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12	
13	Internet Printing Protocol (IPP):
14	The 'collection' attribute syntax
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17	Status of this Memo:
18	This document is an Internet-Draft and is in full conformance with all provisions of Section 10 of [RFC2026].
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25	The list of Internet-Draft Shadow Directories can be accessed as http://www.ietf.org/shadow.html .
26	Abstract
27	This document specifies an OPTIONAL attribute syntax called 'collection' for use with the Internet
28	Printing Protocol/1.0 (IPP) [RFC2565, RFC2566], IPP/1.1 [ipp-modRFC2911, ipp-proRFC2910],
29	and subsequent versions. A 'collection' is a container holding one or more named values, which are called
30	"member" attributes. A collection allows data to be grouped like a PostScript dictionary or a Java Map.
31	This document also specifies the conformance requirements for a definition document that defines a
32	collection attribute. Finally, this document gives some illustrative example collection attribute definitions
33	that are not intended as actual attribute specifications.

deBry, et al. Expires: July 24, 2001 [page 1]

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- 34 The full set of IPP documents includes: 35 Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2567] Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2568] 36 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics (this document)[RFC2911] 37 38 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport [IPP PRORFC2910] 39 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] 40 Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [RFC2569] 41 42 The "Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol" document takes a broad look at distributed printing 43 functionality, and it enumerates real-life scenarios that help to clarify the features that need to be included in a 44 printing protocol for the Internet. It identifies requirements for three types of users: end users, operators, and 45 administrators. It calls out a subset of end user requirements that are satisfied in IPP/1.0. A few OPTIONAL 46 operator operations have been added to IPP/1.1. 47 The "Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol" document 48 describes IPP from a high level view, defines a roadmap for the various documents that form the suite of IPP 49 specification documents, and gives background and rationale for the IETF working group's major decisions. 50 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport" document is a formal mapping of the abstract 51 operations and attributes defined in the model document onto HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616]. It defines the encoding 52 rules for a new Internet MIME media type called "application/ipp". This document also defines the rules for transporting over HTTP a message body whose Content-Type is "application/ipp". This document defines a 53 54 new scheme named 'ipp' for identifying IPP printers and jobs. 55 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide" document gives insight and advice to implementers 56 of IPP clients and IPP objects. It is intended to help them understand IPP/1.1 and some of the considerations 57 that may assist them in the design of their client and/or IPP object implementations. For example, a typical 58 order of processing requests is given, including error checking. Motivation for some of the specification 59 decisions is also included.
- between IPP and LPD (Line Printer Daemon) implementations.

The "Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols" document gives some advice to implementers of gateways

deBry, et al. Expires: July 24, 2001 [page 2]

Table of Contents

6	3

62

1 Introduction			
1.2 Solution	64	1 Introduction	5
2 Terminology	65	1.1 Problem Statement	5
2.1 Conformance Terminology	66	1.2 Solution	5
2.2 Other terminology	67	2 Terminology	6
3 Definition of a Collection Attribute	68	2.1 Conformance Terminology	6
3.1 Information to Include	69	2.2 Other terminology	6
3.2 Nested Collections	70	3 Definition of a Collection Attribute	7
4 Collection Attributes as Attributes in Operations 4.1 General Rules	71	3.1 Information to Include	7
4.1 General Rules	72	3.2 Nested Collections	9
4.2 Unsupported Values	73	4 Collection Attributes as Attributes in Operati	ons10
5 Example definition of a collection attribute	74	4.1 General Rules	10
5.1 media-col (collection)	75	4.2 Unsupported Values	10
5.1.1 media-color (type3 keyword name(MAX) 5.1.2 media-size (collection) 80 5.2 media-col-default (collection) 81 5.3 media-col-ready (1setOf collection) 82 5.4 media-col-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) 83 6 A Second Example Definition Of A Collection Attribute 84 7 Encoding 85 7.1 Additional tags defined for representing a collection attribute value 86 7.2 Example encoding: "media-col" (collection) 87 8 Legacy issues 88 9 IANA Considerations 89 9.1 Attribute Syntax Registration. 90 10 Internationalization Considerations 91 11 Security Considerations 92 12 References.	76	5 Example definition of a collection attribute	10
5.1.2 media-size (collection)	77	5.1 media-col (collection)	11
5.2 media-col-default (collection)	78	5.1.1 media-color (type3 keyword name(MA	X)11
5.3 media-col-ready (1setOf collection)	79	5.1.2 media-size (collection)	11
5.4 media-col-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) 6 A Second Example Definition Of A Collection Attribute	80	5.2 media-col-default (collection)	12
6 A Second Example Definition Of A Collection Attribute	81	5.3 media-col-ready (1setOf collection)	12
7 Encoding	82	5.4 media-col-supported (1setOf type2 keyv	vord)12
7.1 Additional tags defined for representing a collection attribute value 7.2 Example encoding: "media-col" (collection) 87 8 Legacy issues	83	6 A Second Example Definition Of A Collection	on Attribute
7.2 Example encoding: "media-col" (collection) 87 8 Legacy issues	84	7 Encoding	13
87 8 Legacy issues	85	7.1 Additional tags defined for representing a	collection attribute value
9 IANA Considerations 9 9.1 Attribute Syntax Registration. 90 10 Internationalization Considerations 91 11 Security Considerations 92 12 References	86	7.2 Example encoding: "media-col" (collection	n)14
9.1 Attribute Syntax Registration. 90 10 Internationalization Considerations. 91 11 Security Considerations. 92 12 References.	87	8 Legacy issues	
90 10 Internationalization Considerations	88	9 IANA Considerations	18
91 11 Security Considerations	89	9.1 Attribute Syntax Registration	
92 12 References	90	10 Internationalization Considerations	
	91	11 Security Considerations	
93 13 Author's Addresses	92	12 References	19
	93	13 Author's Addresses	20

