



A Project of the PWG IPPFAX Working Group

The IPPFAX Protocol

54 ISSUES are highlighted like this.

IEEE-ISTO Printer Working Group

Draft Standard 5102.1-D0.87

~~December 7~~ ~~October 15~~, 2001 <ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/ifx-spec-087.pdf>, .doc, .rtf

Abstract

This standard specifies the IPPFAX protocol. The IPPFAX requirements [ifx-req] are derived from the requirements for Internet Fax [internet-fax-goals].

In summary, IPPFAX is used to provide a synchronous, reliable exchange of image Documents between clients and servers. The primary use envisaged of this protocol is to provide a synchronous image transmission service for the Internet. Contrast this with the Internet FAX protocol specified in [RFC2305] and [RFC2532] that uses the SMTP mail protocol as a transport.

The IPPFAX protocol is a specialization of the IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910] protocol supporting a subset of the IPP operations with increased conformance requirements in some cases and some additional IPPFAX attributes. The IPPFAX protocol uses the 'ippfax' URL scheme (instead of the 'ipp' URL scheme) ~~to create and manage IPPFAX Jobs~~ in all its operations.

An IPPFAX Printer object is called a Receiver. A Receiver MUST support at least the UIF S Profile as specified in [ifx-uif] which is defined for the 'image/tiff' document format MIME type [image-tiff] and MAY support additional UIF Profiles for the 'image/tiff' and 'image/tiff-fx' [image-tiff-fx] document format MIME types. A Printer implementation-Print System MAY be configured to support both the IPPFAX and IPP protocols concurrently, but each protocol requires separate Printer objects with distinct URLs.

~~This document also defines a "printer-alternate-uri" (uri) operation attribute intended for use with both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols when an implementation supports more than one URL. It allows an administrator to specify an Effective URL Context in which the management operation is to be performed.~~

This document is a draft of an IEEE-ISTO PWG Proposed Standard and is in full conformance with all provisions of the PWG Process (see: <ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/general/pwg-process.pdf>). PWG Proposed

32 Standards are working documents of the IEEE-ISTO PWG and its working groups. The list of current
33 PWG projects and drafts can be obtained at <http://www.pwg.org>.

34 When approved as a PWG standard, this document will be available from:
35 <ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/standards/pwg5102.1.pdf>, .doc, .rtf
36

37 Copyright (C) 2001, IEEE Industry Standards and Technology Organization. All rights reserved.

38 This document may be copied and furnished to others, and derivative works that comment on, or otherwise
39 explain it or assist in its implementation may be prepared, copied, published and distributed, in whole or in
40 part, without restriction of any kind, provided that the above copyright notice, this paragraph and the title of
41 the Document as referenced below are included on all such copies and derivative works. However, this
42 document itself may not be modified in any way, such as by removing the copyright notice or references to
43 the IEEE-ISTO and the Printer Working Group, a program of the IEEE-ISTO.

44 Title: The IPPFAX Protocol

45 The IEEE-ISTO and the Printer Working Group DISCLAIM ANY AND ALL WARRANTIES,
46 WHETHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED INCLUDING (WITHOUT LIMITATION) ANY IMPLIED
47 WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

48 The Printer Working Group, a program of the IEEE-ISTO, reserves the right to make changes to the
49 document without further notice. The document may be updated, replaced or made obsolete by other
50 documents at any time.

51 The IEEE-ISTO takes no position regarding the validity or scope of any intellectual property or other rights
52 that might be claimed to pertain to the implementation or use of the technology described in this document
53 or the extent to which any license under such rights might or might not be available; neither does it represent
54 that it has made any effort to identify any such rights.

55 The IEEE-ISTO invites any interested party to bring to its attention any copyrights, patents, or patent
56 applications, or other proprietary rights which may cover technology that may be required to implement the
57 contents of this document. The IEEE-ISTO and its programs shall not be responsible for identifying patents
58 for which a license may be required by a document and/or IEEE-ISTO Industry Group Standard or for
59 conducting inquiries into the legal validity or scope of those patents that are brought to its attention.
60 Inquiries may be submitted to the IEEE-ISTO by e-mail at:

61 ieee-isto@ieee.org.

62 The Printer Working Group acknowledges that the IEEE-ISTO (acting itself or through its designees) is,
63 and shall at all times, be the sole entity that may authorize the use of certification marks, trademarks, or
64 other special designations to indicate compliance with these materials.

65 Use of this document is wholly voluntary. The existence of this document does not imply that there are no
66 other ways to produce, test, measure, purchase, market, or provide other goods and services related to its
67 scope.

68

68

Table of Contents

69	1 Introduction.....	6
70	1.1 Operations used	7
71	1.2 Typical exchange.....	7
72	1.3 Namespace used.....	8
73	2 Terminology	9
74	2.1 Conformance Terminology.....	9
75	2.2 Other Terminology.....	9
76	3 IPPFAX Model.....	11
77	3.1 Printer Object Relationships	11
78	3.2 A Printer object with multiple URLs.....	11
79	3.3 A Print System supporting both IPP and IPPFAX protocols	12
80	3.4 A Print System with multiple Printer objects.....	13
81	4 Common IPPFAX Operation Attribute Semantics	14
82	4.1 printer-uri (uri) operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.1.5).....	14
83	4.2 version-number parameter ([RFC2911] section 3.1.8)	15
84	5 Get-Printer-Attributes operation semantics.....	16
85	5.1 document-format (mimeType) operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.2.5.1)	16
86	5.2 ippfax-uif-profile-requested (type2 keyword) operation attribute	17
87	6 IPPFAX Printer Description Attributes	19
88	6.1 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.1)	21
89	6.2 ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.14).....	21
90	6.3 printer-is-accepting-jobs (boolean) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.23).....	22
91	6.4 operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.15)	22
92	6.5 document-format-supported (1setOf mimeType) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.22).....	22
93	6.6 ippfax-uif-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	23
94	6.7 ippfax-uif-profile-capabilities (1setOf text(MAX)).....	24
95	6.8 ippfax-auto-notify (boolean).....	25
96	7 Sender Validation of the Receiver's Capabilities.....	26
97	7.1 Sender Validates the target Printer as a Receiver and determines its basic capabilities.....	26
98	7.2 Validating the Printer's IPPFAX capabilities using the Validate-Job operation.....	28
99	8 Identity exchange.....	29
100	8.1 ippfax-sending-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute.....	29
101	8.2 ippfax-receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute.....	30
102	8.3 ippfax-sender-uri (uri) operation/Job Description attribute.....	30
103	8.4 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) Printer Description attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.4.1)	30

104	9 Transmission using the Print-Job or Create-Job/Send-Document operations	31
105	9.1 IPP/1.1 Validate-Job and Job Creation operation attributes	31
106	9.1.1 document-format (mimeMediaType) operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1)	32
107	9.1.2 ippfax-uif-profiles (1setOf type2 keyword) Job Creation operation attribute	33
108	9.1.3 notify-pull-method (type2 keyword) operation attribute [ipp-ntfy]	34
109	9.2 Job Template Attributes (for Validate-Job and Job Creation operations).....	34
110	9.2.1 media (type2 keyword name(MAX)) Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.11)	36
111	9.2.1.1 media-supported and media-ready Job Template Printer attributes	37
112	9.2.2 printer-resolution (resolution) Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.12).....	37
113	9.2.2.1 printer-resolution-supported Job Template Printer attribute	37
114	9.3 Subscription Template Attributes Conformance Requirements.....	37
115	9.3.1 Notification Event Conformance Requirements	38
116	9.4 Confirmation using the Document Creation response.....	39
117	9.5 Sender URI Stamping	40
118	9.6 Get-Notifications operation to get Event Notifications	40
119	10 IPPFAX Implementation of other IPP operations	40
120	10.1 Operation Conformance Requirements	41
121	10.2 Cancel-Job operation ([RFC2911] section 3.3.3).....	43
122	10.3 Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs operations ([RFC2911] sections 3.3.4 and 3.2.6).....	44
123	10.4 Enable-Printer and Disable-Printer operations [ipp-ops-set2]	45
124	10.5 Set-Printer-Attributes and Get-Printer-Supported-Values operations [ipp-set-ops]	45
125	11 Security considerations.....	45
126	11.1 Privacy.....	45
127	11.2 uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.2)	47
128	11.3 uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.3)	48
129	11.4 Using IPPFAX with TLS.....	49
130	11.5 Access control.....	50
131	11.6 Reduced feature set.....	50
132	12 Gateways to other systems	51
133	12.1 Off-Ramps	51
134	12.2 On-Ramps.....	51
135	13 Attribute Syntaxes.....	51
136	14 Status codes.....	51
137	14.1 client-error-bad-request (0x0400) [RFC2911 section 13.1.4.1].....	51
138	14.2 document-format-not-supported (0x040A) [RFC2911 section 13.1.4.11]	51
139	15 Conformance Requirements	52
140	16 IPPFAX URL Scheme	53
141	16.1 IPPFAX URL Scheme Applicability and Intended Usage.....	53
142	16.2 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated IPPFAX Port.....	53

143 16.3 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated MIME Type..... 53
 144 16.4 IPPFAX URL Scheme Character Encoding 53
 145 16.5 IPPFAX URL Scheme Syntax in ABNF 54
 146 16.6 IPPFAX URL Examples..... 54
 147 16.7 IPPFAX URL Comparisons 55

 148 17 IANA Considerations 55

 149 18 References 55

 150 19 Authors’ addresses..... 59

 151 20 Appendix A: vCard Example 61
 152 21 Appendix B: Generic Directory Schema for an IPPFAX Receiver..... 61
 153 22 Appendix C: Summary of other IPP documents..... 62
 154 23 Appendix D: Description of the IEEE Industry Standards and Technology (ISTO)..... 63
 155 24 Appendix E: Description of the IEEE-ISTO PWG 63
 156 25 Revision History (to be removed when standard is approved) 64
 157

Table of Tables

158
 159 Table 1 - Printer Description attributes conformance requirements 19
 160 Table 2 - Additional Printer Description attributes conformance requirements 20
 161 Table 3 - Document Format MIME Media Types..... 23
 162 Table 4 - UIF Profile keywords 24
 163 Table 5 - Receiver Attributes that the Sender validates with Get-Printer-Attributes 27
 164 Table 6 - Summary of Identify Exchange attributes 29
 165 Table 7 - IPP/1.1 Validate-Job and Job Creation operation attributes 32
 166 Table 8 - IPPFAX Semantics for Job Template Attributes 35
 167 Table 9 - Subscription Template attributes conformance requirements..... 38
 168 Table 10 - Notification Events conformance requirements 39
 169 Table 11 - Conformance for Printer Operations 42
 170 Table 12 - Conformance for Job and Subscription Operations 43
 171 Table 13 - Authentication Requirements..... 47
 172 Table 14 - Digest Authentication Conformance Requirements 48
 173 Table 15 - Security (Integrity and Privacy) Requirements 48
 174 Table 16 - Transport Layer Security (TLS) Conformance Requirements..... 49
 175 Table 17 - Generic Schema Directory Entries 62
 176

176

177 **1 Introduction**

178 This standard specifies the IPP FAX protocol. The IPP FAX requirements [ifx-req] are derived from the
179 requirements for Internet Fax [internet-fax-goals].

180 In summary IPP FAX is used to provide a synchronous, reliable exchange of image documents between
181 clients and servers. The primary use envisaged of this protocol is to provide a synchronous image
182 transmission service for the Internet. Contrast this with the Internet FAX protocol specified in [RFC2305]
183 and [RFC2532] that uses the SMTP mail protocol as a transport.

184 IPP FAX is primarily intended as a method of supporting a synchronous, secure, high quality document
185 distribution protocol over the Internet. It therefore discusses paper, pages, scanning and printing, etc. There
186 is, however, no requirement that the input documents comes from actual paper nor is there a requirement
187 that the output of the process be printed paper. The only conformance requirements are those associated
188 with the exchange of data over the network.

189 The IPP FAX protocol is a specialization of the IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910] protocol supporting a
190 subset of the IPP operations with increased conformance requirements in some cases and some additional
191 attributes. The IPP FAX protocol uses the 'ippfax' URL scheme (instead of the 'ipp' URL scheme) ~~to create~~
192 ~~and manage IPP FAX Jobs for all operations~~. An IPP FAX Printer object is called a Receiver. A Receiver
193 MUST support at least the UIF (Universal Image Format) S Profile [ifx-uif] which is defined for the
194 'image/tiff' document format MIME type [image-tiff] and MAY support additional UIF Profiles for the
195 'image/tiff' and 'image/tiff-fx' [image-tiff-fx] document format MIME types. A Print System Printer
196 ~~implementation~~ MAY be configured to support both the IPP FAX and IPP protocols concurrently for a
197 single output device (or multiple output devices), but each protocol requires separate Printer objects with
198 distinct URLs. Note - It is assumed that the reader is familiar with IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910],
199 [RFC3196], and [ipp-iig]. See section 22.

200 ~~This document also defines a "printer-alternate-uri" (uri) operation attribute intended for use with both~~
201 ~~the IPP and IPP FAX protocols when an implementation supports more than one URL. It allows an~~
202 ~~administrator to specify an Effective URL Context in which the management operation is to be~~
203 ~~performed.~~

204 An IPP FAX client is called a Sender. The user of the Sender is called the Sending User. The Sending
205 User either (1) loads the Document into the Sender or (2) causes the Sender to generate the Document
206 data by means outside the scope of this standard, indicates the Receiver's network location, and starts
207 the exchange.

208 1.1 Operations used

209 For each IPPFAX Job, the Sender issues at least the following operations to the Receiver in the
210 following order:

- 211 1. Get-Printer-Attributes - Sender MUST verify that the Printer object is a Receiver and
212 determine some of the Receiver's basic capabilities, such as UIF profiles supported.
- 213 2. Validate-Job - Sender MUST verify that the Receiver can support the Job attributes
214 that the Sender will send in the IPPFAX Job.
- 215 3. Print-Job - Sender MUST submit the IPPFAX job with a single document (or MAY
216 send Create-Job & one or more Send-Document operations if the Receiver supports)
- 217 4. Get-Notifications - The Sender MUST support and MAY use to check for successful
218 job completion if the Sending User wishes.

219 1.2 Typical Required exchange

220 This section lists a typical exchange of information between a Sender and a Receiver using the four
221 operations listed in section 1.1.

- 222 1. The Sending User determines the network location of the Receiver (value of the “printer-uri” operation
223 attribute) – see section 4.1. This ~~standard~~ document does not specify how the Sending User does this.
224 Possible methods include directory lookup, search engines, business cards, network enumeration
225 protocols such as SLP, etc. See section 21 for the Generic Directory Schema for IPPFAX.
- 226 2. The Sending User either (1) loads the Document into the Sender or (2) causes the Sender to generate the
227 Document data by means outside the scope of this ~~standard~~ document, indicates the Receiver's network
228 location and starts the exchange.
- 229 3. The Sender ~~MUST determines~~ validate whether or not the Receiver is an IPPFAX capable ~~device~~ Printer
230 and SHOULD determines the ~~rest of the basic~~ capabilities of the Receiver, including document format,
231 profiles, and profile extensions ~~and is currently configured to perform IPPFAX operations and accept~~
232 ~~IPPFAX jobs~~ – see sections ~~7.16.1 and 6.2~~. ~~If the Receiver is not configured to accept IPPFAX~~
233 ~~operations, the Sender MUST query the Sending User to determine whether to fallback to the IPP~~
234 ~~protocol and semantics—see section 1.1.~~
- 235 4. The Sender decides on the most appropriate data format depending on the Receiver's basic capabilities.
236 This is The UIF data formats and profiles are described in detail in the “Universal Image Format (UIF)”
237 specification [ifx-uif].
- 238 5. The Sender ~~SHOULD~~ MUST validate whether or not the Receiver will accept all of the attributes of the
239 IPPFAX Job from this Sending User using the Validate-Job operation. See section 7.2. If the Receiver
240 rejects the Validate-Job operation, the Sender can avoid sending the data.

- 241 6. The Sender either (1) scans the Document and converts it into an acceptable data format or (2) generates
242 or forwards the Document representation in an acceptable data format – see section 6.5.
- 243 7. As part of the Validation and Job Creation, the following identities are determined and exchanged:
244 Sender, Sending User, Receiver, and Receiving User – see section 8.
- 245 8. The Sender transmits ~~This the~~ Document data ~~is transmitted~~ to the Receiver – see section 9.
- 246 9. The Sending User receives a confirmation that the Receiver received the Document data – see section
247 9.4.
- 248 10. In addition the Sender MUST support and the Sending User MAY choose to receive an Event
249 Notification that the Document has been successfully Delivered – see sections 9.3 and 9.6
- 250 If the Sender is unable to initiate or complete the exchange then it is assumed that the Sender will perform
251 some form of retry. The mechanisms used and the user-visible behavior in this case is an implementer's
252 choice and beyond the scope of this standard.

253 1.3 Namespace used

254 The ~~extension new attributes~~ specified in this standard uses the ~~prefix 'ippfax-'~~ prefix for all new IPP
255 attributes defined. Such attributes MUST NOT be supported by the IPP protocol, i.e., MUST NOT be
256 supported by IPP Printer objects. If this document defines any attributes that are to apply to either IPP or
257 IPPFAX, then such attributes will have neither the 'ipp-' nor the 'ippfax-' prefix.

