

1 Subj: IPP Bake Off 2 Issues  
2 From: Peter Zehler, Tom Hastings, and Bob Herriot  
3 File: Issues-raised-at-Bake-Off2.doc  
4 Version: 1.84  
5 Date: 5/10~~4/12~~/1999  
6

7 This version incorporates the discussion on the mailing list and three telecons held 3/24/99, 3/31/99, and  
8 4/7/99 and the New Orleans meeting, 4/14-4/15 and the 4/21/99, 4/28/99, and 5/5/99 telecons on  
9 resolving the IPP/1.1 issues raised at Bake Off 2. The revision marks show changes since the 4/12/1999  
10 version. In the suggested text, the revision marks show changes from the existing text in the IPP/1.0  
11 Model and Semantics document (RFC 2566).

12 ~~NOTE: Since the Model and Semantics document and the Encoding and Transport documents are going~~  
13 ~~to cover both IPP/1.0 and IPP/1.1, as agreed at the March IETF meeting, any issue that does not mention~~  
14 ~~IPP/1.0 or IPP/1.1 explicitly means that the resolution applies to BOTH IPP/1.0 and IPP/1.1 in the same~~  
15 ~~way. Only if IPP/1.0 and/or IPP/1.1 is mentioned explicitly is there to be a difference explicitly stated in~~  
16 ~~the resulting IPP/1.1 standards track document that covers both IPP/1.0 (non-standards track) and~~  
17 ~~IPP/1.1 (standards track). We've taken the issues that Peter published in the Bake Off 2 Summary and~~  
18 ~~started a separate file. We've add some additional information that we gathered at the Bake Off with the~~  
19 ~~people raising the issues. We've also added to each issue, either a list of "possible alternatives" or a~~  
20 ~~"suggested clarification", "suggested change", or "suggested addition" for the discussion, so that we can~~  
21 ~~reach agreement as soon as possible. Finally, we've added "suggested text" with proposed resolutions.~~  
22 This text is what has been published in the May 10 Internet Draft. Please feel free to add additional  
23 alternatives or disagree with our suggested clarifications or additions or suggested text via e-mail so that  
24 the group may have the widest possible set of alternatives to choose from. ~~All the additional material is~~  
25 ~~indicated with revision marks from the issues list that Peter Zehler published March 19, 1999.~~

## 26 Status of Issues and Summary

27 This section lists the status of each issue and a brief summary. The next section is the detailed  
28 description of the issue and the resolution ~~or alternatives, if the issue is still OPEN~~. Please review this  
29 status and the detailed issues to see if you agree or disagree with the status so far. Silence will be  
30 interpreted as agreement.

31 ~~Note: These are issues that are to be resolved in the IPP/1.1 documents before forwarding them to the~~  
32 ~~IESG for publication as proposed standards. The IPP/1.0 documents have already been forwarded to the~~  
33 ~~RFC Editor after approval by the IESG for publication as Informational RFCs, so these issues and their~~  
34 ~~resolution will not affect the IPP/1.0 documents.~~

35 Status codes:

36 AGREED - agreement ~~on the telecon~~ on the suggested clarification, suggested change, or  
37 suggested. Subsequence silence on the DL will be interpreted as agreement. If you disagree,  
38 please indicate this to the ipp@pwg.org DL with the subject line containing: "MOD - Issue nn  
39 ...", where nn is the Issue number, and ... is the brief description of the issue.

40 **OPEN** - ~~still being discussed at future telecons and on the DL~~ All 36 issues have been closed.

41 OPEN issues remaining: 2, 17, 30, 31, 32, and 33~~none~~none.

42

43 1) ISSUE: Is 'application/octet-stream REQUIRED?

44 Suggested change: AGREED - no, change 1.1 back to agree with 1.0.

45

46 2) ISSUE: How can client force identified (authenticated) mode?

47 Possible alternatives: ~~OPEN-AGREED~~ - Add a "uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)"  
48 REQUIRED Printer Description attribute that identifies the authentication mechanism associated with  
49 each URI listed in the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. Also add this attribute as a RECOMMENDED  
50 directory schema attribute in the Directory Appendix E.

51 IIG: Add examples that show using suffixes to the URL to make multiple URLs, when distinct URLs  
52 are needed.~~alternatives being discussed: new operation, two URLs, its not a problem. Also relationship~~  
53 ~~to SLP template.~~

54

55 3) ISSUE: How reject down stream auto-sensed unsupported PDL?

56 Suggested addition (similar addition for "compression" in Issue 6): AGREED - add 'unsupported-  
57 document-format' and 'document-format-error' job state reasons.

58 IIG: Add an example showing a PostScript Level 3 job being aborted by a PostScript Level 2 printer.

59

60 4) ISSUE: Client (desktop or server) closes slow channel

61 Suggested clarification (same as Issues 5 and 20): AGREED that client ~~MUST-SHOULD~~ NOT close  
62 channel, unless ~~user indicates or policy~~the layer that initiated the submission does the close. RAISE on  
63 ~~DL explicitly to verify AGREEMENT.~~

64 IIG: Suggest that a client implementer avoid using synchronous writes, since they automatically close  
65 the channel. Use asynchronous writes instead, so that the lower layer doesn't time out the channel.

66

67 5) ISSUE: Client (desktop or server) closes stopped device

68 Suggested clarification (same as Issues 4 and 20): AGREED that client ~~MUST-SHOULD~~ NOT close  
69 channel, unless user indicates or policy.~~RAISE on DL explicitly to verify AGREEMENT.~~

70 IIG: Add examples.

71

72 6) ISSUE: What error if wrong compressed data supplied?

73 Suggested addition (similar addition for document-format in Issue 3; see related Issue 28): AGREED -  
74 add 'client-error-compression-error' status code and 'compression-error' and 'unsupported-compression'  
75 job state reasons.

76

77 7) ISSUE: Please implement Manufacturer make and model printer attribute and send the .INF file  
78 model name of the printer.

79 AGREED - Leave the description of "make" ambiguous in the Model.

80 Suggested clarification for the IIG: Document what Microsoft does with "printer-make-and-model".  
81 Document what any other platform does with this or similar attributes as suggested by  
82 participants. ~~OPEN - Recommend that the value contain the vendor name and the model in that order.~~

83

84 8) ISSUE: In ~~IPP/1.0~~ Model and Semantics 3.2.6.1, the definition for "limit", "which-jobs" and "my-  
85 jobs" is contradicting each other.

86 Suggested clarification: AGREED - clarify the "limit" limits the number so that the other two don't have  
87 to return ALL.

88

89 9) ISSUE: Customers become very unhappy when they go to the printer to pick up their job and a ream  
90 of PostScript source code is sitting in the output bin.

91 Suggested clarification: AGREED - clarify that application/octet-stream (auto-sense) can happen at  
92 submit time and/or processing time, depending on implementation. If auto-sense detects an unsupported  
93 document format at submit time, it returns the 'client-error-document-format-not-supported' error status  
94 code and rejects the create request.

95

96 10) ISSUE: How distinguish between submit vs processing auto-sense?

97 Suggested clarification in [ipp-mod] and [ipp-iig]: AGREED - clarify in [ipp-mod] that auto-sense  
98 MAY happen at either submit-time and/or processing-time. In IIG explain that with compression, it is  
99 much harder to auto-sense at submit time, since some compression methods require processing the entire  
100 file. Do NOT add a way for the client to determine whether auto-sensing happens at submit time or  
101 processing time.

102

103 11) ISSUE: Return what attributes with 'client-error-document-format-not-supported'?

104 Suggested clarification (see also Issues 18 and 23): AGREED - IPP/1.1 MUST-NEED NOT return  
105 "document-format=xxx" in Unsupported Attribute Group even though a special error status code, to  
106 make this error consistent with the rules for unsupported attributes. ~~Propose to DL explicitly, since not~~

107 ~~many implementations did return the attribute. In IPP/1.1 document say that IPP/1.0 MAY, but NEED~~  
108 ~~NOT.~~

109

110 12) ISSUE: length fields for the "UNSUPPORTED" tag

111 Suggested clarification (same as Issue 15): AGREED - clarify [ipp-mod] to agree with [ipp-pro] that the  
112 length MUST be 0 and no value is returned.

113

114 13) ISSUE: What job-state value should be returned in the Create-Job response?

115 Suggested clarification: AGREED - can be 'pending-held', 'pending', or 'processing' (the latter for a non-  
116 spooling printer that doesn't implement the 'pending' job state). Add 'job-data-insufficient' job-state-  
117 reason for use in any of the three job states if actual ripping or marking cannot begin until sufficient data  
118 has arrived.

119 Suggested clarification to IIG: AGREED - Explain the difference between the two job state reasons 'job-  
120 incoming' and 'job-data-insufficient', since both are likely to be meaningful for a spooling server.

121

122 14) ISSUE: Job-state for a forwarding server that can't get status from the device or system?

123 Suggested clarified and addition: AGREED - 'completed' is ok, but also add 'queued-in-device' job state  
124 reason which MUST be supported. ~~Bring out on the DL explicitly for confirmation.~~

125

126 15) ISSUE: 'unknown' and 'unsupported' Out of band values.

127 Suggested clarification (same clarification as Issue 12): AGREED - clarify [ipp-mod] to agree with [ipp-  
128 pro] that the length MUST be 0 and no value is returned.

129

130 16) ISSUE: Get-Printer-Attributes Polling

131 Suggested clarification in the IIG: AGREED - Add to IIG that clients SHOULD request only the  
132 attributes needed, rather than always asking for all.

133

134 17) ISSUE: ~~OPEN~~—Client display of absolute time for job attributes?

135 Suggested change: Change "time-at-processing (integer(0:MAX))", "time-at-processing  
136 (integer(0:MAX))", and "time-at-processing (integer(0:MAX))" Job Description attributes from  
137 OPTIONAL to REQUIRED. Change their range from 0:MAX to MIN:MAX so that negative times (or  
138 0) MAY be used to indicate job events that happened before the most recent power-up. REQUIRE the

139 Printer to reset its "printer-up-time" to 1 on power-up and change all persistent job time attributes to 0 or  
 140 negative, eliminating the option to keep the uptime monotonically increasing across restarts so that the  
 141 job attribute event times did not need to be changed. Also add the 'dateTime' as a second attribute  
 142 syntax that MAY be supported in version 1.1 requests and responses only.

143 ~~Suggested change: AGREED—Change the ranges from (0:MAX) to (MIN:MAX) for the three~~  
 144 ~~attributes:~~

145 ~~"time-at-creation (integer(MIN:MAX))"~~

146 ~~"time-at-processing (integer(MIN:MAX))"~~

147 ~~"time-at-completion (integer(MIN:MAX))"~~

148 ~~and clarify that the value can be negative for jobs that are retained across a system reboot, indicating~~  
 149 ~~some time in the past.~~

150 ~~Suggested addition: AGREED—Add three OPTIONAL Job Description attributes:~~

151 ~~"date-time-at-creation (dateTime)"~~

152 ~~"date-time-at-processing (dateTime)"~~

153 ~~"date-time-at-completion (dateTime)"~~

154 ~~Possible alternatives: OPEN—carry on discussion on DL to add three new date/time job attributes or~~  
 155 ~~add dateTime attribute syntax to the existing job attributes:~~

156 IIG: Indicate how ~~ISSUE: Make the time job attributes REQUIRED for IPP/1.1?~~ any network printer  
 157 can get time from NTP Time server. See RFC 1305. Also DHCP option 32 in RFC 2132 returns the IP  
 158 address of the NTP server.

159

160 18) ISSUE: Return all Job Template errors on Print-Job fidelity=true

161 Suggested clarification (same clarification as Issue 27): AGREED - all unsupported Job Template  
 162 attributes MUST be returned, not just the first, to agree with June IPP/1.0 draft. (In the November draft  
 163 this requirement was moved to the IIG, which seems to have been a mistake).

164

165 19) ISSUE: User Performing the Send-Document Operation

166 Suggested clarification: AGREED - same user MUST do Send-Document as did Create-Job. Same  
 167 security level or higher for subsequent operations on the job. Introduce the terms: "job owner" and  
 168 "authenticated user".

169

170 20) ISSUE: Non-spooling printers accept/reject additional jobs

171 Suggested clarification (same as Issues 4 and 5): AGREED that IPP object MAY accept an  
 172 implementation-defined number of subsequent create operations, including NONE. ~~RAISE on DL~~  
 173 ~~explicitly to verify AGREEMENT.~~

174 IIG: Add warning to clients that an IPP Printer MAY either reject subsequent jobs and/or may accept  
175 some, but flow control them down.

176

177 21) ISSUE: Does 'none' "uri-security-supported" mean Basic/Digest?

178 Suggested clarification: AGREED - "uri-security-supported" does not cover this kind of HTTP  
179 authentication. Also add a note to refer to [ipp-pro] for authentication since some authentication is  
180 transport-dependent. And the new "uri-authentication-supported" attribute covers authentication. See  
181 Issue 2.

182

183 22) ISSUE: Status code on variable-length attributes that are 'too short'

184 Suggested clarification in the IIG: AGREED - clarify in IIG that no special processing is needed if a  
185 client supplied a keyword with 0 length, since the keyword will not match any "xxx-supported"  
186 keywords.

187

188 23) ISSUE: There seems to be some misunderstanding about the unsupported-attributes group.

189 Suggested clarification (related to Issues 11 and 18): AGREED - clarify that the IPP object MUST  
190 return only requested attributes that are unsupported.

191

192 24) ISSUE What status does Get-Jobs return when no jobs?

193 Suggested clarification: AGREED - MUST return 'successful-ok'.

194

195 25) ISSUE - MAY an IPP object return more Operation attributes?

196 Suggested clarification: AGREED - client MUST process or ignore additional operation attributes  
197 returned.

198

199 26) ISSUE: MAY an IPP object return additional groups?

200 Suggested clarification: AGREED - Yes, and a client MUST process or ignore additional attribute  
201 groups returned in any order.

202

203 27) ISSUE: Return first or all unsupported Job Template attributes in Unsupported Group?

204 Suggested clarification (same clarification as Issue 18): AGREED - all unsupported Job Template  
 205 attributes MUST be returned, not just the first, to agree with June IPP/1.0 draft. (In the November draft  
 206 this requirement was moved to the IIG, which seems to have been a mistake).

207

208 28) ISSUE: What if compression is supplied but not supported?

209 Suggested IPP/1.1 Change (related to Issues 3 and 6): ~~AGREED - CLOSED - propose to the DL~~  
 210 ~~explicitly that~~ "compression" and "compression-supported" is REQUIRED for IPP/1.1 (with at least the  
 211 'none' value), even though it is OPTIONAL for IPP/1.0. Add the 'client-error-document-format-error' for  
 212 error detected at request time with a supported document format, such as PostScript Level 3 not  
 213 supported by a PostScript level 2 printer. Describe the priority between 'client-error-document-format-  
 214 not-supported', 'client-error-compression-not-supported', 'client-error-document-format-error', and  
 215 'client-error-compression-error' status codes. Also add "compression-supported" to the Appendix E on  
 216 directory schema as a RECOMMENDED attribute.

217 IIG only: IPP/1.0 implementations SHOULD at least check for the "compression" attribute being  
 218 present and reject the create request, if they don't support "compression". Not checking is a bug, since  
 219 the data will be unintelligible.

220 It was brought up that we need to check what compression HTTP supports and whether that would allow  
 221 us to drop the "compression" attribute in IPP altogether (or use it only in Print-URI and Send-URI). The  
 222 HTTP compression would have to work on POST.

223

224 29) ISSUE: Should "queued-job-count" be REQUIRED?