94	14 Appendix A: Encoding Example of a Simple Collection	21			
95	15 Appendix B: Encoding Example of 1setOf Collection	22			
96	16 Appendix C: Encoding Example of Collection containing 1setOf XXX attribute	25			
97	17 Appendix D: Full Copyright Statement	27			
98					
99	Table of Tables				
.00					
.01	Table 1 - "media-col" member attributes	11			
.02	Table 2 - "media-size" collection member attributes				
.03	Table 3 - Tags defined for encoding the 'collection' attribute syntax	13			
.04	Table 4 - Overview Encoding of "media-col" collection	15			
.05	Table 5 - Example Encoding of "media-col" collection.	15			
.06	Table 6 - Overview Encoding of simple collection	21			
.07	Table 7 - Example Encoding of simple collection.	21			
.08	Table 8 - Overview Encoding of 1setOf collection	23			
.09	Table 9 - Example Encoding of 1setOf collection	23			
.10	Table 10 - Overview Encoding of collection with 1setOf value	25			
.11	Table 11 - Example Encoding of collection with 1setOf value	26			
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1 Introduction

1.1 Problem Statement

- The IPP Model and Semantics [ipp-modRFC2911] supports most of the common data structures that are
- available in programming languages. It lacks a mechanism for grouping several attributes of different types.
- The Java language uses the Map to solve this problem and PostScript has a dictionary. The new mechanism
- for grouping attributes together (called 'collection' mechanism) must allow for optional members and
- subsequent addition of new members.
- The 'collection' mechanism must be encoded in a manner consistent with existing 1.0 and 1.1 parsing rules (see
- [ipp-proRFC2910]). Current 1.0 and 1.1 parsers that don't support the 'collection' mechanism must not
- confuse collections or parts of collection they receive with other attributes.

23 **1.2 Solution**

- The new mechanism is a new IPP attribute syntax called a 'collection'. As such, each collection value is a
- value of an attribute whose attribute syntax type is defined to be a 'collection'. Such an attribute is called a
- 26 collection attribute. The name of the collection attribute serves to identify the collection value in an operation
- request or response, as with any attribute value.
- The 'collection' attribute syntax is a container holding one or more named values (i.e., attributes), which are
- called member attributes. Each collection attribute definition document lists the mandatory and optional
- member attributes of each collection value. A collection value is similar to an IPP attribute group in a request
- or a response, such as the operation attributes group. They both consist of a set of attributes.
- As with any attribute syntax, the document that defines a collection attribute specifies whether the attribute is
- single-value (collection) or multi-valued (1setOf collection). If the attribute is multi-valued (1setOf collection)
- each collection value MUST be a separate instance of a single definition of a collection, i.e. it MUST have the
- same member attributes except for OPTIONAL member attributes. If we view each collection definition as a
- separate syntax type, this rule continues the IPP/1.1 notion that each attribute has a single type or pattern (e.g.
- 37 "keyword | name" is a pattern). Without this rule, the supported values would be more difficult to describe and
- the mechanism defined in item 4 of section 3.1 would not be sufficient.
- The name of each member attribute MUST be unique for a collection attribute, but MAY be the same as the
- and name of a member attribute in another collection attribute and/or MAY be the same as the name of an
- attribute that is not a member of a collection. The rules for naming member attributes are given in section 3.1.

deBry, et al. Expires: July 24, 2001 [page 5]

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42	Fach mer	nber attribute can have any attribute syntax type, including 'collection', and can be either single-
43		multi-valued. The length of a collection value is not limited. However, the length of each member
44		MUST NOT exceed the limit of its attribute syntax.
		ř
45	The mem	ber attributes in a collection MAY be in any order in a request or response. When a client sends a
46		attribute to the Printer, the order that the Printer stores the member attributes of the collection value
47	and the or	rder returned in a response MAY be different from the order sent by the client.
10	A a a 11 a a ti	on value MICT NOT contains true on more grown by othibutes with the same attribute game. Cuch
48		on value MUST NOT contains two or more member attributes with the same attribute name. Such
49		on is mal-formed. Clients MUST NOT submit such malformed requests and Printers MUST NOT
.50 .51		h malformed responses. If such a malformed request is submitted to a Printer, the Printer MUST g on implementation) either (1) reject the request with the 'client-error-bad-request' status code (see
.52	_	g on implementation) ethic (1) reject the request with the cheft-error-bad-request status code (see 3.1.4.1), or (2) accept the request and use only one of each duplicate member attribute.
.53	2 Termin	nology
54	This section	on defines terminology used throughout this document.
~ ~		
.55	2.1 Conform	mance Terminology
56	Capitalize	ed terms, such as MUST, MUST NOT, REQUIRED, SHOULD, SHOULD NOT, MAY, NEED
57		l OPTIONAL, have special meaning relating to conformance. These terms are defined in
.58		1] section 12.1 on conformance terminology, most of which is taken from RFC 2119 [RFC2119].
.59	The follow	ving specialization of these terms apply to this document:
60	REOU	IRED: if an implementation supports the extensions described in this document, it MUST support a
61	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	EQUIRED feature.
.01	<u>Ki</u>	ACINED Temate.
62	<u>OPTIO</u>	DNAL: if an implementation supports the extensions described in this document, it MAY support an
63	<u>OI</u>	PTIONAL feature.
.64	2.2 Other t	erminology
.04	2.2 Other t	a minology
65	This docu	ment uses terms such as Job object (or Job), IPP Printer object (or Printer), "operation", "request",
66	response"	, "attributes", "keywords", and "support". These terms have special meaning and are defined in the
67	model ter	minology [RFC2911] section 12.2. The following additional terms are introduced in this document:

deBry, et al. Expires: July 24, 2001 [page 6]

member attribute: an attribute that is defined to be used as one of the attributes in a collection.