258 ISSUE 01: Why can't all of the "ippfax-xxx" attributes defined in this document be supported
259 OPTIONALLY by an IPP Printer as IPP extensions to the IPP Protocol as well? This would allow IPP to
260 support UIF document format and profiles, along with vCard, and provide a simple way for an anonymous
261 user mode. If so, shouldn't we remove the "ippfax-" prefix from all these attributes in this document, since
262 they wouldn't be restricted to IPPFAX? From the TOC, these attributes are:

- 263 4.2 ippfax-uif-profile-requested (type2 keyword) operation attribute
264 5.6 ippfax-uif-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) Printer Description attribute
265 5.7 ippfax-uif-profile-capabilities (1setOf text(MAX)) Printer Description attribute
266 5.8 ippfax-auto-notify (boolean) Printer Description attribute
267 6.1 ippfax-sending-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute
268 6.2 ippfax-receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute
269 6.3 ippfax-sender-uri (uri) operation/Job Description attribute
270 7.2.1.2 ippfax-uif-profiles (1setOf type2 keyword) Job Creation operation attribute

271
272 On the other hand, unless explicitly specified otherwise, all existing IPP attributes and operations, including
273 future IPP extensions, apply to the IPPFAX Protocol as well, including attributes which have an 'ipp-'
274 prefix. For example, the IPP/1.1 "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute (see [RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1
275 and 3.2.1.2) and the IPP/1.1 "ipp-versions-supported" Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section
276 4.4.14) also apply to IPPFAX, even though they have the 'ipp-' prefix.

277 2 Terminology

278 This section defines the following additional terms that are used throughout this standard.

279 2.1 Conformance Terminology

280 Capitalized terms, such as **MUST**, **MUST NOT**, **REQUIRED**, **SHOULD**, **SHOULD NOT**, **MAY**,
 281 **NEED NOT**, and **OPTIONAL**, have special meaning relating to conformance to this specification. These
 282 terms are defined in [RFC2911] section 13.1 on conformance terminology, most of which is taken from RFC
 283 2119 [RFC2119].

284 2.2 Other Terminology

285 This standard defines a logical model of an IPPFAX interchange. The following terms are introduced and
 286 capitalized in order to indicate their specific meaning:

287 **IPP Protocol** The protocol defined in [RFC2911] and [RFC2910] and any IPP Protocol Extension
 288 document (see section 18). For the IPP/1.1 Protocol each operation request **MUST** use the 'ipp' URL
 289 scheme.

290 **IPPFAX Protocol** The protocol defined in this document. For the IPPFAX Protocol each operation
 291 request **MUST** use the 'ippfax' URL scheme (see section 4.1 and 16).

292 ~~Effective URL Context The context in which a Printer object performs operations. Each context is~~
 293 ~~identified by a unique URL supported by the Printer object. If a Printer object supports multiple protocols,~~
 294 ~~each protocol has a separate context by definition. For a given protocol, a Printer object can support~~
 295 ~~multiple contexts which have some configured differences as established by an administrator. In this case,~~
 296 ~~each context also has a unique URL (with the same scheme). Example: A Printer object that supports the 3~~
 297 ~~URLs: ipp://www.acme.com/printer1, ippfax://www.acme.com/printer2, ippfax://www.acme.com/printer3 is~~
 298 ~~supporting three contexts.~~

299 ~~The client **MUST** supply the target "printer-uri" operation attribute (section 3.1) in each operation.~~
 300 ~~This attribute specifies the transfer path to the Receiver for the operation. It also specifies the~~
 301 ~~Effective URL Context unless that client also supplies the additional "printer-alternate-uri" operation~~
 302 ~~attribute (section 1.1). Administrative clients supply the "printer-alternate-uri" operation attribute in~~
 303 ~~order to be able to configure and control multiple contexts with a single authenticated connection.~~

304 **Printer object (or Printer)** A hardware or software entity that accepts protocol operation requests and
 305 returns protocol responses. A Printer object **MAY** be: (1) an IPP Printer object, ~~(2) or~~ an IPPFAX Printer
 306 object, ~~or (3) both~~, DEPENDING ON IMPLEMENTATION (see section 3.3), but **MUST NOT** be both
 307 (since they support some different operations and attributes and are really two different kinds of services).
 308 A Printer object **MAY** support multiple URLs with different security, authentication, and/or access control
 309 (see [RFC2911] sections 4.4.1, 4.4.2, 4.4.3, and 8). However, each URL for a Printer object **MUST**

310 support the same operations and attributes with the same values, except as restricted depending on the
311 security, authentication, and/or access control implied by the URL.

312 Note: ~~However, For brevity,~~ this document uses the term “Receiver” instead of “IPPFAX Printer
313 object”. This document uses the term “Printer object” (and “Printer”) when the statement is intended
314 to apply to a Printer object that MAY support the IPP protocol or; the IPPFAX protocol (but not
315 both); ~~or both protocols.~~

316 **IPP Printer object** A Printer object that supports the IPP protocol.

317 **Receiver** The Printer object ~~(which can be software, hardware or some combination)~~ that accepts IPPFAX
318 protocol operations and receives the Document sent by the Sender. ~~In this document the term “Receiver”~~
319 ~~indicates the semantics when the Printer object accepts an IPPFAX protocol operation. A Printer object~~
320 ~~implementation MAY support both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols concurrently. In this case the Printer~~
321 ~~object is behaving a both an IPP Printer object and a Receiver.~~

322 **Print System** All of the Printer objects on a single managed host network node. A Print System MAY
323 support IPP and IPPFAX protocols concurrently (see section 3.3) for a single output device (or multiple
324 output devices), but each protocol requires separate Printer objects with distinct URLs.

325 **client** A hardware and/or software entity that initiates protocol operation requests and accepts responses.
326 A client MAY be: (1) an IPP client, (2) an IPPFAX client, or (3) both. However, this document uses the
327 term “Sender”, instead of “IPPFAX client”. This document uses the term “client” when the statement is
328 intended to apply to a client that MAY support the IPP protocol, the IPPFAX protocol, or both protocols.

329 **IPP client** A client that uses the IPP protocol to interact with an IPP Printer object.

330 **Sender** A client that uses the IPPFAX protocol to query a Receiver and transmit a Document to that
331 Receiver.

332 **Document** The electronic representation of a set of one or more pages that the Sender sends to the
333 Receiver.

334 **Sending User** The person interacting with the Sender.

335 **Receiving User** The intended human recipient of the Document being sent by the Sender to the Receiver.

336 **Attribute Coloring** The changing of attributes and/or values returned by a single Printer object in a Get-
337 Printer-Attributes response depending on operation attributes supplied in the request, specifically the
338 “document-format”, ~~the entire target URL value in the “printer-uri”,~~ and the “ippfax-uif-profile-requested”
339 operation attributes.

340 **Job Creation Operation** The IPP or IPPFAX operations that creates IPP or IPPFAX Jobs, respectively,
341 i.e., the Print-Job, Print-URI, and Create-Job operations (see [RFC2911]).

342 **IPP Job** A job submitted by an IPP client to an IPP Printer object using the IPP Protocol.

- 343 **IPPFAX Job** A job submitted by a Sender to a Receiver using the IPPFAX Protocol.
- 344 **TIFF** The Tag Image File Format defined by [TIFF] and identified by the ‘image-tiff’ MIME Media type
345 (see [image-tiff]).
- 346 **TIFF-FX** The file format defined in [RFC2301], [tiff-fx], and [tiff-fx-ext1] as extensions to [TIFF]
347 commonly known as TIFF-FX and identified by the ‘image-tiff-fx’ MIME Media type (see [image-tiff-fx]).
348 [RFC2301] formally defines minimal, extended and lossless JBIG modes (Profiles S, F, J) for black-and-
349 white fax, and base JPEG, lossless JBIG and Mixed Raster Content modes (Profiles C, L, M) for color and
350 grayscale fax. These modes or profiles correspond to the content of the applicable ITU-T
351 Recommendations (see the References section in [ifx-uif]).
- 352 **UIF Profile (Universal Image Format Profile)** A-The set of TIFF-FX profiles with higher conformance
353 requirements and relaxed constraints for improved quality (see [ifx-uif]).
- 354 **Delivered** The Receiver has either printed the Document and delivered the last sheet to the output bin or
355 has forwarded the Document to some other system.
- 356 The terminology defined in [RFC2911], such as **attribute, operation, request, response, operation**
357 **attribute, Printer Description attribute, and Job Description attribute** is also used in the standard with
358 the same capitalization conventions and semantics.
- 359 The terminology defined in the IPP “Event Notifications and Subscriptions” specification [ipp-ntfy] and
360 “The ‘ippget’ Delivery Method for Event Notifications” specification [ipp-get-method], such as **Event**
361 **Notification, Event, Subscription Object, Per-Job Subscription, Per-Printer Subscription, Push**
362 **Delivery Method, and Pull Delivery Method.**

363 **3 IPPFAX Model**

364 This sub-section defines the IPPFAX Model and its relationship to the IPP Protocol and Model.

365 **3.1 Printer Object Relationships**

366 A Print System MAY support one or more Printer objects on a single network host. RFC 2911 [RFC2911]
367 defines the relationship between Printer objects and output devices to be many to many (see [RFC2301]
368 section 2.1). So one Printer object can represent one or more output devices and an output device can be
369 represented by one or more Printer objects. The same relationships hold for the IPPFAX Protocol so that
370 the relationship between Receivers and output devices is many to many.

371 **3.2 A Printer object with multiple URLs**

372 For a Printer object that has multiple URLs, the multiple URLs MUST only be aliases for the Printer object,
373 not connections to different services. In other words, the semantics of operations and attributes accessed by

374 the different URLs for a given Printer object MUST differ only in the security, authentication, and/or access
375 control depending on the URL used.

376 The three parallel “printer-uri-supported” (1setOf uri), “uri-authentication-supported” (1setOf type2
377 keyword), and “uri-security-supported” (1setOf type2 keyword) Printer Description attributes (see
378 [RFC2911] sections 4.4.1, 4.4.2, and 4.4.3, respectively) MUST contain the URLs, authentication, and
379 security, respectively, supported by the Printer object. See also the OPTIONAL “printer-xri-supported”
380 (collection) Printer Description attribute [ipp-set-ops], which, if supported, MUST be used to set these three
381 parallel attributes using the protocol.

382 Note: For a Printer object that supports multiple URLs, neither the IPP protocol nor the IPPFAX protocol
383 provides a way for the administrator to Set or Get the values of Printer attributes whose values depend on
384 the URL used and/or the authenticated role of the requesting user. So, for example, there is no way to set
385 the differing values of the “operations-supported” Printer attribute using the IPP or IPPFAX protocol.
386 Providing such means is left for future work as a single specification for both IPP and IPPFAX.

387 **3.23.3 A Print System Supporting both IPP and IPPFAX protocols in a single** 388 **implementation**

389 From section 3.2, if a Print System supports both IPP and IPPFAX, it MUST do so with separate Printer
390 objects, not with a single Printer object with IPP and IPPFAX URLs. Each such Printer object MUST
391 support either IPP or IPPFAX, but not both. In other words, each URL for a Printer object MUST have the
392 same scheme, namely, ‘ipp’ or ‘ippfax’, i.e., MUST NOT have some URLs with the ‘ipp’ scheme and other
393 URLs with the ‘ippfax’ scheme. The reason for this requirement for separate Printer objects for IPP and
394 IPPFAX is because a URL and its Printer object is intended to represent a network resource offering a
395 particular type of service, not several different types of services.

396 It is OPTIONAL for an IPPFAX implementation to also support the IPP protocol. However, if an
397 implementation does support both protocols, there are two ways for an implementation to do so:

398 Method 1: Separate Printer objects: two distinct Printer objects (which each have their own URL
399 Contexts by definition) with completely separate attributes, in which case all attributes are
400 separate (though most attributes would have the same value for both objects, except for
401 those that this document indicates MUST depend on the Effective URL Context), or

402 Method 2: Shared Printer object: only one Printer object in which case only the attributes that this
403 documents indicates MUST depend on the Effective URL Context will have different values
404 (so-called Attribute Coloring by URL).

405 This document specifies which Printer attributes MUST depend on the Effective URL Context (see Table 1
406 and Table 2), which MUST NOT, and which MAY. All the other attributes, such as “printer-state” and
407 “printer-name”, will appear to the client as either (1) completely separate or (2) shared, DEPENDING ON
408 THE IMPLEMENTATION CHOICE above, respectively. So for these other attributes, which
409 implementation choice is made, will *not* be transparent to the client, especially for an operator’s client when
410 using the Set Printer Attributes operation.

411 ~~With either Method, an implementation MAY allow an administrator to configure any number of distinct~~
412 ~~'ippfax' URLs with separate access control and differing "xxx-supported" Printer attributes for differing~~
413 ~~services. This approach may help a scenario where each URL has a different designated user with operator~~
414 ~~privileges and default notification of the completion of IPPFAX jobs.~~

415 ~~Note that this same implementation choice (Method 1 versus Method 2) faces an IPP protocol implementer~~
416 ~~that supports more than one URL Context, i.e., multiple 'ipp' URLs, say, for different security, including a~~
417 ~~completely anonymous access.~~

418 3.4 A Print System with multiple Printer objects

419 Attributes of separate Printer objects in a Print System MUST appear to be independent as seen by clients,
420 except where they are representing the same semantics. However, the administrator MAY configure some
421 of the Printer attributes of separate Printer objects with the same value, except for the "printer-uri-
422 supported" attribute which MUST have different values. For example, different Printer objects MAY be
423 configured to have the same "printer-name" value, especially if they are representing the same output device.
424 If several Printer objects in a Print System represent the same output device, then some of the Printer
425 objects' attributes that clients cannot affect and that represent the same semantics, such as the READ-
426 ONLY status attributes, such as "printer-state", "printer-states-reasons", "printer-up-time", and "printer-
427 current-time", SHOULD be "slaved together" by the implementation so that they always have the same
428 value.

429 For Print Systems that support administrative operations, i.e., operations that an administrative client can
430 affect the values of Printer attributes, the Printer object attributes MUST be affected independently, except
431 where they are always representing the same semantics and so SHOULD be slaved together. For example, a
432 Set-Printer-Attributes operation on one Printer object MUST NOT affect the values of any attributes of any
433 other Printer object, except where the attributes are always representing the same semantics. For an
434 example of always the same semantics, if the Printer objects represent the same output device, then the
435 values of the "media-ready" attribute SHOULD represent the same value for all Printer objects and so
436 SHOULD be slaved together. On the other hand, the Enable-Printer and Disable-Printer operations which
437 set the "printer-is-accepting-jobs" Printer attribute, MUST NOT affect any other Printer object and so
438 MUST NOT be slaved together, but MUST affect all jobs submitted to that Printer object (on any URL).

439 ~~For an IPPFAX implementation-Print Service that also supports the IPP protocol using Method 2 (Shared~~
440 ~~Printer object)(as a separate Printer object), an IPP client (suitably authenticated) MAY be able to use the~~
441 ~~IPP protocol as a so-called "universal protocol" to query and/or affect some of the IPPFAX-specific jobs~~
442 ~~and attributes (attributes that are defined in this document that begin with the "ippfax" prefix), just as the~~
443 ~~IPP protocol MAY be used to examine and control jobs submitted by other protocols, such as LPD~~
444 ~~[RFC1179] (see [RFC2911] section 3.2.7 and 3.2.9) and [RFC3196] section 6.1). However, an IPPFAX~~
445 ~~administrator MUST NOT be allowed to see or control IPP or other protocol jobs using IPPFAX~~
446 ~~operations, since IPPFAX is intended to be a specialization of IPP, rather than another "universal" protocol.~~

447 Note: for convenience of an administrator and users, it is convenient for many attributes of Printer objects to
448 have the same value whether on the same and/or different (hosted) Print Systems. However, keeping these
449 attribute values consistent is the responsibility of an administrative client (by performing multiple operations

450 to each Printer object automatically), not the Printer objects, and so is not facilitated by the semantics of the
451 IPP or IPP FAX protocols. Such an administrative client would allow the administrator to define a group of
452 Printer objects which are to be configured the same when the administrator changes the configured value for
453 any attribute on one of them.

454 **4 Common IPP FAX Operation Attribute Semantics**

455 This section describes the IPP FAX operation attribute semantics that are common to all operations.
456 IPP FAX does not define any new operations. Instead, IPP FAX semantics are provided using existing IPP
457 operations [RFC2911], [ipp-get-method], [ipp-ntfy], [ipp-set-ops], etc.} with increased conformance
458 requirements as specified in this document. ~~This section describes the general semantics for all IPP FAX~~
459 ~~operations. Section 5 describes the Get Printer Attributes operation in particular. Section 8 describes the~~
460 ~~IPP FAX semantics for the Job Creation operations and section 9 describes the IPP FAX semantics for all~~
461 ~~other operations.~~

462 **4.1 printer-uri (uri) operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.1.5)**

463 This operation attribute specifies the transfer path to the Receiver for the operation. ~~It also specifies the~~
464 ~~Effective URL Context unless that client also supplies the additional “printer-alternate-uri” operation~~
465 ~~attribute (section 1.1).~~ The client MUST supply the “printer-uri” operation attribute in every IPP (see
466 [RFC2911] section 3.1.5) and IPP FAX request. For IPP FAX, the attribute value MUST be the Receiver's
467 network location and MUST be a URL using the 'ippfax' scheme (see section 16). ~~Unlike IPP/1.1, the~~
468 ~~Receiver MUST validate that the “printer-uri” operation attribute matches one of its “printer-uri-supported”~~
469 ~~values.~~

470 The following is An example value of the target “printer-uri” operation attribute and “printer-uri-
471 supported” Printer Description attribute ~~value~~:

472 `ippfax://www.acme.com/ippfax-printers/printer5`

473 As in all URLs, the scheme identifies the protocol. For example, if a client supports both the IPP and
474 IPP FAX protocols, then the URL scheme in the “printer-uri” operation attribute that the client supplies
475 indicates the protocol and determines whether the client intends the Printer to use IPP or IPP FAX
476 semantics. Similarly, if a Printer object Print System supports both the IPP and IPP FAX protocols, then the
477 URL scheme in the target “printer-uri” operation attribute that the client supplies MUST determine the
478 protocol, the Printer object, and the semantics that the Printer Print System performs.