225 Suggested change: ~~CLOSED - propose to the DL explicitly that~~ AGREED - The "queued-job-count" be  
 226 is REQUIRED for IPP/1.1; ~~even though~~ it is a SHOULD for in the IPP/1.0 document.

227

228 30) ISSUE: Should "job-state-reasons" and "printer-state-reasons" be REQUIRED ~~in~~ for an IPP/1.1  
 229 Printer?

230 Suggested change: AGREED - The "job-state-reasons" and "printer-state-reasons" will be REQUIRED  
 231 for IPP/1.1; OPTIONAL in IPP/1.0. ~~OPEN - Considering that we tend to put more and more information~~  
 232 ~~into the currently OPTIONAL 'job-state-reason' and 'printer-state-reason' attributes, should we make~~  
 233 ~~them a MUST for the IPP/1.1 version? Raise on DL explicitly to see if there is agreement. (Discussion~~  
 234 ~~in 990324 phone conference).~~

235

236 31) ISSUE: How indicate a ripped job that is waiting for the marker?

237 Suggested addition: ~~OPEN - Three alternatives being pursued~~ AGREED - An implementation MAY use  
 238 any of the following: job stays in 'processing', job moves to 'pending', job moves to 'pending-held' job  
 239 states. Any of the alternatives MAY use a new ~~interpreted-waiting-to-print~~ queued-for-marker job state

240 reason to indicate that the job has been ripped but is waiting for the marker in a high end system. The  
 241 'pending-held' state is used by systems where the Operator explicitly does a Release-Job to schedule the  
 242 next job to be marked, while the 'pending' or 'processing' state is used by systems that choose the next  
 243 job to mark automatically. The 'processing' state is typically used by systems that tend not to have much  
 244 time between ripping and marking.

245 Also need to clarify that more than one job can be in the 'processing' state at the same time when some  
 246 are being ripped while one is being marked.

247

248 32) ISSUE: Is Digest REQUIRED for an IPP client and an IPP Printer to support?

249 Suggested change to Encoding and Transport document: ~~OPEN~~ AGREED -

250 1) Require an IPP Printer to at least implement either or both of:

251 a) HTTP Basic over a TLS secured channel (implementing TLS authentication is NOT  
 252 REQUIRED), OR,

253 b) the client authentication part of HTTP Digest

254 2) Require clients to implement at least both of the above.

255 ~~Ask the Area Director whether Digest MUST be supported by an IPP Printer or not.~~

256

257 33) ~~OPEN~~—ISSUE: ~~Ok to i~~Include the IPP/1.0 conformance requirements in the IPP/1.1 document?

258 Suggested change: AGREED - No. The IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document and the IPP/1.1  
 259 Encoding and Transport document will only cover IPP/1.1. They will NOT obsolete the experimental  
 260 RFC that describes IPP/1.0.

261 The IPP/1.1 documents will say that for interoperability with IPP/1.0 clients, that an IPP Printer  
 262 SHOULD accept IPP/1.0 requests and respond with IPP/1.0 responses.

263 The IPP/1.1 documents will NOT describe IPP/1.0 at all. However, the IPP/1.1 documents will contain  
 264 an appendix that summarizes each difference from IPP/1.0 by section number and a brief description  
 265 (see February 1999 I-Ds).

266 IIG: The IIG will discuss the advantages of a Printer supporting both IPP/1.0 and IPP/1.1 to maximize  
 267 interoperability with clients. Also discuss the advantage of a client supporting both IPP/1.0 and IPP/1.1  
 268 to maximize interoperability with IPP Printers. Most conformance requirements are the same for IPP/1.0  
 269 and IPP/1.1. For those make no special indication in the document. For those for which the  
 270 conformance is REQUIRED for IPP/1.1, but OPTIONAL for IPP/1.0, state: "IPP/1.1 xxx MUST ...;  
 271 OPTIONAL in IPP/1.0", where xxx is either clients or Printers.

272 34) ~~OPEN~~—ISSUE: Ok to REQUIRE "multiple-document-handling if Create-Job is supported?"



- 273 Suggested change: Allow Create-Job and Send-Document to be supported even when only one  
274 document jobs are supported. Add a new "multiple-document-jobs-supported (boolean) Printer  
275 Description attribute to indicate whether or not multiple documents are supported.
- 276 35) ~~OPEN~~ ISSUE: What error code to return on Print-URI or Send-URI if document not accessible?
- 277 Suggested addition: Add both a new 'client-error-document-access-error' status code and a 'document-  
278 access-error' value for "job-state-reasons", just like we have done for compression and document format  
279 errors for Issue 3, 6, and 28.
- 280 36) ISSUE: Don't require 1.0 support and add REQUIRED "version-numbers-supported" attribute
- 281 Suggested addition: RECOMMEND, rather than REQUIRE, conforming IPP/1.1 clients and the IPP/1.1  
282 Printers to support IPP/1.0 requests and responses. Therefore, add an "ipp-versions-supported" Printer  
283 Description attribute. Also add this attribute as RECOMMENDED in the directory schema list in the  
284 Appendix.

## 285 Detailed Descriptions of Issues and Resolutions or Alternatives.

### 286 1) ISSUE: Is 'application/octet-stream REQUIRED?

287 Is application/octet-stream REQUIRED. IPP/1.0 appears not to require it, while IPP/1.1 indicates  
288 "REQUIRED".

#### 289 ***Suggested change:***

290 Change IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document back to agree with IPP/1.0 not to require support of the  
291 'application/octet-stream' document format.

### 292 2) **OPEN--ISSUE: How can client force identified mode?**

293 If an IPP Printer supports both authenticated and unauthenticated access, there is no way for a client to  
294 force itself to be authenticated, i.e., be in identified mode, since it is the server that forces authentication  
295 by issuing a challenge to the client. It is very useful for a client to be able to get into identified mode as  
296 soon as possible. Today you have to wait to be challenged by the server, which may never happen – or  
297 happens at an unpredictable time. The security conformance requires that the authentication for  
298 operations be the same for all operations. So for authenticated Cancel-Job, the Print-Job has to be  
299 authenticated as well. We would like to add another operation that forces the server to generate a 401  
300 authentication challenge which the client would submit before submitting the print job in the first place.  
301 Unless somebody has a different solution (Microsoft)

#### 302 ***Possible alternatives:***

- 303 1. Add the operation as an OPTIONAL operation to IPP/1.0 and IPP/1.1 that forces the IPP object to  
304 issue a challenge to the client.
- 305 2. Use two URLs for the same IPP Printer object, one requires authentication and the IPP server always  
306 issues a challenge and the other never does. So the client that wants to be authenticated submits  
307 requests to the URL that requires authentication. ISSUE: How does the client discover which URL  
308 to use, since "uri-security-supported" is about security, not authentication?
- 309 3. Use two IPP Printer objects that fan-in to the same device. One IPP Printer object requires  
310 authentication and always issues the challenge and the other never does. ISSUE: How does the  
311 client discover which IPP Printer to use for authenticated access?
- 312 4. Request that the HTTP WG add some kind of header that allows the client to request that the HTTP  
313 server issue a challenge. ISSUE: It is unlikely that the HTTP group would do such a thing, since it  
314 is not needed for the usual use of HTTP which is to access documents on a server.
- 315 5. Some say that it isn't a problem that the client cannot force authentication.

#### 316 ***Suggested addition:***

317 **Add the following REQUIRED Printer Description attribute (alternative #2 above):**

#### 318 4.4.2 uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)

319 This REQUIRED Printer attribute MUST have the same cardinality (contain the same number of values)  
 320 as the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. This attribute identifies the authentication mechanism associated  
 321 with each URI listed in the "printer-uri-supported" attribute. The Printer object uses the specified  
 322 mechanism to identify the authenticated user. The "i th" value in "uri-authentication-supported"  
 323 corresponds to the "i th" value in "printer-uri-supported" and it describes the authentication mechanisms  
 324 associated with the URI. See [IPP-PRO] for more details on Client Authentication.

325 The following standard keyword values are defined:

326 'none': There is no authentication mechanism associated with the URI. The Printer object assumes  
 327 that the authenticated user is "anonymous".

328 'requesting-user-name': When a client performs an operation whose target is the associated URI, The  
 329 Printer object assumes that the authenticated user is specified by the "requesting-user-name"  
 330 Operation attribute. If this attribute is absent, the Printer object assumes that the authenticated  
 331 user is "anonymous".

332 'basic': When a client performs an operation whose target is the associated URI, the Printer object  
 333 challenges the client with HTTP basic authentication. The Printer object assumes that the  
 334 authenticated user is the name received via the basic authentication mechanism. This  
 335 authentication mechanism SHOULD be used with a secure channel, that is, the corresponding  
 336 value of "uri-security-supported" SHOULD NOT be 'none'.

337 'digest': When a client performs an operation whose target is the associated URI, the Printer object  
 338 challenges the client with HTTP digest authentication. The Printer object assumes that the  
 339 authenticated user is the name received via the digest authentication mechanism.

340 'certificate': When a client performs an operation whose target is the associated URI, the Printer  
 341 object expects the client to provide a certificate. The Printer object assumes that the authenticated  
 342 user is the textual name contained within the certificate.

343

### 344 **3) ISSUE: How reject down stream auto-sensed unsupported PDL?**

345 If auto-sensing happens AFTER the job is accepted (as opposed to auto-sensing at submit time before  
 346 returning the response), what does the implementation do?

347 Presumably, it is similar to encountering a mal-formed PDL. So the implementation aborts the job, puts  
 348 the job in the 'aborted' state and sets the 'aborted-by-system' value in the job's "job-state-reasons",  
 349 ~~if supported. If the "job-state-reasons" attribute is supported,~~ The 'aborted-by-system' value seems  
 350 appropriate, but it would be good to have a more specific reason to indicate the reason that the job was  
 351 aborted by the system.

#### 352 ***Suggested addition (similar addition for "compression" in Issue 6):***

353 Add 'unsupported-document-format' as a "job-state-reasons" value for use when the job is aborted  
 354 because the document format that is auto-sensed is not a supported document format. Also add a  
 355 'document-format-error' as a "job-state-reasons" value for use when the job is aborted because any kind  
 356 of PDL error is encountered while processing the document.

357 **Suggested text:**

358 'unsupported-document-format': The job was aborted by the system because the document-data's  
 359 document-format is not among those supported by the Printer. If the client specifies the  
 360 document-format as 'application/octet-stream', the printer MAY abort the job and post this reason  
 361 even though the format is a member of the "document-format-supported" printer attribute, but  
 362 not among the auto-sensed document-formats.

363 'document-format-error': The job was aborted by the system because the Printer encountered an error  
 364 in the document-data while processing it. If the Printer posts this reason, the document-data has  
 365 already passed any tests that would have led to the 'unsupported-document-format' job-state-  
 366 reason.

367 **4) ISSUE: Client (desktop or server) closes slow channel**

368 Some IPP Printer implementations, such as forwarding servers, want to accept an IPP job, even though  
 369 the down stream channel is being used at the moment by another job stream that the device supports.  
 370 Rejecting the job would mean that an IPP job might never get in, since these other protocols queue the  
 371 request.

372 However, some clients close the channel when it is flow controlled off for too long a time?

373 **Suggested clarification (same as Issues 5 and 20):**

374 Clarify the IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document that Clients (desktop or server) ~~MUST~~ **SHOULD**  
 375 NOT close the channel when flow controlled off, unless the layer that initiated the submission does  
 376 the close. Clients SHOULD do Get-Printer-Attributes and determine state of the device. Alert user if  
 377 the printer is stopped. Let user decide whether to abort the job transmission or not.

378 IIG: Suggest that a client implementer avoid using synchronous writes, since they automatically close  
 379 the channel. Use asynchronous writes instead, so that the lower layer doesn't time out the channel.

380 Also clarify the IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document that the following actions are conforming for  
 381 non-spooling IPP Printer objects: After accepting a create job operation, a non-spooling IPP Printer  
 382 MAY either:

- 383 1. Reject any subsequent create job operations while it is busy transferring and/or processing an  
 384 accepted job request and return the 'server-error-busy (0x0507).
- 385 2. Accept up to some implementation-defined subsequent create job operations and flow control  
 386 them to prevent buffer overflow. When the implementation-defined number of jobs is exceeded,  
 387 the IPP Printer MUST return the 'server-error-busy' status code and reject the create job request  
 388 as in 1 above.

389 Client (desktop or server) ~~MUST~~ **SHOULD** NOT close the channel when flow controlled off, unless the  
 390 layer that initiated the submission does the close. Clients that are rejected with a 'server-error-busy'  
 391 status code MAY retry periodically, try another IPP Printer, and/or subscribe for a 'ready-for-job' event  
 392 when we have notification specified.

393 Clarify that a client may be either in a desktop under control of a user or in a server that accepts some  
 394 protocol (IPP or other) and uses IPP to controls printers.

395 **Suggested text for section 2.1 IPP Objects:**

396 In this document the term "client" refers to a software entity that sends IPP operation request to an IPP  
 397 Printer object and accepts IPP operation responses. A client MAY be:

- 398 1. contained within software controlled by an end user, e.g. activated by the "Print" menu item in an  
 399 application and/or
- 400 2. a component of a print server that communicates (using IPP operations) with either an output device  
 401 or another "downstream" print server.

402 The term "IPP Printer" is a network entity that accepts IPP operation requests and returns IPP operation  
 403 responses. As such, an IPP object MAY be:

- 404 1. (embedded) software that controls a device
- 405 2. part of a print server that accepts IPP operation requests and, in turn, sends operation requests  
 406 using (the IPP or other) protocol to one or more networked device(s).

407 **Suggested text for section 5.1 Client Conformance Requirements:**

408 This section describes the conformance requirements for a client (see section **Error! Reference source**  
 409 not found.), whether it be:

- 410 1. contained within software controlled by an end user, e.g. activated by the "Print" menu item in an  
 411 application or
- 412 2. a component of a print server that communicates (using IPP operations) with either an output  
 413 device or another "downstream" print server.

414 While a client is sending data to a printer, it SHOULD do its best to prevent a channel from being closed  
 415 by a lower layer when the channel is blocked (i.e. flow-controlled off) for whatever reason, e.g. 'out of  
 416 paper' or 'job ahead hasn't freed up enough memory'. However, the layer that launched the print  
 417 submission (e.g. an end user) MAY close the channel in order to cancel the job. When a client closes a  
 418 channel, a Printer MAY print all or part of the received portion of the document. See the "Encoding and  
 419 Transport" document [IPP-PRO] for more details.

420 **Suggested text for section 5.2 IPP Object Conformance Requirements:**

421 This section specifies the conformance requirements for conforming implementations with respect to  
 422 objects, operations, and attributes whether they be (1) IPP objects that accept IPP requests and control  
 423 one or more devices or are embedded in a single device or (2) servers that accept IPP requests and  
 424 forward them to networked devices (using IPP or other protocol).

425 **5) ISSUE: Client (desktop or server) closes stopped device**

426 When a non-spooling printer is accepting data and putting it on media and runs into a problem, such as  
 427 paper out or paper jam, what should it do?

428 Returning an error is not user friendly, if fixing the problem would allow the job to complete normally.

429 ***Suggested clarification (same as Issues 4 and 20):***

430 Clarify the IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document that IPP Printers MUST not return an error status  
 431 code during a Print-Job operation when a device problem, such as jam or out of paper. Instead, the IPP  
 432 Printer object flow controls the data off. Otherwise, only a partial job will be produced, when a whole  
 433 job would be produced when the problem is attended to.

