupported values were  
5321 substituted with supported values or were ignored in order to perform the operation without rejecting it.  
5322 Unsupported attributes, attribute syntaxes, or values MUST be returned in the Unsupported Attributes  
5323 group of the response for all operations. There is an exception to this rule for the query operations: Get-  
5324 Printer-Attributes, Get-Jobs, and Get-Job-Attributes for the "requested-attributes" operation attribute only.  
5325 When the supplied values of the "requested-attributes" operation attribute are requesting attributes that are  
5326 not supported, the IPP object MAY, but is NOT REQUIRED to, return the "requested-attributes" attribute  
5327 in the Unsupported Attribute response group (with the unsupported values only). See sections 3.1.7 and  
5328 3.2.1.2.

#### 5329 13.1.2.3 successful-ok-conflicting-attributes (0x0002)

5330 The request has succeeded, but some supplied attribute values conflicted with the values of other supplied  
5331 attributes. These conflicting values were either (1) substituted with (supported) values or (2) the attributes  
5332 were removed in order to process the job without rejecting it. Attributes or values which conflict with other  
5333 attributes and have been substituted or ignored MUST be returned in the Unsupported Attributes group of  
5334 the response for all operations as supplied by the client. See sections 3.1.7 and 3.2.1.2.

#### 5335 13.1.3 Redirection Status Codes

5336 This class of status code indicates that further action needs to be taken to fulfill the request.

5337 There are no status codes defined in IPP/1.1 for this class of status code.

#### 5338 13.1.4 Client Error Status Codes

5339 This class of status code is intended for cases in which the client seems to have erred. The IPP object  
5340 SHOULD return a message containing an explanation of the error situation and whether it is a temporary or  
5341 permanent condition.

#### 5342 13.1.4.1 client-error-bad-request (0x0400)

5343 The request could not be understood by the IPP object due to malformed syntax (such as the value of a  
5344 fixed length attribute whose length does not match the prescribed length for that attribute - see the  
5345 Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] ). The IPP application SHOULD NOT repeat the request without  
5346 modifications.

## 5347 13.1.4.2 client-error-forbidden (0x0401)

5348 The IPP object understood the request, but is refusing to fulfill it. Additional authentication information or  
5349 authorization credentials will not help and the request SHOULD NOT be repeated. This status code is  
5350 commonly used when the IPP object does not wish to reveal exactly why the request has been refused or  
5351 when no other response is applicable.

## 5352 13.1.4.3 client-error-not-authenticated (0x0402)

5353 The request requires user authentication. The IPP client may repeat the request with suitable authentication  
5354 information. If the request already included authentication information, then this status code indicates that  
5355 authorization has been refused for those credentials. If this response contains the same challenge as the  
5356 prior response, and the user agent has already attempted authentication at least once, then the response  
5357 message may contain relevant diagnostic information. This status codes reveals more information than  
5358 "client-error-forbidden".

## 5359 13.1.4.4 client-error-not-authorized (0x0403)

5360 The requester is not authorized to perform the request. Additional authentication information or  
5361 authorization credentials will not help and the request SHOULD NOT be repeated. This status code is used  
5362 when the IPP object wishes to reveal that the authentication information is understandable, however, the  
5363 requester is explicitly not authorized to perform the request. This status codes reveals more information  
5364 than "client-error-forbidden" and "client-error-not-authenticated".

## 5365 13.1.4.5 client-error-not-possible (0x0404)

5366 This status code is used when the request is for something that can not happen. For example, there might  
5367 be a request to cancel a job that has already been canceled or aborted by the system. The IPP client  
5368 SHOULD NOT repeat the request.

## 5369 13.1.4.6 client-error-timeout (0x0405)

5370 The client did not produce a request within the time that the IPP object was prepared to wait. For example,  
5371 a client issued a Create-Job operation and then, after a long period of time, issued a Send-Document  
5372 operation and this error status code was returned in response to the Send-Document request (see section  
5373 3.3.1). The IPP object might have been forced to clean up resources that had been held for the waiting  
5374 additional Documents. The IPP object was forced to close the Job since the client took too long. The client  
5375 SHOULD NOT repeat the request without modifications.

## 5376 13.1.4.7 client-error-not-found (0x0406)

5377 The IPP object has not found anything matching the request URI. No indication is given of whether the  
5378 condition is temporary or permanent. For example, a client with an old reference to a Job (a URI) tries to  
5379 cancel the Job, however in the mean time the Job might have been completed and all record of it at the  
5380 Printer has been deleted. This status code, 'client-error-not-found' is returned indicating that the referenced

5381 Job can not be found. This error status code is also used when a client supplies a URI as a reference to the  
5382 document data in either a Print-URI or Send-URI operation, but the document can not be found.

5383 In practice, an IPP application should avoid a not found situation by first querying and presenting a list of  
5384 valid Printer URIs and Job URIs to the end-user.

#### 5385 13.1.4.8 client-error-gone (0x0407)

5386 The requested object is no longer available and no forwarding address is known. This condition should be  
5387 considered permanent. Clients with link editing capabilities should delete references to the request URI  
5388 after user approval. If the IPP object does not know or has no facility to determine, whether or not the  
5389 condition is permanent, the status code "client-error-not-found" should be used instead.

5390 This response is primarily intended to assist the task of maintenance by notifying the recipient that the  
5391 resource is intentionally unavailable and that the IPP object administrator desires that remote links to that  
5392 resource be removed. It is not necessary to mark all permanently unavailable resources as "gone" or to keep  
5393 the mark for any length of time -- that is left to the discretion of the IPP object administrator.

#### 5394 13.1.4.9 client-error-request-entity-too-large (0x0408)

5395 The IPP object is refusing to process a request because the request entity is larger than the IPP object is  
5396 willing or able to process. An IPP Printer returns this status code when it limits the size of print jobs and it  
5397 receives a print job that exceeds that limit or when the attributes are so many that their encoding causes the  
5398 request entity to exceed IPP object capacity.

#### 5399 13.1.4.10 client-error-request-value-too-long (0x0409)

5400 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because one or more of the client-supplied attributes has a  
5401 variable length value that is longer than the maximum length specified for that attribute. The IPP object  
5402 might not have sufficient resources (memory, buffers, etc.) to process (even temporarily), interpret, and/or  
5403 ignore a value larger than the maximum length. Another use of this error code is when the IPP object  
5404 supports the processing of a large value that is less than the maximum length, but during the processing of  
5405 the request as a whole, the object may pass the value onto some other system component which is not able  
5406 to accept the large value. For more details, see the Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] .

5407 Note: For attribute values that are URIs, this rare condition is only likely to occur when a client has  
5408 improperly submitted a request with long query information (e.g. an IPP application allows an end-user to  
5409 enter an invalid URI), when the client has descended into a URI "black hole" of redirection (e.g., a  
5410 redirected URI prefix that points to a suffix of itself), or when the IPP object is under attack by a client  
5411 attempting to exploit security holes present in some IPP objects using fixed-length buffers for reading or  
5412 manipulating the Request-URI.

## 5413 13.1.4.11 client-error-document-format-not-supported (0x040A)

5414 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because the document data is in a format, as specified in  
5415 the "document-format" operation attribute, that is not supported by the Printer object. This error is returned  
5416 independent of the client-supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The Printer object MUST return this status code,  
5417 even if there are other Job Template attributes that are not supported as well, since this error is a bigger  
5418 problem than with Job Template attributes. See sections 3.1.7 and 3.2.1.1. **Issue 11**

## 5419 13.1.4.12 client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported (0x040B)

5420 In a create request, if the Printer object does not support one or more attributes, attribute syntaxes, or  
5421 attribute values supplied in the request and the client supplied the "ipp-attributes-fidelity" operation  
5422 attribute with the 'true' value, the Printer object MUST return this status code. The Printer object MUST  
5423 also return in the Unsupported Attributes Group all the attributes and/or values supplied by the client that  
5424 are not supported. See section 3.1.7. **Issue 11** For example, if the request indicates 'iso-a4' media, but that  
5425 media type is not supported by the Printer object. Or, if the client supplies a Job Template attribute and the  
5426 attribute itself is not even supported by the Printer. If the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute is 'false', the  
5427 Printer MUST ignore or substitute values for unsupported Job Template attributes and values rather than  
5428 reject the request and return this status code.

5429 For any operation where a client requests attributes (such as a Get-Jobs, Get-Printer-Attributes, or Get-Job-  
5430 Attributes operation), if the IPP object does not support one or more of the requested attributes, the IPP  
5431 object simply ignores the unsupported requested attributes and processes the request as if they had not been  
5432 supplied, rather than returning this status code. In this case, the IPP object MUST return the 'successful-ok-  
5433 ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code and MAY return the unsupported attributes as values of the  
5434 "requested-attributes" in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section 13.1.2.2).