collection: an attribute syntax in which each attribute value is a set of attributes, called *member attributes*.

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collection attribute: an attribute whose definition specifies the 'collection' attribute syntax and each of the member attributes that MAY occur in a collection attribute value.

3 Definition of a Collection Attribute

This section describes the requirements for any collection attribute definition.

3.1 Information to Include

- When a specification document defines an "xxx" collection attribute, i.e., an attribute whose attribute syntax type is 'collection' or '1setOf collection'; the definition document MUST include the following aspects of the attribute semantics. Suppose the "xxx" collection attribute contains N member attributes named "aaa1", "aaa2", ..., "aaaN" ("aaaI" represents any one of these N member attributes).
- 1. The name of the collection attribute MUST be specified (e.g. "xxx"). The selection of the name "xxx" MUST follow the same rules for uniqueness as for attributes of any other syntax type (as defined by IPP/1.1) unless "xxx" is a member attribute of another collection. Then the selection of the name "xxx" MUST follow the rules for uniqueness defined in item 5a) of this list.
 - 2. The collection attribute syntax MUST be of type 'collection' or '1setOf collection'.
 - 3. The context of the collection attribute MUST be specified, i.e., whether the attribute is an operation attribute, a Job Template attribute, a Job Description attribute, a Printer Description attribute, a member attribute of a particular collection attribute, etc.
 - 4. An "xxx-supported" attribute MUST be specified and it has one of the following two forms:
 - a) "xxx-supported" is a "1setOf collection" which enumerates all of the supported collection values of "xxx". If a collection of this form contains a nested collection, it MUST be of the same form.
 - For example, "media-size-supported" might have the values {{x-dimension:210, y-dimension:297},{x-dimension:297, y-dimension:420}} to show that it supports two values of "media size": A4 (210x297) and A3 (297x420). It does not support other combinations of "x-dimension" and "y-dimension" member attributes, such as 210x420 or 297x297 and it does not supported non-enumerated values, such as 420x595.
 - b) "xxx-supported" is a "1setOf type2 keyword" which enumerates the names of all of the member attributes of "xxx": "aaa1", "aaa2", ..., "aaaN". If a collection of this form contains a nested collection, it MAY be of either form. See item 5f) below for details on supported values of member attributes.
 - For example, "media-col-supported" might have the keyword values: "media-size" and "media-color".

deBry, et al. Expires: July 24, 2001 [page 7]

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- 5. The member attributes MUST be defined. For each member attribute the definition document MUST provide the following information:
 - a) The member attribute's name (e.g., "aaa") MUST be unique within the collection being defined and MUST either
 - i) reuse the attribute name of another attribute (that is unique across the entire IPP attribute name space) and have the same syntax and semantics as the reused attribute (if the condition of item 4b) above is met). For example, a member attribute definition could reuse the IPP/1.1 "media" attribute.
 - ii) potentially occur elsewhere in the entire IPP attribute name space. (if the condition of item 4a) above is met). For example, a member attribute could be "x-dimension" which could potentially occur in another collection or as an attribute outside of a collection.
 - iii) be unique across the entire IPP attribute name space (if the condition of item 4b) above is met). For example, a member attribute could be "media-color" which must unique be across the entire IPP attribute name space.
 - b) Whether the member attribute is REQUIRED or OPTIONAL for the Printer to support
 - c) Whether the member attribute is REQUIRED or OPTIONAL for the client to supply in a request
 - d) The member attribute's syntax type, which can be any attribute syntax, including '1setOf X', 'collection', and '1setOf collection'. If this attribute name reuses the name of another attribute (case of item a1 above), it MUST have the same attribute syntax, including cardinality (whether or not 1setOf).
 - e) The semantics of the "aaa" member attribute. The semantic definition MUST include a description of any constraint or boundary conditions the member attribute places on the associated attribute, especially if the attribute reuses the name of another attribute (case of item a1 above)
 - f) The supported values for the each "aaaI" member attribute (of the member attributes "aaa1", "aaa2", ..., "aaaN") is specified by one of two mechanisms.
 - i) If "xxx-supported" is a "1setOf collection" (see item 4a) above), the value for each "aaaI" is specified in each collection value of "xxx-supported" in the context of other member attributes. That is, "xxx-supported" enumerates all supported values of "xxx".
 - ii) If the value of "xxx-supported" is a "1setOf type2 keyword" (see item 4b) above), the supported values of "aaaI" are the values specified by either i) the "aaaI-supported" attribute or ii) the definition of the member attribute "aaaI" within the document defining the "xxx" attribute. The values of each member attribute "aaaI" are specified independently of other member attributes though a Printer is not required to support all combinations of supported values.

deBry, et al. Expires: July 24, 2001 [page 8]

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For example, "media-col-supported" might have the keyword values: "media-size" and "media-
color". Using the first method for defining supported values (an "aaaI-supported" attribute), the
collection values of "media-col" are combinations of values of "media-size-supported" and "media-
color-supported".If "media-size-supported" has the values of '210x297' and '297x420' and
"media-color-supported" has the values of 'white' and 'pink', the Printer might support only the
combinations 'white-210x297', 'pink-210x297' and 'white-297x420', and not 'pink-297x420'.