434 Clients (desktop or server) ~~MUST not~~ **SHOULD NOT** close the channel when flow controlled off, unless  
 435 the layer that initiated the submission does the close. Clients SHOULD do Get-Printer-Attributes and  
 436 determine state of the device. Alert user if the printer is stopped. Let user decide whether to abort the  
 437 job transmission or not.

438 IIG: Add examples.

439 ***Suggested text for section 5.1 Client Conformance Requirements:***

440 While a client is sending data to a printer, it SHOULD do its best to prevent a channel from being closed  
 441 by a lower layer when the channel is blocked (i.e. flow-controlled off) for whatever reason, e.g. 'out of  
 442 paper' or 'job ahead hasn't freed up enough memory'. However, the layer that launched the print  
 443 submission (e.g. an end user) MAY close the channel in order to cancel the job. When a client closes a  
 444 channel, a Printer MAY print all or part of the received portion of the document. See the "Encoding and  
 445 Transport" document [IPP-PRO] for more details.

446 **6) ISSUE: What error if wrong compressed data supplied?**

447 Problem: IPP server supports 'deflate' and 'gzip'. If client sets "compression attribute" = 'deflate' but  
 448 sends gzipped data, what error does IPP server return to client? Cannot use the existing 'client-error-  
 449 attributes-or-values-not-supported' (0x040B). But returning the operation attribute with the value that  
 450 was sent ('deflate') would be incorrect, because 'deflate' is supported!

451 ***Suggested addition (similar addition for document-format in Issue 3; see related Issue***  
 452 ***28):***

453 Add a new error status code: 'client-error-compression-error' that the IPP object can return if the  
 454 compression error is detected before the create job response is returned. Also add 'compression-error' as  
 455 a "job-state-reason" value for use when the job is aborted because any kind of compression error is  
 456 detected while decompressing the data after the create job response has been returned to the client.

457 The new 'client-error-compression-error' (0x0410) status code definition is:

458 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because the document data cannot be decompressed  
 459 when using the algorithm specified by the "compression" operation attribute. This error is returned  
 460 independent of the client-supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The Printer object MUST return this status  
 461 code, even if there are other attributes that are not supported as well, since this error is a bigger problem  
 462 than with Job Template attributes.

463 ***The suggested new job state reason definitions are:***

464 'unsupported-compression': The job was aborted by the system because the Printer determined while  
465 attempting to decompress the document-data's that the compression is actually not among those  
466 supported by the Printer.

467 'compression-error': The job was aborted by the system because the Printer encountered an error in  
468 the document-data while decompressing it. If the Printer posts this reason, the document-data has  
469 already passed any tests that would have led to the 'document-access-error' or 'unsupported-  
470 compression' job-state-reasons.

471 **7) ISSUE: Please implement Manufacturer make and model printer**  
472 **attribute and send the .INF file model name of the printer.**

473 If you do this we will automatically install the correct driver (if we have it) (Microsoft)

474 ***Suggested clarification for the IIG:***

475 At the front of the Implementer's Guide, indicate that implementation considerations that relate to  
476 particular operating system and NOS will be incorporated as they become known. Add recommendation  
477 to the IPP/1.1 Implementer's Guide that printer vendors are encouraged to configure the IPP Printer's  
478 "printer-make-and-model" attribute with the make and model name that matches the .INF file on  
479 Microsoft platforms. When so configured, the Microsoft driver install program will skip asking the user  
480 for the make and model of the printer being installed and use the value of the "printer-make-and-model"  
481 attribute.

482 Recommend that the "printer-make-and-model" value contain the vendor name and the model in that  
483 order. Do not attempt to clarify the "printer-make-and-model" attribute as to whether it includes a vendor  
484 name or not.

485 **8) ISSUE: In IPP/1.0 Model and semantics 3.2.6.1, the definition for "limit",**  
486 **"which-jobs" and "my-jobs" is contradicting each other.**

487 The problem is that the definition for "which-jobs" and "my-jobs" states that "all" jobs MUST be  
488 returned, while "limit" restricts the number of jobs to be returned. (Stefan Andersson Axis  
489 Communication AB)

490 ***Suggested clarification:***

491 Clarify IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics "which-jobs" and "my-jobs" operation attributes to indicate that  
492 the number of jobs returned is limited by the "limit" attribute if supplied by the client.

493 **Suggested text for section 3.2.6.2 Get-Jobs Response**

494 In the first sentence add the phrase:

495 up to the number specified by the "limit" attribute

496 to give:

497 The Printer object returns all of the Job objects up to the number specified by the "limit" attribute  
498 that match the criteria as defined by the attribute values supplied by the client in the request.

499 **9) ISSUE: Customers become very unhappy when they go to the printer to**  
500 **pick up their job and a ream of PostScript source code is sitting in the**  
501 **output bin.**

502 Cause: A PostScript datastream is accidentally sent to a PCL printer.

503 IPP Issue: IPP needs to clarify the standard in section 3.2.1.1 of the Model and Semantics document.  
504 Lines 1219-1221 defining the "document-format" operation attribute state that:

505 If the client does not supply the [document format] attribute, the Printer object assumes that the  
506 document data is in the format defined by the Printer object's "document-format-default"  
507 attribute.

508 I would like to see the following clarification:

509 If the client does not supply the [document format] attribute and the Printer object is not able to  
510 auto-sense the document format at print-job request time, the Printer object assumes that the  
511 document data is in the format defined by the Printer object's "document-format-default"  
512 attribute.

513 If the Printer object senses that the document format is PostScript, then job should be rejected if it is  
514 being sent to a PCL-only printer. The 'application/octet-stream' mechanism discussed in section 4.1.9  
515 does not seem to be helpful in this case, because it appears to assume that the auto-sensing occurs at  
516 document processing time. Until the document is actually "ripped", the document format remains  
517 unknown. So it seems to me that lines 2453-2476 do not address the problem described above where the  
518 wrong document format is submitted. These lines, rather, seem to apply to the case of a printer that  
519 handles multiple document formats and assumes that the submitted document is in one of the supported  
520 formats.

521 ***Suggested clarification:***

522 Add the suggested clarification that auto-sensing MAY be done at either job-submission time and/or job  
523 processing time to the IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics documents.

524 ***Suggested text for a new section 4.1.9.1 Application/octet-stream -- Auto-Sensing the***  
525 ***document format:***

526 During auto-sensing, a Printer may determine that the document-data has a format that the Printer doesn't  
527 recognize. If the Printer determines this problem before returning an operation response, it rejects the  
528 request and returns the 'client-error-document-format-not-supported' status code. If the Printer  
529 determines this problem after accepting the request and returning an operation response with one of the  
530 successful status codes, the Printer adds the 'unsupported-document-format' value to the job's "job-state-  
531 reasons" attribute.



532 **10) ISSUE: How distinguish between submit vs processing auto-sense?**

533 There are two different implementations of auto-sensing:

- 534
- at print submit time BEFORE the Print-Job or Send-Document responds
- 535
- at document processing (ripping) time AFTER the Print-Job or Send-Document has accepted the
- 536 job and returned the response.

537 The description of 'application/octet-stream' doesn't clarify whether one, the other or both is meant. How  
538 can a client determine which is supported?

539 ***Suggested clarification in [ipp-mod] and [ipp-iig]:***

540 Clarify IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document that 'application/octet-stream' means either auto-sensing  
541 at job submission time and/or job processing time depending on implementation. Do NOT add a way  
542 for the client to determine whether auto-sensing happens at submit time or processing time.

543 Add to Implementer's Guide a discussion about the advantages of auto-sensing at job submit time, rather  
544 than waiting until job processing time, so that an IPP Printer can reject an unsupported document format  
545 instead of accepting the job and then aborting the job sometime later. Also discuss for print by reference  
546 that an IPP Printer may want to examine the file, at least the first few octets, in order to check that the  
547 document-format is supported. On the other hand, network delays may make such a strategy take too  
548 long. Alternatively, the client may want to supply the "document-format" explicitly when doing print-  
549 by-reference either using the file extension as a hint, or actually accessing the first few octets of the data  
550 an implementing an auto-sensing in the client.

551 ***Suggested text for section 4.1.9 mimeTypeMediaTypes:***

552 One special type is 'application/octet-stream'. If the Printer object supports this value, the Printer object  
553 MUST be capable of auto-sensing the format of the document data, either as part of the create operation  
554 and/or at document processing time.

555 **11) ISSUE: Return what attributes with document-format-not-supported?**

556 If a server receives a request with a document format which is not supported, it returns the client-error-  
557 document-format-not-supported (0x040A) status code. Is it also necessary to include document format  
558 in the unsupported attribute group?

559 We suggest adding text which says it NEED NOT be supplied in the unsupported group.

560 ***Suggested clarification (see also Issues 18 and 23):***

561 Clarify IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document that when returning the 'client-error-document-format-  
562 not-supported' in a create response or a Send-Document response, that IPP/1.1 **MUST-NEED NOT**  
563 return "document-format=xxx" in Unsupported Attribute Group ~~even though~~ **since there is** a special error  
564 status code, ~~to make this error consistent with the rules for unsupported attributes.~~ **In IPP/1.1 document**  
565 **say that IPP/1.0 MAY, but NEED NOT.**

566 **Suggested clarification for section 13.1.4.11 client-error-document-format-not-**  
567 **supported**

568 13.1.4.11 client-error-document-format-not-supported (0x040A)

569 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because the document data is in a format, as specified in  
570 the "document-format" operation attribute, that is not supported by the Printer object. This error is  
571 returned independent of the client-supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The Printer object MUST return this  
572 status code, even if there are other Job Template attributes that are not supported as well, since this error  
573 is a bigger problem than with Job Template attributes. See section 0. **Issue 11**

## 574 **12) ISSUE: length fields for the "UNSUPPORTED" tag**

575 IPP/1.0: Model and Semantics, 16 Nov 1998, 3.2.1.2, Group 2 (unsupported attributes) -- states that in  
576 the case of an unsupported attribute name, the printer object should return a substituted out of band value  
577 of "unsupported". This impression is strengthened by the reference to section 4.1, where it gives the legal  
578 out of band values, none of which is an empty string.

579 This appears to conflict with Internet Printing Protocol/1.0: Encoding and Transport, 16 Nov 1998,  
580 section 3.10, where it states that the value length must be 0 and the value empty. (Claudio Cordova,  
581 Wade Mergenthal Xerox Corp.)

### 582 ***Suggested clarification (same as Issue 15):***

583 Clarify the IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document so that it does not appear to contradict the Encoding  
584 and Transport document. However, whether each of the "out-of-band" values are encoded as distinct  
585 attribute syntaxes with no value or as a single attribute syntax with a value that indicates which out-of-  
586 band value, is purely an encoding matter and cannot be indicated in the Model and Semantics document.  
587 Therefore, indicate in the IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document that the reader is to refer to the  
588 IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document for the encoding of the out-of-band values.

### 589 **Suggested text for section 3.1.7:**

590 This value's syntax type is "out-of-band" and its encoding is defined by special rules for "out-of-band"  
591 values in the "Encoding and Transport" specification [IPP-PRO]. Its value indicates no support for the  
592 attribute itself (see the beginning of section 4.1).

### 593 **Suggested text for section 4.1:**

594 In addition, the value of an attribute in a response (but not in a request) MAY be one of the "out-of-  
595 band" values whose special encoding rules are defined in the "Encoding and Transport" specification  
596 [IPP-PRO].

## 597 **13) ISSUE: What job-state value should be returned in the Create-Job** 598 **response?**

599 Pending, pending-held, or either depending on implementation?

600 The problem with 'pending' is that the job is not a "candidate to start processing" as the definition states.  
 601 The 'pending-held' state seems more reasonable. Its definition is:

602 'pending-held': The job is not a candidate for processing for any number of reasons but will  
 603 return to the 'pending' state as soon as the reasons are no longer present. The job's "job-state-  
 604 reason" attribute MUST indicate why the job is no longer a candidate for processing.

605 Also there is a "job-state-reason" value 'job-incoming' which states:

606 'job-incoming': The Create-Job operation has been accepted by the Printer, but the Printer is  
 607 expecting additional Send-Document and/or Send-URI operations and/or is accessing/accepting  
 608 document data.

609 ~~But "job-state-reasons" is OPTIONAL. Do we mandate it or recommend it if supporting Create-Job?~~

610 ***Suggested clarification:***

611 Clarify the IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document that an IPP Printer MAY put the job into the  
 612 'pending', 'pending-held', or 'processing' states after a Create-Job, depending on implementation as  
 613 follows:

- 614 • 'pending' - if the job is a candidate for processing whether all of the document data is present or  
 615 not. Add the 'waiting-for-data' "job-state-reasons" value to the job as an indication why this  
 616 'pending' job is not being processed OR
- 617 • 'pending-held' - if the job is not a candidate for processing until the last Send-Document or Send-  
 618 URI operation has been performed with the "last-document" set to 'true' and the document data  
 619 transferred. Here the implementation SHOULD ~~support set the "job-state-reasons" and use the~~  
 620 'job-incoming' value of the "job-state-reasons" attribute until the last data has arrived. The IPP  
 621 Printer removes the 'job-incoming' value when the last data has arrived, and transitions the job  
 622 from the 'pending-held' to the 'pending' job state OR
- 623 • 'processing' - if the IPP Printer is a non-spooling printer that does not implement the 'pending'  
 624 state, i.e., it either accepts a job and processes it or rejects the job if it already processing a job.  
 625 However, if a non-spooling printer does accept additional jobs while processing a job, then the  
 626 additional jobs MUST NOT be put into the 'processing' state immediately. See Issue 20  
 627 resolution for non-spooling printers.

628 ***Suggested text addition to section 3.2.4 Create-Job operation:***

629 After the Create-Job operation has completed, the value of the "job-state" attribute is similar to the "job-  
 630 state" after a Print-Job, even though there is no document-data. A Printer MAY set the "job-data-  
 631 insufficient" value of the job's "job-state-reason" attribute to indicate that processing cannot begin until  
 632 sufficient data has arrived and set the "job-state" to either 'pending' or 'pending-held'. A non-spooling  
 633 printer that doesn't implement the 'pending' job state MAY even set the "job-state" to 'processing', even  
 634 though there is not yet any data to process.

635 **Suggested text addition to section 4.3.8 job-state-reasons:**

636 Add the 'job-data-insufficient' value to be used with "job-state-reasons" with the following definition:

637 'job-data-insufficient': The Create-Job operation has been accepted by the Printer, but the Printer is  
 638 expecting additional document data before it can move the job into the 'processing' state. If a  
 639 Printer starts ~~printing-processing~~ before it has received all data, the Printer removes the 'job-  
 640 data-insufficient' reason, but the 'job-incoming' remains. If a Printer starts ~~printing-processing~~  
 641 after it has received all data, the Printer removes the 'job-data-insufficient' reason and the 'job-  
 642 incoming' at the same time.

643 Suggested clarification to IIG: AGREED - Explain the difference between the two job state reasons 'job-  
 644 incoming' and 'job-data-insufficient', since both are likely to be meaningful for a spooling server.

645 Note: Change the Bake Off 2 bo38.test script so that the 'pending-held', the 'pending', or 'processing' job  
 646 state is expected after a Create-Job operation.

647 **14) ISSUE: Job-state for a forwarding server?**

648 What job-state value should be returned in the Print-Job response for an IPP object that forwards the  
 649 data over a one-way interface, such as a parallel port or LPD? pending, processing, completed, or  
 650 unknown?

651 Unknown is the strict interpretation of section 4.3.7 "job-state", but it isn't very user friendly. The "job-  
 652 state" SHOULD reflect the actual job state, but these implementations have no idea when the job  
 653 actually starts or finishes.