## 5435 13.1.4.13 client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported (0x040C)

5436 The scheme of the client-supplied URI in a Print-URI or a Send-URI operation is not supported. See  
5437 section 3.1.7. **Issue 11**

## 5438 13.1.4.14 client-error-charset-not-supported (0x040D)

5439 For any operation, if the IPP Printer does not support the charset supplied by the client in the "attributes-  
5440 charset" operation attribute, the Printer MUST reject the operation and return this status and any 'text' or  
5441 'name' attributes using the 'utf-8' charset (see Section 3.1.4.1). See section 3.1.7. **Issue 11**

## 5442 13.1.4.15 client-error-conflicting-attributes (0x040E)

5443 The request is rejected because some attribute values conflicted with the values of other attributes which  
5444 this [specification document](#) does not permit to be substituted or ignored. The Printer object MUST also  
5445 return in the Unsupported Attributes Group the conflicting attributes supplied by the client. See sections  
5446 3.1.7 and 3.2.1.2. **Issue 27**

5447 13.1.4.16 client-error-compression-not-supported (0x040F) **Issue 6**

5448 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because the document data, as specified in the  
5449 "compression" operation attribute, is compressed in a way that is not supported by the Printer object. This  
5450 error is returned independent of the client-supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The Printer object MUST return  
5451 this status code, even if there are other Job Template attributes that are not supported as well, since this  
5452 error is a bigger problem than with Job Template attributes. **Issue 6** See sections 3.1.7 and 3.2.1.1. **Issue 11**

5453 13.1.4.17 client-error-compression-error (0x0410) **Issue 6**

5454 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because the document data cannot be decompressed when  
5455 using the algorithm specified by the "compression" operation attribute. This error is returned independent  
5456 of the client-supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The Printer object MUST return this status code, even if there  
5457 are Job Template attributes that are not supported as well, since this error is a bigger problem than with Job  
5458 Template attributes. See sections 3.1.7 and 3.2.1.1.

5459 13.1.4.18 client-error-document-format-error (0x0411) **Issue 28**

5460 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because Printer encountered an error in the document data  
5461 while interpreting it. This error is returned independent of the client-supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The  
5462 Printer object MUST return this status code, even if there are Job Template attributes that are not supported  
5463 as well, since this error is a bigger problem than with Job Template attributes. See sections 3.1.7 and  
5464 3.2.1.1.

5465 13.1.4.19 client-error-document-access-error (0x0412) **Issue 35**

5466 The IPP object is refusing to service the Print-URI or Send-URI request because Printer encountered an  
5467 access error while attempting to validate the accessibility or access the document data specified in the  
5468 "document-uri" operation attribute. The Printer MAY also return a specific document access error code  
5469 using the "document-access-error" operation attribute (see section 3.1.6.4). This error is returned  
5470 independent of the client-supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The Printer object MUST return this status code,  
5471 even if there are Job Template attributes that are not supported as well, since this error is a bigger problem  
5472 than with Job Template attributes. See section 3.1.7.

## 5473 13.1.5 Server Error Status Codes

5474 This class of status codes indicates cases in which the IPP object is aware that it has erred or is incapable of  
5475 performing the request. The IPP object SHOULD include a message containing an explanation of the error  
5476 situation, and whether it is a temporary or permanent condition.

## 5477 13.1.5.1 server-error-internal-error (0x0500)

5478 The IPP object encountered an unexpected condition that prevented it from fulfilling the request. This error  
5479 status code differs from "server-error-temporary-error" in that it implies a more permanent type of internal  
5480 error. It also differs from "server-error-device-error" in that it implies an unexpected condition (unlike a

5481 paper-jam or out-of-toner problem which is undesirable but expected). This error status code indicates that  
5482 probably some knowledgeable human intervention is required.

#### 5483 13.1.5.2 server-error-operation-not-supported (0x0501)

5484 The IPP object does not support the functionality required to fulfill the request. This is the appropriate  
5485 response when the IPP object does not recognize an operation or is not capable of supporting it. See section  
5486 3.1.7. **Issue 18**

#### 5487 13.1.5.3 server-error-service-unavailable (0x0502)

5488 The IPP object is currently unable to handle the request due to a temporary overloading or maintenance of  
5489 the IPP object. The implication is that this is a temporary condition which will be alleviated after some  
5490 delay. If known, the length of the delay may be indicated in the message. If no delay is given, the IPP  
5491 application should handle the response as it would for a "server-error-temporary-error" response. If the  
5492 condition is more permanent, the error status codes "client-error-gone" or "client-error-not-found" could be  
5493 used.

#### 5494 13.1.5.4 server-error-version-not-supported (0x0503)

5495 The IPP object does not support, or refuses to support, the IPP protocol version that was supplied as the  
5496 value of the "version-number" operation parameter in the request. The IPP object is indicating that it is  
5497 unable or unwilling to complete the request using the same major and minor version number as supplied in  
5498 the request other than with this error message. The **error** response SHOULD contain a "status-message"  
5499 attribute (see section 3.1.6.2) describing why that version is not supported and what other versions are  
5500 supported by that IPP object. See section 3.1.8. **Issue 11**

5501 The error response MUST identify in the "version-number" operation parameter the closest version number  
5502 that the IPP object does support. For example, if a client supplies version '1.0' and an IPP/1.1 object  
5503 supports version '1.0', then it MUST respond with version '1.0' in all responses to such a request. If the  
5504 IPP/1.1 object does not support version '1.0', then it MUST SHOULD accept the request and respond with  
5505 version '1.1' or MAY reject the request and respond with this error code and version '1.1'. If a client  
5506 supplies a version '1.2' the IPP/1.1 object SHOULD accept the request and return version '1.1' or MAY  
5507 reject the request and respond with this code, error code and version '1.1'. See sections 3.1.8 and 4.4.14.  
5508 **Issue 36**

#### 5509 13.1.5.5 server-error-device-error (0x0504)

5510 A printer error, such as a paper jam, occurs while the IPP object processes a Print or Send operation. The  
5511 response contains the true Job Status (the values of the "job-state" and "job-state-reasons" attributes).  
5512 Additional information can be returned in the OPTIONAL "job-state-message" attribute value or in the  
5513 OPTIONAL status message that describes the error in more detail. This error status code is only returned in  
5514 situations where the Printer is unable to accept the create request because of such a device error. For  
5515 example, if the Printer is unable to spool, and can only accept one job at a time, the reason it might reject a  
5516 create request is that the printer currently has a paper jam. In many cases however, where the Printer object



5517 can accept the request even though the Printer has some error condition, the 'successful-ok' status code will  
5518 be returned. In such a case, the client would look at the returned Job Object Attributes or later query the  
5519 Printer to determine its state and state reasons.

#### 5520 13.1.5.6 server-error-temporary-error (0x0505)

5521 A temporary error such as a buffer full write error, a memory overflow (i.e. the document data exceeds the  
5522 memory of the Printer), or a disk full condition, occurs while the IPP Printer processes an operation. The  
5523 client MAY try the unmodified request again at some later point in time with an expectation that the  
5524 temporary internal error condition may have been cleared. Alternatively, as an implementation option, a  
5525 Printer object MAY delay the response until the temporary condition is cleared so that no error is returned.

#### 5526 13.1.5.7 server-error-not-accepting-jobs (0x0506)

5527 A temporary error indicating that the Printer is not currently accepting jobs, because the administrator has  
5528 set the value of the Printer's "printer-is-not-accepting-jobs" attribute to 'false' (by means outside the scope of  
5529 this IPP/1.1 document).

#### 5530 13.1.5.8 server-error-busy (0x0507)

5531 A temporary error indicating that the Printer is too busy processing jobs and/or other requests. The client  
5532 SHOULD try the unmodified request again at some later point in time with an expectation that the  
5533 temporary busy condition will have been cleared.

#### 5534 13.1.5.9 server-error-job-canceled (0x0508)

5535 An error indicating that the job has been canceled by an operator or the system while the client was  
5536 transmitting the data to the IPP Printer. If a job-id and job-uri had been created, then they are returned in  
5537 the Print-Job, Send-Document, or Send-URI response as usual; otherwise, no job-id and job-uri are returned  
5538 in the response.

#### 5539 13.1.5.10 server-error-multiple-document-jobs-not-supported (0x0509) Issue 34

5540 The IPP object does not support multiple documents per job and a client attempted to supply document data  
5541 with a second Send-Document or Send-URI operation.