479 For each operation, the Receiver MUST validate that the “printer-uri” operation attribute value supplied by
480 the Sender matches one of the Receiver’s “printer-uri-supported” Printer Description attribute (see section
481 6.1). For URI matching rules see section 16.7. If the URI value supplied does not match any value of the
482 Receiver’s “printer-uri-supported” Printer Description attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the request,
483 return the ‘client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported’ status code, and return the attribute and value in
484 the Unsupported Attributes Group.

485 If the client omitted this attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the request and return the ‘client-error-bad-
486 request’ status code (see [RFC2911] section 13.1.4.1). Note: [RFC2911] does not require the IPP Printer
487 to validate the “printer-uri” operation attribute.

488 ~~3.2 printer-alternate-uri (uri) operation attribute~~

489 ~~This operation attribute specifies the Effective URL Context that the Printer MUST use for the operation,~~
490 ~~instead of the context specified by the target “printer-uri” operation attribute (see section 3.1). This~~
491 ~~operation attribute is intended to be used by both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols. A client that performs~~
492 ~~administrative operations, such as Disable Printer, Purge Jobs, and Set Printer attributes, SHOULD support~~
493 ~~this operation attribute and MAY supply it for those administrative operations. If the Printer object supports~~
494 ~~multiple contexts and supports suitably authenticated administrative operations for controlling them, then~~
495 ~~the Printer object MUST accept this operation attribute.~~

496 ~~The value of this attribute MUST be one of the values of the Printer’s “printer-uri-supported” Printer~~
497 ~~Description attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.4.1). If the client supplies this attribute and the value is not one~~
498 ~~of the values of the Printer’s “printer-uri-supported” Printer Description attribute, the Printer MUST reject~~
499 ~~the operation, return the ‘client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported’ status code ([RFC2911] section~~
500 ~~13.1.4.12), and return the supplied attribute and value in the Unsupported Attributes Group.~~

501 ~~If the client omits this attribute, then the single Effective URL Context of the operation MUST be the~~
502 ~~context defined by the target “printer-uri” operation attribute (see section 3.1) supplied by the client (rather~~
503 ~~than all contexts).~~

504 ~~This attribute permits an administrator to configure each of the Printer’s contexts separately with potentially~~
505 ~~different values as needed by the separate contexts with a single established administrative connection.~~

506 **4.2 version-number parameter ([RFC2911] section 3.1.8)**

507 This IPP/1.1 operation parameter ([RFC2911] section 3.1.8) specifies **major and minor** version **number** of
508 the IPP**FAX** protocol. As in IPP/1.1, the Sender MUST supply this parameter in every request and the
509 Receiver MUST return this parameter in every response. For the IPPFAX protocol, this parameter specifies
510 the version number of IPP**FAX** protocol and encoding **for which the IPPFAX protocol is a specialization**.
511 For IPPFAX version 1.0 **as specified in this document**, the value of the “version-number” parameter MUST
512 be ‘1.0**+**’ **which is represented as 0x0100 (see [RFC2910])**.

513 ~~3.4 ippfax-version-number (type2 keyword) operation attribute~~

514 ~~This operation attribute MUST be present in all IPPFAX operation requests and responses and MUST be~~
515 ~~placed in the Operation Attributes Group immediately after the operation attributes whose order is specified~~
516 ~~in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911]. The value indicates the version of the IPPFAX protocol that the Sender is~~
517 ~~requesting and the Receiver is returning. The semantics of the “ippfax-version-number” attribute serves the~~
518 ~~same purpose for the IPPFAX protocol as the IPP/1.1 “version-number” parameter serves for the IPP~~
519 ~~protocol (see [RFC2911] section 3.1.8).~~

520 ~~Each operation request and response MUST contain a “ippfax-version-number” operation attribute. Each~~
521 ~~value of the “ippfax-version-number” is a keyword in the form ‘m.n’ where m is the major version number~~
522 ~~and n is the minor version number. For IPPFAX version ‘1.1’ defined by this document, this keyword value~~
523 ~~‘1.1’ MUST be used.~~ By including a version number in the client request, it allows the Sender to identify
524 which version of IPPFAX the Sender is requesting to be used~~it is interested in using~~, i.e., the version whose
525 conformance requirements the Sender may be depending upon the Receiver to meet.

526 The Receiver MUST indicate the IPPFAX versions supported using the “ipp-versions-supported” (1setOf
527 type2 keyword) Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.14).

528 As in IPP/1.1, if the Receiver does not support the major version number supplied by the Sender, i.e., the
529 major version field of the “~~ippfax-version-number~~” ~~attribute-parameter~~ does not match any of the values of
530 the Printer’s “~~ippfax-versions-supported~~” (see section 6.2), the object MUST respond with a status code of
531 ‘server-error-version-not-supported’ along with the closest version number that is supported (see [RFC2911]
532 section 13.1.5.4). If the major version number is supported, but the minor version number is not, the
533 Receiver SHOULD accept and attempt to perform the request (or reject the request if the operation is not
534 supported), else it rejects the request and returns the ‘server-error-version-not-supported’ status code. In all
535 cases, the Receiver MUST return the “~~ippfax-version-number~~” ~~attribute-parameter~~ with the value that it
536 supports that is closest to the version number supplied by the ~~client~~ Sender in the request.

537 There is no version negotiation per se. However, if after receiving a ‘server-error-version-not-supported’
538 status code from a Receiver, a Sender SHOULD try again with a different version number. A Sender MAY
539 also determine the versions supported either from a directory ~~that conforms to Appendix E~~ (see section
540 2146) or by querying the Printer object’s “ipp-versions-supported” attribute (see section 6.221) to determine
541 which IPPFAX versions are supported.

542 ~~A Receiver implementation MUST support version ‘1.0’, i.e., meet the conformance requirements for~~
543 ~~IPPFAX/1.0 as specified in this document and [RFC2910]. It is recommended that a Receiver~~
544 ~~implementations accept any request with the major version ‘1’ (or reject the request if the operation is not~~
545 ~~supported).~~

546 **5 Get-Printer-Attributes operation semantics**

547 ~~This section describes the IPPFAX operation attributes and the enhancements to existing operation~~
548 ~~attributes of the Get-Printer-Attributes operation for the IPPFAX protocol.~~ The Receiver MUST support
549 the Get-Printer-Attributes operation as defined in [RFC2911] as extended by the semantics defined in this
550 section.

551 **5.1 document-format (mimeType) operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.2.5.1)**

552 This operation attribute identifies the document-format for which the Receiver MUST returns the supported
553 values of the requested attributes. The semantics of this Get-Printer-Attributes operation attribute is the
554 same as for IPP ([RFC2911] section 3.2.5), with the following conformance requirement changes:

555 1. The Sender SHOULD supply the “document-format” operation attribute (IPP client MAY).

556 2. The Receiver MUST perform Attribute Coloring for the requested (or defaulted) document
557 format (IPP Printer MAY).

558 ~~The Sender SHOULD supply the “document-format” operation attribute in the Get-Printer-Attributes~~
559 ~~request (see [RFC2911 section 3.2.5.1]); as in IPP/1.1, the Receiver MUST support this operation attribute~~
560 ~~in a Get-Printer-Attributes operation.~~

561 ~~As in IPP/1.1, if the document format supplied by the Sender is not supported (value is not contained in the~~
562 ~~Receiver’s “document-format-supported” Printer-Description attribute—see [RFC2911] section 4.4.22), the~~
563 ~~Receiver MUST reject the Get-Printer-Attributes request and return the ‘client-error-document-format-not-~~
564 ~~supported’ status code.~~

565 ~~The Receiver MUST perform Attribute Coloring for the attributes returned as indicated in Table 1 and Table~~
566 ~~2 depending on the document format supplied by the Sender. In addition, the values returned MUST~~
567 ~~depend on the Effective URL Context supplied by the Sender as indicated in Table 1 and Table 2. Note:~~
568 ~~IPP/1.1 [RFC2911] only RECOMMENDED Attribute coloring (see [RFC2911] section 3.2.5.1).~~

569 ~~If the Sender omits the “document-format” operation attribute, the Receiver assumes its “document-format-~~
570 ~~default” value (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.21) and performs Attribute Coloring for that format.~~

571 3. Standard mimeType values are defined in section 6.5.

572 **5.2 ippfax-uif-profile-requested (type2 keyword) operation attribute**

573 This operation attribute specifies one UIF Profile (see [ifx-uif]). The Sender SHOULD supply the “ippfax-
574 uif-profile-requested” operation attribute in the Get-Printer-Attributes request if the document-format
575 supplied is either ‘image/tiff’ [image-tiff] or ‘image/tiff-fx’ [image-tiff-fx]; the Receiver MUST support this
576 operation attribute in a Get-Printer-Attributes operation.

577 If the UIF Profile supplied by the Sender is not supported (value not contained in the Receiver’s “ippfax-uif-
578 profiles-supported” Printer-Description attribute - see section 6.6), the Receiver MUST reject the operation
579 and return the ‘client-error-document-format-not-supported’ status code. ~~The Receiver MUST perform~~
580 ~~Attribute Coloring for the Printer attributes indicated in [RFC2911] (see Get-Printer-Attributes request~~
581 ~~section 3.2.5.1 under the “document-format” operation attribute description) depending on the UIF Profile~~
582 ~~supplied by the Sender in this attribute. See Table 1 and Table 2.~~

583 The Receiver MUST perform Attribute Coloring for the attributes returned as indicated in Table 1 and Table
584 2 depending on the value of the “document-format” and “ippfax-uif-profile-requested” attributes supplied by
585 the Sender in the Get-Printer-Attributes request. ~~In addition, the values returned MUST depend on the~~
586 ~~Effective URL Context supplied by the Sender as indicated in Table 1 and Table 2.~~

587 If the Sender omits this attribute, the Receiver responds as if the Sender had supplied the UIF S Profile
588 (keyword value ‘uif-s’) that is REQUIRED for all Receivers to support and performs Attribute Coloring for

589 that profile. Note: There is no “ippfax-uif-profile-default” attribute defined for Get-Printer-Attributes (or for
590 Job Creation operations).

591 Standard keyword values are defined in section 6.6.

592

593 **6 IPPFAX Printer Description Attributes**

594 This section defines the IPPFAX Printer Description attributes and the IPP Printer Description attributes
 595 whose semantics are affected by augmented for IPPFAX.

596 Table 1 lists the IPPFAX conformance requirements for IPP and IPPFAX Printer Description attributes
 597 discussed whose semantics are defined in this document. The Receiver conformance requirements for
 598 aAttribute eColoring in the Get-Printer-Attributes response that depends on the “document-format” and
 599 “ippfax-uif-profile-requested” operation attribute values supplied by the client is indicated in the column
 600 labeled “Attribute eColoring by document-format”. The Receiver conformance requirements for returning
 601 values in the Get-Printer-Attributes response that depends on the Effective URL Context supplied by the
 602 client are indicated in the column labeled “Depends on Effective URL Context”.

603 Table 2 lists the other Printer Description attributes defined in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911] or IPP Notifications [ipp-
 604 ntfy] that are not in Table 1 or elsewhere. They Printer Description attributes in Table 2 have the same
 605 conformance requirements as in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911] and [ipp-ntfy], plus the additional IPPFAX conformance
 606 requirements as shown in Table 2. Printer Description attributes defined in any other documents are
 607 OPTIONAL for IPPFAX.

608 See section 9.2 for the Receiver conformance requirements for the “xxx-supported”, “xxx-default”, and
 609 “xxx-ready” Job Template Printer attributes.

610 **Table 1 - IPPFAX Printer Description attributes conformance requirements**

Attribute Name (attribute syntax)	<u>IPP</u> <u>Printer</u> <u>support</u>	Receiver support	Attribute <u>e</u> Coloring <u>by</u> <u>document-format</u>	Section
printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) <u>*</u>	<u>MUST</u>	MUST	MUST NOT	6.1, 8.4
<u>ippfax</u> -versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) <u>*</u>	<u>MUST</u>	MUST <u>**</u>	MUST NOT	6.2
printer-is-accepting-jobs (boolean) <u>*</u>	<u>MUST</u>	MUST	MUST NOT	6.3
operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum) <u>*</u>	<u>MUST</u>	MUST	MUST NOT	6.4
document-format-supported (1setOf mimeType) <u>*</u>	<u>MUST</u>	MUST	MUST NOT	6.5
ippfax-uif-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	<u>N/A</u>	MUST	MUST	6.6
ippfax-uif-profile-capabilities (1setOf text(MAX))	<u>N/A</u>	MUST	MUST	6.7
ippfax-auto-notify (boolean)	<u>N/A</u>	MAY	MUST NOT	6.8

611 * These IPP/1.1 attributes are defined in [RFC2911], but have enhanced semantics defined in this document.

612 ** A Printer object that supports IPPFAX uses the “ipp-versions-supported” attribute to describe the
 613 IPPFAX versions supported (not the IPP versions). A Printer object that supports IPPFAX MUST
 614 NOT support IPP as well. A Print System that supports both IPP and IPPFAX MUST support them
 615 in separate Printer objects (see section 3.3).

616
617**Table 2 - Additional IPPFAX Printer Description attributes conformance requirements**

Attribute Name (attribute syntax)	<u>IPP Printer support</u>	Receiver support	Attribute eColoring by document- format	Spec
uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	<u>MUST</u>	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	<u>MUST</u>	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-name (name(127))	<u>MUST</u>	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-location (text(127))	<u>MAY</u>	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-info (text(127))	<u>MAY</u>	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-more-info (uri)	<u>MAY</u>	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-driver-installer (uri)	<u>MAY</u>	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
printer-make-and-model (text(127))	<u>MAY</u>	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-more-info-manufacturer (uri)	<u>MAY</u>	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-state (type1 enum)	<u>MUST</u>	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword)	<u>MUST</u>	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-state-message (text(MAX))	<u>MAY</u>	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)		<u>MUST</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	[RFC2911]
multiple-document-jobs-supported (boolean)	<u>MAY</u>	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
charset-configured (charset)	<u>MUST</u>	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
charset-supported (1setOf charset)	<u>MUST</u>	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
natural-language-configured (naturalLanguage)	<u>MUST</u>	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
generated-natural-language-supported (1setOf naturalLanguage)	<u>MUST</u>	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
document-format-default (mimeMediaType)	<u>MUST</u>	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
queued-job-count (integer(0:MAX))	<u>MUST</u>	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-message-from-operator (text(127))	<u>MAY</u>	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
color-supported (boolean)	<u>MAY</u>	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
reference-uri-schemes-supported (1setOf uriScheme)	<u>MAY</u>	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
pdl-override-supported (type2 keyword)	<u>MUST</u>	MUST	MAY	[RFC2911]
printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX))	<u>MUST</u>	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-current-time (dateTime)	<u>MAY</u>	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
multiple-operation-time-out (integer(1:MAX))	<u>MAY</u>	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
compression-supported (1setOf type3 keyword)	<u>MUST</u>	MUST	MAY	[RFC2911]
job-k-octets-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))	<u>MAY</u>	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
job-impressions-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))	<u>MAY</u>	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
job-media-sheets-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))	<u>MAY</u>	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
pages-per-minute (integer(0:MAX))	<u>MAY</u>	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
pages-per-minute-color (integer(0:MAX))	<u>MAY</u>	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]

printer-state-change-time (integer(1:MAX))	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	[ipp-ntfy]
printer-state-change-date-time (dateTime)	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	[ipp-ntfy]

618

619 **6.1 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.1)**

620 This attribute contains the set of target URIs that the Printer object supports, i.e., the URI values that a
 621 client can supply as values of the “printer-uri” target operation attribute in requests. As in IPP/1.1, the
 622 Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.1). However, a single
 623 Printer object MUST NOT support both ‘ipp’ and ‘ippfax’ schemed URI. Therefore, the schemes MUST all
 624 be ‘ipp’ or all ‘ippfax’. In order for a Print System to support both IPP and IPPFAX, it MUST use separate
 625 Printer objects (see section 3.3).

626 ~~The values of this attribute MUST NOT depend on the Effective URL Context. Thus a client can determine
 627 all the URI supported by the Printer object using any ‘ipp’ or ‘ippfax’ URL, if Method 2 (Shared Printer
 628 object) is used to support IPP and IPPFAX (see section 2.5).~~

629 ~~If an implementation a Print System supports both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols with the same security
 630 and authorization regimes, it is RECOMMENDED that the implementation Print System support Printer
 631 objects whose target URIs that differ only in the scheme. Then a client that queries the “printer-uri-
 632 supported” attribute of one of the Printer objects with one of these two protocols, can query the same
 633 implementation Print System with the other protocol just by changing the scheme to see if the other protocol
 634 is supported (as a separate Printer object) no matter whether the implementation used Method 1 (Separate
 635 Printer objects) or Method 2 (Shared Printer object) see section 2.5.~~

636 The Receiver MUST support the ‘ippfax’ URL scheme (see section 16) for this attribute.

637 **6.2 ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.14)**

638 This attribute identifies the version or versions of the IPPFAX protocol that this Receiver supports,
 639 including major and minor versions, i.e., the version numbers for which this Receiver ~~implementation~~ meets
 640 the conformance requirements. The Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute. The
 641 Receiver MUST compare the “version-number” parameter (see section 4.2), with the values of this attribute
 642 in order to determine whether the Printer supports the version requested by the Sender.