654 How about a new "job-state-reasons" value: 'queued-in-device' (from PWG Job Monitoring MIB)?

655 **Suggested addition:**

656 Add to the IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document the 'queued-in-device' value for use with the "job-  
 657 state-reasons" attribute. REQUIRE that an IPP/1.1 implementation that forwards jobs, but does not have  
 658 any means to query the state of the down stream job, MUST support the ~~"job-state-reasons"-attribute and~~  
 659 the new 'queued-in-device' value of the REQUIRED "job-state-reasons" attribute when returning the job  
 660 in the 'completed' state. ~~IPP/1.0 implementations of forwarding servers NEED NOT support "job-state-~~  
 661 ~~reasons"-with-the 'queued-in-device' value.~~

662 **Suggested text for section 4.3.7 job-state:**

663 Add the following qualification to the "job-state" description:

664 Note: As with all other IPP attributes, if the implementation can not determine the correct value for this  
 665 attribute, it SHOULD respond with the out-of-band value 'unknown' (see section 4.1) rather than try to  
 666 guess at some possibly incorrect value and give the end user the wrong impression about the state of the  
 667 Job object. For example, if the implementation is just a gateway into some printing system from which  
 668 it can normally get status, but temporarily is unable, then the implementation should return the  
 669 'unknown' value. However, if the implementation is a gateway to a printing system that never does not  
 670 provides detailed status about the print job, the implementation MAY set the IPP Job object's state to

671 'completed', provided that it also sets the 'queued-in-device' value in the job's "job-state-reasons"  
 672 attribute (see section 4.3.8) might literally be 'unknown'.

673 **Suggested text for section 4.3.8 job-state-reasons:**

674 'queued-in-device': The job has been forwarded to a device or print system that is unable to send  
 675 back status. The Printer sets the job's "job-state " attribute to 'completed' and adds the 'queued-  
 676 in-device' value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute to indicate that the Printer has no  
 677 additional information about the job and never will have any better information.

678 **15) ISSUE: 'unknown' and 'unsupported' Out of band values.**

679 It is very unclear from the spec as to whether or not you should use the word 'unknown' (or unsupported  
 680 in that case) as the value for attributes that are unknown.

681 You can read it that you set the length equal to zero and set the type to 'unknown'. You can also read it as  
 682 saying you set the value to the string 'unknown'.

683 This is not helped by the Transport and Encoding spec saying – you must set the length to zero and then  
 684 telling a client what to do with a non-zero length. (Microsoft)

685 **Suggested clarification (same clarification as Issue 12):**

686 Clarify the IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document so that it does not appear to contradict the Encoding  
 687 and Transport document. However, whether each of the "out-of-band" values are encoded as distinct  
 688 attribute syntaxes with no value or as a single attribute syntax with a value that indicates which out-of-  
 689 band value, is purely an encoding matter and cannot be indicated in the Model and Semantics document.  
 690 Therefore, indicate in the IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document that the reader is to refer to the  
 691 IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document for the encoding of the out-of-band values.

692 **Suggested text for section 3.1.7:**

693 This value's syntax type is "out-of-band" and its encoding is defined by special rules for "out-of-band"  
 694 values in the "Encoding and Transport" specification [IPP-PRO]. Its value indicates no support for the  
 695 attribute itself (see the beginning of section 4.1).

696 **Suggested text for section 4.1:**

697 In addition, the value of an attribute in a response (but not in a request) MAY be one of the "out-of-  
 698 band" values whose special encoding rules are defined in the "Encoding and Transport" specification  
 699 [IPP-PRO].

700 **16) ISSUE: Get-Printer-Attributes Polling**

701 Some client polls printer periodically by Get-Printer-Attributes without specifying "requested-attributes".  
 702 So printer has to reply all attributes. It consumes printer resource.

703 **Suggested clarification in the IIG:**

704 RECOMMEND in the IPP/1.1 Implementer's Guide that Clients should specify "requested-attributes", if  
705 it wants to get just the printer status.

706 **17) ~~OPEN~~–ISSUE: Client display of absolute time for job attributes?**

707 What are clients doing with printers that don't support absolute time? How can client display an absolute  
708 time that a job was submitted, started processing, and completed (which is what is useful for a user)?

709 Possible Solution

710 Get Uptime from printer ("printer-up-time" - time system has been up in seconds)

711 Get Job(s)

712 Calculate Display time = job tick time ("time-at-xxx" - in seconds that system has been up) – uptime  
713 ("printer-up-time") + local client absolute date and time. The down side is that the client has to get the  
714 "printer-up-time" every time with a separate Get-Printer-Attributes operation.

715 Alternatively: Add OPTIONAL job attributes: "date-time-at-creation (dateTime)", "date-time-at-  
716 processing (dateTime)", and "date-time-at-completion (dateTime)"

717 (Microsoft)

718 **Possible alternatives:**

719 ~~Clarify that the "time-at-xxx" attributes can be negative if an IPP Printer is re-booted while jobs~~  
720 ~~remain.~~ One of the following alternatives:

721 1. Allow the job time attributes of jobs that persist across power-ups to be negative, so that they could  
722 represent the time of an event that happened before the most recent power up: "time-at-creation  
723 (integer(MIN:MAX))", "time-at-processing (integer(MIN:MAX))", and "time-at-completion  
724 ((MIN:MAX))"

725 2. Add to the IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document OPTIONAL job description attributes: "date-  
726 time-at-creation (dateTime)", "date-time-at-processing (dateTime)", and "date-time-at-completion  
727 (dateTime)".

728 3. Add to the IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document OPTIONAL job description attributes: "date-  
729 time-at-creation (integer | dateTime)", "date-time-at-processing (integer | dateTime)", and "date-time-  
730 at-completion (integer | dateTime)".

731 4. Instead of adding new job attributes, just add the dateTime attribute syntax as a second choice for the  
732 existing job attributes changing them to:

733 "time-at-creation (integer | dateTime)", "time-at-processing (integer | dateTime)", and "time-at-  
734 completion (integer | dateTime)"

735 5. Same as 1, but make the job attributes be REQUIRED for IPP/1.1.

- 736 6. Same as 2, but make the job attributes be REQUIRED for IPP/1.1, but keep support of the dateTime  
737 OPTIONAL.
- 738 7. Same as 2, but make the job attributes be REQUIRED for IPP/1.1, and REQUIRE a Printer  
739 implementation attempt to get the dateTime from somewhere (person or the network) at startup time.  
740 The implementation MUST use the integer form when the date cannot be obtained from a person or  
741 the network at startup time.
- 742 8. Same as 32, but make support of the dateTime REQUIRED for IPP/1.1.
- 743 9. Add three new "delta-time-at-xxx(integer)" where the value is the number of seconds in the past that  
744 the event occurred. In other words, the server does the subtract of:
- 745 job tick time ("time-at-xxx" - in seconds that system has been up) – uptime ("printer-up-time")  
746 at query time, so that the client doesn't have to also query the Printer Description "printer-up-time" at  
747 all. Then the client just subtracts the value from the client's current local absolute date and time.
- 748 10. Return "printer-up-time" (in seconds) as an operation attribute in Get-Jobs and Get-Job-Attributes  
749 response.
- 750 11. Make the "printer-up-time" Printer Description attribute also be a Job Description attribute. Clients  
751 that request the "time-at-xxx" job attributes should also request the "printer-up-time" job attribute, so  
752 that they can avoid requesting it using a separate Get-Printer-Attributes request.
- 753 12. Add a REQUIRED "job-printer-up-time" Job Description attribute which is a copy of the IPP/1.0  
754 REQUIRED "printer-up-time" Printer Description attribute.

755 ***Suggested resolution:***

- 756 1. Keep-Change the range on the 3 "time-at-xxx" job time attributes from as-0:MAX as it is in IPP/1.0 to  
757 MIN:MAX:
- 758 time-at-creation(integer(MIN0:MAX))  
759 time-at-processing(integer(MIN0:MAX))  
760 time-at-completed(integer(MIN0:MAX))
- 761 There is no need for negative timeA negative value indicates an event that happened that many seconds  
762 before the most recent power-up of the Printer; a 0 value means that the event occurred at some  
763 unspecified time before the printer was powered up most recently. Describe the 0 and negative values  
764 once in the time-at-xxx section. Add a forward reference to 4.4.26 printer-up-time about a 0 value  
765 meaning the event was before the printer was powered up, since many readers missed the point that the  
766 restart problem was already handled in IPP/1.0.
- 767 2. Keep-Change the current section 4.4.26 printer-up-time(integer(1:MAX)) as it is in IPP/1.0 with  
768 respect to restarts. Eliminate the IPP/1.0 Printer option to NOT reset the "printer-up-time" on power-up.  
769 REQUIRE IPP/1.1 Printer's to reset the "printer-up-time" to 1 on power-up. Then this attribute tracks  
770 the MIB-II sysUpTime attribute and the Printer MIB prtAlertTime (except "printer-up-time" is in  
771 seconds, instead of 100th of a second). In order to solve the problem of time attributes for jobs that  
772 persist across the power-up, either the implementation MUST:

773 ~~(a) knows that it was restarted and so the value on the restart is greater than it was in the printer's~~  
 774 ~~former life or~~ (a) return "time-at-xxx" Job time attributes using the dateTime form or

775 (b) ~~the Printer sets its "printer-up-time" to 1 and resets~~ the "time-at-xxx" Job time attributes for  
 776 any persistent jobs back to 0 to indicate that the event took place sometime before the most  
 777 recent power-up or to a negative value that represents the number of seconds before the most  
 778 recent power-up that the event took place-

779 3. Problem: Make it easier for clients to get clock time for job events, make it easier for clients to  
 780 correlate job events with notifications which need to use date and time (since there may not be  
 781 intermediate servers to translate relative tick time to absolute date/time), allow the Printer to not have to  
 782 adjust the time attribute values of all the persistent jobs on power-up, avoid the need for intermediate  
 783 IPP servers to translate relative tick time as responses are cascaded back to original client.

784 Solution: add a dateTime attribute syntax choice to the three (now REQUIRED) job time attributes, so  
 785 that they become:

786 time-at-creation(integer(MIN@:MAX) | dateTime)  
 787 time-at-processing(integer(MIN@:MAX) | dateTime)  
 788 time-at-completed(integer(MIN@:MAX) | dateTime)

789 Thus the value returned is either the value of the Printer's REQUIRED "printer-up-time(integer)" or the  
 790 Printer's "printer-current-time(dateTime)" when the event occurred, depending on implementation. Now  
 791 the client simply requests these attributes and deal with which ever value it gets back.

792 For compatibility with IPP/1.0, indicate that an IPP/1.1 Printer MUST return the integer value if the  
 793 version number of the request is '1.0'.

794 Clarify that the date and time does not have to be very accurate. The time does not have to be that  
 795 precise in order to work in practice.

796 If an implementation cannot get the dateTime, that it MUST return the integer value that corresponds  
 797 with its REQUIRED "printer-up-time(integer)", rather than returning the out-of-band 'no-value' value  
 798 that corresponds to its OPTIONAL "printer-current-time(dateTime)".

799 4. To solve the problem of the client having to make two trips to the printer when displaying jobs:

800 first to get the "time-at-xxx" job attributes with Get-Jobs or Get-Job-Attributes, and

801 second to get the "printer-up-time" with Get-Printer-Attributes,

802 we'll add a REQUIRED job attribute:

803 job-printer-up-time(integer(1:MAX))

804 which is ~~a copy~~ an alias of the Printer's "printer-up-time(integer(1:MAX))".

805 5. To help clients being able to depend on getting time, change the 3 "time-at-xxx(integer)" job time  
 806 attributes from OPTIONAL to REQUIRED. This shouldn't be a burden, since the corresponding printer  
 807 attribute: "printer-up-time" is already REQUIRED in IPP/1.0. Also the draft Printer MIB and MIB-II  
 808 require that a device have a clock tick capability.



809 6. Clarify that if an implementation supports the OPTIONAL "printer-current-time(dateTime)" attribute  
 810 by getting the time from some source such as the network or an operator, but was unable to, that it  
 811 MUST return the out-of-band 'no-value' which means not configured (yet). See the beginning of section  
 812 4.1 in the Model.

813 7. Clarify that the time zone NEED NOT be that used by people in the vicinity of the Printer or device  
 814 and that clients SHOULD convert dateTime attributes to the time zone of the client before display to the  
 815 user.

816 IIG: Describe some of the many ways that implementations can get the date and time:

- 817 1. Any network printer can get time from NTP Time server. See RFC 1305. Also DHCP  
 818 option 32 in RFC 2132 returns the IP address of the NTP server.
- 819 2. Get the date and time at startup from a human operator
- 820 3. Have an operator set the date and time using a web administrative interface
- 821 4. Get the date and time from incoming HTTP requests, though the problems of spoofing need  
 822 to be considered. Perhaps comparing several HTTP requests could reduce the chances of  
 823 spoofing.
- 824 5. Internal date time clock battery driven.
- 825 6. Query "<http://tycho.usno.navy.mil/cgi-bin/timer.pl>"
- 826 ~~7. Include a GPS module???~~

827 ***Suggested text:***

828 Group the three "time-at-xxx" Job Description time attributes into a single section so that the common  
 829 semantics can be said once: Add the following sentence to each of the "time-at-xxx" Job Description  
 830 attributes:

831 4.3.12 Event Time Job Description Attributes

832 This section defines the Job Description attributes that indicate the time at which certain events occur for  
 833 a job. The attribute syntax MUST be either 'integer' or 'dateTime' for any response in which the  
 834 "version-number" parameter is supplied as '1.1', but MUST be an 'integer' for any response in which the  
 835 "version-number" parameter is supplied as '1.0', for compatibility with IPP/1.0 [RFC2566]. See section  
 836 **Error! Reference source not found.**

837 In order to populate these Event Time Job Description Attributes, the Printer object copies either:

- 838 1. the value in its "printer-current-time" attribute for the 'dateTime' value at the time the event  
 839 occurred if the printer supports the attribute "printer-current-time" and its value is not the out-  
 840 of-band 'no-value' value.
- 841 2. the value in its "printer-up-time" attribute for the 'integer' value at the time the event occurred  
 842 otherwise

843 Note: because the time MAY become known to the Printer some time after power-up, a client could  
 844 receive jobs that contain some Event Time Job Description Attributes that use the 'integer' time tick  
 845 representation while the later events use the 'dateTime' date/time representation.

846 If the Printer implementation keeps jobs persistently across power cycles, then an implementation  
 847 MUST reset its "printer-up-time" attribute to 1 on each power-up. In addition, an implementation that  
 848 uses the 'integer' form MUST change all of its Event Time Job Description attributes for those persistent  
 849 jobs either:

850 1. to 0 to indicate that the event happened before the most recent power up

851 2. to the negative of the number of seconds before the most recent power-up that the event took  
 852 place, though the negative number NEED NOT reflect the exact number of seconds.

853 An implementation that uses the 'dateTime' form does not change the values of any of its Event Time  
 854 Job Description Attributes for persistent jobs on power-up.