## 5542 13.2 Status Codes for IPP Operations

5543 PJ = Print-Job, PU = Print-URI, CJ = Create-Job, SD = Send-Document  
 5544 SU = Send-URI, V = Validate-Job, GA = Get-Job-Attributes and  
 5545 Get-Printer-Attributes, GJ = Get-Jobs, C = Cancel-Job

5546		IPP Operations								
5547	IPP Status Keyword	PJ	PU	CJ	SD	SU	V	GA	GJ	C
5548	-----	--	--	--	--	--	-	--	--	-
5550	successful-ok	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5551	successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5552	attributes									
5553	successful-ok-conflicting-attributes	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5554	client-error-bad-request	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5555	client-error-forbidden	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5556	client-error-not-authenticated	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5557	client-error-not-authorized	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5558	client-error-not-possible	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5559	client-error-timeout				x	x				
5560	client-error-not-found	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5561	client-error-gone	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5562	client-error-request-entity-too-large	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5563	client-error-request-value-too-long	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5564	client-error-document-format-not-	x	x		x	x	x	x		
5565	supported									
5566	client-error-attributes-or-values-not-	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5567	supported									
5568	client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported		x			x				
5569	client-error-charset-not-supported	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5570	client-error-conflicting-attributes	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5571	client-error-compression-not-supported	x	x		x	x	x			
5572	client-error-compression-error	x	x		x	x				
5573	client-error-document-format-error	x	x		x	x				
5574	client-error-document-access-error		x			x				
5575	server-error-internal-error	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5576	server-error-operation-not-supported		x	x	x	x				
5577	server-error-service-unavailable	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5578	server-error-version-not-supported	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5579	server-error-device-error	x	x	x	x	x				
5580	server-error-temporary-error	x	x	x	x	x				
5581	server-error-not-accepting-jobs	x	x	x			x			
5582	server-error-busy	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
5583	server-error-job-canceled	x			<u>x</u>	x				
5584	server-error-multiple-document-jobs-				x	x				
5585	not-supported									

5586 HJ = Hold-Job, RJ = Release-Job, RS = Restart-Job  
 5587 PP = Pause-Printer, RP = Resume-Printer, PJ = Purge-Jobs

5588		IPP Operations (cont.)					
5589	IPP Status Keyword	HJ	RJ	RS	PP	RP	PJ
5591	-----	--	--	--	--	--	--
5592	successful-ok	x	x	x	x	x	x
5593	successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-	x	x	x	x	x	x
5594	attributes						
5595	successful-ok-conflicting-attributes	x	x	x	x	x	x
5596	client-error-bad-request	x	x	x	x	x	x
5597	client-error-forbidden	x	x	x	x	x	x
5598	client-error-not-authenticated	x	x	x	x	x	x
5599	client-error-not-authorized	x	x	x	x	x	x
5600	client-error-not-possible	x	x	x	x	x	x
5601	client-error-timeout						
5602	client-error-not-found	x	x	x	x	x	x
5603	client-error-gone	x	x	x	x	x	x
5604	client-error-request-entity-too-large	x	x	x	x	x	x
5605	client-error-request-value-too-long	x	x	x	x	x	x
5606	client-error-document-format-not-						
5607	supported						
5608	client-error-attributes-or-values-not-	x	x	x	x	x	x
5609	supported						
5610	client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported						
5611	client-error-charset-not-supported	x	x	x	x	x	x
5612	client-error-conflicting-attributes	x	x	x	x	x	x
5613	client-error-compression-not-supported						
5614	client-error-compression-error						
5615	client-error-document-format-error						
5616	client-error-document-access-error						
5617	server-error-internal-error	x	x	x	x	x	x
5618	server-error-operation-not-supported	x	x	x	x	x	x
5619	server-error-service-unavailable	x	x	x	x	x	x
5620	server-error-version-not-supported	x	x	x	x	x	x
5621	server-error-device-error						
5622	server-error-temporary-error	<u>x</u>	<u>x</u>	<u>x</u>	<u>x</u>	<u>x</u>	<u>x</u>
5623	server-error-not-accepting-jobs						
5624	server-error-busy	x	x	x	x	x	x
5625	server-error-job-canceled						
5626	server-error-multiple-document-jobs-						
5627	not-supported						
5628							

5629

## 5630 14. APPENDIX C: "media" keyword values

5631 Standard keyword values are taken from several sources.

5632 Standard values are defined (taken from DPA[ISO10175] and the Printer MIB[RFC1759]):

- 5633 'default': The default medium for the output device
- 5634 'iso-a4-white': Specifies the ISO A4 white medium
- 5635 'iso-a4-colored': Specifies the ISO A4 colored medium
- 5636 'iso-a4-transparent': Specifies the ISO A4 transparent medium
- 5637 'iso-a3-white': Specifies the ISO A3 white medium
- 5638 'iso-a3-colored': Specifies the ISO A3 colored medium
- 5639 'iso-a5-white': Specifies the ISO A5 white medium
- 5640 'iso-a5-colored': Specifies the ISO A5 colored medium
- 5641 'iso-b4-white': Specifies the ISO B4 white medium
- 5642 'iso-b4-colored': Specifies the ISO B4 colored medium
- 5643 'iso-b5-white': Specifies the ISO B5 white medium
- 5644 'iso-b5-colored': Specifies the ISO B5 colored medium
- 5645 'jis-b4-white': Specifies the JIS B4 white medium
- 5646 'jis-b4-colored': Specifies the JIS B4 colored medium
- 5647 'jis-b5-white': Specifies the JIS B5 white medium
- 5648 'jis-b5-colored': Specifies the JIS B5 colored medium

5649

5650 The following standard values are defined for North American media:

- 5651 'na-letter-white': Specifies the North American letter white medium
- 5652 'na-letter-colored': Specifies the North American letter colored medium
- 5653 'na-letter-transparent': Specifies the North American letter transparent medium
- 5654 'na-legal-white': Specifies the North American legal white medium
- 5655 'na-legal-colored': Specifies the North American legal colored medium

5656

5657 The following standard values are defined for envelopes:

- 5658 'iso-b4-envelope': Specifies the ISO B4 envelope medium
- 5659 'iso-b5-envelope': Specifies the ISO B5 envelope medium
- 5660 'iso-c3-envelope': Specifies the ISO C3 envelope medium
- 5661 'iso-c4-envelope': Specifies the ISO C4 envelope medium
- 5662 'iso-c5-envelope': Specifies the ISO C5 envelope medium
- 5663 'iso-c6-envelope': Specifies the ISO C6 envelope medium
- 5664 'iso-designated-long-envelope': Specifies the ISO Designated Long envelope medium
- 5665 'na-10x13-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x13 envelope medium
- 5666 'na-9x12-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x12 envelope medium

5667 'monarch-envelope': Specifies the Monarch envelope  
5668 'na-number-10-envelope': Specifies the North American number 10 business envelope medium  
5669 'na-7x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 7x9 inch envelope  
5670 'na-9x11-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x11 inch envelope  
5671 'na-10x14-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x14 inch envelope  
5672 'na-number-9-envelope': Specifies the North American number 9 business envelope  
5673 'na-6x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 6x9 inch envelope  
5674 'na-10x15-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x15 inch envelope  
5675

5676 The following standard values are defined for the less commonly used media (white-only):

5677 'executive-white': Specifies the white executive medium  
5678 'folio-white': Specifies the folio white medium  
5679 'invoice-white': Specifies the white invoice medium  
5680 'ledger-white': Specifies the white ledger medium  
5681 'quarto-white': Specified the white quarto medium  
5682 'iso-a0-white': Specifies the ISO A0 white medium  
5683 'iso-a1-white': Specifies the ISO A1 white medium  
5684 'iso-a2-white': Specifies the ISO A2 white medium  
5685 'iso-a6-white': Specifies the ISO A6 white medium  
5686 'iso-a7-white': Specifies the ISO A7 white medium  
5687 'iso-a8-white': Specifies the ISO A8 white medium  
5688 'iso-a9-white': Specifies the ISO A9 white medium  
5689 'iso-10-white': Specifies the ISO A10 white medium  
5690 'iso-b0-white': Specifies the ISO B0 white medium  
5691 'iso-b1-white': Specifies the ISO B1 white medium  
5692 'iso-b2-white': Specifies the ISO B2 white medium  
5693 'iso-b3-white': Specifies the ISO B3 white medium  
5694 'iso-b6-white': Specifies the ISO B6 white medium  
5695 'iso-b7-white': Specifies the ISO B7 white medium  
5696 'iso-b8-white': Specifies the ISO B8 white medium  
5697 'iso-b9-white': Specifies the ISO B9 white medium  
5698 'iso-b10-white': Specifies the ISO B10 white medium  
5699 'jis-b0-white': Specifies the JIS B0 white medium  
5700 'jis-b1-white': Specifies the JIS B1 white medium  
5701 'jis-b2-white': Specifies the JIS B2 white medium  
5702 'jis-b3-white': Specifies the JIS B3 white medium  
5703 'jis-b6-white': Specifies the JIS B6 white medium  
5704 'jis-b7-white': Specifies the JIS B7 white medium  
5705 'jis-b8-white': Specifies the JIS B8 white medium  
5706 'jis-b9-white': Specifies the JIS B9 white medium  
5707 'jis-b10-white': Specifies the JIS B10 white medium  
5708