If a collection contains a member "aaaI" whose syntax type is "text", the supported values would probably be defined by the definition of "xxx" rather than by the attribute "aaaI-supported".

- g) the default value of each "aaal" member attribute if it is OPTIONAL for a client to supply the "aaa" member attribute in a request. The default value is specified by in the attribute's definition within a document and MUST be one of the following:
 - i) a fixed default
 - ii) a mechanism by which the Printer determines default
 - iii) an indefinite default that is left to the implementation.
 - iv) an attribute that the Printer uses to determine the default
- 251 6. The default value of "xxx" if a client does not supply it. The default value is specified by in the attribute's definition within a document and MUST be one of the following:
 - a) a fixed default
 - b) a mechanism by which the Printer determines default
 - c) an indefinite default that is left to the implementation
 - d) a Printer attribute "xxx-default" which is a collection with the same member attributes as "xxx". Though optional member attributes may be absent in which case the Printer uses the defaulting rules of item 5g) above.
 - 7. The "xxx-ready (1setOf collection)" attribute if human intervention is required to make many of the supported values available. For example, "media-col" is an attribute which has a "ready" attribute. Most attributes do not have a "ready" attribute.

3.2 Nested Collections

A member attribute may have a syntax type of 'collection' or '1setOf collection', in which case it is called a nested collection attribute. The rules for a nested collection attribute are the same as for a collection attribute as specified in section 3.1.

4 Collection Attributes as Attributes in Operations

267 4.1 General Rules

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A collection value is like any other IPP/1.1 value, except that it is structured. The rules for attributes with collection values are the same as for attributes of any other syntax type (see IPP/1.1), be they in any group of a request of a response.

4.2 Unsupported Values

- The rules for returning an unsupported collection attribute are an extension to the current rules:
- 1. If the entire collection attribute is unsupported, then the Printer returns just the collection attribute name with the 'unsupported' out-of-band value (see the beginning of [ipp modRFC2911] section 4.1) in the Unsupported Attributes Group.
 - 2. If a collection contains unrecognized, unsupported member attributes and/or conflicting values, the attribute returned in the Unsupported Group is a collection containing the unrecognized, unsupported member attributes, and/or conflicting values. The unrecognized member attributes have an out-of-band value of 'unsupported' (see the beginning of [ipp-modRFC2911] section 4.1). The unsupported member attributes and conflicting values have their unsupported or conflicting values.

5 Example definition of a collection attribute

In some printing environments, it is desirable to allow the client to select the media by its properties, e.g., weight, color, size, etc., instead of by name. In IPP/1.1 (see [ipp-modRFC2911]), the "media (type3 keyword | name) Job Template attribute allows selection by name. It is tempting to extend the "media" attribute syntax to include "collection", but then existing clients could not understand default or supported media values that use the collection value. To preserve interoperability, a new attribute MUST BE added, e.g., "media-col (collection)". The following subsections contain a sample definition of a simplified "media-col" attribute. The definition follows the rules in section 3.

All of the example attribute definitions in this document are illustrative examples, rather than actual definitions.
These examples are intended to illustrate how to define collection attributes. Other documents MUST define
collection attributes for use in actual interchange. Such definitions may be very similar to the examples in this
document, since we attempted to pick useful examples.

Note: we picked the name "media-col" because the name "media" is already in use. Ordinarily the collection attribute would have a name like any other attribute and would not end in "col".

deBry, et al. Expires: July 24, 2001 [page 10]

The member attributes of "media-col" attribute ("media-color (type 3 keyword)" and "media-size (collection)")
both follow the naming rules of item 4a3 of section 3, i.e. the names are unique across the entire IPP attribute
name space. The member attributes of the "media-size (collection)" member attribute ("x-dimension
(integer(0,MAX))" and "y-dimension (integer(0,MAX))") both follow the naming rules of item 4a2 of section
3, i.e. they potentially occur elsewhere in the IPP attribute name space.

5.1 media-col (collection)

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The "media-col" (collection) attribute augments the IPP/1.1 [ipp-modRFC2911] "media" attribute. This collection attribute enables a client end user to submit a list of media characteristics to the Printer. When the client specifies media using the "media-col" collection attribute, the Printer object MUST match the requested media exactly. The 'collection' consists of the following member attributes:

Table 1 - "media-col" member attributes

Attribute name	Attribute name attribute syntax		Printer Support
media-color	type3 keyword name (MAX)	MAY	MUST
media-size	collection	MUST	MUST

The definitions for the member attributes is given in the following sub-sections:

5.1.1 media-color (type3 keyword | name(MAX)

This member attribute identifies the color of the media. Valid values are 'red', 'white' and 'blue'

The "media-color-supported" (1setOf (type3 keyword | name(MAX))) Printer attribute identifies the values of this "media-color" member attribute that the Printer supports, i.e., the colors supported.

If the client omits this member attribute, the Printer determines the value in an implementation dependent manner.