855 4.3.12.1 time-at-creation (integer(MIN0:MAX))

856 This **REQUIRED** attribute indicates the ~~point in~~ time at which the Job object was created. ~~In order to~~  
 857 ~~populate this attribute, the Printer object uses the value in its "printer-up-time" attribute at the time the~~  
 858 ~~Job object is created.~~

859 4.3.12.2 time-at-processing (integer(MIN0:MAX))

860 This **REQUIRED** attribute indicates the ~~point in~~ time at which the Job object began processing. The  
 861 out-of-band 'no-value' value is returned if the job has not yet been in the 'processing' state (see the  
 862 beginning of Section 4.1).~~In order to populate this attribute, the Printer object uses the value in its~~  
 863 ~~"printer-up-time" attribute at the time the Job object is moved into the 'processing' state for the first time.~~

864 4.3.12.3 time-at-completed (integer(MIN0:MAX))

865 This **REQUIRED** attribute indicates the ~~point in~~ time at which the Job object completed (or was  
 866 cancelled or aborted). The out-of-band 'no-value' value is returned if the job has not yet completed, been  
 867 canceled, or aborted (see the beginning of Section 4.1).~~In order to populate this attribute, the Printer~~  
 868 ~~object uses the value in its "printer-up-time" attribute at the time the Job object is moved into the~~  
 869 ~~'completed' or 'canceled' or 'aborted' state.~~

870 4.3.12.4 job-printer-up-time(integer(1:MAX))

871 This REQUIRED Job Description attribute indicates the amount of time (in seconds) that the Printer  
 872 implementation has been up and running. This attribute is an alias for the "printer-up-time" Printer  
 873 Description attribute (see Section 4.4.27).

874 Note: A client MAY request this attribute in a Get-Job-Attributes or Get-Jobs request and use the value  
 875 returned in combination with other requested Event Time Job Description Attributes in order to display  
 876 time attributes to a user. The difference between this attribute and the integer value of a "time-at-xxx"  
 877 attribute is the number of seconds ago that the "time-at-xxx" event occurred. A client can compute the

878 wall-clock time at which the "time-at-xxx" event occurred by subtracting this difference from the client's  
 879 wall-clock time.

880 ***Suggested text for section 4.4.27 printer-current-time***

881 4.4.27 printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX))

882 This REQUIRED Printer attribute indicates the amount of time (in seconds) that this Printer instance of  
 883 this Printer implementation has been up and running. The value is a monotonically increasing value  
 884 starting from 1 when the Printer object is started-up (initialized, booted, etc.). This value or the value of  
 885 "printer-current-time" is used to populate the Job attributes "time-at-creation", "time-at-processing", and  
 886 "time-at-completed", depending on implementation (see Section 4.3.12). ~~These time values are all~~  
 887 ~~measured in seconds and all have meaning only relative to this attribute, "printer-up-time". The value is~~  
 888 ~~a monotonically increasing value starting from 1 when the Printer object is started-up (initialized,~~  
 889 ~~booted, etc.).~~

890 If the Printer object software ceases running~~goes down at some value 'n', and comes back up~~restarts  
 891 without knowing the last value for "printer-up-time", the implementation MAY~~MUST~~ reset this value to  
 892 1. However, if the device or devices that the Printer object is representing are restarted or power cycled,  
 893 the Printer object MAY continue counting this value or MAY reset this value to 1 depending on  
 894 implementation. If this value is reset and the implementation has persistent jobs and the Event Time Job  
 895 Description Attributes are represented using the 'integer' form (instead of the 'dateTime' form), they  
 896 MUST be reset according to Section 4.3.13:

- 897 ~~1. Know how long it has been down, and resume at some value greater than 'n', or~~  
 898 ~~2. Restart from 1.~~

899  
 900 ~~In the first case, the Printer SHOULD not tweak any existing related Job attributes ("time-at-creation",~~  
 901 ~~"time-at-processing", and "time-at-completed"). In the second case, the Printer object SHOULD reset~~  
 902 ~~those attributes to 0. If a client queries a time-related Job attribute and finds the value to be 0, the client~~  
 903 ~~MUST assume that the Job was submitted in some life other than the Printer's current life. An~~  
 904 ~~implementation MAY use both cases, depending on warm versus cold start, respectively.~~

905 ***Suggested text for section 4.4.28 printer-current-time:***

906 4.4.28 printer-current-time (dateTime)

907 This Printer attribute indicates the current ~~absolute~~ wall-clock time. This value or the value of "printer-  
 908 uptime-time" is used to populate the Job attributes "time-at-creation", "time-at-processing", and "time-at-  
 909 completed", depending on implementation (see Section 4.3.12). ~~If an implementation supports this~~  
 910 ~~attribute, then a client could calculate the absolute wall-clock time each Job's "time-at-creation", "time-~~  
 911 ~~at-processing", and "time-at-completed" attributes by using both "printer-up-time" and this attribute,~~  
 912 ~~"printer-current-time". If an implementation does not support this attribute, a client can only calculate~~  
 913 ~~the relative time of certain events based on the REQUIRED "printer-up-time" attribute.~~

914 The date and time is obtained on a "best efforts basis" and does not have to be that precise in order to  
 915 work in practice. A Printer implementation sets the value of this attribute by obtaining the date and time

916 via some implementation-dependent means, such as getting the value from a network time server,  
 917 initialization at time of manufacture, or setting by an administrator. See [ipp-iig] for examples. If an  
 918 implementation supports this attribute and the implementation knows that it has not yet been set to a  
 919 correct value, then the implementation MUST return the value of this attribute using the out-of-band 'no-  
 920 value' meaning not configured. See the beginning of section 4.1.

921 The time zone of this attribute NEED NOT be the time zone used by people located near the Printer  
 922 object or device. The client MUST NOT expect that the time zone of any received 'dateTime' value to  
 923 be in the time zone of the client or in the time zone of the people located near the printer.

924 The client SHOULD display any dateTime attributes to the user in client local time by converting the  
 925 'dateTime' value returned by the server to the time zone of the client, rather than using the time zone  
 926 returned by the Printer in attributes that use the 'dateTime' attribute syntax.

927 **18) ISSUE: Return all Job Template errors on Print-Job fidelity=true**

928 If ipp-attributes-fidelity=true, MUST all Job Template attributes that are not supported, be returned, or  
 929 can just the first error be returned? Section 16.3 and 16.4 of the Model and Semantics document was  
 930 moved to the Implementer's Guide when creating the November 1998 draft from the June 1998 draft.  
 931 The following note was contained in section 16.4 that was moved:

932 Note: whether the request is accepted or rejected is determined by the value of the "ipp-attribute-fidelity"  
 933 attribute in a subsequent step, so that all Job Template attribute supplied are examined and all  
 934 unsupported attributes and/or values are copied to the Unsupported Attributes response group.

935 ***Suggested clarification (same clarification as Issue 27):***

936 Clarify in the IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document that all operation attributes and all Job Template  
 937 attributes MUST be returned in the Unsupported Attributes group, unless there is a specific error status  
 938 for the unsupported operation attribute, such as: ~~server-error-version-not-supported, server-error-~~  
 939 ~~operation-not-supported, client-error-charset-not-supported, client-error-compression-not-supported,~~  
 940 ~~client-error-document-format-not-supported, and client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported~~'~~client error-~~  
 941 ~~document-not-supported~~'.

942 ***Suggested text for section 3.1.6 Status Codes and a new section 3.1.7:***

943 If the Printer performs an operation with no errors and it encounters no problems, it MUST return the  
 944 status code 'successful-ok' in the response. See section 14.

945 If the client supplies unsupported values for the following parameters or Operation attributes, the Printer  
 946 object MUST reject the operation, NEED NOT return the unsupported attribute value in the  
 947 Unsupported Attributes group, and MUST return the indicated status code:

<u>Parameter/Attribute</u>	<u>Status code</u>
<u>version-number</u>	<u>server-error-version-not-supported</u>
<u>operation-id</u>	<u>server-error-operation-not-supported</u>
<u>attributes-charset</u>	<u>client-error-charset-not-supported</u>

<a href="#"><u>compression</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>client-error-compression-not-supported</u></a>
<a href="#"><u>document-format</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>client-error-document-format-not-supported</u></a>
<a href="#"><u>document-uri</u></a>	<a href="#"><u>client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported, client-error-document-access-error</u></a>

948 [If the client supplies unsupported values for other attributes, or unsupported attributes, the Printer returns](#)  
949 [the status code defined in the next section on Unsupported Attributes.](#)

950 [3.1.7 Unsupported Attributes](#)

951 [The Unsupported Attributes group contains attributes that are not supported by the operation. This group](#)  
952 [is primarily for the job creation operations, but all operations can return this group.](#)

953 [A Printer object MUST include an Unsupported Attributes group in a response if the status code is one](#)  
954 [of the following: 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes', 'successful-ok-conflicting-attributes',](#)  
955 ['client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' or 'client-error-conflicting-attributes'.](#)

956 [If the status code is one of the four specified in the preceding paragraph, the Unsupported Attributes](#)  
957 [group MUST contain all of those attributes and only those attributes that are:](#)

- 958 a) [an Operation or Job Template attribute supplied in the request, and](#)
- 959 b) [unsupported by the printer. See below for details on the three categories "unsupported"](#)  
960 [attributes. Issues 18, 23, and 27](#)

961

962 **19) ISSUE: User Performing the Send-Document Operation**

963 The Send-Document and Send-URI commands need the following clarification with regard to the user  
964 performing the operation. In the requesting-user-name section of Send-Document add:

965 The user performing the Send-Document operation must be the same as for the Create- Job  
966 operation that created the job. The printer determines the user performing the operation from the  
967 requesting-user-name or the underlying authentication mechanism as described in Section 8.3 of  
968 the model document.

969 The wording in the Send-URI section would imply that the above change applies to Send-URI as well.

970 ***Suggested clarification:***

971 Add the suggested clarification to the IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document. [Introduce the terms: "job](#)  
972 [owner" and "authenticated user". The new text for section 8.3 is:](#)

973 **[8.3 URIs for each authentication mechanisms](#)**

974 [Each URI has an authentication mechanism associated with it. If the URI is the ith element of "printer-](#)  
975 [uri-supported", then authentication mechanism is the "i th" element of "uri-authentication-supported".](#)  
976 [For a list of possible authentication mechanisms, see section 4.4.2.](#)

977 The Printer object uses an authentication mechanism to determine the name of the user performing an  
 978 operation. This user is called the "authenticated user". The credibility of authentication depends on the  
 979 mechanism that the Printer uses to obtain the user's name. When the authentication mechanism is 'none',  
 980 all authenticated users are "anonymous".

981 During job creation operations, the Printer initializes the value of the "job-originating-user-name"  
 982 attribute to be the authenticated user. The authenticated user in this case is called the "job-owner".

983 If an implementation can be configured to support more than one authentication mechanism, then it  
 984 MUST implement rules for determining equality of authenticated user names which have been  
 985 authenticated via different authentication mechanisms. One possible policy is that identical names that  
 986 are authenticated via different mechanism are different. For example, a user can cancel his job only if he  
 987 uses the same authentication mechanism for both Cancel-Job and Print-Job. Another policy is that  
 988 identical names that are authenticated via different mechanism are the same if the authentication  
 989 mechanism for the later operation is not less strong than the authentication mechanism for the earlier job  
 990 creation operation. For example, a user can cancel his job only if he uses the same or stronger  
 991 authentication mechanism for Cancel-Job and Print-Job. With this second policy a job submitted via  
 992 'requesting-user-name' authentication could be cancelled via 'digest' authentication. With the first policy,  
 993 the job could not be cancelled in this way.

994 A client is able to determine the authentication mechanism used to create a job. It is the ith value of the  
 995 Printer's "uri-authentication-supported" attribute, where i is the index of the element of the Printer's "uri-  
 996 printer-supported" attribute equal to the job's "job-printer-uri" attribute.

997 which replaces the following text:

### 998 **8.3 The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) Operation attribute**

999 Each operation MUST specify the user who is performing the operation in both of the following two  
 1000 ways:

- 1001 1) via the REQUIRED "requesting-user-name" operation attribute that a client SHOULD supply in  
 1002 all operations. The client MUST obtain the value for this attribute from an environmental or  
 1003 network login name for the user, rather than allowing the user to supply any value. If the client  
 1004 does not supply a value for "requesting-user-name", the printer MUST assume that the client is  
 1005 supplying some anonymous name, such as "anonymous".
- 1006 2) via an authentication mechanism of the underlying transport which may be configured to give no  
 1007 authentication information.

1009 There are six cases to consider:

- 1010 a) the authentication mechanism gives no information, and the client doesn't specify "requesting-  
 1011 user-name".
- 1012 b) the authentication mechanism gives no information, but the client specifies "requesting-user-  
 1013 name".
- 1014 c) the authentication mechanism specifies a user which has no human readable representation, and  
 1015 the client doesn't specify "requesting-user-name".
- 1016 d) the authentication mechanism specifies a user which has no human readable representation, but  
 1017 the client specifies "requesting-user-name".

1018 e) the authentication mechanism specifies a user which has a human readable representation. The  
 1019 Printer object ignores the "requesting-user-name".

1020 f) the authentication mechanism specifies a user who is trusted and whose name means that the  
 1021 value of the "requesting-user-name", which MUST be present, is treated as the authenticated  
 1022 name.

1023  
 1024 Note: Case "f" is intended for a tightly coupled gateway and server to work together so that the "user"  
 1025 name is able to be that of the gateway client and not that of the gateway. Because most, if not all, system  
 1026 vendors will initially implement IPP via a gateway into their existing print system, this mechanism is  
 1027 necessary unless the authentication mechanism allows a gateway (client) to act on behalf of some other  
 1028 client.

1029 The user-name has two forms:

- 1030 - one that is human readable: it is held in the REQUIRED "job-originating-user-name" Job  
 1031 Description attribute which is set during the job creation operations. It is used for presentation  
 1032 only, such as returning in queries or printing on start sheets
- 1033 - one for authorization: it is held in an undefined (by IPP) Job object attribute which is set by the job  
 1034 creation operation. It is used to authorize other operations, such as Send-Document, Send-URI,  
 1035 Cancel-Job, to determine the user when the "my-jobs" attribute is specified with Get-Jobs, and to  
 1036 limit what attributes and values to return with Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs.

1037  
 1038 The human readable user name:

- 1039 - is the value of the "requesting-user-name" for cases b, d and f.
- 1040 - comes from the authentication mechanism for case e
- 1041 - is some anonymous name, such as "anonymous" for cases a and c.

1042  
 1043 The user name used for authorization:

- 1044 - is the value of the "requesting-user-name" for cases b and f.
- 1045 - comes from the authentication mechanism for cases c, d and e
- 1046 - is some anonymous name, such as "anonymous" for case a.

1047  
 1048 The essence of these rules for resolving conflicting sources of user-names is that a printer  
 1049 implementation is free to pick either source as long as it achieves consistent results. That is, if a user  
 1050 uses the same path for a series of requests, the requests MUST appear to come from the same user from  
 1051 the standpoint of both the human-readable user name and the user name for authorization. This rule  
 1052 MUST continue to apply even if a request could be authenticated by two or more mechanisms. It doesn't  
 1053 matter which of several authentication mechanisms a Printer uses as long as it achieves consistent  
 1054 results. If a client uses more than one authentication mechanism, it is recommended that an  
 1055 administrator make all credentials resolve to the same user and user-name as much as possible.

## 1056 **20) ISSUE: Non-spooling printers accept/reject additional jobs**

1057 Some IPP Printer implementations reject a second Print-Job (or Create-Job) while they are processing a  
 1058 Print-Job. Other IPP Printer implementations, such as forwarding servers and non-spooling printers,  
 1059 accept some number of subsequent jobs, but flow control them off until the first job is finished.

1060 ***Suggested clarification (same as Issues 4 and 5):***

1061 Also clarify the IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document that the following actions are conforming for  
 1062 non-spooling IPP Printer objects: After accepting a create job operation, a non-spooling IPP Printer  
 1063 MAY either:

- 1064 • Reject any subsequent create job operations while it is busy transferring and/or processing an  
 1065 accepted job request and return the 'server-error-busy (0x0507).
- 1066 • Accept up to some implementation-defined subsequent create job operations and flow control  
 1067 them to prevent buffer overflow. When the implementation-defined number of jobs is exceeded,  
 1068 the IPP Printer MUST return the 'server-error-busy' status code and reject the create job request  
 1069 as in 1 above.