643 ISSUE 02: OK that the IPP/1.1 “version-number” parameter that contains the IPPFAX version number is
 644 compared with the (existing) IPP/1.1 “ipp-versions-supported” Printer Description attributes that contains
 645 the IPPFAX version number (rather than defining a new “ippfax-versions-supported” Printer Description
 646 attribute and not using the “ipp-versions-supported” attribute)?

647 ~~The values of this attribute MUST depend on the Effective URL Context. If this attribute is not returned in
 648 a Get Printer Attributes response when requested with an ‘ippfax’ scheme, then the Printer is NOT an
 649 IPPFAX Receiver.~~

650 Standard keyword values are:

651 '1.0': Meets the conformance requirements of IPPFAX version 1.0 as specified in this document.
652

653 **6.3 printer-is-accepting-jobs (boolean) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.23)**

654 This attribute indicates whether or not the Printer object is currently accepting Job Creation requests. As in
655 IPP/1.1, the Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.23).

656 ~~The values of this attribute MUST depend on the Effective URL Context.~~

657 See section 10.4 for a discussion of how the Enable-Printer and Disable-Printer administrative operations, if
658 implemented, affect the value of this attribute.

659 **6.4 operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.15)**

660 This attribute identifies the set of supported operations for this Printer object and contained Job objects. As
661 in IPP/1.1, the Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.15).

662 The values of this attribute MUST depend on the URL supplied in the "printer-uri" operation attribute and
663 the role of the authenticated requesting userContext. For example, end users are not allowed to use
664 administrative operations, so that the Receiver MUST NOT return the administrative operation enums, such
665 as "Disable-Printer" enum, to end users. Conversely, administrators are not allowed to submit IPPFAX
666 jobs, so that if the Receiver does not MUST NOT support the Cancelreturn the Print-Job operation enum
667 for IPPFAX Jobs to operators (see section 10.18.2), ~~then the Cancel Job enum is not returned as the value of~~
668 ~~the "operations-supported" attribute when queried with an 'ippfax' uri.~~

669 **6.5 document-format-supported (1setOf mimeType) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.22)**

670 This attribute identifies which document formats the Receiver supports. As in IPP/1.1, the Receiver MUST
671 support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.22).

672 ~~The values of this attribute MUST depend on the URL Context. For example, if the client supplies the 'ipp'~~
673 ~~or 'ippfax' scheme, then the values returned indicate the document formats supported for IPP or IPPFAX~~
674 ~~jobs, respectively.~~ Since most document formats don't give the guarantee of fidelity for all implementations
675 and configurations, the IPPFAX document formats supported MUST be a subset of the IPP document
676 formats supported.

677 Standard mimeType values for IPPFAX jobs include:

Table 3 - Document Format MIME Media Types

mimeMediaType	Description	Sender support	Receiver support
image/tiff [image-tiff]	TIFF format [TIFF]	MUST	MUST
image/tiff-fx [image-tiff-fx]*	TIFF-FX format [tiff-fx], [tiff-fx-ext1]	MAY	MAY
application/octet-stream	auto-sensing ([RFC2911] section 4.1.9.1)	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
any other MIME types	such as 'application/pdf' ** (see [IANA-MT])	MUST NOTMAY	MUST NOTMAY

* Note: ~~TIFF-FX [RFC2301] will be getting a new MIME media type, to distinguish it from the TIFF-6 S and F profiles. For the purposes of this draft, the 'image/tiffx' MIME type is shown as a working name, since it has been suggested in the email discussion by the Internet FAX WG. When the proper MIME type is agreed by the Internet FAX WG, this document will be updated.~~ **** Note: The recent ANSI and ISO PDF/X-1:1999, PDF/X:2001, and PDF/X-1a formats and under development PDF/X-2 and PDF/X-3 formats which are specializations of 'application/pdf' MIME type do not have registered MIME types, though some of these have the same "blind interchange" goal as 'image/tiff' and 'image/tiff-fx' MIME types.**

~~The Sender is not restricted to sending UIF Profile formats to the Receiver and MAY send any format that the Receiver supports for IPPFAX Jobs. It is the Sender's choice; the Receiver has no way of indicating preferred formats from amongst the formats that the Receiver supports for IPPFAX Jobs.~~

6.6 ippfax-uif-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)

This attribute identifies which black/white, grayscale, and color UIF Profiles the Receiver supports. A Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute.

This attribute does not apply to additional document formats and profiles besides the UIF Profiles of the 'image/tiff' [[image-tiff](#)] and 'image/tiff-fx' [[image-tiff-fx](#)] document formats. **Therefore, this attribute MUST NOT be returned if the "document-format" operation attribute supplied by the Sender in the Get-Printer-Attributes request does not support UIF Profiles.**

~~The returned values of this attribute MUST depend on the URL Context. If this attribute is not returned in a Get-Printer-Attributes response when requested with an 'ippfax' scheme, then the Printer is NOT an IPPFAX Receiver.~~

See [ifx-uif] [Appendix A](#) for the definition of each of these UIF Profiles and the inter-dependency requirements for UIF Profile support. The values of this attribute MUST conform to the inter-dependency requirements in [ifx-uif] for UIF Profile support (for example, UIF Profile S MUST be supported and UIF Profile C MUST be supported if UIF Profile L is supported, so the 'uif-s' keyword MUST always be present and the 'uif-c' keyword MUST be present if the 'uif-l' keyword is present).

706 Standard keyword values are shown in Table 4:

707 **Table 4 - UIF Profile keywords**

Keyword	MIME Type	File name extension suffix	Description (see [ifx-uif])	Sender support	Receiver support
uif-s	image/tiff	.tiff , .tif	UIF Profile S	MUST	MUST
uif-f	image/tiff	.tiff , .tif	UIF Profile F	MAY	MAY
uif-j	image/tiff- <u>fx</u> *	.tfx *	UIF Profile J	MAY	MAY
uif-c	image/tiff- <u>fx</u> *	.tfx *	UIF Profile C	MAY	MAY
uif-cg	image/tiff- <u>fx</u> *	.tfx *	UIF Profile C with gray-scale subset	MAY	MAY
uif-l	image/tiff- <u>fx</u> *	.tfx *	UIF Profile L	MAY	MAY
uif-lg	image/tiff- <u>fx</u> *	.tfx *	UIF Profile L with gray-scale subset	MAY	MAY
uif-m	image/tiff- <u>fx</u> *	.tfx *	UIF Profile M	MAY	MAY

708 * See [\[image-tiff-fx\]](#) ~~Note: the image/tiffx and .tfx are working names as seen on the Internet WG~~
 709 ~~mailing list for the new MIME Media Type and file name extension suffix for TIFF FX. When the~~
 710 ~~names are finalized, this document will be updated.~~

711 6.7 ippfax-uif-profile-capabilities (1setOf text(MAX))

712 This attribute contains a CONNEG capability string expression as defined in [ifx-uif] [Appendix A for UIF](#)
 713 [Profiles](#). A Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute.

714 ~~This attribute does not apply to additional document formats and profiles besides the UIF Profiles of the~~
 715 ~~'image/tiff' [image-tiff] and 'image/tiff-fx' [image-tiff-fx] document formats. Therefore, this attribute~~
 716 ~~MUST NOT be returned if the "document-format" operation attribute supplied by the Sender in the Get-~~
 717 ~~Printer-Attributes request does not support UIF Profiles.~~

718 ~~The returned values of this attribute MUST depend on the URL Context. If this attribute is not returned in a~~
 719 ~~Get Printer Attributes response when requested with an 'ippfax' scheme, then the Printer is NOT an~~
 720 ~~IPPFAX Receiver.~~

721 Each value MUST end with explicit White Space where CONNEG allows White Space to occur. However,
 722 there is no need to break a CONNEG expression into more than one value if it all fits into 1023 octets.

723 The values taken together MUST conform to the minimum value in [ifx-uif], plus any additional capabilities
 724 that the Receiver supports. Thus a Sender can determine additional capabilities above the minimum for the
 725 UIF Profiles that the Receiver supports (see section 6.6).

726 **6.8 ippfax-auto-notify (boolean)**

727 This attribute indicates whether or not the Receiver automatically notifies the Receiving User when the
728 IPPFAX Job completes in some IMPLEMENTATION DEFINED manner, examples of which include:

- 729 1. Each Printer URL is configured for a Receiving User or a Group of Receiving Users and has a
730 configured Per-Printer Subscription object or equivalent that is subscribed to 'job-completed' events
731 and uses a supported Event Notification Delivery Method to deliver the notification to the
732 configured user or a designated individual for the Group, respectively.
- 733 2. Each Printer object has a pre-allocated Per-Printer Subscription Object that is subscribed to 'job-
734 completed' events and that an operator application uses to examine Job attributes, such as the "job-
735 printer-uri" Job Description attribute and/or any fields in the Job's "ippfax-receiving-user-vcard"
736 operation/Job Description attribute and automatically notifies the Receiving User by email,
737 telephone, or pager.
- 738 3. An operator/secretary launches an application that creates a Per-Printer Subscription object that
739 notifies the operator/secretary by some supported Delivery Method (ippget, indp, or mailto).
- 740 4. That application could examine Job attributes, such as the "job-printer-uri" Job Description attribute
741 and/or any fields in the Job's "ippfax-receiving-user-vcard" operation/Job Description attribute (see
742 section 8.2) supplied by the Sender and automatically notify the Receiving User by email, telephone,
743 or pager.
- 744 5. That application could access a central data base or directory for the Receiving User as indicated in
745 the "ippfax-receiving-user-vcard" attribute (see section 8.2) supplied by the Sender and use the
746 method indicated in the data base.
- 747 6. A person sits next to the Receiver and reads the start page and delivers the documents to the
748 Receiving User.

749 ~~The returned value of this attribute MUST depend on the URL Context.~~

750 If the returned value is 'true', then the Receiver is responsible for notifying the Receiving User by any means
751 when an IPPFAX Job completes and the Sender SHOULD NOT also notify the Receiving User, thereby
752 causing annoying duplicate notifications to the Receiving User.

753 If this attribute is not returned in a Get-Printer-Attributes response when requested with an 'ippfax' scheme
754 or the value returned is 'false', then the Receiver MUST NOT automatically notify recipients when IPPFAX
755 Jobs complete. Then the Sender knows that that it has the responsibility for notifying the Receiving User in
756 some manner, such as:

- 757 1. by sending an email message to the Receiving User (before or after the IPPFAX job completes,
758 depending on the wishes of the Sending User)
- 759 2. if the Receiver supports an appropriate ~~"push"~~ **Push** Event Notification delivery method, such as
760 'mailto' [ipp-mailto-method] or 'indp' [ipp-indp-method], use IPP Event Notification as part of the

761 Job Creation operation (see section 9.3) supplying the “notify-recipient-uri” (uri) attribute with the
762 value of the Receiving User.

763 **7 Sender Validation of the Receiver’s Capabilities**~~Data Exchange – IPPFAX Job~~ 764 **Submission**

765 This section describes how a Sender MUST first validate the target Printer as a Receiver (section 7.1) and
766 then validate the IPPFAX Job (section 7.2)~~submit an IPPFAX Job to a Receiver.~~

767 **7.1 Sender Validation of the target Printer’s capabilities as a Receiver and determines** 768 **its basic capabilities**

769 ~~A~~The Sender MUST validate that the target Printer is a valid Receiver using the Get-Printer-Attributes
770 operation as indicated in Table 5. The Sender SHOULD determine the Printer’s-Receiver’s basic capabilities
771 before generating the document data in order to ensure that the Receiver is capable of the best rendering the
772 document as intended by the Sender before submitting an IPPFAX job as indicated in Table 5,~~either by:~~

773 ~~querying the Printer-Description attributes in Table 6 using the Get-Printer-Attributes operation (see section~~
774 ~~4) while supplying the “printer-uri” target operation attribute with an ‘ippfax’ URI scheme (see section 3.1)~~
775 ~~OR~~

776 ~~use a Validate-Job operation (see section 8.1.2) to validate the attributes indicated in Table 6 with an~~
777 ~~asterisk (*).~~The Sender MUST NOT rely solely on the IPPFAX Validate-Job operation followed by the
778 IPPFAX Job Creation operation, since an IPP/1.1 Printer MAY accept both IPPFAX operations. Note:
779 since [RFC2911] does not require an IPP Printer to validate that the “printer-uri” operation scheme is ‘ipp’
780 nor that the URL is one of its “printer-uri-supported” values. Also it might be risky for the Sender to
781 depend on the IPP Printer to return the unknown IPPFAX operations attributes in the Unsupported
782 Attributes Group (though [RFC2911] REQUIRES an IPP Printer to do so).~~Therefore, the Sender MUST~~
783 ~~still validate the attributes without an asterisk in Table 6 using the Get-Printer-Attributes operation.~~

784 **7.1.1 Validating the Printer’s IPPFAX capabilities using the Get-Printer-Attributes operation**

785 If the Sender requests these attributes using Get-Printer-Attributes and some of them are not returned, then
786 the Sender MUST query the Sending User to inform that person that the Printer does not accept IPPFAX
787 Jobs, so that the Sender has the opportunity to choose to abandon the exchange or to try an IPP URL (see
788 section 6.1) and then query the Sending User if it OK to use the IPP protocol. ~~fallback to the IPP protocol~~
789 ~~and semantics (see section).~~

790 The order of presentation in Table 5 is the likely order that a Sender would check the values, though the
791 Sender can request all of the attributes in a single Get-Printer-Attributes operation (and the Printer can
792 return them in any order).

793

Table 5 - Receiver Attributes that the Sender MUST validates with Get-Printer-Attributes

Attribute	Section	Description and purpose <u>Sender action</u>
operation attributes:		
printer-uri	4.1	<u>Sender MUST validate</u> whether or not the Get-Printer-Attributes operation with a “printer-uri” target URL using the ‘ippfax’ scheme locates a valid Receiver destination
Printer Description attributes:		
printer-uri-supported	6.1, 4.1	Use the Get-Printer-Attributes operation with a “printer-uri” target URL containing the ‘ippfax’ scheme to locates a valid Receiver destination. <u>Sender MUST</u> From the response check whether the Printer supports the IPPFAX protocol on the target URL by comparing the target URL with one of the “printer-uri-supported” values, i.e., validate that the Printer is a Receiver
uri-authentication-supported		Check that the corresponding value is ‘digest’ or ‘certificate’
uri-security-supported		Check that the corresponding value is ‘ssl3’ or ‘tls’.
ippfax-versions-supported *	5.2, 3.4	Check what version(s) of IPPFAX the Receiver supports
printer-is-accepting-jobs *	5.3	Check whether the Receiver is currently configured to accept IPPFAX Jobs
operations-supported	6.4	If the Sender is going to use <u>any operations that are OPTIONAL for a Receiver to support (such as any Job Creation operations besides Print-Job, such as Print-URI, Create-Job, Send-Document, or Send-URI,</u> the Sender <u>MUST-SHOULD</u> validate that the Receiver supports such operations <u>(though the Printer will return an error if the client attempts to use an operation that the Printer doesn’t support.</u>
document-format-supported *	6.5	<u>Sender SHOULD</u> C check which document formats the Receiver supports
ippfax-uif-profiles-supported *	6.6	<u>Sender SHOULD</u> C check which UIF Profiles of the ‘image/tiff’ and ‘image/tiff-fx’ document formats the Receiver supports, <u>if the Sender uses any UIF profiles other than ‘uif-s’.</u>
ippfax-uif-profile-capabilities *	6.7	<u>Sender SHOULD</u> C check which OPTIONAL capabilities of each UIF Profile the Receiver supports if the Sender uses any feature that is OPTIONAL for a UIF Profile
ippfax-auto-notify	6.8	<u>Sender MUST</u> C check whether or not the Receiver automatically notifies the intended Receiving User when the IPPFAX Job completes, <u>if the Sender would</u>

		<u>otherwise notify the Receiving User in some way.</u>
Job Template Printer attributes:		
media-supported *	9.2.1.1	<u>Sender SHOULD Ccheck which media is supported, if the Sender specifies a particular media, though the Validate-Job will catch any mis-match.</u>
media-ready	9.2.1.1	<u>Sender SHOULD Ccheck which media is ready (loaded, i.e., needs no human intervention to use)</u>
printer-resolutions-supported *	9.2.2.1	<u>Sender SHOULD Ccheck which resolutions are supported, so that it can use the highest resolution supported by the Receiver.</u>
xxx-supported *	7.3	Check any other Job Template attributes that the Sender is going to use

794 ~~* indicate that the Sender can use a Validate-Job operation (see section 7.1.2) instead of (or in addition to)~~
 795 ~~using the Get-Printer-Attributes operation in order to validate that the Printer will process the job as~~
 796 ~~intended by the Sender using IPP FAX semantics.~~

797 **7.2 Validating the Printer’s IPP FAX capabilities using the Validate-Job operation**

798 ~~After validating that the Printer is a Receiver (section 7.1), T~~the Sender MUST ~~either (1)~~ validate the job
 799 attributes using the Validate-Job operation (that doesn’t include any Document data) before sending the
 800 IPP FAX Job with the same attributes using an IPP FAX Job Creation operation that includes the Document
 801 data ~~or query the Printer Description attributes indicated in section 7.1. For meaningful and complete job~~
 802 ~~validation, t~~The Sender MUST supply all the same operation and Job Template attributes in the Validate-Job
 803 request as it will supply in the subsequent Job Creation request (see section 9).