5709 The following standard values are defined for engineering media (white only):

5710 `'a-white'`: Specifies the engineering A size medium  
5711 `'b-white'`: Specifies the engineering B size medium  
5712 `'c-white'`: Specifies the engineering C size medium  
5713 `'d-white'`: Specifies the engineering D size medium  
5714 `'e-white'`: Specifies the engineering E size medium  
5715

5716 The following standard values are defined for input-trays (from ISO DPA and the Printer MIB):

5717 `'top'`: The top input tray in the printer.  
5718 `'middle'`: The middle input tray in the printer.  
5719 `'bottom'`: The bottom input tray in the printer.  
5720 `'envelope'`: The envelope input tray in the printer.  
5721 `'manual'`: The manual feed input tray in the printer.  
5722 `'large-capacity'`: The large capacity input tray in the printer.  
5723 `'main'`: The main input tray  
5724 `'side'`: The side input tray  
5725

5726 The following standard values are defined for media sizes (from ISO DPA):

5727 `'iso-a0'`: Specifies the ISO A0 size: 841 mm by 1189 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5728 `'iso-a1'`: Specifies the ISO A1 size: 594 mm by 841 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5729 `'iso-a2'`: Specifies the ISO A2 size: 420 mm by 594 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5730 `'iso-a3'`: Specifies the ISO A3 size: 297 mm by 420 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5731 `'iso-a4'`: Specifies the ISO A4 size: 210 mm by 297 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5732 `'iso-a5'`: Specifies the ISO A5 size: 148 mm by 210 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5733 `'iso-a6'`: Specifies the ISO A6 size: 105 mm by 148 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5734 `'iso-a7'`: Specifies the ISO A7 size: 74 mm by 105 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5735 `'iso-a8'`: Specifies the ISO A8 size: 52 mm by 74 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5736 `'iso-a9'`: Specifies the ISO A9 size: 37 mm by 52 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5737 `'iso-a10'`: Specifies the ISO A10 size: 26 mm by 37 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5738 `'iso-b0'`: Specifies the ISO B0 size: 1000 mm by 1414 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5739 `'iso-b1'`: Specifies the ISO B1 size: 707 mm by 1000 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5740 `'iso-b2'`: Specifies the ISO B2 size: 500 mm by 707 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5741 `'iso-b3'`: Specifies the ISO B3 size: 353 mm by 500 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5742 `'iso-b4'`: Specifies the ISO B4 size: 250 mm by 353 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5743 `'iso-b5'`: Specifies the ISO B5 size: 176 mm by 250 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5744 `'iso-b6'`: Specifies the ISO B6 size: 125 mm by 176 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5745 `'iso-b7'`: Specifies the ISO B7 size: 88 mm by 125 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5746 `'iso-b8'`: Specifies the ISO B8 size: 62 mm by 88 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5747 `'iso-b9'`: Specifies the ISO B9 size: 44 mm by 62 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5748 `'iso-b10'`: Specifies the ISO B10 size: 31 mm by 44 mm as defined in ISO 216  
5749 `'na-letter'`: Specifies the North American letter size: 8.5 inches by 11 inches  
5750 `'na-legal'`: Specifies the North American legal size: 8.5 inches by 14 inches  
5751 `'executive'`: Specifies the executive size (7.25 X 10.5 in)  
5752 `'folio'`: Specifies the folio size (8.5 X 13 in)



5753 'invoice': Specifies the invoice size (5.5 X 8.5 in)  
5754 'ledger': Specifies the ledger size (11 X 17 in)  
5755 'quarto': Specifies the quarto size (8.5 X 10.83 in)  
5756 'iso-c3': Specifies the ISO C3 size: 324 mm by 458 mm as defined in ISO 269  
5757 'iso-c4': Specifies the ISO C4 size: 229 mm by 324 mm as defined in ISO 269  
5758 'iso-c5': Specifies the ISO C5 size: 162 mm by 229 mm as defined in ISO 269  
5759 'iso-c6': Specifies the ISO C6 size: 114 mm by 162 mm as defined in ISO 269  
5760 'iso-designated-long': Specifies the ISO Designated Long size: 110 mm by 220 mm as defined in ISO  
5761 269  
5762 'na-10x13-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x13 size: 10 inches by 13 inches  
5763 'na-9x12-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x12 size: 9 inches by 12 inches  
5764 'na-number-10-envelope': Specifies the North American number 10 business envelope size: 4.125  
5765 inches by 9.5 inches  
5766 'na-7x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 7x9 inch envelope size  
5767 'na-9x11-envelope': Specifies the North American 9x11 inch envelope size  
5768 'na-10x14-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x14 inch envelope size  
5769 'na-number-9-envelope': Specifies the North American number 9 business envelope size  
5770 'na-6x9-envelope': Specifies the North American 6x9 envelope size  
5771 'na-10x15-envelope': Specifies the North American 10x15 envelope size  
5772 'monarch-envelope': Specifies the Monarch envelope size (3.87 x 7.5 in)  
5773 'jis-b0': Specifies the JIS B0 size: 1030mm x 1456mm  
5774 'jis-b1': Specifies the JIS B1 size: 728mm x 1030mm  
5775 'jis-b2': Specifies the JIS B2 size: 515mm x 728mm  
5776 'jis-b3': Specifies the JIS B3 size: 364mm x 515mm  
5777 'jis-b4': Specifies the JIS B4 size: 257mm x 364mm  
5778 'jis-b5': Specifies the JIS B5 size: 182mm x 257mm  
5779 'jis-b6': Specifies the JIS B6 size: 128mm x 182mm  
5780 'jis-b7': Specifies the JIS B7 size: 91mm x 128mm  
5781 'jis-b8': Specifies the JIS B8 size: 64mm x 91mm  
5782 'jis-b9': Specifies the JIS B9 size: 45mm x 64mm  
5783 'jis-b10': Specifies the JIS B10 size: 32mm x 45mm

5784 The following standard values are defined for engineering media sizes:

5785 'a': Specifies the engineering A size: 8.5 inches x 11 inches  
5786 'b': Specifies the engineering B size: 11 inches x 17 inches  
5787 'c': Specifies the engineering C size: 17 inches x 22 inches  
5788 'd': Specifies the engineering D size: 22 inches x 34 inches  
5789 'e': Specifies the engineering E size: 34 inches x 44 inches  
5790

## 5791 15. APPENDIX D: Processing IPP Attributes

5792 When submitting a print job to a Printer object, the IPP model allows a client to supply operation and Job  
5793 Template attributes along with the document data. These Job Template attributes in the create request

5794 affect the rendering, production and finishing of the documents in the job. Similar types of instructions  
5795 may also be contained in the document to be printed, that is, embedded within the print data itself. In  
5796 addition, the Printer has a set of attributes that describe what rendering and finishing options which are  
5797 supported by that Printer. This model, which allows for flexibility and power, also introduces the potential  
5798 that at job submission time, these client-supplied attributes may conflict with either:

- 5799 - what the implementation is capable of realizing (i.e., what the Printer supports), as well as
- 5800 - the instructions embedded within the print data itself.

5801

5802 The following sections describe how these two types of conflicts are handled in the IPP model.

### 5803 15.1 Fidelity

5804 If there is a conflict between what the client requests and what a Printer object supports, the client may  
5805 request one of two possible conflict handling mechanisms:

- 5806 1) either reject the job since the job can not be processed exactly as specified, or
- 5807 2) allow the Printer to make any changes necessary to proceed with processing the Job the best it can.

5808

5809 In the first case the client is indicating to the Printer object: "Print the job exactly as specified with no  
5810 exceptions, and if that can't be done, don't even bother printing the job at all." In the second case, the client  
5811 is indicating to the Printer object: "It is more important to make sure the job is printed rather than be  
5812 processed exactly as specified; just make sure the job is printed even if client supplied attributes need to be  
5813 changed or ignored."

5814 The IPP model accounts for this situation by introducing an "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute.