1070 Client (desktop or server) ~~MUST~~ SHOULD NOT close the channel when flow controlled off, unless the  
 1071 layer that initiated the submission does the close. Clients that are rejected with a 'server-error-busy'  
 1072 status code MAY retry periodically, try another IPP Printer, and/or subscribe for a 'ready-for-job' event  
 1073 when we have notification specified.

1074 IIG: Suggest that a client implementer avoid using synchronous writes, since they automatically close  
 1075 the channel. Use asynchronous writes instead, so that the lower layer doesn't time out the channel.

1076 ***Suggested text for section 3.1.9 Job Creation Operations:***

1077 At job submission time, a Printer object, especially a non-spooling Printer, MAY accept jobs that it does  
 1078 not have enough space for. In such a situation, a Printer object MAY stop reading data from a client for  
 1079 an indefinite period of time. A client MUST be prepared for a write operation to block for an indefinite  
 1080 period of time (See section 5.1 on client conformance).

1081 When a Printer object has too little space for starting a new job, it MAY reject a new create request. In  
 1082 this case, a Printer object MUST return a response (in reply to the rejected request) with a status-code of  
 1083 'server-error-busy' (See section 14.1.5.8) and it MAY close the connection before receiving all bytes of  
 1084 the operation. When receiving a 'server-error-busy' status-code in an operation response, a client MUST  
 1085 be prepared for the Printer object to close the connection before the client has sent all of the data  
 1086 (especially for the Print-Job operation). A client MUST be prepared to keep submitting a create request  
 1087 until the IPP Printer object accepts the create request.

1088 ***Suggested text for section 5.1 Client Conformance Requirements:***

1089 While a client is sending data to a printer, it SHOULD do its best to prevent a channel from being closed  
 1090 by a lower layer when the channel is blocked (i.e. flow-controlled off) for whatever reason, e.g. 'out of  
 1091 paper' or 'job ahead hasn't freed up enough memory'. However, the layer that launched the print  
 1092 submission (e.g. an end user) MAY close the channel in order to cancel the job. When a client closes a  
 1093 channel, a Printer MAY print all or part of the received portion of the document. See the "Encoding and  
 1094 Transport" document [IPP-PRO] for more details.

1095 **21) ISSUE: Does 'none' "uri-security-supported" mean Basic/Digest?**

1096 Section 4.4.2 "uri-security-supported" 'none' values says:



1097 'none': There are no secure communication channel protocols in use for the given URI.

1098 Should be clarified that the REQUIRED Basic and Digest are intended for the 'none' value. (Hugo Parra)

1099 ***Suggested clarification:***

1100 Instead, clarify that the "uri-security-supported" is only referring to the privacy part of security, not the  
 1101 authentication part, such as HTTP Basic and Digest authentication. Add a note to both the "uri-security-  
 1102 supported" attribute and Section 5.4 on Security Conformance Requirements in the IPP/1.1 Model and  
 1103 Semantics that authentication conformance requirements are specific to a transport, such as HTTP Basic  
 1104 and Digest, and are specified in the Encoding and Transport [ipp-pro] document.

1105 ***Suggested text for (new) section 4.4.2 "uri-authentication-supported":***

1106 'basic': When a client performs an operation whose target is the associated URI, the Printer object  
 1107 challenges the client with HTTP basic authentication. The Printer object assumes that the  
 1108 authenticated user is the name received via the basic authentication mechanism. This  
 1109 authentication mechanism SHOULD be used with a secure channel, that is, the corresponding  
 1110 value of "uri-security-supported" SHOULD NOT be 'none'.

1111 ***Suggested text for section 4.4.3 "uri-security-supported":***

1112 This attribute is orthogonal to the specification of a client authentication mechanism. Specifically, 'none'  
 1113 does not exclude client authentication. See section 4.4.2.

1114 **22) ISSUE: Status code on variable-length attributes that are 'too short'**

1115 IPP defines a status code 'client-error-request-value-too-long' for a variable-length attribute that exceeds  
 1116 the maximum length allowed by the attribute. However, it is not clear what status code to use in the  
 1117 opposite case, i.e. the supplied attribute value is shorter than the requirement. In the current spec, this  
 1118 problem will arise when a 0-length value is supplied in 'keyword' attributes. In this case, should the  
 1119 request be rejected with status code 'client-error-request-value-too-long' or 'client-error-bad-request'?

1120 Furthermore, if "ipp-attribute-fidelity" is 'false', should the request be rejected at all? (Jason Chien-Hung  
 1121 Chen)

1122 ***Suggested clarification in the IIG:***

1123 No special status code is needed and no special action is needed by the IPP object. Since this is a  
 1124 keyword, its value needs to be compared with the supported values. Assuming that the printer doesn't  
 1125 have any values in its corresponding "xxx-supported" attribute that are keywords of zero length, the  
 1126 comparison will fail. Then the request will be accepted or rejected depending on the value of "ipp-  
 1127 attributes-fidelity" being 'false' or 'true', respectively. No change to the [ipp-mod]. Indicate this handling  
 1128 of too short keywords in the IIG. All other variable length attribute syntaxes have a minimum greater  
 1129 than 0.

1130 **23) ISSUE: There seems to be some misunderstanding about the**  
1131 **unsupported-attributes group.**

1132 Some implementations return all the attributes that are in the spec that their implementation does not  
1133 support in the Unsupported Attributes group on a get-attributes operation, independent of the attributes  
1134 that were actually requested. The unsupported-attributes presumably contains all the attributes the  
1135 implementation knows about but does not support. I do not believe this is the proper use of the  
1136 unsupported-attributes group. Do we need a clarification in the specification.

1137 ***Suggested clarification (related to Issues 11 and 18):***

1138 Clarify IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document that only attributes (operation, Job Template, ...)  
1139 supplied in the request by the client that the IPP object does not support are returned in the Unsupported  
1140 Attributes group, not all attributes that the implementation doesn't support.

1141 ***Suggested text for section 3.1.3 Attributes:***

1142 The Unsupported Attribute group is defined for all operation responses for returning unsupported  
1143 attributes that the client supplied in the request.

1144 ***Suggested text for (new) section 3.1.7 Unsupported Attributes:***

1145 See Issue 18.

1146 **24) ISSUE What status does Get-Jobs return when no jobs?**

1147 Should Get-Jobs return 'successful-ok' when there are no jobs to be returned? The client can see that the  
1148 Jobs group contains no jobs from the response. Returning an error may confuse the client. Some  
1149 implementations returned 'client-error-not-found' error code.

1150 ***Suggested clarification:***

1151 Clarify IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document that the IPP Printer MUST return 'successful-ok' even  
1152 when there are no jobs to return. The operation is successful and the client will see that there are no  
1153 returned jobs.

1154 ***Suggested text for section 3.2.6.2 Get-Jobs Response:***

1155 It is not an error for the Printer to return 0 jobs. If the response returns 0 jobs because there are no jobs  
1156 matching the criteria, and the request would have returned 1 or more jobs with a status code of  
1157 'successful-ok' if there had been jobs matching the criteria, then the status code for 0 jobs MUST be  
1158 'successful-ok'.

1159 **25) ISSUE - MAY an IPP object return more Operation attributes?**

1160 Is it ok for an IPP object to return additional operation attributes in a response (as an extension to the  
1161 standard)? If so, then the client MUST ignore or do something with them. (Hugo Parra)

1162 ***Suggested clarification:***

1163 Clarify IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document that the client MUST ignore or do something with  
1164 additional operation attributes returned than are in the IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics specification.

1165 ***Suggested text for section 5.1 Client Conformance:***

1166 A ~~query~~-response MAY contain attribute groups, attributes, and values that the client does not expect.  
1167 Therefore, a client implementation MUST gracefully handle such responses and not refuse to inter-  
1168 operate with a conforming Printer that is returning registered or private extensions, including attribute  
1169 groups, attributes, and attribute values that conform to Section 6. Clients may choose to ignore any  
1170 parameters, attributes, or values that they do not understand.

1171 **26) ISSUE: MAY an IPP object return additional groups?**

1172 It is ok for an IPP object to return additional groups of attributes in a response (as an extension to the  
1173 standard)? For example, returning the "job-state" and "job-state-reasons" in a Hold-Job, Release-Job,  
1174 and/or Cancel-Job operation. What about newly registered groups of attributes. If so, then the client  
1175 MUST ignore or do something with them. (Hugo Parra)

1176 ***Suggested clarification:***

1177 Clarify IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document that the client MUST ignore or do something with  
1178 additional attribute groups returned than are in the IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics specification. Also  
1179 clarify that these additional groups MAY occur in any position.

1180 ***Suggested text for section 5.2.2 Operations:***

1181 Conforming IPP objects MAY return operation responses that contain attributes groups, attributes name  
1182 and attribute values that are extensions to this standard. The additional attribute groups MAY occur in  
1183 any order.

1184 **27) ISSUE: Return first or all unsupported attributes in Unsupported**  
1185 **Group?**

1186 Section 16.3 and 16.4 of the Model and Semantics document was moved to the Implementer's Guide  
1187 when creating the November 1998 draft from the June 1998 draft. The following note was contained in  
1188 section 16.4 that was moved:

1189 Note: whether the request is accepted or rejected is determined by the value of the "ipp-attribute-fidelity"  
1190 attribute in a subsequent step, so that all Job Template attribute supplied are examined and all  
1191 unsupported attributes and/or values are copied to the Unsupported Attributes response group.

1192 ***Suggested clarification (same clarification as Issue 18):***

1193 Clarify in the IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document that all operation attributes and all Job Template  
1194 attributes MUST be returned in the Unsupported Attributes group, unless there is a specific error status  
1195 for the unsupported operation attribute, such as: server-error-version-not-supported, server-error-

1196 [operation-not-supported, client-error-charset-not-supported, client-error-compression-not-supported,](#)  
 1197 [client-error-document-format-not-supported, and client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported.](#)

1198 **Suggested text:**

1199 [See Issue 18.](#)

## 1200 **28) ISSUE: What if compression is supplied but not supported?**

1201 The "compression" operation attribute is an OPTIONAL attribute for a Printer object to support in a  
 1202 create operation. However, if a client supplies the "compression" attribute, but the IPP object doesn't  
 1203 support the attribute at all, the Printer might attempt to print data it doesn't understand, because it is  
 1204 compressed. In order to prevent this error, the "compression" operation attribute should have been  
 1205 REQUIRED.

### 1206 ***Possible Alternatives (related to Issues 3 and 6):***

- 1207 1. Clarify that an IPP object MUST reject a request that supplies a "compression" operation attribute, if  
 1208 the IPP object does not support the "compression" attribute at all. As with any such error, the IPP  
 1209 object copies the "compression" attribute to the Unsupported Attribute Group setting the value to the  
 1210 out-of-band 'unsupported' value and returns the "client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported"  
 1211 status code. The IPP object MAY reject the request, even if the client supplies the 'none' value, since  
 1212 the IPP Printer does not have a corresponding "compression-supported" attribute.
- 1213 2. Add a 'client-error-compression-not-supported' error status code. Require IPP Printer's to support  
 1214 this error code if they do not support the "compression" operation attribute.
- 1215 3. Change IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics conformance requirement for the "compression" and  
 1216 "compression-supported" attributes from OPTIONAL to REQUIRED.

### 1217 ***Suggested change:***

1218 Suggested IPP/1.1 Change (related to Issues 3 and 6): REQUIRE that IPP/1.1 implementations MUST  
 1219 [support](#) "compression" and "compression-supported" (with at least the 'none' value), even though it is  
 1220 OPTIONAL for IPP/1.0.

1221 Add the 'client-error-document-format-error' for error detected at request time with a supported  
 1222 document format, such as PostScript Level 3 not supported by a PostScript level 2 printer. Describe the  
 1223 priority between 'client-error-document-format-not-supported', 'client-error-compression-not-supported',  
 1224 'client-error-document-format-error', and 'client-error-compression-error' status codes.

1225 Also add "compression-supported" to the Appendix E on directory schema as a RECOMMENDED  
 1226 attribute.

1227 [Add to IIG for IPP/1.0:](#) IPP/1.0 SHOULD at least check for the "compression" attribute being present  
 1228 and reject the create request, if they don't support "compression". Not checking is a bug, since the data  
 1229 will be unintelligible.

1230 **Suggested text for "compression" operation attribute:**

1231 "compression" (type3 keyword)

1232 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute  
 1233 and the "compression-supported" attribute (see section 4.4.30). The client supplied  
 1234 "compression" operation attribute identifies the compression algorithm used on the document  
 1235 data. The following cases exist:

- 1236 a) If the client omits this attribute, the Printer object MUST assume that the data is not  
 1237 compressed (i.e. the Printer follows the rules below as if the client supplied the  
 1238 "compression" attribute with a value of 'none').  
 1239 b) If the client supplies this attribute, but the value is not supported by the Printer object,  
 1240 i.e., the value is not one of the values of the Printer object's "compression-supported"  
 1241 attribute, the Printer object MUST reject the request, and return the 'client-error-  
 1242 compression-not-supported' status code. See section 3.2.1.2 for returning unsupported  
 1243 attributes and values.  
 1244 c) If the client supplies the attribute and the Printer object supports the attribute value,  
 1245 the Printer object uses the corresponding decompression algorithm on the document  
 1246 data.  
 1247 d) If the decompression algorithm fails before the Printer returns an operation response,  
 1248 the Printer object MUST reject the request and return the 'client-error-compression-  
 1249 error' status code.  
 1250 e) If the decompression algorithm fails after the Printer returns an operation response,  
 1251 the Printer object MUST abort the job and add the 'compression-error' value to the  
 1252 job's "job-state-reasons".  
 1253 f) If the decompression algorithm succeeds, the document data MUST then have the  
 1254 format specified by the job's "document-format" attribute (q.v.).

1255 **Suggested text for a new section 13.1.4.16 client-error-compression-not-supported**

1256 13.1.4.16 client-error-compression-not-supported (0x040F)

1257 The IPP object is refusing to service the request because the document data, as specified in the  
 1258 "compression" operation attribute, is compressed in a way that is not supported by the Printer object.  
 1259 This error is returned independent of the client-supplied "ipp-attribute-fidelity". The Printer object  
 1260 MUST return this status code, even if there are other Job Template attributes that are not supported as  
 1261 well, since this error is a bigger problem than with Job Template attributes. See section 0.

1262 **29) ISSUE: Should "queued-job-count" be REQUIRED?**

1263 The "queued-job-count" Printer Description attribute is an OPTIONAL attribute for a Printer object to  
 1264 support. Since some clients may want a quick way to determine the load on an IPP Printer, querying the  
 1265 "Printer's "queued-job-count" should always be possible, but an implementation might not support it.

1266 ***Suggested change:***

1267 Change IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics so that the "queued-job-count" changes from RECOMMENDED  
 1268 to REQUIRED.

1269 **30) OPEN--ISSUE: Should "job-state-reasons" and "printer-state-reasons"**  
 1270 **be REQUIRED in IPP/1.1?**

1271 Considering that we tend to put more and more information into the currently OPTIONAL 'job-state-  
 1272 reason' and 'printer-state-reason' attributes, should we make them a MUST for the IPP/1.1 version?  
 1273 (Discussion in 990324 phone conference).

1274 ***Suggested change:***

1275 Change IPP/1.1 document "job-state-reasons" and "printer-state-reasons" from OPTIONAL to  
 1276 REQUIRED for IPP/1.1. All references to "If the "job-state-reasons" attribute is supported, need to be  
 1277 removed.