804 The Sender MUST supply the “ipp-attribute-fidelity” operation attribute with a ‘true’ value (see [RFC2911]
 805 section 3.2.1.1 and 15.1) in both the Validate-Job and the Job Creation operations. Then the Receiver will
 806 reject the request if any of the Job Template attributes and values are not supported, thereby ensuring that
 807 the document is printed as intended. If the Validate-Job is rejected because of the lack of support of one or
 808 more Job Template attributes, the Sender MUST query the user in order to proceed without these attributes.
 809 If the Validate-Job fails for more serious reasons, such as ‘server-error-not-accepting-jobs ([RFC2911]
 810 section 13.1.5.7), the Sender MUST inform the Sending User so that person has the opportunity to choose
 811 to abandon the exchange or to ~~fallback to the try an IPP URL protocol and semantics (see section 1.1).~~ (see
 812 section 6.1) and then query the Sending User if it is OK to use the IPP protocol.

813 Fallback to the IPP Protocol

814 ~~If a Printer object fails any of the validation by the Sender in section 7.1 or 7.1.2 besides Job Template~~
 815 ~~attributes not supported, the Sender MUST query the Sending User to inform that person that the Printer is~~
 816 ~~not currently configured to accept IPP FAX requests, so that the Sender has the opportunity to choose to~~
 817 ~~abandon the exchange or to fallback to use the IPP protocol and semantics.~~The main IPP FAX features that
 818 will MAY be missing in the IPP protocol are:

- 819 - Guaranteed exchange: Since IPP does not mandate any data formats it is possible that the
- 820 Sender MAY not be able to discover a common data format that both it and the printer support.

821 - Identity exchange (section 8): IPP ~~does not~~**NEED NOT** provide the definitive identity exchange
 822 that IPPFAX does. In many cases this is acceptable.

823 **8 Identity exchange**

824 This section defines the attributes ~~used by that~~ the Sender and the ~~Recipient~~ Receiver use to identify each to
 825 the other and to identify the Sending User and the Receiver User. Table 6 lists these attributes and shows
 826 the Sender and Receiver conformance requirements ~~for Validate-Job and Job Creation operations~~.

827 **Table 6 - Summary of Identify Exchange attributes**

Attribute	Sender supplies	Receiver supports
ippfax-sending-user-vcard (text(MAX))	MAY <u>*</u>	MUST
ippfax-receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX))	SHOULD <u>*</u>	MUST
ippfax-sender-uri (uri)	MUST <u>*</u>	MUST
printer-uri-supported	MUST <u>**query</u>	MUST

828 * Sender supplies in a Validate-Job and Job Creation operations.

829 ** Sender supplies in a Get-Printer-Attributes request.

830 **8.1 ippfax-sending-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute**

831 This operation attribute identifies the Sending User in MIME vCard v3.0 [RFC2426, RFC2425] format.
 832 The Sender MAY send this operation attribute in an IPPFAX Job Creation operation; ~~a~~ The Receiver
 833 MUST support this Job Creation and Validate-Job operation attribute according to the vCard v3.0
 834 specification and MUST populate the job’s corresponding Job Description attribute. The Receiver MUST
 835 support MAX (1023) octets of text. However, the Receiver MAY ignore any image, logo, and sound parts,
 836 in which case it MUST still accept the Job Creation request and return the ‘successful-ok-ignored-or-
 837 substituted-attributes’ status code (see [RFC2911] section 13.1.2.2), but **NEED NOT** return the attribute
 838 and its ignored values in the Unsupported Attributes Group.

839 For a sample vCard see section 20. If the Sender supplies the attribute, then the Receiver MUST use its
 840 value to populate the Job object’s corresponding Job Description attribute of the same name.

841 The Receiver MAY choose to use this information on a job start and end sheet (banner page) for the job. As
 842 in IPP/1.1, whether or not the Receiver prints a separate job start sheet depends on the “job-sheets” Job
 843 Template attribute. The Sender can request the Receiver to print a separate start sheet if the Receiver’s
 844 “job-sheets-supported” Printer attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.2.3) contains a value other than ‘none’.
 845 The Sender can suppress the Receiver’s separate start sheet if the Receiver’s “job-sheets-supported” Printer
 846 attribute contains the ‘none’ value. If the Sender omits the “job-sheets” Job Template attribute, the
 847 Receiver’s “job-sheets-default” value will be used.

848 **8.2 ippfax-receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute**

849 This [operation](#) attribute identifies the intended Receiving User in MIME vCard format[RFC2426,
850 RFC2425]. The Sender SHOULD send this operation attribute in an IPPFAX Job Creation or Validate-Job
851 operation. [The Receiver MUST support this Job Creation operation attribute and MUST populate the](#)
852 [job's corresponding Job Description attribute](#). The Receiver MUST support MAX (1023) octets of text.
853 However, the Receiver MAY ignore any image, logo, and sound parts, in which case it MUST still accept
854 the Job Creation request and return the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code (see
855 [RFC2911] section 13.1.2.2), but NEED NOT return the attribute and its ignored values in the Unsupported
856 Attributes Group.

857 For a sample vCard see section 20. If the Sender supplies the attribute, then the Receiver MUST use its
858 value to populate the Job object's corresponding Job Description attribute of the same name.

859 The Receiver MAY choose to use this information on a job start and end sheet (banner page) for the job.
860 See discussion under section 8.1.

861 **8.3 ippfax-sender-uri (uri) operation/Job Description attribute**

862 This [operation](#) attribute identifies the Sender in a similar manner to the way a Sending Station ID is used in a
863 GSTN fax device. The value of this identity is not specified in this document but MUST uniquely identify
864 the Sender device and be traceable to the Sender. The manufacturer of the Sender MUST ensure that the
865 customer configures the Sender with a value for this attribute that is a syntactically valid URI before first
866 attempt to send an IPPFAX Job.

867 The Sender MUST send this operation attribute with the configured value in an IPPFAX Job Creation
868 operation. [The Receiver MUST support this Job Creation operation attribute and MUST populate the](#)
869 [job's corresponding Job Description attribute](#).

870 The Receiver MUST use its value to populate the Job object's corresponding Job Description attribute of the
871 same name. This value is only a comment (since it can be spoofed) and is used for logging purposes and has
872 nothing to do with authentication (for which see section 11). This attribute is more akin to an email 'Reply-
873 To' field.

874 **8.4 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) Printer Description attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.4.1)**

875 This IPP/1.1 Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.1) identifies the Receiving device, so
876 that no new IPPFAX Printer Description attribute is needed. [See section 6.1 for additional IPPFAX](#)
877 [semantics for this attribute](#). The Sender MUST query this attribute using the Get-Printer-Attributes
878 operation as specified in section 7.1.1.1 while supplying a target "printer-uri" operation attribute with the
879 'ippfax' scheme.

880 **9 Transmission using the Print-Job or ~~other Job Creation~~ Create-Job/Send-**
881 **Document operations**

882 The Sender and Receiver MUST support creating IPPFAX Jobs using the Print-Job operation and MAY
883 support creating IPPFAX Jobs using ~~other Job Creation operations (Print-URI, Create-Job)~~ and ~~Document~~
884 ~~Creation operations~~ (Send-Document, ~~Send-URI~~) as well. The Sender and Receiver MUST NOT support
885 print by reference, i.e., MUST NOT support the Print-URI and Send-URI operations, since they do not
886 provide the same security and assurance of accessibility as pushing the document data does.~~The Receiver~~
887 ~~MUST support creating IPPFAX Jobs using the Print-Job operation and MAY support creating IPPFAX~~
888 ~~Jobs with other Job Creation and Document Creation operations as well.~~

889 **9.1 IPP/1.1 Validate-Job and Job Creation operation attributes**

890 Table 7 ~~indicates which IPP/1.1 [RFC2911] lists the~~ operation attributes for Validate-Job and Job Creation
891 operations for Senders, IPP/1.1 Printers, and Receivers~~a Sender MUST or MAY supply in a Validate Job~~
892 ~~and a Job Creation request and a Receiver MUST or MAY support.~~ Differences in Sender conformance
893 from IPP/1.1 clients are indicated with footnotes.

894

Table 7 - IPP/1.1 Validate-Job and Job Creation operation attributes

Operation attribute	Section	Sender supplies	<u>IPP/1.1 Printer supports</u>	Receiver supports
attributes-charset (charset)		MUST	<u>MUST</u>	MUST
attributes-natural-language (naturalLanguage)		MUST	<u>MUST</u>	MUST
printer-uri (uri) <u>*</u>	4.1	MUST	<u>MUST</u>	MUST
requesting-user-name (name(MAX)) <u>*</u>		SHOULD	<u>MUST</u>	MUST
job-name (name(MAX))		MAY	<u>MUST</u>	MUST
ipp-attribute-fidelity (boolean) <u>*</u>		MUST with 'true' value ¹	<u>MUST</u>	MUST
document-name (name(MAX)) <u>*</u>		MAY	<u>MUST</u>	MUST
compression (type3 keyword) <u>*</u>		MAY	<u>MUST</u>	MUST
document-format (mimeMediaType) *	9.1.1	MUST ²	<u>MUST</u>	MUST
document-natural-language (naturalLanguage) <u>*</u>		MAY	<u>MAY</u>	MAY
job-k-octets (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	<u>MAY</u>	MAY
job-impressions (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	<u>MAY</u>	MAY
job-media-sheets (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	<u>MAY</u>	MAY
ippfax-sending-user-vcard (1setOf text(MAX))	8.1	SHOULD MAY	MUST NOT	MUST
ippfax-receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX))	8.2	SHOULD	MUST NOT	MUST
ippfax-sender-uri (name(MAX))	8.3	MUST	MUST NOT	MUST
ippfax-uif-profiles (1setOf type2 keyword) *	9.1.2	MUST	MUST NOT Repeat of ISSUE 01	MUST
<u>notify-pull-method (type2 keyword) *</u>	9.1.3	<u>SHOULD</u>	<u>MAY</u>	<u>MUST</u>

895
896
897

* As in IPP/1.1, these attributes are NOT Job Description attributes, only Operation attributes for ~~an~~ IPPFAX Job Creation and Validate-Job operations.

898

9.1.1 document-format (mimeMediaType) operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1)

899
900
901
902

This attribute identifies the MIME Media Type of the document that the Sender is sending. The Sender MUST supply this operation attribute in the Validate-Job and Job Creation operations; a Receiver MUST validate and support this operation attribute. Note: [RFC2911] does not REQUIRE the IPP Client to supply this operation attribute.

903
904

~~ISSUE 01: OK to REQUIRE the Sender to supply the “document-format” of the document being sent (unlike IPP/1.1)? What if the Sender didn’t create the document and the Receiver supports multiple~~

¹ [RFC2911] does not require the client to supply the “ipp-attribute-fidelity” and allows the client to supply either the ‘true’ or ‘false’ value.

² The [RFC2911] does not require the IPP client to supply the “document-format” operation attribute.

905 ~~formats, such as image/tiffx and application/pdf or the Print System doesn't know even when its own Printer~~
906 ~~Driver creates the document, such as Windows? For Microsoft UPnP PrintBasic, we had to define a special~~
907 ~~default value, so that the Microsoft Print System could supply a value (UPnP REQUIRES that "document-~~
908 ~~format" be supplied). Or should we change this back to SHOULD as in IPP/1.1 and as we did for "ippfax-~~
909 ~~uif-profiles" (see next section)? Or should we still REQUIRE it, but allow the Sender to submit~~
910 ~~'application/octet-stream'? (Currently, we do not allow 'application/octet-stream').~~

911 If the Sender does not supply this attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the operation, MUST return the
912 'client-error-bad-request' status code, and SHOULD return the 'document-format' attribute name keyword
913 in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section 14.1).

914 If the Sender supplies a value that the Receiver does not support, i.e., not a value of the Receiver's
915 "document-format-supported" Printer Description attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the operation and
916 return the 'client-error-document-format-not-supported' status code (IPP conformance).

917 ~~If the Sender supplies a value that the Receiver determines later is incorrect when processing the document~~
918 ~~data, the document data takes precedence. Only if the Receiver does not support the discovered document-~~
919 ~~format, MUST the Receiver abort the job.~~

920 Standard mimeType values are defined in section 6.5.

921 **9.1.2 ippfax-uif-profiles (1setOf type2 keyword) Job Creation operation attribute**

922 This attribute identifies the UIF Profiles of the document that the Sender is sending. The Sender SHOULD
923 supply this operation attribute in the Validate-Job and Job Creation operations as a hint to the Receiver as to
924 what the UIF Profiles are when the document format is 'image/tiff' [\[image-tiff\]](#) or 'image/tiff-fx' [\[image-tiff-](#)
925 [fx\]](#); **a** Receiver MUST validate and support this operation attribute.

926 If the Sender does not supply this attribute, the Receiver MUST accept the job anyway and validate as soon
927 as possible that the Receiver can successfully render the document data. If possible, it is RECOMMENDED
928 that such validation happen by examining the first part of the data before returning the Job Creation
929 response.—

930 If the Sender supplies a value that the Receiver does not support, i.e., not a value of the Receiver's "ippfax-
931 uif-profiles-supported" Printer Description attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the operation and return the
932 'client-error-document-format-not-supported' status code (IPP conformance [extended to UIF profiles - see](#)
933 [section 14.2](#)).

934 If the Sender supplies a value that the Receiver determines later is incorrect when processing the document
935 data, the document data takes precedence. Only if the Receiver does not support the discovered profile,
936 MUST the Receiver abort the job.

937 Standard keyword values are defined in section 6.6.

938 **9.1.3 notify-pull-method (type2 keyword) operation attribute [ipp-ntfy]**

939 This operation attribute defined in [ipp-ntfy] indicates the Pull dDelivery mMethod ~~and the notification~~
 940 recipient. A Sender MUST supply this attribute with the 'ippget' Delivery Method keyword value [ipp-get-
 941 method] in order to determine when the Document has been Delivered ~~in order to~~ so that the Sender can
 942 give a positive acknowledgement to the Sending User. a Receiver MUST support the subset of the IPP
 943 Notification specification [ipp-ntfy] indicated in this document and the 'ippget' nNotification dDelivery
 944 mMethod [ipp-get-method].

945 **9.2 Job Template Attributes (for Validate-Job and Job Creation operations)**

946 Table 8 lists all of the Job Template attributes defined in other IPP documents for use in Validate-Job and
 947 Job Creation operations and shows their behavior-conformance for IPPFAX Jobs, i.e., Jobs created using an
 948 IPPFAX URL. As in [RFC2911], the term "Job Template attribute" is actually up to four attributes: the
 949 "xxx" Job attributes, and the "xxx-default", "xxx-supported", and possibly the "xxx-ready" Printer
 950 attributes.

951 ~~The "Sender supplies" column contains the following values:~~

952 ~~MUST—the Sender MUST supply this Job Template attribute in a Job Creation request.~~

953 ~~MUST NOT—the Sender MUST NOT supply this Job Template attribute in a Job Creation request.~~

954 ~~MAY—the Sender MAY supply this Job Template attribute in a Job Creation request.~~

955 As in IPP/1.1, if a Receiver supports the "xxx" Job Template attribute, then it MUST support the
 956 corresponding "xxx-default" (if defined) and "xxx-supported" Printer attributes as well, and MAY support
 957 the "xxx-ready" attribute (if defined).