5815 In a create request, "ipp-attribute-fidelity" is a boolean operation attribute that is **OPTIONALLY** supplied  
5816 by the client. The value 'true' indicates that total fidelity to client supplied Job Template attributes and  
5817 values is required. The client is requesting that the Job be printed exactly as specified, and if that is not  
5818 possible then the job **MUST** be rejected rather than processed incorrectly. The value 'false' indicates that a  
5819 reasonable attempt to print the Job is acceptable. If a Printer does not support some of the client supplied  
5820 Job Template attributes or values, the Printer **MUST** ignore them or substitute any supported value for  
5821 unsupported values, respectively. The Printer may choose to substitute the default value associated with  
5822 that attribute, or use some other supported value that is similar to the unsupported requested value. For  
5823 example, if a client supplies a "media" value of 'na-letter', the Printer may choose to substitute 'iso-a4' rather  
5824 than a default value of 'envelope'. If the client does not supply the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute, the  
5825 Printer assumes a value of 'false'.

5826 Each Printer implementation **MUST** support both types of "fidelity" printing (that is whether the client  
5827 supplies a value of 'true' or 'false');

- 5828 - If the client supplies 'false' or does not supply the attribute, the Printer object **MUST** always accept the  
5829 request by ignoring unsupported Job Template attributes and by substituting unsupported values of  
5830 supported Job Template attributes with supported values.

5831 - If the client supplies 'true', the Printer object MUST reject the request if the client supplies  
5832 unsupported Job Template attributes.  
5833

5834 Since a client can always query a Printer to find out exactly what is and is not supported, "ipp-attribute-  
5835 fidelity" set to 'false' is useful when:

- 5836 1) The End-User uses a command line interface to request attributes that might not be supported.
- 5837 2) In a GUI context, if the End User expects the job might be moved to another printer and prefers a  
5838 sub-optimal result to nothing at all.
- 5839 3) The End User just wants something reasonable in lieu of nothing at all.  
5840

## 5841 15.2 Page Description Language (PDL) Override

5842 If there is a conflict between the value of an IPP Job Template attribute and a corresponding instruction in  
5843 the document data, the value of the IPP attribute SHOULD take precedence over the document instruction.  
5844 Consider the case where a previously formatted file of document data is sent to an IPP Printer. In this case,  
5845 if the client supplies any attributes at job submission time, the client desires that those attributes override  
5846 the embedded instructions. Consider the case where a previously formatted document has embedded in it  
5847 commands to load 'iso-a4' media. However, the document is passed to an end user that only has access to a  
5848 printer with 'na-letter' media loaded. That end user most likely wants to submit that document to an IPP  
5849 Printer with the "media" Job Template attribute set to 'na-letter'. The job submission attribute should take  
5850 precedence over the embedded PDL instruction. However, until companies that supply document data  
5851 interpreters allow a way for external IPP attributes to take precedence over embedded job production  
5852 instructions, a Printer might not be able to support the semantics that IPP attributes override the embedded  
5853 instructions.

5854 The IPP model accounts for this situation by introducing a "pdl-override-supported" attribute that describes  
5855 the Printer objects capabilities to override instructions embedded in the PDL data stream. The value of the  
5856 "pdl-override-supported" attribute is configured by means outside the scope of this IPP/1.1 document.

5857 This REQUIRED Printer attribute takes on the following values:

- 5858 - 'attempted': This value indicates that the Printer object attempts to make the IPP attribute values take  
5859 precedence over embedded instructions in the document data, however there is no guarantee.
- 5860 - 'not-attempted': This value indicates that the Printer object makes no attempt to make the IPP attribute  
5861 values take precedence over embedded instructions in the document data.  
5862

5863 At job processing time, an implementation that supports the value of 'attempted' might do one of several  
5864 different actions:

- 5865 1) Generate an output device specific command sequence to realize the feature represented by the IPP  
5866 attribute value.
- 5867 2) Parse the document data itself and replace the conflicting embedded instruction with a new  
5868 embedded instruction that matches the intent of the IPP attribute value.

- 5869 3) Indicate to the Printer that external supplied attributes take precedence over embedded instructions  
5870 and then pass the external IPP attribute values to the document data interpreter.  
5871 4) Anything else that allows for the semantics that IPP attributes override embedded document data  
5872 instructions.  
5873

5874 Since 'attempted' does not offer any type of guarantee, even though a given Printer object might not do a  
5875 very "good" job of attempting to ensure that IPP attributes take a higher precedence over instructions  
5876 embedded in the document data, it would still be a conforming implementation.

5877 At job processing time, an implementation that supports the value of 'not-attempted' might do one of the  
5878 following actions:

- 5879 1) Simply pre-pend the document data with the PDL instruction that corresponds to the client-supplied  
5880 PDL attribute, such that if the document data also has the same PDL instruction, it will override  
5881 what the Printer object pre-pended. In other words, this implementation is using the same  
5882 implementation semantics for the client-supplied IPP attributes as for the Printer object defaults.  
5883 2) Parse the document data and replace the conflicting embedded instruction with a new embedded  
5884 instruction that approximates, but does not match, the semantic intent of the IPP attribute value.  
5885

5886 Note: The "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute applies to the Printer's ability to either accept or reject other  
5887 unsupported Job Template attributes. In other words, if "ipp-attribute-fidelity" is set to 'true', a Job is  
5888 accepted if and only if the client supplied Job Template attributes and values are supported by the Printer.  
5889 Whether these attributes actually affect the processing of the Job when the document data contains  
5890 embedded instructions depends on the ability of the Printer to override the instructions embedded in the  
5891 document data with the semantics of the IPP attributes. If the document data attributes can be overridden  
5892 ("pdl-override-supported" set to 'attempted'), the Printer makes an attempt to use the IPP attributes when  
5893 processing the Job. If the document data attributes can not be overridden ("pdl-override-supported" set to  
5894 'not-attempted'), the Printer makes no attempt to override the embedded document data instructions with the  
5895 IPP attributes when processing the Job, and hence, the IPP attributes may fail to affect the Job processing  
5896 and output when the corresponding instruction is embedded in the document data.

### 5897 15.3 Using Job Template Attributes During Document Processing.

5898 The Printer object uses some of the Job object's Job Template attributes during the processing of the  
5899 document data associated with that job. These include, but are not limited to, "orientation-requested",  
5900 "number-up", "sides", "media", and "copies". The processing of each document in a Job Object MUST  
5901 follow the steps below. These steps are intended only to identify when and how attributes are to be used in  
5902 processing document data and any alternative steps that accomplishes the same effect can be used to  
5903 implement this specification [document](#).

- 5904 1. Using the client supplied "document-format" attribute or some form of document format detection  
5905 algorithm (if the value of "document-format" is not specific enough), determine whether or not the  
5906 document data has already been formatted for printing. If the document data has been formatted,  
5907 then go to step 2. Otherwise, the document data MUST be formatted. The formatting detection  
5908 algorithm is implementation defined and is not specified by this [specification](#) [document](#). The

5909 formatting of the document data uses the "orientation-requested" attribute to determine how the  
5910 formatted print data should be placed on a print-stream page, see section 4.2.10 for the details.

5911

5912 2. The document data is in the form of a print-stream in a known media type. The "page-ranges"  
5913 attribute is used to select, as specified in section 4.2.7, a sub-sequence of the pages in the print-  
5914 stream that are to be processed and images.

5915

5916 3. The input to this step is a sequence of print-stream pages. This step is controlled by the "number-up"  
5917 attribute. If the value of "number-up" is N, then during the processing of the print-stream pages,  
5918 each N print-stream pages are positioned, as specified in section 4.2.9, to create a single impression.  
5919 If a given document does not have N more print-stream pages, then the completion of the  
5920 impression is controlled by the "multiple-document-handling" attribute as described in section 4.2.4;  
5921 when the value of this attribute is 'single-document' or 'single-document-new-sheet', the print-stream  
5922 pages of document data from subsequent documents is used to complete the impression.

5923

5924 The size(scaling), position(translation) and rotation of the print-stream pages on the impression is  
5925 implementation defined. Note that during this process the print-stream pages may be rendered to a  
5926 form suitable for placing on the impression; this rendering is controlled by the values of the "printer-  
5927 resolution" and "print-quality" attributes as described in sections 4.2.12 and 4.2.13. In the case N=1,  
5928 the impression is nearly the same as the print-stream page; the differences would only be in the size,  
5929 position and rotation of the print-stream page and/or any decoration, such as a frame to the page,  
5930 that is added by the implementation.