5.1.2 media-size (collection)

This member attribute identifies the size of the media. The 'collection' consists of the member attributes shown in Table 2:

Table 2 - "media-size" collection member attributes

Attribute name	attribute syntax	request	Printer Support
x-dimension	integer (0:MAX)	MUST	MUST
y-dimension	integer (0:MAX)	MUST	MUST

deBry, et al. Expires: July 24, 2001 [page 11]

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The definitions for the member attributes is given in the following sub-sections:

5.1.2.1 x-dimension (integer(0:MAX))

This attribute identifies the width of the media in inch units along the X axis.

5.1.2.2 y-dimension (integer(0:MAX))

This attribute identifies the height of the media in inch units along the Y axis.

The "media-size-supported" (1setOf collection) Printer attribute identifies the values of this "mediasize" member attribute that the Printer supports, i.e., the size combinations supported. The names of the member attributes are the same as the member attributes of the "media-size" collection attribute, namely "x-dimension", and "y-dimension", since they have the same attribute syntax and the same semantics.

5.2 media-col-default (collection)

330 The "media-col-default" Printer attribute specifies the media that the Printer uses, if any, if the client omits the 331 "media-col" and "media". Job Template attribute in the Job Creation operation (and the PDL doesn't include a 332 media specification). The member attributes are defined in Table 1. A Printer MUST support the same 133 member attributes for this default collection attribute as it supports for the corresponding "media-col" Job 334 Template attribute.

5.3 media-col-ready (1setOf collection)

136 The "media-col-ready" Printer attribute identifies the media that are available for use without human 337 intervention, i.e., the media that are ready to be used without human intervention. The collection value MUST 338 have all of the member attributes that are supported in Table 1.

media-col-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)

340 The "media-col-supported" Printer attribute identifies the keyword names of the member attributes supported in the "media-col" collection Job Template attribute, i.e., the keyword names of the member attributes in Table 341 342 1 that the Printer supports.

6 A Second Example Definition Of A Collection Attribute

All of the example attribute definitions in this document are illustrative examples, rather than actual definitions. These examples are intended to illustrate how to define collection attributes. Other documents MUST define

[page 12] deBry, et al. Expires: July 24, 2001

346 <u>collection attributes for use in actual interchange. Such definitions may be very similar to the examples in this document, since we attempted to pick useful examples.</u>

In some printing environments, it is desirable to allow the client to select the media for the job start sheet. The reason for not adding the 'collection' attribute syntax to the existing "job-sheets" Job Template attribute is the same as for "media". Instead, a new Job Template attribute is introduced, e.g. "job-sheet-col (collection)".

The member attributes of "job-sheet-col" attribute ("job-sheets (type 3 keyword)" and "media (type3 keyword | name)") both follow the naming rules of item 4a1 of section 3, i.e they reuse existing IPP attributes. According to the rules, their supported values come from the existing IPP attributes: "job-sheets-supported" and "media-supported". However, their default values do not come from "job-sheets-default" and "media-default", respectively. Rather the definition of "job-sheet-col" says that "job-sheets (type 3 keyword)" is required and if "media (type3 keyword | name)" is absent, the Printer uses the same media as the rest of the job uses.

If "job-sheet-col" attribute were defined to contain the member attribute "job-sheet-media (type3 keyword | name)" instead of "media (type3 keyword | name)", then the definition would also have to specify a "job-sheet-media-supported (1setOf (type3 keyword | name))" whose values would be independent of "media-supported (1setOf (type3 keyword | name))" and would be set separately by a System Administrator.

The actual text for the definition of the attribute is left as an exercise for the reader.

7 Encoding

This section defines the additional encoding tags used according to [ipp proRFC2910] and gives an example of their use. The encoding tags define in this document MUST be used by all collection attributes defined in other documents. However, the example of their use is illustrative only.

7.1 Additional tags defined for representing a collection attribute value

The 'collection' attribute syntax uses the tags defined in Table 3.

Table 3 - Tags defined for encoding the 'collection' attribute syntax

Tag name	Tag value	Meaning	
begCollection	0x34	Begin the collection attribute value.	
endCollection	0x37	End the collection attribute value.	
memberAttrName	0x4A	The value is the name of the collection member attribute	

When encoding a collection attribute "xxx" that contains an attribute "aaa" and is not inside another collection, the encoding follows these rules:

deBry, et al. Expires: July 24, 2001 [page 13]

- 1. The beginning of the collection is indicated with a value tag that MUST be syntax type 'begCollection' (0x34) with a name length and Name field that represent the name of the collection attribute ("xxx") as with any attribute, followed by a value. The Printer MAY ignore the value and its length of MAY be 0. In the future, however, this field MAY contain useful information, such as the collection name (cf. the name of a C struct).
 - 2. Each member attribute is encoded as a sequence of two or more values that appear to be part of a single multi-valued attribute, i.e. 1setOf. The first value after the 'begCollection' value has the attribute syntax 'memberAttrName' (0x4A) and its value holds the name of the first member attribute (e.g. "aaa"). The second value holds the first member's attribute value, which can be of any attribute syntax, except 'memberAttrName' or 'endCollection'. If the first member's attribute value is multi-valued, the third value holds the second value of the first member's value. Otherwise, the third value holds the name of second member attribute (e.g. "bbb") and its attribute syntax is 'memberAttrName'. In this case, the fourth member's value is the value of "bbb".

Note that the technique of encoding a 'collection' as a '1setOf' makes it easy for a Printer that doesn't support a particular collection attribute (or the collection attribute syntax at all) to simply skip over the entire collection value.