958 ~~If the "Receiver supports" column contains the following values: "MUST NOT", the~~

959 ~~MUST—The Receiver MUST support the Job Template attribute for an IPPFAX Job, i.e., MUST support~~
 960 ~~the "xxx", "xxx default", "xxx supported".~~

961 ~~MUST NOT—The Receiver MUST NOT support the Job Template attribute for an IPPFAX Job (and the~~
 962 ~~IPPFAX Sender MUST NOT supply). If these attributes are supplied in an IPPFAX Job, the Receiver~~
 963 ~~MUST reject the Job Creation operation. When querying the Receiver with the Get-Printer-Attributes~~
 964 ~~operation on an 'ippfax' URL, the corresponding "xxx-default" and "xxx-supported" MUST NOT be~~
 965 ~~returned. Note: These are attributes which might degrade the appearance of the document or provide a~~
 966 ~~significantly non-FAX feature, such as "number-up" or "job-prioritycopies", respectively.~~

967 ~~MAY—if these Job Template attributes are supported by the Receiver and are supplied in an~~
 968 ~~IPPFAX Job, the Job Creation operation MUST be performed as for IPP jobs using the IPP~~
 969 ~~semantics specified in [RFC2911].~~

970 The “Attribute ~~eColoring-by-document-format~~” column indicates the Receiver conformance requirements for
 971 ~~a~~Attribute ~~e~~Coloring in the Get-Printer-Attributes response that depends on the “document-format”
 972 ~~and “ippfax-uif-profile-requested” operation attribute values~~ supplied by the client. ~~Values: n/a,~~
 973 ~~MUST, MAY.~~

974 ~~The “Depends on URL Context” column indicates the Receiver conformance requirements for returning~~
 975 ~~values in the Get-Printer-Attributes response that depends on the URL Context supplied by the~~
 976 ~~client. Values: n/a, MUST, MAY.~~

977

Table 8 - IPPFAX Semantics for Job Template Attributes

Job Template attribute	Sender supply	Receiver support	Attribute e Coloring by document-format	Depends on URL Context	Reference
copies	MUST NOT MAY	MUST NOT MAY	n/a	n/a	[RFC2911]
cover-back	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
cover-front	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
document-overrides	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-coll]
finishings	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
finishings-col	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
force-front-side	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
imposition-template	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
insert-sheet	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
job-account-id	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-accounting-sheets	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-accounting-user-id	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-error-sheet	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-hold-until	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[RFC2911]
job-message-to-operator	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-priority	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[RFC2911]
job-sheet-message	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-sheets	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
job-sheets-col	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
media	MUST (see section 9.2.1)	MUST (see section 9.2.1)	MUST	MUST	[RFC2911]
media-col	MAY	MAY	MUST	MUST	[ipp-prod-print]
media-input-tray-check	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
multiple-document-handling	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
number-up	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[RFC2911]
orientation-requested	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[RFC2911]

output-bin	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-output-bin]
page-delivery	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
page-order-received	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
page-overrides	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-coll]
page-ranges	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[RFC2911]
pages-per-subset	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-coll]
presentation-direction-number-up	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
print-quality	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[RFC2911]
printer-resolution	MAY (see section 9.2.2)	MUST (see section 9.2.2)	MUST	MUST	[RFC2911]
separator-sheets	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
sheet-collate	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-job-prog]
sides	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
x-image-position	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
x-image-shift	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
x-side1-image-shift	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
x-side2-image-shift	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-image-position	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-image-shift	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-side1-image-shift	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-side2-image-shift	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]

978 **ISSUE 032:** The Sender supply and the Receiver support columns have a lot of “MUST NOT”. Instead of
 979 not allowing these attributes at all, how about a MAY but restricted to the obvious default values, i.e.,
 980 “copies”=1, “number-up”=1, “job-priority”=50, “insert-sheet”=’none’, x-image-shift=0, etc. Otherwise,
 981 there is some interworking problems with a client or forwarding Printers that supports both IPP and
 982 IPPFAX and supplies these attributes with their obvious default values (instead of omitted them).

983 **9.2.1 media (type2 keyword | name(MAX)) Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section**
 984 **4.2.11)**

985 This Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.11) identifies the medium to be used for all sheets of the
 986 job. The Sender MUST supply the “media” Job Template attribute in the Validate-Job and Job Creation
 987 requests and the Receiver MUST support it, along with the “media-default”, “media-ready”, and “media-
 988 supported” Printer attributes.

989 The UIF Profiles standard [ifx-uif] REQUIRES that both the Sender and the Receiver be able to determine
 990 the dimensions from the keyword value. Therefore, the keyword values MUST be Media Size Self
 991 Describing names defined in the PWG Standardized Name standard [pwg-media].

992 Standard keyword values (see [pwg-media]) include:

993 ‘na_letter_8.5x11in’

994 'iso_a4_210x297mm'

995 **9.2.1.1 media-supported and media-ready Job Template Printer attributes**

996 The Sender MUST query the values of the “media-supported” and “media-ready” attributes ([RFC2911]
997 section 4.2.11), since the Sender MUST supply the “media” Job Template attribute in the Job Creation
998 operation. The “media-ready” attribute indicates which media are currently loaded and will not require
999 human intervention in order to be used.

1000 Standard keyword values are defined in section 9.2.1.

1001 **9.2.2 printer-resolution (resolution) Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.12)**

1002 This Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.12) identifies the cross-feed and feed direction
1003 resolutions that Printer uses for the Job. The Sender MAY supply the “printer-resolution” Job Template
1004 attribute in the Validate-Job and Job Creation requests and the Receiver MUST support it, along with the
1005 “printer-resolution-default”, and “printer-resolution-supported” Printer attributes.

1006 If the Sender supplies the “printer-resolution” (resolution) Job Template attribute, the value MUST agree
1007 with the resolution of each of the pages of the UIF Profiles document. If the supplied value disagrees with
1008 the resolution of any of the pages of the UIF Profiles document, the Receiver MUST obey the resolution in
1009 the UIF document, on a page by page basis.

1010 Note: The main purpose of requiring the Receiver to support the “printer-resolution” Job Template attribute
1011 is so that the Sender can query the corresponding “printer-resolution-supported” (1setOf resolution) Printer
1012 attribute to see what resolutions are supported in addition to the ones REQUIRED for the UIF Profiles
1013 supported. See section 9.2.2.1.

1014 **9.2.2.1 printer-resolution-supported Job Template Printer attribute**

1015 If the Sender is using a resolution for a UIF Profile that is not one of the REQUIRED resolutions for the
1016 UIF Profile being used, then the Sender SHOULD query the “printer-resolution-supported” Printer attribute.
1017 The Receiver MUST support Attribute Coloring ([by document format and](#) by UIF profile) for the
1018 ‘image/tiff’ [[image-tiff](#)] and ‘image/tiff-fx’ [[image-tiff-fx](#)] document-formats. Thus this attribute allows the
1019 Sender to determine the additional resolutions supported in addition to the resolutions required for support
1020 of each of the UIF Profiles without having to interpret the CONNEG expression values of the “ippfax-uif-
1021 profile-capabilities” Printer Description attribute (see section 6.7).

1022 **9.3 Subscription Template Attributes Conformance Requirements**

1023 Table 9 lists the conformance requirements for Subscription attributes on the Job Creation and Validate-Job
1024 requests. [The attributes in Subscription Objects are shown immediately followed \(indented\) by their](#)
1025 [corresponding Default and Supported Printer Attributes.](#) ~~If the Receiver supports additional Job Creation~~

1026 ~~and Document Creation operations, then these operation attributes have the same conformance on those~~
 1027 ~~operations.~~

1028 **Table 9 - Subscription Template attributes conformance requirements**

Attribute Name (attribute syntax) <u>Attribute in Subscription Object</u> <u>Default and Supported Printer Attributes</u>	Sender Conformance in Job Creation operations	Receiver Conformance	<u>SectionRef</u> <u>erence</u>
notify-recipient-uri (uri)	MAY *	<u>MUST</u> <u>MAY</u>	[ipp-ntfy]
<u>notify-schemes-supported (1setOf uriScheme)</u>	n/a	<u>MAY</u>	[ipp-ntfy]
<u>notify-pull-method (type2 keyword)</u>	<u>MUST **</u>	<u>MUST</u>	section 9.1.3
<u>notify-pull-method-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)</u>	n/a	<u>MUST</u>	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-events (1setOf type2 keyword)	MAY	MUST	section 9.3.1
<u>notify-events-default (1setOf type2 keyword)</u> <u>notify-events-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)</u> <u>notify-max-events-supported (integer(2:MAX))</u>	n/a	<u>MUST</u>	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-attributes (1setOf type2 keyword)	MAY	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
<u>notify-attributes-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)</u>	n/a	<u>MAY</u>	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-user-data (octetString(63))	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-charset (charset)	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
<u>charset-supported (1setOf charset)</u>	n/a	<u>MUST</u>	[RFC2911]
notify-natural-language (naturalLanguage)	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
<u>generated-natural-language-supported (1setOf naturalLanguage)</u>	n/a	<u>MUST</u>	[RFC2911]
notify-lease-duration (integer(0:67108863))	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
<u>notify-lease-duration-default (integer(0:67108863))</u> <u>notify-lease-duration-supported (1setOf (integer(0:67108863) rangeOfInteger(0:67108863)))</u>	n/a	<u>MUST</u>	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-time-interval (integer(0:MAX))	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]

1029 * The Sender MUST supply “notify-recipient-uri” for any push Method

1030 ** The Sender MUST supply at least this attribute in order to use ~~Notification~~the ‘ippget’ Delivery
 1031 Method.
 1032

1033 **9.3.1 Notification Event Conformance Requirements**

1034 Table 10 lists the conformance requirements for notification events.

1035 The Receiver MUST support the ‘job-progress’ event (which is OPTIONAL in [ipp-ntfy]), as well as all of
 1036 the REQUIRED events in [ipp-ntfy] ('none', 'printer-state-change', 'printer-stopped', 'job-state-change', 'job-
 1037 created', and 'job-completed'). However, the Receiver MUST NOT support any Printer Events in Per-Job
 1038 Subscriptions, since that would give an IPPFAX Sender information about the Printer while the Printer was
 1039 printing other IPPFAX Jobs. If the Sender subscribes to the ‘job-progress’ event, the Receiver MUST

1040 generate an event for every sheet, as moderated by the Printer’s “notify-time-interval” attribute [\[ipp-ntfy\]](#),
 1041 which the Sender can obtain using the Get-Notifications request.

1042 For the purposes of IPPFAX, the ‘job-completed’ event notifications means that the Receiver has delivered
 1043 the IPPFAX Job somewhere; either actually delivered printed sheets to the output bin or forwarded the job
 1044 and document to some other system.

1045 **Table 10 - Notification Events conformance requirements**

Event	<u>IPP Printer Conformance</u>	Sender Conformance for Job Creation <u>support</u>	<u>Sender Use</u>	<u>Receiver Conformance per-Job</u>	Receiver Conformance <u>Per-Printer</u>	Section
none	<u>MUST</u>	MAY	<u>MAY</u>	<u>MUST</u>	MUST	9.3.1
<u>Job Events:</u>						
<u>job-state-changed</u>	<u>MUST</u>	MAY	<u>MAY</u>	<u>MAY</u>	MUST	9.3.1
<u>job-created</u>	<u>MUST</u>	MAY	<u>MAY</u>	<u>MAY</u>	MUST	9.3.1
<u>job-completed</u>	<u>MUST</u>	MUST	<u>MAY</u>	<u>MUST</u>	MUST	9.3.1
<u>_job-stopped</u>	<u>MAY</u>	<u>MAY</u>	<u>MAY</u>	<u>MAY</u>	<u>MAY</u>	
<u>job-config-changed</u>	<u>MAY</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	
<u>job-progress</u>	<u>MAY</u>	MAY	<u>MAY</u>	<u>MUST</u>	<u>MUST</u> <u>MAY*</u>	9.3.1
<u>Printer Events:</u>						
<u>printer-state-changed</u>	<u>MUST</u>	<u>MUST</u> <u>NOTMAY</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	MUST	9.3.1
<u>_printer-restarted</u>	<u>MAY</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	<u>MAY</u>	
<u>_printer-shutdown</u>	<u>MAY</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	<u>MAY</u>	
<u>printer-stopped</u>	<u>MUST</u>	<u>MUST</u> <u>NOTMAY</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	MUST	9.3.1
<u>printer-config-changed</u>	<u>MAY</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	<u>MAY</u>	
<u>_printer-media-changed</u>	<u>MAY</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	<u>MAY</u>	
<u>_printer-finishings-changed</u>	<u>MAY</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	<u>MAY</u>	
<u>printer-queue-order-changed</u>	<u>MAY</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	<u>MAY</u>	

1046 *The ‘job-progress’ event is OPTIONAL in [\[ipp-ntfy\]](#), but is REQUIRED for IPPFAX so that the
 1047 Sender can give page by page feedback.

1048 **9.4 Confirmation using the Document Creation response**

1049 The Sender knows when the Receiver has successfully received the entire Document when the Receiver
 1050 returns the ‘successful-ok’ status code in the Print-Job, or Send-Document, or Send-URI response; †The
 1051 Sender MUST then inform the Sending User by means outside the scope of this standard that the document

1052 has successfully been received. See section 9.3.1 for informing the Sending User when the document has
1053 been successfully printed.

1054 **9.5 Sender URI Stamping**

1055 The Sender **MUST** place the Sender's URI, i.e., the value of the "ippfax-sender-uri" attribute (see section
1056 8.3), along with the date and time, in one of the following places, **DEPENDING ON IMPLEMENTATION**:

- 1057 1. On a cover page automatically generated by the Sender that is sent before the rest of the
1058 document.
- 1059 2. Merged with the first page of the document.
- 1060 3. At the top of every page of the sent Document.

1061 The Sender **MAY** include additional data (Sending User, Receiver identity, etc.). As for regular FAX, it is
1062 **RECOMMENDED** that this information be represented as bit map data, so that it is more difficult for it to
1063 be modified before it gets to the Receiver.

1064 **9.6 Get-Notifications operation to get Event Notifications**

1065 The Sender **MUST** support the Get-Notifications operation with at least the 'job-completed' event (see
1066 section 9.3.1). Furthermore, the Sender **MUST** use the Get-Notifications operations to get at least the 'job-
1067 completed' event for any IPPFAX job it submits, unless the Sending User has explicitly indicated otherwise
1068 to the Sender (by means outside the scope of this document). The Receiver **MUST** support the Get-
1069 Notifications operation as defined in [ipp-get-method]. See section 9.3.1 for the events that **MUST** be
1070 supported, since the IPPFAX conformance requirements differ from those of [ipp-ntfy].

1071 **10 IPPFAX Implementation of other IPP operations**

1072 Section 5 defined the semantic requirements for the Get-Printer-Attributes operation, ~~and~~ section 7 defined
1073 the semantic requirements for Validate-Job, and section 9 defined the semantic requirements for Job
1074 Creation operations for IPPFAX. This section defines the IPPFAX semantics and conformance
1075 requirements for the other IPP operations ~~for IPPFAX~~.

1076 IPPFAX restricts the use of IPP in certain cases in order to make attaching a Receiver to the Internet a safe
1077 option – see section 11.

1078 The Receiver **MUST** fully support the Print-Job, Validate-Job, ~~and~~ Get-Printer-Attributes and Get-
1079 Notifications operations, as defined by this document ~~and the Get-Notifications operation as defined in [ipp-~~
1080 ~~get-method]~~. The following subsections define restrictions placed on the -Cancel-Job, Get-Job-Attributes,
1081 and Get-Jobs operations. ~~In a strict~~ For a conforming IPPFAX Receiver implementation, all other
1082 operations **MUST NOT** be accepted unless the issuer of the operation can be identified as an administrator.

1083 There is no requirement for the Receiver to implement any of the OPTIONAL features of IPP unless
1084 explicitly stated elsewhere in this [standard document](#). If a Receiver implementation ~~allows supports other~~
1085 ~~administrative~~ operations, ~~for example, operations~~ such as ~~Print-URI, Create-Job, Create-Printer-~~
1086 Subscriptions, ~~Disable-Printer,~~ etc., then it MUST provide a method of restricting available operations for
1087 non-authorized clients to the operations specified herein.

1088 10.1 Operation Conformance Requirements

1089 Table 11 lists the conformance requirements for Printer operations for (1) an IPP Printer ('ipp' URL), (2)
1090 the non-privileged IPPFAX Sender, (3) an IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from a non-privileged User,
1091 and (4) an IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from an authenticated and authorized operator or
1092 administrator.

1093 Table 12 lists the conformance requirements for Job and Subscription operations for (1) an IPP Printer
1094 ('ipp') URL, (2) the non-privileged IPPFAX Sender which MUST be on the same URL as the job was
1095 created (the target "printer-uri" MUST match the Job's "job-printer-uri" Job Description attribute), (3) an
1096 IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from the Job or Subscription Object Owner, (4) from some other non-
1097 privileged user, and (5) if the operation is supported as all - from an authenticated and authorized operator
1098 or administrator.

1099 The Receiver MUST support Subscription Creation for the Job-Creations operations that it supports, but
1100 NEED NOT support any other notification operations, such as Create-Job-Subscriptions, Create-Printer-
1101 Subscriptions, Get-Subscription-Attributes, Get-Subscription-Attributes, Renew-Subscription, or Cancel-
1102 Subscription, even though [ipp-ntfy] requires all but the Create-Job-Subscriptions operation.

1103 If a Receiver chooses to allow other IPP notification operations then it SHOULD provide a method of
1104 restricting all other notification operations to authenticated administrators.