5931

5932 4. The collection of impressions is placed, in sequence, onto sides of the media sheets. This placement  
5933 is controlled by the "sides" attribute and the orientation of the print-stream page, as described in  
5934 section 4.2.8. The orientation of the print-stream pages affects the orientation of the impression; for  
5935 example, if "number-up" equals 2, then, typically, two portrait print-stream pages become one  
5936 landscape impression. Note that the placement of impressions onto media sheets is also controlled  
5937 by the "multiple-document-handling" attribute as described in section 4.2.4.

5938

5939 5. The "copies" and "multiple-document-handling" attributes are used to determine how many copies of  
5940 each media instance are created and in what order. See sections 4.2.5 and 4.2.4 for the details.

5941

5942 6. When the correct number of copies are created, the media instances are finished according to the  
5943 values of the "finishings" attribute as described in 4.2.6. Note that sometimes finishing operations  
5944 may require manual intervention to perform the finishing operations on the copies, especially  
5945 uncollated copies. This ~~document specification~~ allows any or all of the processing steps to be  
5946 performed automatically or manually at the discretion of the Printer object.

5947

## 5947 16. APPENDIX E: Generic Directory Schema

5948

5948 This section defines a generic schema for an entry in a directory service. A directory service is a means by  
5949 which service users can locate service providers. In IPP environments, this means that IPP Printers can be  
5950 registered (either automatically or with the help of an administrator) as entries of type printer in the



5951 directory using an implementation specific mechanism such as entry attributes, entry type fields, specific  
 5952 branches, etc. IPP clients can search or browse for entries of type printer. Clients use the directory service  
 5953 to find entries based on naming, organizational contexts, or filtered searches on attribute values of entries.  
 5954 For example, a client can find all printers in the "Local Department" context. Authentication and  
 5955 authorization are also often part of a directory service so that an administrator can place limits on end users  
 5956 so that they are only allowed to find entries to which they have certain access rights. IPP itself does not  
 5957 require any specific directory service protocol or provider.

5958 Note: Some directory implementations allow for the notion of "aliasing". That is, one directory entry object  
 5959 can appear as multiple directory entry object with different names for each object. In each case, each alias  
 5960 refers to the same directory entry object which refers to a single IPP Printer object.

5961 The generic schema is a subset of IPP Printer Job Template and Printer Description attributes (sections 4.2  
 5962 and 4.4). These attributes are identified as either RECOMMENDED or OPTIONAL for the directory entry  
 5963 itself. This conformance labeling is NOT the same conformance labeling applied to the attributes of IPP  
 5964 Printers objects. The conformance labeling in this Appendix is intended to apply to directory templates and  
 5965 to IPP Printer implementations that subscribe by adding one or more entries to a directory.  
 5966 RECOMMENDED attributes SHOULD be associated with each directory entry. OPTIONAL attributes  
 5967 MAY be associated with the directory entry (if known or supported). In addition, all directory entry  
 5968 attributes SHOULD reflect the current attribute values for the corresponding Printer object.

5969 The names of attributes in directory schema and entries SHOULD be the same as the IPP Printer attribute  
 5970 names as shown.

5971 In order to bridge between the directory service and the IPP Printer object, one of the RECOMMENDED  
 5972 directory entry attributes is the Printer object's "printer-uri-supported" attribute. The IPP client queries the  
 5973 "printer-uri-supported" attribute in the directory entry and then addresses the IPP Printer object using one of  
 5974 its URIs. The "uri-security-supported" attribute identifies the protocol (if any) used to secure a channel.

5975 The following attributes define the generic schema for directory entries of type PRINTER:

5976	printer-uri-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.1
5977	uri-authentication-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.2
5978	uri-security-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.3
5979	printer-name	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.4
5980	printer-location	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.5
5981	printer-info	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.6
5982	printer-more-info	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.7
5983	printer-make-and-model	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.9
5984	<u>ipp-versions-supported</u>	<u>RECOMMENDED</u>	<u>Section 4.4.14</u>
5985	<u>multiple-document-jobs-supported</u>	<u>OPTIONAL</u>	<u>Section 4.4.16</u>
5986	charset-supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.18†
5987	generated-natural-language-		
5988	supported	OPTIONAL	Section 4.4.20
5989	document-format-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.22
5990	<u>color-supported</u>	<u>RECOMMENDED</u>	<u>Section 4.4.26</u>
5991	compression-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section 4.4.32



5992	<del>color-supported</del>	<del>RECOMMENDED</del>	<del>Section 4.4.26</del>	<del>pages-per-minute</del>
5993		<del>OPTIONAL</del>	<del>Section</del>	<del>4.4.36</del>
5994	<del>pages-per-minute-color</del>	<del>OPTIONAL</del>	<del>Section</del>	<del>4.4.37</del>
5995				
5996	finishings-supported	OPTIONAL	Section	4.2.6
5997	number-up-supported	OPTIONAL	Section	4.2.7
5998	sides-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section	4.2.8
5999	media-supported	RECOMMENDED	Section	4.2.11
6000	printer-resolution-supported	OPTIONAL	Section	4.2.12
6001	print-quality-supported	OPTIONAL	Section	4.2.13
6002	<del>ipp-versions-supported</del>	<del>RECOMMENDED</del>	<del>Section</del>	<del>4.4.14</del>
6003	<del>multiple-document-jobs-supported</del>	<del>OPTIONAL</del>	<del>Section</del>	<del>4.4.16</del>
6004	<del>pages-per-minute</del>	<del>OPTIONAL</del>	<del>Section</del>	<del>4.4.36</del>
6005	<del>pages-per-minute-color</del>	<del>OPTIONAL</del>	<del>Section</del>	<del>4.4.37</del>

6006

6007 17. APPENDIX F: Differences between the IPP/1.0 and IPP/1.1 "Model and Semantics"  
6008 Specifications Documents

6009 This Appendix is divided into two lists that summarize the differences between IPP/1.1 (this document) and  
6010 IPP/1.0 [RFC2566]. The section numbers refer to the numbers in this document which in some cases have  
6011 changed from RFC 2566. When a change affects multiple sections, the item is listed once in the order of  
6012 the first section affected and the remaining affected section numbers are indicated.

6013 The first list contains extensions and clarifications and the second list contains changes in semantics or  
6014 conformance. However, ~~note that~~ client and IPP object implementations of IPP/1.0 MAY implement any of  
6015 the extensions and clarifications in this document.

6016 The following extensions and clarifications have been incorporated into this document:

- 6017 1. Section 2.1 - clarified that the term "client" can be either contained in software controlled by an end  
6018 user or a part of a print server that controls devices. **Issue 4**
- 6019 2. ~~4~~ Section 2 - clarified that the term "IPP object" and "Printer object" can either be embedded in a  
6020 device object or part of a print server that accepts IPP requests. Issue 54
- 6021 3. Section 2.4 - added the description of the new "uri-authentication-supported" Printer Description  
6022 attribute. **Issue 2**
- 6023 4. Section 3.1.3, 3.1.6, 3.2.5.2, and 3.2.6.2 - clarified the error handling for operation attributes that  
6024 have their own status code. **Issues 18, 23, and 27**
- 6025 5. Section 3.1.6 - reorganized this section into sub-sections to separately describe "status-code",  
6026 "status-message", "detailed-status-message", and "document-access-error" attributes. Issue 18
- 6027 6. Section 3.1.6.1 - clarified the error status codes and their relationship to operation attributes. Issue  
6028 18
- 6029 7. Section 3.1.6.3 - Added the OPTIONAL "detailed-status-message (text(MAX))" operation attribute  
6030 to provide additional more detailed information about a response. Issue 35
- 6031 8. Section 3.1.6.4 and 3.2.2 - Added the OPTIONAL "document-access-error (text(MAX))" operation  
6032 attribute for use with Print-URI and Send-URI responses. Issue 35
- 6033 9. Sections 3.1.7 - Added this new section to clarify returning Unsupported Attributes for all  
6034 operations, including only returning attributes that were in the request. Moved the text from section  
6035 3.2.1.2 Unsupported Attributes to this section. Issues 18, 23, and 27
- 6036 10. Sections 3.1.7 and 4.1 - clarified the encoding of the "out-of-band" 'unsupported' and 'unknown'  
6037 values. **Issues 12 and 15**
- 6038 ~~7.11.~~ Section 3.1.8 - clarified that only the version number parameter will be carried forward into future  
6039 major or minor versions of the protocol.
- 6040 Section 3.1.8 - ~~indicated that IPP/1.1 Printers SHOULD support version '1.0' and that not all previous~~  
6041 ~~minor versions need be supported. Issue 33~~
- 6042 ~~8.12.~~ Section 3.1.8 - relaxed the requirements to increment the major version number in future versions  
6043 of the Model and Semantics document. Issue 33
- 6044 13. Section 3.1.9, and 3.2.5 - added the 'processing' state to the list of job states that a job can be in after  
6045 a Create-Job operation. **Issue 13**