- 3. The end of the collection is indicated with a value tag that MUST be syntax type 'endCollection' (e.g. 0x37) and MAY have a zero name length and a zero value length. In the future, this field MAY contain useful information, such as the collection name that matches the one in the 'begCollection'.
- 4. It is valid to have a member attribute that is, itself, a collection attribute, i.e., collections can be nested within collections. This is represented by the occurrence of a member attribute that is of attribute syntax type 'begCollection'. Such a collection is terminated by a matching 'endCollection'. The name of such a member attribute is in the immediately preceding value whose syntax type is 'memberAttrName'.
- 5. It is valid for a collection attribute to be multi-valued, i.e., have more than one collection value. If the next attribute immediately following the 'endCollection' has a zero name length and a tag of 'begCollection', then the collection attribute is a multi-valued collection, as with any attribute. This statement applies to collections within collections and collections that are not in collections.

7.2 Example encoding: "media-col" (collection)

- The collection specified in section 5 is used for the encoding example shown in Table 5. The example also shows nested collections, since the "media-size" member attribute is a 'collection. The encoding example represents a blue 4x6-index cards and takes 216 octets. The Appendices contains more complex examples.
 - Additional examples have been included in the appendices.
- The overall structure of the two collection values can be pictorially represented as:
- 107 "media-col" =

deBry, et al. Expires: July 24, 2001 [page 14]

The full encoding is in table 4. A simplified view of the encoding looks like this:

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Table 4 - Overview Encoding of "media-col" collection

Tag Value	Name	Value
begCollection	media-col	""
memberAttrName	''''	media-color
keyword	''''	blue
memberAttrName	1111	media-size
begCollection	1111	1111
memberAttrName	"""	x-dimension
integer	1111	6
memberAttrName	1111	y-dimension
integer	1111	4
endCollection	"""	""
endCollection	"""	""

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Table 5 - Example Encoding of "media-col" collection

Octets	Symbolic Value	Protocol field	comments
0x34	begCollection	value-tag	beginning of the "media-col" collection attribute
0x0009		name-length	length of (collection) attribute name
media-col	media-col	name	name of (collection) attribute
0x0000		value-length	defined to be 0 for this type
			no value (since value-length was 0)
0x4A	memberAttrName	value-tag	starts a new member attribute: "media-color"
0x0000		name-length	defined to be 0 for this type, so part of 1setOf

Octets	Symbolic Value	Protocol field	comments
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x000B		value-length	length of "media-color" keyword
media-color	media-color	value	value is name of 1 st member attribute
0x44	keyword type	value-tag	keyword type
0x0000		name-length	0 indicates 1setOf
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x0004		value-length	
blue	blue	value	value of 1 st member attribute
0x4A	memberAttrName	value-tag	starts a new member attribute: "media-size"
0x0000		name-length	defined to be 0 for this type, so part of 1setOf
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x000A		value-length	length of "media-size" keyword
media-size	media-size	value	Name of 2 nd member attribute
0x34	begCollection	value-tag	Beginning of the "media-size" collection attribute which is a sub-collection
0x0000		name-length	0 indicates 1setOf
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x0000		value-length	collection attribute names have no value
			no value (since value-length was 0)
0x4A	memberAttrName	value-tag	starts a new member attribute: "x-dimension"
0x0000		name-length	defined to be 0 for this type, so part of 1setOf
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x000B		value-length	length of "x-dimension" keyword
x-dimension	x-dimension	value	name of 1 st sub-collection member attribute
0x21	integer type	value-tag	attribute type
0x0000	<u> </u>	name-length	0 indicates 1setOf
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x0004		value-length	length of an integer = 4

Octets	Symbolic Value	Protocol field	comments
0x0006		value	value of 1 st sub-collection member attribute
0x4A	memberAttrName	value-tag	starts a new member attribute: "y-dimension"
0x0000		name-length	defined to be 0 for this type, so part of 1setOf
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x000B		value-length	length of the "y-dimension" keyword
y-dimension	y-dimension	value	name of 2 nd sub-collection member attribute
0x21	integer type	value-tag	attribute type
0x0000		name-length	0 indicates 1setOf
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x0004		value-length	length of an integer = 4
0x0004		value	value of 2 nd sub-collection member attribute
0x37	endCollection	value-tag	end of the sub-collection
0x0000		name-length	defined to be 0 for this type, so part of 1setOf
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x0000		value-length	defined to be 0 for this type
			no value (since value-length was 0)
0x37	endCollection	value-tag	end of the 1st collection value in 1setOf
0x0000		name-length	defined to be 0 for this type, so part of 1setOf
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x0000		value-length	defined to be 0 for this type
			no value (since value-length was 0)

8 Legacy issues

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IPP 1.x Printers and Clients will gracefully ignore collections and its member attributes if it does not understand the collection. The begCollection and endCollection elements each look like an attribute with an attribute syntax that the recipient doesn't support and so should ignore the entire attribute. The individual member attributes and their values will look like a 1setOf values of the collection attribute, so that the Printer

deBry, et al. Expires: <u>July 24, 2001</u> [page 17]