1105

Table 11 - Conformance for Printer Operations

Operation Name	IPP/1.1 Printer <u>support</u>	IPPFAX Sender <u>support</u>	IPPFAX Receiver from a User	IPPFAX Receiver from an Operator	Reference
Print-Job	MUST	MUST	MUST	MUST NOT	section 9
Print-URI	MAY	MAY <u>MUST</u> NOT	MAY <u>MUST</u> NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Validate-Job	MUST	SHOULD <u>MUST</u> T	MUST	MUST NOT	section 7.2
Create-Job	MAY	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Get-Jobs	MUST	MAY	MAY*	MUST <u>MAY</u>	section 10.3
Get-Printer-Attributes	MUST	MUST	MUST	MUST <u>MAY</u>	sections 5, 6
Pause-Printer	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Resume-Printer	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Purge-Jobs	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY <u>MUST</u> NOT	[RFC2911]
Set-Printer-Attributes	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	section 10.5 ipp-set-eps
Get-Printer-Supported-Values	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	section 10.5 ipp-set-eps
Create-Printer-Subscription	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Subscriptions	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT <u>MAY</u>	MUST <u>MAY</u>	[ipp-ntfy]
Send-Notifications	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT <u>MAY **</u>	MAY	[ipp-indp-method]
Get-Print-Support-Files	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-install]
Enable-Printer	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	section 10.4 tops-set2
Disable-Printer	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	section 10.4 tops-set2
Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Hold-New-Jobs	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY <u>MUST</u> NOT	[ipp-ops-set2]
Release-Held-New-Jobs	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY <u>MUST</u> NOT	[ipp-ops-set2]
Deactivate-Printer	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Activate-Printer	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Restart-Printer	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Shutdown-Printer	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Startup-Printer	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Cancel-Current-Job	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY <u>MUST</u> NOT	[ipp-ops-set2]
Suspend-Current-Job	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]

1106

Legend:

1107 **MAY*** - If supported, Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs MUST restrict certain attributes, such as “job-name”, and “job-
 1108 originating-user-name”. See section 10.3.
 1109 **MAY**** - For Send-Notifications, the Receiver *sends* to a User or Operator (rather than receives from).
 1110

1111 **Table 12 - Conformance for Job and Subscription Operations**

Operation Name	IPP Printer <u>support</u>	IPPFAX Sender <u>support</u>	IPPFAX Receiver from <u>Job</u> Owner***	IPPFAX Receiver from Other User	IPPFAX Receiver from Operator	Reference
Send-Document	MAY	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Send-URI	MAY	MAY <u>MUST</u> NOT	MAY <u>MUST</u> NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Cancel-Job	MUST	SHOULD MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY <u>MUST</u> NOT	<u>section 10.2</u>
Get-Job-Attributes	MUST	MAY	MAY	MAY*	MAY	<u>section 10.3</u>
Set-Job-Attributes	MUST	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-set-ops]
Hold-Job	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Release-Job	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Restart-Job	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY**	[RFC2911]
Create-Job-Subscription	MAY	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Subscription-Attributes	MAY	MAY	MUST <u>MAY</u>	MUST NOT	MUST <u>MAY</u>	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Subscriptions	MAY	MAY	MUST <u>MAY</u>	MUST NOT	MUST <u>MAY</u>	[ipp-ntfy]
Renew-Subscription	MAY	MUST NOT	n/a <u>MAY</u>	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Cancel-Subscription	MAY	MUST NOT <u>MAY</u>	MAY	MUST NOT	MAY <u>MUST</u> NOT	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Notifications	MAY	MUST	MUST	MUST NOT	MUST <u>MAY</u>	<u>section 9.6</u>
Reprocess-Job	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY**	[ipp-ops-set2]
Resume-Job	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Promote-Job	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Schedule-Job-After	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[ipp-ops-set2]

1112 Legend:
 1113 **MAY*** - If supported, Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs MUST restrict certain attributes, such as “job-name”, and “job-
 1114 originating-user-name”. See section 10.3.
 1115 **MAY**** - Restart-Job and Reprocess-Job are for the operator to recover from a problem with the job, not to make
 1116 additional copies.
 1117 **Owner** refers to the owner of the Job or Subscription object.

1118 **10.2 Cancel-Job operation ([RFC2911] section 3.3.3)**

1119 It is inappropriate for a Sender or an operator to Cancel an IPPFAX Job. to transmit a Document as an
 1120 IPPFAX Job, receive confirmation of its arrival and then cancel it. Therefore:

1121 The Sender ~~SHOULD~~MUST NOT attempt to cancel the print job once it has been sent to the Receiver.

1122 The Receiver MUST ~~either (1) reject Cancel-Job operations~~ not whether issued by a user or an administrator
 1123 targeted at IPPFAX Jobs ~~or (2) reject Cancel-Job operations targeted at IPPFAX Jobs altogether, depending~~
 1124 ~~on implementation and/or policy. (The Receiver can distinguish IPPFAX Jobs from IPP Jobs by the presence~~
 1125 ~~of the mandatory 'ippfax' scheme in the target "printer-uri" operation attribute that created the job and that~~
 1126 ~~the Receiver MUST copy to the job's "job-printer-uri" REQUIRED IPP/1.1 Job Description attribute (see~~
 1127 ~~[RFC2911] section 4.3.3).~~ The Cancel-Job operation therefore ~~becomes a privileged operation on all~~
 1128 ~~IPPFAX Jobs or not supported~~ MUST be an unsupported operation for a Receiver and. This behavior is a
 1129 ~~change to the IPP behavior. Which implementation choice~~ MUST be reflected in the value of the
 1130 "operations-supported" Printer attribute (see section 6.4). Note: Non-support of the Cancel-Job operation
 1131 is a change from the IPP behavior where Cancel-Job is required.

1132 ~~If the issuer of the operation can be identified as an administrator, then the operation MUST behave as~~
 1133 ~~defined in [RFC2911].~~

1134 **10.3 Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs operations ([RFC2911] sections 3.3.4 and 3.2.6)**

1135 The public nature of IPPFAX interactions make it inappropriate for a client to be able to query a Receiver
 1136 for certain information about jobs that it did not send.

1137 The Receiver SHOULD restrict the job attributes that any Sender can request for any IPPFAX Job in a Get-
 1138 Jobs or a Get-Job-Attributes operation to appropriate ones for a public service. For example, ~~an~~
 1139 ~~implementation~~ a Receiver MAY return only the following Job attributes:

1140 job-id, job-uri
 1141 job-k-octets, job-k-octets-completed
 1142 job-media-sheets, job-media-sheets-completed,
 1143 time-at-creation, time-at-processing
 1144 job-state, job-state-reasons
 1145 number-of-intervening-jobs

1146
 1147 The exact choice of Job attributes that a client can query for IPPFAX Jobs, including not returning any,
 1148 DEPENDS ON IMPLEMENTATION and the security policy in force and is outside the scope of this
 1149 standard (as in IPP/1.1).

1150 This attribute set allows a client to determine the load on a Receiver (and perhaps choose an alternative
 1151 destination or warn the Sending User).

1152 See the discussion in [RFC2911] section 8.4 for a description of how a Receiver MUST behave if it receives
 1153 a request for an attribute outside this set.

1154 An IPP administrator MAY read all attributes.

1155 10.4 Enable-Printer and Disable-Printer operations [ipp-admin-ops-set2]

1156 The Enable-Printer and Disable-Printer operations [ipp-admin-ops-set2] allow a remote operator to change
1157 the value of the Receiver's "printer-is-accepting-jobs" (boolean) Printer Description attribute (see section
1158 6.3) to 'true' or 'false', respectively. These operations are OPTIONAL for a Receiver to support.

1159 These operations affect all jobs that can be submitted to the Printer object. If a Print System supports both
1160 IPP and IPPFAX, then it MUST support them with separate Printer objects (see section 3.3).

1161 ~~When the client supplies the 'ipp' scheme in the "printer-uri" target operation attribute of these operations,~~
1162 ~~the Printer MUST affect only IPP Job Creation requests. Similarly, when the client supplies the 'ippfax'~~
1163 ~~scheme in the "printer-uri" target of these operations, the Printer MUST affect only IPPFAX Job Creation~~
1164 ~~requests. Thus if the implementation supports both IPP and IPPFAX with a single Printer object~~
1165 ~~(implementation choice 2 in section 2.5), this attribute and these operations MUST be colored by the scheme~~
1166 ~~in the "printer-uri" target operation attribute so that which implementation choice will be transparent to~~
1167 ~~clients for this attribute and these operations. Therefore, for either Printer implementation choice, a client~~
1168 ~~will have to MUST issue separate two of these operations to each Printer object in order to affect both IPP~~
1169 ~~and IPPFAX jobs on the same Print System, one with the 'ipp' scheme and the other with the 'ippfax' URL~~
1170 ~~scheme in the "printer-uri" target operation attribute or will have to use the "printer-alternate-uri" (uri)~~
1171 ~~operation attribute (see section 1.1) in one of the operations with the other URL context.~~

1172 10.5 Set-Printer-Attributes and Get-Printer-Supported-Values operations [ipp-set-ops]

1173 The Set-Printer-Attributes and Get-Printer-Supported-Values operations [ipp-set-ops] are OPTIONAL
1174 administrative operation for IPPFAX, as for IPP. If a Receiver supports these operations, then the
1175 "document-format" and "ippfax-ufi-profile-requested" operation attributes MUST be supported for these
1176 operations as well so that the administrator can set values that require Attribute Coloring (by document
1177 format and UIF profile). See the description of the Get-Printer-Attributes operation in section 5 which also
1178 REQUIRES these operation attributes to be supported.

1179 11 Security considerations

1180 IPPFAX presents an interesting challenge of balancing security and openness. Many of the envisaged uses of
1181 IPPFAX require confidentiality of the data – at the same time the Receiver typically has no prior knowledge
1182 of the Sender or the Sending User. This last point will normally rule out all user-based authentication and
1183 access control. This is the reason for the restriction placed on querying and canceling IPPFAX Jobs.

1184 11.1 Privacy

1185 Any exchange between a Sender and a Receiver MUST be carried using the privacy mechanism specified in
1186 IPP/1.1 namely TLS [rfcRFC2246]. In some cases this will also result in mutual authentication of the Sender
1187 and Receiver (in the case where both sides have certificates).

1188 The Receiver MAY have a TLS certificate.

- 1189 The Sender MAY have a certificate. A Receiver MAY decide to reject requests that come from Senders
1190 that do not have a certificate and return the 'client-error-not-authenticated' status code.
- 1191 A Sender can either use its own certificate or it can use one associated with the Sending User.
- 1192 Senders and Receivers SHOULD do what current browsers do, namely, be deployed with the public keys of
1193 a number of the top Certificate Authorities. If a Sender gets a public key from a Receiver that it doesn't
1194 recognize, the Sender MUST query the Sending User to see if the Sending User trusts the Receiver before
1195 sending the IPPFAX job to the Receiver.
- 1196 The distribution of private keys to Senders or Receivers is outside the scope of this document, but it is done
1197 over the network, it MUST be over a secure channel. See Internet Key Exchange (IKE) [RFC2409].

1198 **11.2 uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.2)**

1199 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.2) identifies the Client Authentication mechanism associated with
 1200 each URI listed in the "printer-uri-supported" attribute (see section 6.1).

1201 **Table 13 - Authentication Requirements**

“uri-authentication-supported” keyword	Sender support and usage	Receiver support and usage
none	MUST NOT <u>MAY support and MAY use</u>	<u>MAY support and MAY use</u> ISSUE 04: We agreed at the October meeting to make ‘none’ be ‘MAY support and MAY use’ for a Receiver. However, a better way to get public access, is to use IPP with UIF and vCard exchange. See ISSUE 01 which suggests that IPPFAX attributes be OPTIONAL IPP attributes as well. Then ‘none’ could go back to MUST NOT. MUST NOT ISSUE 03: What do we mean by “public mode” in section 9.5? If we mean TLS without client authentication, then Table 13 needs to allow ‘none’, doesn’t it?
requesting-user-name	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
basic	MAY support and MAY use when the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy using the cipher suites indicated below* or stronger.	MAY support and MAY use when the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy using the cipher suites indicated below* or stronger.
digest	MUST support and MUST use, including the MD5 and MD5-sess algorithms and Message Integrity, unless using ‘certificate’ <u>or</u> ‘negotiate’	MUST support and MAY use, including the MD5 and MD5-sess algorithms and Message Integrity
certificate	SHOULD support and MAY use when not using any of the above	MUST support and MAY use

1202 * TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA mandated by [RFC2246].

1203 Table 14 compares the Digest Authentication requirements for IPP clients, IPP Printers, IPPFAX Senders,
 1204 and IPPFAX Receivers.

1205 **Table 14 - Digest Authentication Conformance Requirements**

Feature	IPP Client	IPP Printer	IPPFAX Sender	IPPFAX Receiver
MD5 and MD5-sess	MUST support MUST use	SHOULD support SHOULD use	MUST support MUST use	MUST support MUST use
The Message Integrity feature	MUST support NEED NOT use	SHOULD support NEED NOT use	MUST support MUST use	MUST support MUST use

1206

1207 **11.3 uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.3)**

1208 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.3) identifies the security (Integrity and Privacy) mechanisms used
 1209 for each URI listed in the "printer-uri-supported" attribute (see section 6.1).

1210 **Table 15 - Security (Integrity and Privacy) Requirements**

uri-security-supported	Sender support and usage	Receiver support and usage
none	MUST NOT <u>MAY</u>	MUST NOT <u>MAY</u>
ssl2	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
ssl3	MAY support and use for compatibility with deployed infrastructure	MAY support and use for compatibility with deployed infrastructure
tls	TLS Data Integrity - MUST support and MUST use	MUST support and MUST use
	TLS Data Privacy - MUST support and MAY use. The Sender MUST query the Sending User before omitting	MUST support and MAY use

1211

1212 Table 16 compares the TLS conformance requirements for IPP clients, IPP Printers, IPPFAX Senders, and
 1213 IPPFAX Receivers.

1214 **Table 16 - Transport Layer Security (TLS) Conformance Requirements**

TLS Feature	IPP Client	IPP Printer	IPPFAX Sender	IPPFAX Receiver
Server Authentication	MUST support SHOULD use	SHOULD support NEED NOT use	MUST support MUST use	MUST support MUST use
Client Authentication*	MAY support NEED NOT use	MAY support NEED NOT use	SHOULD support NEED NOT use	MUST support NEED NOT use
Data Integrity	MAY support NEED NOT use	SHOULD support SHOULD use	MUST support MUST use	MUST support MUST use
Data Privacy	MAY support NEED NOT use	SHOULD support NEED NOT use	MUST support NEED NOT** use.	MUST support NEED NOT use

1215 * The 'certificate' keyword value for the "uri-authentication-supported" attribute [RFC2911].

1216 ** The Sender MUST query the Sending User before omitting the Data Privacy encryption.

1217 Senders and Receivers MUST support the TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA cipher suite as
 1218 mandated by RFC 2246 [RFC2246]. All stronger cipher suites are OPTIONAL; weaker cipher suites
 1219 MUST NOT be supported or used.

1220 A Receiver MAY support Basic Authentication (described in HTTP/1.1 [RFC2617]) for Client
 1221 Authentication if the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy. TLS with the above mandated cipher suite
 1222 or stronger can provide such a secure channel.

1223 **11.4 Using IPPFAX with TLS**

1224 The Sender MUST use only TLS for all IPPFAX operations on the IPPFAX URL. The client MUST start
 1225 the transaction in TLS, rather than using HTTP upgrade requests. The following paragraph of [RFC2818]
 1226 further explains:

1227 The agent acting as the HTTP client should also act as the TLS client. It should initiate a connection
 1228 to the server on the appropriate port and then send the TLS ClientHello to begin the TLS handshake.
 1229 When the TLS handshake has finished. The client may then initiate the first HTTP request. All
 1230 HTTP data MUST be sent as TLS "application data". Normal HTTP behavior, including retained
 1231 connections should be followed.

1232 Contrast this IPPFAX requirement with the IPP requirement in section 8.2 of [RFC2910]. The following
 1233 client actions compare IPP with IPPFAX from a client's point of view:

- 1234 IPP/1.1 sequence:
 1235 1. Start TCP connection

- 1236 2. Zero or more HTTP/IPP requests
 1237 3. HTTP/IPP request with Upgrade to TLS header
 1238 4. TLS handshake
 1239 5. finish the HTTP/IPP request securely
 1240 6. Send more HTTP/IPP requests securely ...

1241

1242 IPPFAX sequence:

- 1243 1. Start TCP connection
 1244 2. Send TLS ClientHello
 1245 3. rest of TLS handshake
 1246 4. Send HTTP/IPPFAX requests securely ... (which usually will be a Get-Printer-Attributes,
 1247 followed by Validate-Job and/or Print-Job operations).

1248 **ISSUE 054:** OK that we deleted the “ippfax-sending-user-certificate-uri (uri) operation/Job Description
 1249 attribute? The client **MUST** pass the certificate, whether by value or by reference in the TLS record layer.

1250 11.5 Access control

1251 It is expected that the majority of IPPFAX Receivers will operate in a public mode. However a Receiver
 1252 MAY protect itself using any method specified in [RFC2911] (digest authentication [RFC2069] for
 1253 example) to restrict access to any or all of its functionality.

1254 **ISSUE 04 (repeated):** Why not use IPP, instead of IPPFAX for anonymous user access, if we agree to
 1255 allow all IPPFAX attributes as OPTIONAL extensions to IPP as well? ~~ISSUE 03 (repeat): What do we~~
 1256 ~~mean by “public mode”. If we mean TLS without client authentication, then Table 13 needs to allow ‘none’,~~
 1257 ~~doesn’t it?~~

1258 However, the primary intent of IPPFAX is to create a controlled public access mode. It therefore does not
 1259 really make much sense to combine IPPFAX and user authentication they are achieving the same thing.

1260 11.6 Reduced feature set

1261 An administrator or device implementer MAY choose to setup up a ~~device~~ **Print Service** so that it only
 1262 works as a IPPFAX Receiver (i.e., offers no 'native' IPP operations and does not accept IPP Jobs). In this
 1263 mode it offers a restricted set of features and MAY be more safely connected to the Internet.

1264 A Receiver that is operating in this mode ~~SHOULD~~ **MUST** do so by rejecting any non-IPPFAX request and
 1265 return a ~~‘client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported’~~ ~~server-error-operation-not-supported~~ error status
 1266 code as indicated in section 4.1 for an unsupported value of the “printer-uri” operation attribute. For job
 1267 operations attempted on IPPFAX Jobs, the Receiver ~~SHOULD~~ **MUST** return the ‘client-error-not-
 1268 authorized’ error status code, unless the Sender is authenticated as the system administrator and the
 1269 Receiver supports such access.

1270 **12 Gateways to other systems**

1271 A common scenario will be where IPPFAX acts as an on-ramp or off-ramp to other Document transmission
1272 systems.

1273 **12.1 Off-Ramps**

1274 In the IPPFAX 'Off-ramp' scenario the user with a Document to send uses an IPPFAX Sender to transmit a
1275 Document to an IPPFAX Receiver within a gateway that in turn transmits it to some other destination, i.e.
1276 GSTN FAX. Handling Off-ramps is beyond the scope of this document, but may be a future IPPFAX
1277 extensions building on the Off-ramp work of the Internet FAX WG.