1278 ***Suggested changed to the "job-state-reasons" description in Print-Job response:***

1279 "job-state-reasons":  
 1280 The Printer object ~~MUST~~ OPTIONALLY return the Job object's ~~REQUIRED~~ OPTIONAL "job-  
 1281 state-reasons" attribute. ~~If the Printer object supports this attribute then it MUST be returned in~~  
 1282 ~~the response. If this attribute is not returned in the response, the client can assume that the "job-~~  
 1283 ~~state-reasons" attribute is not supported and will not be returned in a subsequent Job object~~  
 1284 ~~query.~~

1285

1286 **31) OPEN- ISSUE: How indicate a ripped job that is waiting for the**  
 1287 **marker?**

1288 Three alternatives being pursued: job stays in 'processing', job moves to 'pending', job moves to  
 1289 'pending-held' job states. Any of the alternatives MAY use a new '~~queued-for-marker~~interpreted-  
 1290 waiting-to-print' job state reason to indicate that the job has been ripped but is waiting for the marker in  
 1291 a high end system. The 'pending-held' state is used by systems where the Operator explicitly does a  
 1292 Release-Job to schedule the next job to be marked, while the 'pending' or 'processing' state is used by  
 1293 systems that choose the next job to mark automatically. The 'processing' state is typically used by  
 1294 systems that tend not to have much time between ripping and marking.

1295 ***Suggested clarifications:***

- 1296 1. Clarify that a Printer may have more than one job in the processing state at the same time.
- 1297 2. Clarify that a job can remain in the 'processing' state even when the Printer is 'stopped', if that job is  
 1298 being ripped; only the job that is being marked MUST be moved to the 'processing-stopped' state.

1299 ***Suggested addition:***

1300 All three job states may be used to represent jobs that have been interpreted and are waiting to be  
 1301 marked, depending on implementation.

1302 **Suggested text for section 4.3.8 job-state-reasons:**

1303 'job-queued-for-marker': Job is in any of the 'pending-held', 'pending', or 'processing' states, but more  
1304 specifically, the Printer has completed enough processing of the document to be able to start marking  
1305 and the job is waiting for the marker. Systems that require human intervention to release jobs using the  
1306 Release-Job operation, put the job into the 'pending-held' job state. Systems that automatically select a  
1307 job to use the marker put the job into the 'pending' job state or keep the job in the 'processing' job state  
1308 while waiting for the marker, depending on implementation. All implementations put the job into (or  
1309 back into) the 'processing' state when marking does begin.

1310 **Suggested text for section 4.4.10 printer-state:**

1311 '3' 'idle': If a Printer receives a job (whose required resources are ready) while in this state,  
1312 such a job MUST transit into the 'processing' state immediately. If the "printer-  
1313 state-reasons" attribute contains any reasons, they MUST be reasons that would  
1314 not prevent a job from transiting into the 'processing' state immediately, e.g.,  
1315 'toner-low'.

If a Printer can interpret one or more jobs while marking a job, then it is idle if it is available to interpret jobs even while marking a job.

If a Printer controls more than one output device, the above definition implies that a Printer is 'idle' if at least one output device is idle, i.e., the IPP Printer is available to immediately start processing a job if a client submitted it.

1324 '4' 'processing': If a Printer receives a job (whose required resources are ready) while in this  
1325 state, such a job MUST transit into the 'pending' state immediately. Such a job  
1326 MUST transit into the 'processing' state only after jobs ahead of it complete. If the  
1327 "printer-state-reasons" attribute contains any reasons, they MUST be reasons that  
1328 do not prevent the current job from printing, e.g. 'toner-low'.

If a Printer can interpret one or more jobs while marking a job and receives a job (whose required resources are ready) while in this state, such a received job MAY transit into the 'processing' state along with the job that is being marked, if any.

If a Printer controls more than one output device, the above definition implies that a Printer is 'processing' if at least one output device is processing, and none is idle.

1337 '5' 'stopped': If a Printer receives a job (whose required resources are ready) while in this  
1338 state, such a job MUST transit into the 'pending' state immediately. Such a job  
1339 MUST transit into the 'processing' state only after some human fixes the problem  
1340 that stopped the printer and after jobs ahead of it complete processing. **Issue 30**  
1341 The "printer-state-reasons" attribute MUST contain at least one reason, e.g.  
1342 'media-jam', which prevents it from either processing the current job or  
1343 transitioning a 'pending' job to the 'processing' state.

If a Printer can interpret one or more jobs while marking a job and receives a job (whose required resources are ready) while in this state, such a submitted job MAY transit into the 'processing' state in order to be interpreted even while the

1348 Printer is in the 'stopped' state. However, before such a job can be completed, a  
 1349 human needs to fix the problem.

1350  
 1351 If a Printer controls more than one output device, the above definition implies that  
 1352 a Printer is 'stopped' only if all output devices are stopped.

1353  
 1354 Note: Also, it is tempting to define 'stopped' as when a sufficient number of output  
 1355 devices are stopped and leave it to an implementation to define the sufficient  
 1356 number. But such a rule complicates the definition of 'stopped' and 'processing'.  
 1357 For example, with this alternate definition of 'stopped', a job can move from  
 1358 'pending' to 'processing' without human intervention, even though the Printer is  
 1359 stopped.

1360

1361 **32) OPEN--ISSUE: Is Digest REQUIRED for an IPP Client and an IPP Printer**  
 1362 **to support?**

1363 The Transport and Encoding document contains the following incorrect sentence:

1364 The IPP Model document defines an IPP implementation with "authentication" as one that  
 1365 implements the standard way for transporting IPP messages within HTTP 1.1.

1366 since the IPP Model document doesn't mention HTTP 1.1, since that is a transport issue.

1367 The Transport and Encoding document refers to RFC 2068 (HTTP/1.1) and RFC 2069 (Digest), but does  
 1368 not require that RFC 2069 be supported. Furthermore, RFC 2068 does not require that RFC 2069 be  
 1369 supported either.

1370 ***Suggested change:***

1371 Change the Transport and Encoding document to require that clients and Printers MUST support HTTP  
 1372 1.1.

1373 ***Suggested change:***

1374 ~~IPP/1.1 clients and Printers MUST support Digest [RFC 2069]; OPTIONAL for IPP/1.0.~~

1375 Suggested change to Encoding and Transport document for IPP/1.1 conformance:

1376 An IPP Printer MUST contain software that allows an administrator to configure the client  
 1377 authentication part of HTTP Digest (but not encryption of the body)

1378 IPP clients MUST implement the above in order to be able to interoperate with conforming  
 1379 Printers.

1380 Clients and Printers MAY also support additional Client Authentication, such as:



1381 1. HTTP Basic (not certificates) over a TLS secured channel (implementing TLS authentication  
 1382 is NOT REQUIRED).

1383 2. HTTP Basic (not certificates) over an SSL3 secured channel.

1384 A Printer implementation MAY allow an administrator to configure the Printer so that all, some, or none  
 1385 of the users are authenticated.

1386 **Suggested text for Section 5.1 Client Conformance:**

1387 A client MUST/SHOULD [which is to be determined in consultation with the Area Director] support  
 1388 Client Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [ipp-pro]. A client  
 1389 SHOULD support Operation Privacy and Server Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and  
 1390 Transport document [ipp-pro]. See also [ipp-mod] section 8.

1391 **Suggested text for a new sub-section to Section 5.2 IPP Object Conformance:**

1392 5.2.7 Security

1393 An IPP Printer implementation MUST/SHOULD [which is to be determined in consultation with the  
 1394 Area Director] contain support for Client Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and  
 1395 Transport document [ipp-pro]. A Printer implementation MAY allow an administrator to configure the  
 1396 Printer so that all, some, or none of the users are authenticated. See also [ipp-mod] section 8.

1397 An IPP Printer implementation SHOULD contain support for Operation Privacy and Server  
 1398 Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [ipp-pro]. A Printer  
 1399 implementation MAY allow an administrator to configure the degree of support for Operation Privacy  
 1400 and Server Authentication. See also [ipp-mod] section 8.

1401 **33) OPEN--ISSUE: Ok to include the IPP/1.0 conformance requirements in**  
 1402 **the IPP/1.1 document?**

1403 **Suggested change:**

1404 No. The IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document and the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document  
 1405 will only cover IPP/1.1. They will NOT obsolete the experimental RFC that describes IPP/1.0. They  
 1406 will NOT describe IPP/1.0 at all.

1407 The IPP/1.1 document will say that for interoperability with IPP/1.0 clients, that an IPP Printer  
 1408 SHOULD accept IPP/1.0 requests ("version-number" parameter = '1.0') and, if they accept the request,  
 1409 MUST respond with IPP/1.0 responses ("version-number" parameter = '1.0'). Furthermore, an IPP/1.1  
 1410 conforming Printer or an IPP/1.0 conforming Printer MAY respond with any IPP/1.1 feature in such an  
 1411 IPP/1.0 response that would not jeopardize interoperability with any IPP/1.0 client. See Issue 17 for an  
 1412 example of an IPP/1.1 extension that MUST NOT be returned in a '1.0' response. If the IPP/1.1 Printer  
 1413 does not support version '1.0' requests, then it MUST reject such requests and return the 'server-error-  
 1414 version-number-not-supported' status code with the "version-number" parameter set to '1.1'.

1415 Fix the rule for using minor version numbers so that we can still use '1.1' for this version.

1416 **Suggested text for section 3.1.7 versions:**

## 1417 3.1.7 Versions

1418 Each operation request and response carries with it a "version-number" parameter. Each value of the  
 1419 "version-number" is in the form "X.Y" where X is the major version number and Y is the minor version  
 1420 number. By including a version number in the client request, it allows the client to identify which  
 1421 version of IPP it is interested in using. If the IPP object does not support that version, the object  
 1422 responds with a status code of 'server-error-version-not-supported' along with the closest version number  
 1423 that is supported (see section 13.1.5.4).

1424 There is no version negotiation per se. However, if after receiving a 'server-error-version-not-supported'  
 1425 status code from an IPP object, there is nothing that prevents a client from trying again with a different  
 1426 version number. In order to conform to IPP/1.1, an IPP object implementations MUST support versions  
 1427 '1.1<sup>0</sup>' and SHOULD support version '1.0'.

1428 There is only one notion of "version number" that covers both IPP Model and IPP Protocol changes.  
 1429 Thus the version number MUST change when introducing a new version of the Model and Semantics  
 1430 document [IPP-MOD] or a new version of the "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO].

1431 Changes to the major version number indicate structural or syntactic changes that make it impossible for  
 1432 older version of IPP clients and Printer objects to correctly parse and correctly process the new or  
 1433 changed attributes, operations and responses. If the major version number changes, the minor version  
 1434 numbers is set to zero. As an example, adding the REQUIRED "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute to  
 1435 version '1.1' (if it had not been part of version '1.0<sup>+</sup>'), would have required a change to the major version  
 1436 number, since an IPP/1.0 Printer would not have processed a request with the correct semantics that  
 1437 contained the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute that it did not know about. Items that might affect the  
 1438 changing of the major version number include any changes to the Model and Semantics document [IPP-  
 1439 MOD] or the "Encoding and Transport" document [IPP-PRO] itself, such as:

- 1440 - reordering of ordered attributes or attribute sets
- 1441 - changes to the syntax of existing attributes
- 1442 ~~-changing Operation or Job Template attributes from OPTIONAL to REQUIRED and vice versa~~
- 1443 ~~-adding REQUIRED (for an IPP object to support) operation attributes~~
- 1444 - adding REQUIRED (for an IPP object to support) operation attribute groups
- 1445 - adding values to existing REQUIRED operation attributes
- 1446 - adding REQUIRED operations

1447  
 1448 Changes to the minor version number indicate the addition of new features, attributes and attribute  
 1449 values that may not be understood by all IPP objects, but which can be ignored if not understood. Items  
 1450 that might affect the changing of the minor version number include any changes to the model objects and  
 1451 attributes but not the encoding and transport rules [IPP-PRO] (except adding attribute syntaxes).

1452 Examples of such changes are:

- 1453 - grouping all extensions not included in a previous version into a new version
- 1454 - adding new attribute values
- 1455 - adding new object attributes
- 1456 - adding OPTIONAL (for an IPP object to support) operation attributes (i.e., those attributes that an  
 1457 IPP object can ignore without confusing clients)

- 1458 - adding OPTIONAL (for an IPP object to support) operation attribute groups (i.e., those attributes  
 1459 that an IPP object can ignore without confusing clients)  
 1460 - adding new attribute syntaxes  
 1461 - adding OPTIONAL operations  
 1462 - changing Job Description attributes or Printer Description attributes from OPTIONAL to  
 1463 REQUIRED or vice versa.  
 1464 - adding OPTIONAL attribute syntaxes to an existing attribute.  
 1465

1466 The encoding of the "version-number" MUST NOT change over any version number (either major or  
 1467 minor). This rule guarantees that all future versions will be backwards compatible with all previous  
 1468 versions (at least for checking the "version-number"). In addition, any protocol elements (attributes,  
 1469 error codes, tags, etc.) that are not carried forward from one version to the next are deprecated so that  
 1470 they can never be reused with new semantics.

1471 Implementations that support a certain ~~major~~-version NEED NOT support ALL previous versions. As  
 1472 each new ~~major~~-version is defined (through the release of a new specification), that ~~major~~-version will  
 1473 specify which previous ~~major~~-versions MUST and which versions SHOULD be supported in compliant  
 1474 implementations.

#### 1475 **Suggested text for the Appendices**

1476 The IPP/1.1 documents will contain an appendix that summarizes each difference from IPP/1.0 by  
 1477 section number and a brief description (see February 1999 I-Ds). The appendix will contain two  
 1478 separate lists: one is clarifications and OPTIONAL additions to IPP/1.1 and the other is changes in  
 1479 conformance requirements of existing IPP/1.0 features or new REQUIRED IPP/1.1 features.