125 126		simply ignores the entire attribute and all of its values. Returning unsupported attributes is also simple, since only the name of the collection attribute is returned with the 'unsupported' out-of-band value (see section 4.2).
127	9	IANA Considerations
128		This section contains the exact information for IANA to add to the IPP Registries according to the procedures
129		defined in "IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics" document [RFC2911] section 6.
30 31		Note to RFC Editors: Replace RFC NNNN below with the RFC number for this document, so that it accurately reflects the content of the information for the IANA Registry.
132	<u>9.1</u>	Attribute Syntax Registration
133		The attribute syntax defined in this document will be published by IANA This attribute syntax will be
134		registered with IANA after the WG approves its specification according to the procedures for extension of the
135		IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics in RFC 2911 [ipp-modRFC2911] section 6.3 with the following path:
136		ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-syntaxes/
137		The registry entry will contain the following information:
138		Reference:
139 140		RFC NNNN [this document]
141		Attribute Syntaxes: Ref. Section:
142		collection RFC NNNN 3
143		

10 Internationalization Considerations

This attribute syntax by itself has no impact on internationalization. However, the member attributes that are subsequently defined for use in a collection may have internationalization considerations, as may any attribute, according to [ipp_modRFC2911].

11 Security Considerations

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This attribute syntax causes no more security concerns than any other attribute syntax. It is only the attributes that are subsequently defined to use this or any other attribute syntax that may have security concerns, depending on the semantics of the attribute, according to [ipp-modRFC2911].

deBry, et al. Expires: July 24, 2001 [page 18]

12 References

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deBry, et al. Expires: <u>July 24, 2001</u> [page 19]

523

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deBry, et al. Expires: July 24, 2001 [page 20]

14 Appendix A: Encoding Example of a Simple Collection

The overall structure of the collection value can be pictorially represented as:

A simplified view of the encoding would look like this:

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Table 6 - Overview Encoding of simple collection

Tag Value	Name	Value
begCollection	media-size	""
memberAttrName	"""	x-dimension
integer	1111	6
memberAttrName	1111	y-dimension
integer	1111	4
endCollection	"""	""

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Note: "" represents a name or value whose length is 0.

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Table 7 - Example Encoding of simple collection

Octets	Symbolic Value	Protocol field	comments
0x34	begCollection	value-tag	beginning of the "media-size" collection attribute
0x000A		name-length	length of (collection) attribute name
media-size	media-size	name	name of (collection) attribute
0x0000		value-length	defined to be 0 for this type
			no value (since value-length was 0)
0x4A	memberAttrName	value-tag	starts member attribute: "x-dimension"
0x0000		name-length	defined to be 0 for this type, so part of 1setOf
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x000B		value-length	length of "x-dimension" keyword
x-dimension	x-dimension	value	name of 1 st collection member attribute
0x21	integer type	value-tag	attribute type

deBry, et al. Expires: July 24, 2001 [page 21]

Octets	Symbolic Value	Protocol field	comments
0x0000		name-length	0 indicates 1setOf
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x0004		value-length	length of an integer = 4
0x0006		value	value of 1 st collection member attribute
0x4A	memberAttrName	value-tag	starts a new member attribute: 'y-dimension'
0x0000		name-length	defined to be 0 for this type, so part of 1setOf
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x000B		value-length	length of the "y-dimension" keyword
y-dimension	y-dimension	value	name of 2 nd collection member attribute
0x21	integer type	value-tag	attribute type
0x0000		name-length	0 indicates 1setOf for media-size
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x0004		value-length	length of an integer = 4
0x0004		value	value of 2 nd collection member attribute
0x37	endCollection	value-tag	end of the collection
0x0000		name-length	defined to be 0 for this type, so part of 1setOf
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x0000		value-length	defined to be 0 for this type
			no value (since value-length was 0)

15 Appendix B: Encoding Example of 1setOf Collection

The overall structure of the collection value can be pictorially represented as:

```
    i40 "media-size-supported" =
    i41 { "x-dimension" = 6;
    i42 "y-dimension" = 4
    i43 },
    i44 { "x-dimension" = 3;
    i45 "y-dimension" = 5
    i46 };
```

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deBry, et al. Expires: <u>July 24, 2001</u> [page 22]

A simplified view of the encoding would look like this:

Table 8 - Overview Encoding of 1setOf collection

Tag Value	Name	Value
begCollection	media-size-supported	"""
memberAttrName	"""	x-dimension
integer	"""	6
memberAttrName	"""	y-dimension
integer	"""	4
endCollection	"""	""
begCollection	"""	""
memberAttrName	"""	x-dimension
integer	"""	3
memberAttrName	"""	y-dimension
integer	1111	5
endCollection	1111	""

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Table 9 - Example Encoding of 1setOf collection

Octets	Symbolic Value	Protocol field	comments
0x34	begCollection	value-tag	beginning of the "media-size-supported (1setOf collection" attribute
0x00014		name-length	length of (collection) attribute name
media-size- supported	media-size-supported	name	name of (collection) attribute
0x0000		value-length	defined to be 0 for this type
			no value (since value-length was 0)
0x4A	memberAttrName	value-tag	starts member attribute: "x-dimension"
0x0000		name-length	defined to be 0 for this type, so part of 1setOf
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x000B		value-length	length of "x-dimension" keyword
x-dimension	x-dimension	value	name of 1 st collection member attribute
0x21	integer type	value-tag	attribute type
0x0000		name-length	0 indicates 1setOf
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x0004		value-length	length of an integer = 4

deBry, et al. Expires: <u>July 24, 2001</u> [page 23]