- 6046 14. Section 3.1.9 - clarified that a non-spooling Printer MAY accept zero or more subsequent jobs while  
6047 processing a job and flow control them down. Subsequent create requests are rejected with the  
6048 'server-error-busy' error status. [Issue 20](#)
- 6049 15. Section 3.2.1.1 - clarified the validation of the "compression" operation attribute and its relationship  
6050 to the validation of the "document-format" attribute and returning Unsupported Attributes. [Issues 6,](#)  
6051 [Issue 11,](#) and [Issue 28](#)
- 6052 16. Sections 3.2.1.1, 4.3.8, 13.1.4.16, and 13.1.4.17 - added the 'client-error-compression-not-  
6053 supported', 'client-error-compression-error' status codes and the 'unsupported-compression' and  
6054 'compression-error' job-state-reasons. [Issue 28](#)
- 6055 17. Sections 3.2.1.1 and 4.3.8 - added 'unsupported-document-format' and 'document-format-error' job-  
6056 state-reasons. [Issue 3](#)
- 6057 18. Sections 3.2.2, 4.3.8 and 13.1.4.19 - added 'client-error-document-access-error' status code and  
6058 'document-access-error' job state reason. [Issue 35](#)
- 6059 [19. Section 3.2.5.2 and 3.2.6.2 - clarified that the Unsupported Attributes group MUST NOT include](#)  
6060 [attributes not requested in the Get-Printer-Attributes request. Issue 23](#)
- 6061 20. Section 3.2.6 - clarified that "limit" takes precedence over "which-jobs" and "my-jobs". [Issue 8](#)
- 6062 21. Section 3.2.6.2 - clarified that Get-Jobs returns 'successful-ok' when no jobs to return. [Issue 24](#)
- 6063 22. Sections 0, 3.2.8, and 3.2.9 - added the OPTIONAL Pause-Printer, Resume-Printer, and Purge-Jobs  
6064 operations
- 6065 [23. Section 3.3.1 - clarified that the authorization required for a Send-Document request MUST be the](#)  
6066 [same user as the Create-Job or an operator. Issue 19](#)
- 6067 24. Sections 3.3.5, 3.3.6, and 3.3.7 - added the OPTIONAL Hold-Job, Release-Job, and Restart-Job  
6068 operations.
- 6069 [25. Section 4.1 - clarified that the encoding of the out-of-band values are specified in the Encoding and](#)  
6070 [Transport" document. Issue 12 and Issue 15](#)
- 6071 26. Section 4.1.9.1 - clarified that 'application/octet-stream' auto-sensing can happen at create request  
6072 time and/or job/document processing time. [Issue 9 and Issue 10](#)
- 6073 [27. Section 4.1.14 - clarified that the localization of dateTime by the client includes the time zone.](#)  
6074 [Issue 17](#)
- 6075 28. Section 4.2 - clarified that xxx-supported have multiple keywords and/or names by adding  
6076 parentheses to the table to give: (1setOf (type3 keyword | name))
- 6077 29. Section 4.2.2 - added the 'indefinite' keyword value to the "job-hold-until" attribute for use with the  
6078 create operations and Hold-Job and Restart-Job operations.
- 6079 ~~[22. Section 4.2.4 - clarified that "multiple document handling" MUST be supported if the Printer](#)~~  
6080 ~~[supports multiple documents per job Issue 34](#)~~
- 6081 30. Section 4.2.6 - added more enum values to the "finishings" Job Template attribute.
- 6082 31. Section 4.3.7 - added that a forwarding server that cannot get any job state MAY return the job's  
6083 state as 'completed', provided that it also return the new 'queued-in-device' job state reason. [Issue 14](#)
- 6084 ~~25.32.~~ Section 4.3.7.2 - added the Partitioning of Job States section [to clarify the concepts of Job](#)  
6085 [Retention, Job History, and Job Removal.](#)
- 6086 33. Section 4.3.8 - added 'job-data-insufficient' job state reason to indicate whether sufficient data has  
6087 arrived for the document to start to be processed. [Issue 13](#)
- 6088 34. Section 4.3.8 - added 'document-access-error' job state reason to indicate an access error of any kind.  
6089 [Issue 35](#)

- 6090 35. Section 4.3.8 - added 'job-queued-for-marker' job state reason to indicate whether the job has  
6091 completed some processing and is waiting for the marker. **Issue 31**
- 6092 36. Section 4.3.8 - added 'unsupported-compression' and 'compression-error' job state reasons to  
6093 indicate compression not supported or compression processing error after the create has been  
6094 accepted. **Issue 6**
- 6095 37. Section 4.3.8 - added 'unsupported-document-format' and 'document-format-error' job state reasons  
6096 to indicate document not supported or document format processing error after the create has been  
6097 accepted. **Issue 3**
- 6098 38. Section 4.3.8 - added 'queued-in-device' job state reason to indicate that a job as been forwarded to a  
6099 print system or device that does not provide any job status. **Issue 14**

- 6100 ~~32.~~39. Section 4.3.10 - added "job-detailed-status-messages (1setOf text(MAX)) for returning detailed  
6101 error messages. **Issue 35**
- 6102 40. Section 4.3.11 - added the "job-document-access-errors (1setOf text(MAX)) **Issue 35**
- 6103 41. Section 4.3.14.2 - clarified that the time recorded is the first time processing since the create  
6104 operation or the Restart-Job operation. **Issue 17**
- 6105 42. Section 4.3.14.2 and 4.3.14.3 - clarified that the out-of-band value 'no-value' is returned if the job  
6106 has not started processing or has not completed, respectively. **Issue 17**
- 6107 43. Section 4.3.14 - Added the OPTIONAL "date-time-at-creation", "date-time-at-processing", and  
6108 "date-time-at-completed" Event Time Job Description attributes **Issue 17**
- 6109 44. Section 4.4.3 - added the 'tls' value to "uri-security-supported" attribute.
- 6110 45. Section 4.4.3 - clarified "uri-security-supported" is orthogonal to Client Authentication so that 'none'  
6111 does not exclude Client Authentication. **Issue 2**
- 6112 46. Section 4.4.11 - simplified the "printer-state" descriptions while generalizing to allow high end  
6113 devices that interpret one or more jobs while marking another. Indicated that 'spool-area-full' and  
6114 'stopped-partly' "printer-state-reasons" may be used to provide further state information. **Issue 31**
- 6115 47. Section 4.4.12 - added the 'moving-to-paused' keyword value to the "printer-state-reasons" attribute  
6116 for use with the Pause-Job operation.
- 6117 ~~34.~~48. Section 4.4.12 - replaced the duplicate 'marker-supply-low' keyword with the missing 'toner-  
6118 empty' keyword for the "printer-state-reasons" attribute. (This correction was also made before RFC  
6119 2566 was published).
- 6120 ~~35.~~49. Section 4.4.12 - clarified 'spool-area-full' "printer-state-reasons" to include non-spooling printers  
6121 to indicate when it can and cannot accept another job. **Issue 20**
- 6122 50. ~~Ref407199189~~Section 4.4.15 - added the enum values to the "operations-supported" attribute for  
6123 the new operations. Clarified that the values of this attribute are encoded as any enum, namely 32-  
6124 bit values.
- 6125 ~~36.~~Sections 4.4.36 and 4.4.37 - added the OPTIONAL "pages-per-minute" and "pages-per-minute-  
6126 color" Printer Description attributes.
- 6127 51. Section 4.4.30 - clarified that the dateTime value of "printer-current-time" is on a "best efforts  
6128 basis". If a proper date-time cannot be obtained, the implementation returns the 'no-value' out-of-  
6129 band value. Also clarified that the time zone NEED NOT be the time zone that the people near the  
6130 device use and that the client SHOULD display the dateTime attributes in the user's local time.  
6131 **Issue 17**
- 6132 52. Sections 4.4.36 and 4.4.37 - added the OPTIONAL "pages-per-minute" and "pages-per-minute-  
6133 color" Printer Description attributes.
- 6134 53. Section 5.1 - clarified that the client conformance requirements apply to clients controlled by an end  
6135 user and clients in servers. **Issue 4**
- 6136 ~~38.~~54. Section 5.1 - clarified that any response MAY contain additional attribute groups, attributes,  
6137 attribute syntaxes, or attribute values. **Issues 25 and Issue 26**
- 6138 ~~39.~~55. Section 5.1 - clarified that a client SHOULD do its best to prevent a channel from being closed  
6139 by a lower layer when the channel is flow controlled off by the IPP Printer. **Issue 4 and Issue 5**
- 6140 56. Section 5.2 - clarified that the IPP object requirements apply to objects embedded in devices or that  
6141 are parts of servers. **Issue 4**
- 6142 ~~57.~~ ~~Issues 4 and 5~~Section 5.2.2 - clarified that IPP objects MAY return operation responses that contain  
6143 attribute groups, attribute names, attribute syntaxes, attribute values, and status codes that are  
6144 extensions to this standard. **Issue 26**