1480 Here are the items for the Appendix for IPP-PRO:

- 1481 1. IPP/1.1 clients and Printers MUST support the IPP scheme; IPP/1.0 clients and Printers MUST  
 1482 support the http scheme.
- 1483 2. IPP/1.1 clients MUST support the secured channel part of TLS with at least Basic authentication  
 1484 AND the user authentication part of Digest and non-TLS access; IPP/1.0 clients SHOULD  
 1485 support SSL3 which uses the https scheme and non-SSL3 access. (See Issue 32)
- 1486 3. IPP/1.1 Printers MUST be configurable to support the secured channel part of TLS access with at  
 1487 least Basic authentication OR the user authentication part of Digest; IPP/1.0 Printers SHOULD  
 1488 support SSL3 which uses the https scheme and non-SSL3 access. (See Issue 32)

1489 Here are the items for the second list in the Appendix for IPP-MOD:

1490 The following changes in semantics and/or conformance have been incorporated into this document:

- 1491 1. Section 3.1.8, 5.2.4, and 13.1.5.4 - Clients and IPP objects MUST support version 1.1 and  
 1492 SHOULD support version 1.0. Issue 33 and Issue 36
- 1493 2. Section 3.2.1.1 and section 4.4.32 - changed the "compression" and "compression-supported"  
 1494 attributes from OPTIONAL to REQUIRED. Issue 28

- 1495 3. Sections 3.2.1.2 and 4.3.8 - changed "job-state-reasons" from RECOMMENDED to  
 1496 REQUIRED, so that "job-state-reasons" MUST be returned in create operation responses. Issue  
 1497 30
- 1498 4. Sections 3.2.4, 3.3.1, 4.4.16, and 16 - changed Create-Job/Send-Document so that they MAY be  
 1499 implemented while only supporting one document jobs. Added the "multiple-document-jobs-  
 1500 supported" boolean Printer Description attribute to indicate whether Create-Job/Send-Document  
 1501 support multiple document jobs or not. Added to the Directory schema. Issue 34
- 1502 5. Section 4.1.9 - deleted 'text/plain; charset=iso-10646-ucs-2', since binary is not legal with the  
 1503 'text' type.
- 1504 6. Section 4.3.8 - changed "job-state-reasons" from RECOMMENDED to REQUIRED. Issue 30
- 1505 7. Section 4.3.12 - added OPTIONAL 'dateTime' attribute syntax to "time-at-creation", "time-at-  
 1506 processing", and "time-at-completed" Event Time Job Description attributes for use in version  
 1507 '1.1' responses. Issue 17
- 1508 8. Section 4.3.12 - changed the "time-at-creation", "time-at-processing", and "time-at-completed"  
 1509 Event Time Job Description attributes from OPTIONAL to REQUIRED. Issue 17
- 1510 9. Section 4.3.12.4 - added the REQUIRED "job-printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX))" Job  
 1511 Description attribute as an alias for "printer-up-time" to reduce number of operations to get job  
 1512 times. Issue 17
- 1513 10. Section 4.4.2 - added the REQUIRED "uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)"  
 1514 Printer Description attribute to describe the Client Authentication used by each Printer URI.  
 1515 Issue 2
- 1516 11. Section 4.4.11 - clarified the "printer-state" to allow a Printer that can interpret one or more jobs  
 1517 (rip) while marking one job to have those jobs all in the 'processing' state. Issue 31
- 1518 12. Section 4.4.12 - changed "printer-state-reasons" Printer Description attribute from OPTIONAL to  
 1519 REQUIRED. Issue 30
- 1520 13. Section 4.4.14 - added the REQUIRED "ipp-versions-supported (1setOf keyword)" Printer  
 1521 Description attribute, since IPP/1.1 Printers do not have to support version '1.0'.
- 1522 14. Section 4.4.16 - added the REQUIRED "multiple-document-jobs-supported (boolean)" Printer  
 1523 Description attribute so that a client can tell whether a Printer that supports Create-Job/Send-  
 1524 Document supports multiple document jobs or not. Issue 34
- 1525 15. Section 4.4.24 - changed the "queued-job-count" Printer Description attribute from  
 1526 RECOMMENDED to REQUIRED. Issue 29
- 1527 16. Section 4.4.32 - changed "compression-supported (1setOf type3 keyword)" Printer Description  
 1528 attribute from OPTIONAL to REQUIRED. Issue 28
- 1529 17. Section 5.1 - changed the client security requirements from RECOMMENDED non-standards  
 1530 track SSL3 to MUST/SHOULD [which is to be determined in consultation with the Area  
 1531 Director] support Client Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport  
 1532 document [IPP-PRO]. A client SHOULD support Operation Privacy and Server Authentication  
 1533 as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO]. Issue 32
- 1534 18. Section 5.2.7 - changed the IPP object security requirements from OPTIONAL non-standards  
 1535 track SSL3 to MUST/SHOULD [which is to be determined in consultation with the Area  
 1536 Director] contain support for Client Authentication as defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and  
 1537 Transport document [IPP-PRO]. A Printer implementation MAY allow an administrator to  
 1538 configure the Printer so that all, some, or none of the users are authenticated. An IPP Printer  
 1539 implementation SHOULD contain support for Operation Privacy and Server Authentication as  
 1540 defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO]. A Printer implementation  
 1541 MAY allow an administrator to configure the degree of support for Operation Privacy and Server  
 1542 Authentication. Issue 32

1543 For the IIG:

- 1544 1. Discuss the advantage for client implementations to support both IPP/1.1 and IPP/1.0, so that  
 1545 they can interoperate with either Printer implementations.
- 1546 2. Discuss the advantage for Printer implementations to support both IPP/1.1 and IPP/1.0, so that  
 1547 they can interoperate with either client implementations.

1548 ~~Most conformance requirements are the same for IPP/1.0 and IPP/1.1. For those make no special~~  
 1549 ~~indication in the document. For those for which the conformance is REQUIRED for IPP/1.1, but~~  
 1550 ~~OPTIONAL for IPP/1.0, state: IPP/1.1 xxx MUST ...; OPTIONAL in IPP/1.0, where xxx is either clients~~  
 1551 ~~or Printers.~~

1552 **34) OPEN ISSUE: Ok to REQUIRE "multiple-document-handling if Create-**  
 1553 **Job is supported?**

1554 The IPP/1.0 Implementer's Guide contains the following issue:

1555 2.16 Support of multiple document jobs

1556 IPP/1.0 is silent on which of the four effects an implementation would perform if it supports  
 1557 Create-Job, but does not support "multiple-document-handling".

1558 A fix to IPP/1.0 would be to require implementing all four values of "multiple-document-  
 1559 handling" if Create-Job is supported at all. Or at least 'single-document-new-sheet' and 'separate-  
 1560 documents-uncollated-copies'. In any case, an implementation that supports Create-Job  
 1561 SHOULD also support "multiple-document-handling". Support for all four values is  
 1562 RECOMMENDED, but at least the 'single-document-new-sheet' and 'separate-documents-  
 1563 uncollated-copies' values, along with the "multiple-document-handling-default" indicating the  
 1564 default behavior and "multiple-document-handling-supported" values. If an implementation  
 1565 spools the data, it should also support the 'separate-documents-collated-copies' value as well.

1566 There is a need to allow Create-Job and Send-Document to be supported while making it OPTIONAL to  
 1567 support multiple documents per job. A client that wants to monitor a job while it is sending data can do  
 1568 so with Create-Job and Send-Document. A Printer that wants to support "long documents", namely,  
 1569 when the document data is indefinitely long (so long it can't be spooled) but does not want to support  
 1570 multiple documents.

1571 **Suggested solution:**

1572 Instead of requiring "multiple-document-handling" if Create-Job and Send-Document are supported as  
 1573 proposed in the original solution for Issue 34, lets:

- 1574 1. Clarify that a conforming implementation NEED NOT support multiple documents when it supports  
 1575 the Create-Job and Send-Document operations. (There currently is no conformance sentence that  
 1576 requires support of multiple document jobs when Create-Job and Send-Document are supported, though  
 1577 that was certainly our intent which this clarification would countermand).

1578 2. If the Printer does support the Create-Job and Send-Document operations, then it MUST support the  
 1579 (new) "multiple-document-jobs-supported (boolean)" Printer Description attribute. A 'true' value  
 1580 indicates that multiple documents are supported in a job.

1581 3. Add "multiple-document-jobs-supported (boolean)" to the Directory Schema in Appendix E as  
 1582 OPTIONAL.

1583 4. If the Printer does support multiple documents in a job, then it MUST support the "multiple-  
 1584 document-handling" Job Template attribute with at least one value and the associated "multiple-  
 1585 document-handling-default" and "multiple-document-handling-supported" Job Template Printer  
 1586 attributes.

1587 5. Add a new status code: 'server-error-multiple-document-jobs-not-supported'

1588 6. In the table in section 14.2 indicate that 'server-error-multiple-document-jobs-not-supported' can be  
 1589 used only with the Send-Document and Send-URI operations.

1590 *Suggested text for section 3.2.4 Create-Job:*

1591 If the Printer object supports this operation, then it MUST support the "multiple-document-jobs-  
 1592 supported" Printer Description attribute and indicate whether or not it supports multiple-document jobs.

1593 If the Printer object supports this operation and supports multiple documents in a job, then it MUST  
 1594 support the "multiple-document-handling" Job Template job attribute with at least one value (see section  
 1595 4.2.4) and the associated "multiple-document-handling-default" and "multiple-document-handling-  
 1596 supported" Job Template Printer attributes.

1597 *Suggested text for section 3.3.1 Send-Document operation:*

1598 If the Printer supports this operation but does not support multiple documents per job, the Printer MUST  
 1599 reject subsequent Send-Document operations supplied with data and return the 'server-error-multiple-  
 1600 document-jobs-not-supported'. However, the Printer MUST accept the first document with a 'true' or  
 1601 'false' value for the "last-document" operation attribute (see below), so that clients MAY always submit  
 1602 one document jobs with a 'false' value for "last-document" in the first Send-Document and a 'true' for  
 1603 "last-document" in the second Send-Document (with no data).

1604 *Suggested text for section 4.2.4 multiple-document-handling*

1605 After the first sentence which says:

1606     This attribute is relevant only if a job consists of two or more documents.

1607 add:

1608     This attribute MUST be supported if the Printer supports multiple documents per job (see  
 1609 sections 3.2.4 and 3.3.1).

1610 *Suggested text for new section 4.4.28 multiple-document-jobs-supported*

1611 4.4.28 multiple-document-jobs-supported (boolean)

1612 This Printer attribute indicates whether or not the Printer supports more than one document per job, i.e.,  
1613 more than one Send-Document or Send-Data operation with document data. If the Printer supports the  
1614 Create-Job and Send-Document operations, it MUST support this attribute.

1615 **Suggested text for new section 14.1.5.10:**

1616 14.1.5.10 server-error-multiple-document-jobs-not-supported (0x0509)

1617 The IPP object does not support multiple documents per job and a client attempted to supply document  
1618 data with a second Send-Document or Send-URI operation.

1619 **35) OPEN--ISSUE: What error code to return on Print-URI or Send-URI if**  
1620 **document not accessible?**

1621 Section 3.2.2, "Print-URI Operation", it looks like it's an implementation decision whether to pull the  
1622 data from the document-uri at job submission time or at job processing time. Say I decide to pull the  
1623 data at job submission time. Say I get some kind of error doing so, like no-route-to-host, or HTTP 404.  
1624 Shouldn't I return some kind of error status? Currently, it looks like I have to return successful-ok as  
1625 long as the document-uri uses a scheme I support, regardless of whether or not I can actually get the  
1626 document data.

1627 **Suggested addition:**

1628 Add both a new 'client-error-document-access-error' status code and a 'document-access-error' value for  
1629 "job-state-reasons", just like we have done for compression and document format errors for Issue 3, 6,  
1630 and 28.

1631 **Suggested text for section 3.2.2 Print-URI Operation:**

1632 Replace the sentences:

1633 See The Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] for suggested additional checks. The Printer NEED  
1634 NOT follow the reference and validate the contents of the reference.

1635 with:

1636 The IPP Printer MAY validate the accessibility of the document as part of the operation or  
1637 subsequently. If the Printer determines an accessibility problem before returning an operation  
1638 response, it rejects the request and returns the 'client-error-document-access-error' status code. If  
1639 the Printer determines this accessibility problem after accepting the request and returning an  
1640 operation response with one of the successful status codes, the Printer adds the 'document-access-  
1641 error' value to the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute. See The Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG] for  
1642 suggested additional checks.

1643 **Suggested text for section 4.3.8 job-state-reasons:**

1644 'document-access-error': After accepting a Print-URI or Send-URI request, the Printer could not  
1645 access one or more documents passed by reference. This reason is intended to cover any file  
1646 access problem, including file does not exist and access denied because of an access control

1647 problem. Whether the Printer aborts the job and moves the job to the 'aborted' job state or prints  
1648 all documents that are accessible and moves the job to the 'completed' job state and adds the  
1649 'completed-with-errors' value in the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute depends on implementation  
1650 and/or site policy.

1651 **Suggested text for section 14.1.4.19 Client Error Status Codes:**

1652 4.1.4.19 client-error-document-access-error (0x0412)

1653 The IPP object is refusing to service the Print-URI or Send-URI request because Printer encountered an  
1654 access error while attempting to validate the accessibility or access the document data specified in the  
1655 "document-uri" operation attribute. This error is returned independent of the client-supplied "ipp-  
1656 attribute-fidelity". The Printer object MUST return this status code, even if there are Job Template  
1657 attributes that are not supported as well, since this error is a bigger problem than with Job Template  
1658 attributes.

1659 **36) OPEN ISSUE: Don't require 1.0 support and add REQUIRED "version-**  
1660 **numbers-supported" attribute**

1661 **Suggested addition:**

1662 RECOMMEND, rather than REQUIRE, conforming IPP/1.1 clients and the IPP/1.1 Printers to support  
1663 IPP/1.0 requests and responses. Therefore, add an "ipp-versions-supported" Printer Description  
1664 attribute. Indicate that version '1.0' can include any extension in the IPP/1.1 document as long as it  
1665 follows the rules of an IPP/1.0 request, if any, such as in the "time-at-xxx" Job Description attributes and  
1666 the "operations-supported" attribute. Also add this attribute as RECOMMENDED in the directory  
1667 schema list in the Appendix.

1668 **Suggested text for new attribute:**

1669 4.4.n ipp-versions-supported(1setOf type2 keyword)

1670 This REQUIRED attribute identifies the IPP protocol versions that this Printer supports, including minor  
1671 versions, i.e., the values of the "version-number" parameter that it will accept in requests and return in  
1672 responses. If an IPP Printer receives a request with the "version-number" parameter set to a (two-octet  
1673 binary) value that does not correspond to one of the values of this (US-ASCII) keyword, it MUST reject  
1674 the request and return the 'server-error-version-not-supported' status code. See Section 3.1.8.

1675 The following standard keyword values are defined:

1676 '1.0': Version 1.0 as specified in RFC 2566 [RFC2566] and RFC 2565 [RFC2565] including any  
1677 extensions registered according to Section 6 and any extension defined in this version or any  
1678 future version of this document following the rules when the "version-number" parameter is '1.0',  
1679 if any. For an example of such a '1.0' rule, see section 4.3.12.

1680 '1.1': Version 1.1 as specified in this document and [IPP-PRO] including any extensions registered  
1681 according to Section 6 or defined in any future version of this document following the rules when  
1682 the "version-number" parameter is '1.1', if any.



1683 **Suggested modification to section 3.1.7 Versions:**

1684 See Issue 33.

1685 **Suggested change to section 5.2.4 [Conformance of] Versions:**

1686 Clients MUST support version 1.1 and ~~SHOULD~~ MAY also support version 1.0. IPP objects MUST  
1687 support ~~both~~ version 1.1 and ~~SHOULD~~ also support version 1.0. See section 3.1.8.

1688 **Suggested changes to section 13.1.5.4 server-error-version-not-supported (0x0503)**

1689 13.1.5.4 server-error-version-not-supported (0x0503)

1690 The IPP object does not support, or refuses to support, the IPP protocol version that was ~~used~~ supplied as  
1691 the value of the "version-number" operation parameter in the request ~~message~~. The IPP object is  
1692 indicating that it is unable or unwilling to complete the request using the same major and minor version  
1693 number as supplied in the request other than with this error message. The error response ~~should~~  
1694 SHOULD contain a "status-message" attribute ~~Message~~ describing why that version is not supported and  
1695 what other versions are supported by that IPP object. See section 3.1.6. Issue 11

1696 ~~A conforming IPP/1.1 client MUST specify a valid version ('1.1' or '1.0') on each request. A conforming~~  
1697 ~~IPP/1.1 object MUST NOT return this status code to a conforming IPP/1.1 or IPP/1.0 client. An IPP~~  
1698 ~~object MUST return this status code to a non-conforming IPP client.~~ The error response MUST identify  
1699 in the "version-number" operation ~~attribute~~ parameter the closest version number that the IPP object does  
1700 support. For example, if a client supplies version '1.0' and, a conforming an IPP/1.1 object supports  
1701 version '1.0', then it MUST respond with version '1.0'. If the IPP/1.1 object does not support version  
1702 '1.0', then it MUST respond with this error code. Issue 36

1703