Octets	Symbolic Value	Protocol field	comments
0x0006		value	value of 1 st collection member attribute
0x4A	memberAttrName	value-tag	starts member attribute: "y-dimension"
0x0000		name-length	defined to be 0 for this type, so part of
			1setOf
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x000B		value-length	length of the "y-dimension" keyword
y-dimension	y-dimension	value	name of 2 nd collection member attribute
0x21	integer type	value-tag	attribute type
0x0000		name-length	0 indicates 1setOf
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x0004		value-length	length of an integer $= 4$
0x0004		value	value of 2 nd collection member attribute
0x37	endCollection	value-tag	end of the collection
0x0000		name-length	defined to be 0 for this type, so part of
			1setOf
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x0000		value-length	defined to be 0 for this type
			no value (since value-length was 0)
0x34	begCollection	value-tag	beginning of the 2 nd member of the
			1SetOf "sizes-avail " collection attribute
0x0000		name-length	Zero length name indicates this is member
			of previous attribute
		name	no name (since name-length was 0)
0x0000		value-length	defined to be 0 for this type
			no value (since value-length was 0)
0x4A	memberAttrName	value-tag	starts member attribute: "x-dimension"
0x0000		name-length	defined to be 0 for this type, so part of
			1setOf
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x000B		value-length	length of "x-dimension" keyword
x-dimension	x-dimension	value	name of 1 st collection member attribute
0x21	integer type	value-tag	attribute type
0x0000		name-length	0 indicates 1setOf
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x0004		value-length	length of an integer = 4
0x0003		value	value of 1 st collection member attribute
0x4A	memberAttrName	value-tag	starts member attribute: 'y-dimension'
0x0000		name-length	defined to be 0 for this type, so part of 1setOf

Octets	Symbolic Value	Protocol field	comments
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x000B		value-length	length of the "y-dimension" keyword
y-dimension	y-dimension	value	name of 2 nd collection member attribute
0x21	integer type	value-tag	attribute type
0x0000		name-length	0 indicates 1setOf
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x0004		value-length	length of an integer = 4
0x0005		value	value of 2 nd collection member attribute
0x37	endCollection	value-tag	end of the 1setOf collection value
0x0000		name-length	defined to be 0 for this type, so part of
			1setOf
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x0000		value-length	defined to be 0 for this type
			no value (since value-length was 0)

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16 Appendix C: Encoding Example of Collection containing 1setOf XXX attribute

The overall structure of the collection value can be pictorially represented as:

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A simplified view of the encoding would look like this:

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Table 10 - Overview Encoding of collection with 1setOf value

Tag Value	Name	Value
begCollection	wagons	1111
memberAttrName	"""	colors
keyword	""	red
keyword	""	blue
memberAttrName	"""	sizes
integer	""	4
integer	"""	6

deBry, et al. Expires: <u>July 24, 2001</u> [page 25]

integer	''''	8
endCollection	""	"""

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Table 11 - Example Encoding of collection with 1setOf value

Table 11 Enample Encounty of concertor with 150001 value				
Octets	Symbolic Value	Protocol field	comments	
0x34	begCollection	value-tag	beginning of the "wagons" collection attribute	
0x0005		name-length	length of (collection) attribute name	
wagons	wagons	name	name of (collection) attribute	
0x0000		value-length	defined to be 0 for this type	
			no value (since value-length was 0)	
0x4A	memberAttrName	value-tag	starts a new member attribute: "colors"	
0x0000		name-length	defined to be 0 for this type, so part of 1setOf	
			no name (since name-length was 0)	
0x0006		value-length	length of "colors" keyword	
colors	colosr	value	value is name of 1 st member attribute	
0x44	keyword type	value-tag	keyword type	
0x0000		name-length	0 indicates 1setOf wagons	
			no name (since name-length was 0)	
0x0004		value-length		
blue	blue	value	value of 1 st member attribute	
0x44	keyword type	value-tag	keyword type	
0x0000		name-length	0 indicates 1setOf wagons	
			no name (since name-length was 0)	
0x0003		value-length		
red	red	value	value of 1 st member attribute	
0x4A	memberAttrName	value-tag	starts a new member attribute: "sizes"	
0x0000		name-length	defined to be 0 for this type, so part of 1setOf	
			no name (since name-length was 0)	
0x0005		value-length	length of "length-avail" keyword	
sizes	sizes	value	Name of 2 nd member attribute	
0x21	integer type	value-tag	attribute type	
0x0000		name-length	0 indicates 1setOf wagons	
			no name (since name-length was 0)	
0x0004		value-length	length of an integer = 4	
0x0004		value	1 st value for 1SetOf integer attribute	

deBry, et al. Expires: July 24, 2001 [page 26]

Octets	Symbolic Value	Protocol field	comments
0x21	integer type	value-tag	attribute type
0x0000		name-length	0 indicates 1setOf
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x0004		value-length	length of an integer = 4
0x0006		value	2 nd value for 1SetOf integer attribute
0x21	integer type	value-tag	attribute type
0x0000		name-length	0 indicates 1setOf
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x0004		value-length	length of an integer = 4
0x0008		value	3 rd value for 1SetOf integer attribute
0x37	endCollection	value-tag	end of the collection
0x0000		name-length	defined to be 0 for this type, so part of
			1setOf
			no name (since name-length was 0)
0x0000		value-length	defined to be 0 for this type
			no value (since value-length was 0)

17 Appendix D: Full Copyright Statement

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deBry, et al. Expires: July 24, 2001 [page 27]

deBry, et al. Expires: <u>July 24, 2001</u> [page 28]