- 6145 58. Section 8.3 - clarified the use of URIs for each Client Authentication mechanism.  
6146 ~~41.59.~~ Section 8.5 - added the security discussion around the new operator/administrator operations.  
6147 60. Section 13.1.4.16 - added client-error-compression-not-supported (0x040F) **Issue 6**  
6148 61. Section 13.1.4.17 - added client-error-compression-error (0x0410) **Issue 6**  
6149 62. Section 13.1.4.18 - added client-error-document-format-error (0x0411) **Issue 28**  
6150 63. Section 13.1.4.19 - added client-error-document-access-error (0x0412) **Issue 35**  
6151 64. Section 13.1.5.10 - added server-error-multiple-document-jobs-not-supported (0x0509) **Issue 34**  
6152 ~~65. Section 14 - added 'a-white', 'b-white', 'c-white', 'd-white', and 'e-white' and clarified that the existing~~  
6153 ~~'a', 'b', 'c', 'd', and 'e' values are size values.~~  
6154 66. Section 16 - added the OPTIONAL "pages-per-minute" and "pages-per-minute-color" Printer  
6155 attributes to the Directory schema.  
6156 67. Section 16 - added OPTIONAL "multiple-document-jobs-supported" to the Directory schema. **Issue**  
6157 **34**  
6158 ~~49.68.~~ Section 16 - added RECOMMENDED "~~uri-security-supported~~", "~~compression-supported~~", and  
6159 "~~ipp-versions-supported~~" "uri-authentication-supported", "ipp-versions-supported", and  
6160 "compression-supported" to the Directory schema. ~~Issues 2,~~ **Issue 2, Issue 36, and Issue 28**

6161 The following changes in semantics and/or conformance have been incorporated into this document:

- 6162 1. Section 3.1.8, 5.2.4, and 13.1.5.4 - Clients and IPP objects **MUST** support version 1.1 conformance  
6163 requirements and **SHOULD** support version ~~1.0~~-1.0 conformance requirements. Also clarified  
6164 that IPP Printers **MUST** accept '1.1' requests and **SHOULD** accept '1.x' requests. **Issue 33 and Issue**  
6165 **36**  
6166 2. Section 3.2.1.1 and section 4.4.32 - changed the "compression" operation and the "compression-  
6167 supported" attributes Printer Description attribute from OPTIONAL to REQUIRED. **Issue 28**  
6168 3. Sections 3.2.1.2 and 4.3.8 - changed "job-state-reasons" from RECOMMENDED to REQUIRED,  
6169 so that "job-state-reasons" **MUST** be returned in create operation responses. **Issue 30**  
6170 4. Sections 3.2.4, 3.3.1, 4.4.16, and 16 - changed Create-Job/Send-Document so that they **MAY** be  
6171 implemented while only supporting one document jobs. Added the "multiple-document-jobs-  
6172 supported" boolean Printer Description attribute to indicate whether Create-Job/Send-Document  
6173 support multiple document jobs or not. Added to the Directory schema. **Issue 34**  
6174 5. Section 4.1.9 - deleted 'text/plain; charset=iso-10646-ucs-2', since binary is not legal with the 'text'  
6175 type.  
6176 6. Section 4.2.4 - indicated that the "multiple-document-handling" Job Template attribute **MUST** be  
6177 supported with at least one value if the Printer supports multiple documents per job **Issue 34**  
6178 7. Section 4.3.7.2 - indicated that the 'job-restartable' job state reason **SHOULD** be supported if the  
6179 Restart-Job operation is supported. **Issue 30**  
6180 8. Section 4.3.8 - changed "job-state-reasons" from RECOMMENDED to REQUIRED. **Issue 30**  
6181 ~~7.9.~~ Section 4.3.8 - clarified the conformance of the values of the "job-state-reasons" attribute by  
6182 copying conformance requirements from other sections of the document so that it is clear from  
6183 reading the definition of "job-state-reasons" which values **MUST** or **SHOULD** be supported. The  
6184 'none', 'unsupported-compression', and 'unsupported-document-format' values **MUST** be supported.  
6185 The "job-hold-until-specified" **SHOULD** be specified if the "job-hold-until" Job Template is  
6186 supported. The following values **SHOULD** be supported: 'job-canceled-by-user', 'aborted-by-  
6187 system', and 'job-completed-successfully'. The 'job-canceled-by-operator' **SHOULD** be supported if  
6188 the implementation permits canceling by other than the job owner. The 'job-canceled-at-device'



- 6189 SHOULD be supported if the device supports canceling jobs at the console. The 'job-completed-  
6190 with-warnings' SHOULD be supported, if the implementation detects warnings. The 'job-4.3.12-  
6191 added OPTIONAL 'dateTime' attribute syntax to "time-at-creation", "time-at-processing", and  
6192 "time-at-completed" Job Description attributes for use in version '1.1' responses. Issue  
6193 17 completed-with-errors' SHOULD be supported if the implementation detects errors. The 'job-  
6194 restartable' SHOULD be supported if the Restart-Job operation is supported. Issue 30
- 8.10. Section 4.3.14 - changed the "time-at-creation", "time-at-processing", and "time-at-completed"  
6195 Event Time Job Description attributes from OPTIONAL to REQUIRED. Issue 17
- 9.11. Section 4.3.14.4 - added the REQUIRED "job-printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX))" Job Description  
6196 attribute as an alias for "printer-up-time" to reduce number of operations to get job times. Issue 17
12. Section 4.4.2 - added the REQUIRED "uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)"  
6197 Printer Description attribute to describe the Client Authentication used by each Printer URI. Issue 2
- ~~11. Section 4.4.11 - clarified the "printer-state" to allow a Printer that can interpret one or more jobs (rip)~~  
6200 ~~while marking one job to have those jobs all in the 'processing' state. Issue 31~~
13. Section 4.4.12 - changed "printer-state-reasons" Printer Description attribute from OPTIONAL to  
6201 REQUIRED. Issue 30
14. Section 4.4.12 - changed 'paused' value of "printer-state-reasons" to MUST if Pause-Printer  
6202 operation is supported. Issue 30
- ~~14.15. Section~~ 4.4.14 - added the REQUIRED "ipp-versions-supported (1setOf keyword)" Printer  
6203 Description attribute, since IPP/1.1 Printers do not have to support version ~~1.0~~ '1.0' conformance  
6204 requirements. Issue 36
16. Section 4.4.16 - added the REQUIRED "multiple-document-jobs-supported (boolean)" Printer  
6205 Description attribute so that a client can tell whether a Printer that supports Create-Job/Send-  
6206 Document supports multiple document jobs or not. This attribute is REQUIRED if the Create-Job  
6207 operation is supported. Issue 34
17. Section 4.4.24 - changed the "queued-job-count" Printer Description attribute from  
6208 RECOMMENDED to REQUIRED. Issue 29
18. Section 4.4.32 - changed "compression-supported (1setOf type3 keyword)" Printer Description  
6209 attribute from OPTIONAL to REQUIRED. Issue 28
- ~~17.19. Section 5.1 - changed the client security requirements from RECOMMENDED non-standards~~  
6210 ~~track SSL3 to MUST/SHOULD [which is to be determined in consultation with the Area Director]~~  
6211 support Client Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [IPP-  
6212 PRO]. A client SHOULD support Operation Privacy and Server Authentication as defined in the  
6213 IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO]. Issue 32
- ~~18.20. Section 5.2.7 - changed the IPP object security requirements from OPTIONAL non-standards~~  
6214 ~~track SSL3 to MUST/SHOULD [which is to be determined in consultation with the Area~~  
6215 ~~Director]~~ SHOULD contain support for Client Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding  
6216 and Transport document [IPP-PRO]. A Printer implementation MAY allow an administrator to  
6217 configure the Printer so that all, some, or none of the users are authenticated. An IPP Printer  
6218 implementation SHOULD contain support for Operation Privacy and Server Authentication as  
6219 defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO]. A Printer implementation  
6220 MAY allow an administrator to configure the degree of support for Operation Privacy and Server  
6221 Authentication. Security MUST NOT be compromised when the client supplies a lower version-  
6222 number in a request. Issue 32

6233 See also the "IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport" [IPP-PRO] document for differences between IPP/1.0  
6234 [RFC2565] and IPP/1.1 [IPP-PRO].

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