1278 **12.2 On-Ramps**

1279 In the IPPFAX On-Ramp scenario the user originally sent the Document using some other mechanism to
1280 some intermediate agent. The intermediate agent, acting as an IPPFAX Sender, then uses the IPPFAX
1281 protocol to transmit the Document to an Receiver which MAY be either a final destination or an Off-Ramp.
1282 IPPFAX has no specific support for on-ramps.

1283 **13 Attribute Syntaxes**

1284 No new attribute syntaxes are defined.

1285 **14 Status codes**

1286 In addition to the [semantics of the](#) status codes defined in [RFC2911] and [ipp-get-method], the following
1287 additional semantics are defined for [RFC2911] status codes:

1288 **14.1 client-error-bad-request (0x0400) [RFC2911 section 13.1.4.1]**

1289 The client has failed to supply one or more attributes in a request which are REQUIRED to be supplied.
1290 The requirement can be because of the Printer's current configuration or because of some other attributes
1291 that the client supplied. The Printer MUST reject the request, MUST return the 'client-error-bad-request'
1292 status code, and SHOULD return the keyword attribute name(s) (but not the values) of the missing
1293 attribute(s) in the Unsupported Attributes Group in the response.

1294 **14.2 document-format-not-supported (0x040A) [RFC2911 section 13.1.4.11]**

1295 The concept of a document format is extended to include the UIF Profile. This status code is returned if the
1296 document format is not supported, including the indicated UIF Profile.

1297 15 Conformance Requirements

1298 This section summarizes the conformance requirements for ~~IPPFAX~~ Senders and ~~IPPFAX~~ Receivers that are
1299 defined elsewhere in this document.

1300 1. The Sender MUST supply and the Receiver MUST support (1) the “printer-uri” operation attribute
1301 with the ‘ippfax’ scheme, ~~and~~ (2) the “version-number” parameter with the ~~IPP/1.1~~ IPPFAX/1.0
1302 ‘1.01’ value, ~~and~~ (3) the ~~“ippfax-version-number”~~ with the ~~IPPFAX ‘1.0’~~ value in all operations to
1303 get the IPPFAX semantics as described in section 4.

1304 ~~2.If the Receiver supports multiple contexts (IPP and/or IPPFAX) and supports suitably authenticated~~
1305 ~~administrative operations for controlling them, then the Printer object MUST support the “printer-~~
1306 ~~alternate-uri” attribute in such administrative operations as described in section 1.1.~~

1307 2. The Receiver MUST support the Get-Printer-Attributes operation as described in sections 5.

1308 ~~3.If the Receiver supports multiple contexts (IPP and/or IPPFAX) and supports suitably authenticated~~
1309 ~~administrative operations for controlling them, then the Printer object MUST support the “printer-~~
1310 ~~alternate-uri” attribute in such administrative operations as described in section 1.1.~~

1311 3. The Receiver MUST support the Printer Description attributes as specified in section 6.

1312 4. The Sender MUST validate that ~~that~~ the target Printer’s is IPPFAX capable using the Get-Printer-
1313 Attributes operation and validate that the Receiver supports the job using the Validate-Job
1314 operations as specified in section 7.

1315 5. The Sender MUST supply and the Receiver MUST support the operation/Job Description attributes
1316 for Identify Exchange as described in section 8.

1317 6. The Sender MUST support submitting and the Receiver MUST accept IPPFAX Jobs as defined in
1318 section 9.

1319 7. The Sender MUST place the Sender’s identity on every page as required in section 9.5.

1320 8. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the IPP Notification for Job Creation operations, the
1321 ‘ippget’ Delivery Method, the Get-Notifications operation for the events indicated in sections 9.6,
1322 9.3, and 9.3.1, respectively.

1323 9. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the operations as indicated in section 10.

1324 10. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the security mechanisms indicated in section 11, including
1325 TLS.

1326 **16 IPPFAX URL Scheme**

1327 This section is intended for use in registering the 'ippfax' URL scheme with IANA and fully conforms to the
1328 requirements in [RFC2717].

1329 **16.1 IPPFAX URL Scheme Applicability and Intended Usage**

1330 This document defines the 'ippfax' URL (Uniform Resource Locator) scheme for specifying the location of
1331 an IPPFAX Receiver which implements the IPPFAX Protocol specified in this document.

1332 The 'ippfax' URL scheme defined in this document is based on the ABNF for the basic hierarchical URL
1333 syntax in [RFC2396]; however relative URL forms, parameters, and/or query parts are NOT allowed in an
1334 IPPFAX URL. The 'ippfax' URL scheme is case-insensitive in the host name or host address part; however
1335 the path part is case-sensitive, as in [RFC2396]. Codepoints outside [US-ASCII] MUST be hex escaped by
1336 the mechanism defined in [RFC2396].

1337 The intended usage of the 'ippfax' URL scheme is COMMON.

1338 **16.2 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated IPPFAX Port**

1339 All IPPFAX URLs which do NOT explicitly specify a port MUST be used over IANA-assigned well-known
1340 system port **xxx [TBA by IANA]** for the IPPFAX protocol.

1341 See: IANA Port Numbers Registry [IANA-PORTREG].

1342 **16.3 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated MIME Type**

1343 All IPPFAX protocol operations (requests and responses) MUST be conveyed in an 'application/ipp' MIME
1344 media type [RFC2910] as registered in [IANA-MT]. IPPFAX URLs MUST refer to IPPFAX Receivers
1345 which support this 'application/ipp' operation encoding.

1346 See: IANA MIME Media Types Registry [IANA-MT].

1347 **16.4 IPPFAX URL Scheme Character Encoding**

1348 The IPPFAX URL scheme defined in this document is based on the ABNF for the HTTP URL scheme
1349 defined in HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616], which is derived from the URI Generic Syntax [RFC2396] and further
1350 updated by [RFC2732] and [RFC2373] (for IPv6 addresses in URLs). The IPPFAX URL scheme is case-
1351 insensitive in the 'scheme' and 'host' (host name or host address) part; however, the 'abs_path' part is case-
1352 sensitive, as in [RFC2396]. Code points outside [US-ASCII] MUST be hex escaped by the mechanism
1353 specified in [RFC2396].

1354 16.5 IPPFAX URL Scheme Syntax in ABNF

1355 The IPP protocol places a limit of 1023 octets (NOT characters) on the length of a URI (see section 4.1.5
1356 'uri' in [RFC2911]). An IPPFAX Receiver MUST return 'client-error-request-value-too-long' (see section
1357 13.1.4.10 in [RFC2911]) when a URI received in a request is too long.

1358 Note: IPPFAX Receivers ought to be cautious about depending on URI lengths above 255 bytes, because
1359 some older client or proxy implementations might not properly support these lengths.

1360 IPPFAX URLs MUST be represented in absolute form. Absolute URLs always begin with a scheme name
1361 followed by a colon. For definitive information on URL syntax and semantics, see "Uniform Resource
1362 Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax and Semantics" [RFC2396]. This specification adopts the definitions of
1363 "port", "host", "abs_path", and "query" from [RFC2396], as updated by [RFC2732] and [RFC2373] (for
1364 IPv6 addresses in URLs).

1365 The IPPFAX URL scheme syntax in ABNF is as follows:

```
1366     ippfax_URL = "ippfax:" "//" host [ ":" port ] [ abs_path [ "?" query ] ]
1367
```

1368 If the port is empty or not given, IANA-assigned well-known system port xxx [TBA by IANA] is assumed.
1369 The semantics are that the identified resource (see section 5.1.2 of [RFC2616]) is located at the IPPFAX
1370 Notification Recipient listening for HTTP connections on that port of that host, and the Request-URI for the
1371 identified resource is 'abs_path'.

1372 Note: The use of IP addresses in URLs SHOULD be avoided whenever possible (see [RFC1900]).

1373 If the 'abs_path' is not present in the URL, it MUST be given as "/" when used as a Request-URI for a
1374 resource (see section 5.1.2 of [RFC2616]). If a proxy receives a host name which is not a fully qualified
1375 domain name, it MAY add its domain to the host name it received. If a proxy receives a fully qualified
1376 domain name, the proxy MUST NOT change the host name.

1377 16.6 IPPFAX URL Examples

1378 The following are examples of valid IPPFAX URLs for Notification Recipient objects (using DNS host
1379 names):

```
1380     ippfax://abc.com
1381     ippfax://abc.com/listener
1382
```

1383 Note: The use of IP addresses in URLs SHOULD be avoided whenever possible (see [RFC1900]).

1384 The following literal IPv4 addresses:

```
1385     192.9.5.5           ; IPv4 address in IPv4 style
1386     186.7.8.9         ; IPv4 address in IPv4 style
1387
```

1388 are represented in the following example IPPFAX URLs:

- 1425 [IANA-PORTREG]
1426 IANA Port Numbers Registry. <ftp://ftp.isi.edu/in-notes/iana/assignments/port-numbers>
- 1427 [ifx-req]
1428 Moore, P., "IPP Fax transport requirements", October 16, 2000,
1429 <ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/requirements/ifx-transport-requirements-01.pdf>
- 1430 [ifx-uif]
1431 Moore, Pulera, Songer, "Universal Image Format (UIF)", October 16, 2001,
1432 <ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/uif-spec-07.pdf>
- 1433 [image-tiff]
1434 Parsons, G. and J. Rafferty, "Tag Image File Format (TIFF) - image/tiff MIME Sub-type
1435 Registration, <draft-ietf-fax-tiff-regbis-03.txt>, work in progress, intended to obsolete RFC 2302
1436 [RFC2302], November 5, 2001.
- 1437 [image-tiff-fx]
1438 McIntyre, L., Parsons, G. and J. Rafferty, "Tag Image File Format Fax eXtended (TIFF-FX) -
1439 image/tiff-fx MIME Sub-type Registration, <draft-ietf-fax-tiff-fx-reg-01.txt, November 21, 2001.
- 1440 [internet-fax-ext1]
1441 ~~L.~~ McIntyre, ~~L., D.~~ Abercrombie, ~~D., W.~~ Rucklidge, ~~W.~~ and R. Buckley, "TIFF-FX Extensions 1",
1442 <draft-ietf-fax-tiff-fx-extension1-021.txt>, ~~March 5~~ July, 2001, posted July 23, 2001 for the August
1443 IETF meeting in London at: [http://www.parc.xerox.com/ietf_fax/draft-mcintyre-tiff-fx-Extension1-](http://www.parc.xerox.com/ietf_fax/draft-mcintyre-tiff-fx-Extension1-02.txt)
1444 02.txt.
- 1445 [internet-fax-goals]
1446 Masinter, "Terminology and Goals for Internet Fax", RFC2542
- 1447 [ipp-~~admin~~-ops-~~set2~~]
1448 Kugler, C, Hastings, T., Lewis, H., "Internet Printing Protocol (IPP): Job and Printer Administrative
1449 Operations", <draft-ietf-ipp-ops-set2-03.txt>, July 17, 2001.
- 1450 [ipp-coll]
1451 deBry, R., , Hastings, T., Herriot, R., "Internet Printing Protocol (IPP): collection attribute syntax",
1452 <draft-ietf-ipp-collection-05.txt>, work in progress, July 17, 2001.
- 1453 [ipp-get-method]
1454 Herriot, Kugler, and Lewis, "The 'ippget' Delivery Method for Event Notifications", <draft-ietf-ipp-
1455 notify-get-064.txt>, ~~November 19~~ July 17, 2001
- 1456 [ipp-iig]
1457 Hastings, T., Manros, C., Zehler, P., Kugler, C., and H. Holst, "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1:
1458 Implementer's Guide", draft-ietf-ipp-implementers-guide-v11-04.txt, work in progress, intended to
1459 obsolete RFC 3196 [RFC3196], October 8, 2001.

- 1460 [ipp-indp-method]
1461 Parra, H., and T. Hastings, "Internet Printing Protocol (IPP): The 'indp' Delivery Method for Event
1462 Notifications and Protocol/1.0", <draft-ietf-ipp-indp-method-06.txt>, work in progress, July 17,
1463 2001.
- 1464 [ipp-job-prog]
1465 Hastings, T., Bergman, R., Lewis, H., "Internet Printing Protocol (IPP): Job Progress Attributes",
1466 <draft-ietf-ipp-job-prog-03.txt> work in progress, July 17, 2001.
- 1467 [ipp-mailto-method]
1468 Herriot, R., Hastings, T., Manros, C. and H. Holst, "Internet Printing Protocol (IPP): The 'mailto'
1469 Delivery Method for Event Notifications", <draft-ietf-ipp-notify-mailto-04.txt>, work in progress,
1470 July 17, 2001.
- 1471 [ipp-ntfy]
1472 Isaacson, S., Martin, J., deBry, R., Hastings, T., Shepherd, M., Bergman, R., "Internet Printing
1473 Protocol/1.1: IPP Event Notification Specification", <draft-ietf-ipp-not-spec-078.txt>, [November](#)
1474 [19 August 20](#), 2001.
- 1475 [ipp-output-bin]
1476 Hastings, T., and R. Bergman, "Internet Printing Protocol (IPP): output-bin attribute extension",
1477 IEEE-ISTO 5100.2-2001, February 7, 2001, <ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/standards/pwg5100.2.pdf>.
- 1478 [ipp-set-ops]
1479 Hastings, Herriot, Kugler, and Lewis, "Job and Printer Set Operations", <draft-ietf-ipp-job-printer-
1480 set-ops-05.txt>, August 28, 2001.
- 1481 [ipp-prod-print]
1482 Ocke, K., Hastings, T., "Internet Printing Protocol (IPP): Production Printing Attributes - Set1",
1483 IEEE-ISTO 5100.3-2001, February 12, 2001, <ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/standards/pwg5100.3.pdf>.
- 1484 [ipp-uri-scheme]
1485 Herriot, McDonald, "IPP URL Scheme", <draft-ietf-ipp-url-scheme-03.txt>, April 3, 2001
- 1486 [pwg-media]
1487 Bergman, Hastings, "Media Standardized Names", work in progress, when approved:
1488 <ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/standards/pwg5101.1.pdf>; current draft:
1489 <ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/media-sizes/pwg-media-12.pdf>, September 24, 2001.
- 1490 [RFC1900]
1491 B. Carpenter, Y. Rekhter. Renumbering Needs Work, RFC 1900, February 1996.
- 1492 [RFC2069]
1493 Franks, Hallam-Baker, Hostetler, Leach, Luotonen., Sink, Stewart, "An Extension to HTTP: Digest
1494 Access Authentication", RFC2069

- 1495 [RFC2119]
1496 Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Level", RFC2119
- 1497 [RFC2246]
1498 Dierks, Allen "The TLS Protocol Version 1.0", RFC 2246
- 1499 [RFC2301]
1500 McIntyre, L., Zilles, S., Buckley, R., Venable, D., Parsons, G., and G. Rafferty, "File Format for
1501 Internet Fax", RFC2301, March 1998.
- 1502 [\[RFC2302\]](#)
1503 [Parsons, G., Rafferty, G., and S. Zilles, "Tag Image File Format \(TIFF\) - image/tiff MIME Sub-type](#)
1504 [Registration, RFC 2302, March 1998.](#)
- 1505 [RFC2305]
1506 Toyoda, Ohno, Murai, Wing "A Simple Mode of Facsimile Using Internet Mail" RFC2305
- 1507 [RFC2373]
1508 R. Hinden, S. Deering. IP Version 6 Addressing Architecture, RFC 2373, July 1998.
- 1509 [RFC2396]
1510 Berners-Lee, T. et al. Uniform Resource Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax, RFC 2396, August 1998
- 1511 [RFC2409]
1512 Harkins, D., and D. Carrel, "The Internet Key Exchange (IKE)", RFC 2409, November 1998
- 1513 [RFC2425]
1514 T. Howes, M. Smith, F. Dawson, "A MIME Content-Type for Directory Information", RFC 2425,
1515 September 1998
- 1516 [RFC2426]
1517 Dawson, Howes, "vCard MIME Directory Profile", RFC 2426, September 1998 [version v3.0].
- 1518 [RFC2532]
1519 Masinter, Wing, "Extended Facsimile Using Internet Mail", RFC2532
- 1520 [RFC2616]
1521 R. Fielding, J. Gettys, J. Mogul, H. Frystyk, L. Masinter, P. Leach, T. Berners-Lee, "Hypertext
1522 Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1", RFC 2616, June 1999.
- 1523 [RFC2617]
1524 J. Franks, P. Hallam-Baker, J. Hostetler, S. Lawrence, P. Leach, A. Luotonen, L. Stewart, "HTTP
1525 Authentication: Basic and Digest Access Authentication", RFC 2617, June 1999.
- 1526 [RFC2732]
1527 R. Hinden, B. Carpenter, L. Masinter. Format for Literal IPv6 Addresses in URL's, RFC 2732,
1528 December 1999.

- 1529 [RFC2818]
1530 E. Rescorla, "HTTP Over TLS", May 2000
- 1531 [RFC2910]
1532 Herriot, Butler, Moore, Turner, Wenn, "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport",
1533 RFC2910, September 2000
- 1534 [RFC2911]
1535 deBry, Hastings, Herriot, Isaacson, Powell, "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics",
1536 RFC2911, September 2000.
- 1537 [~~ipp-ig~~[RFC3196](#)]
1538 Hastings, T., Manros, C., Zehler, P., Kugler, C., and H. Holst, "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1:
1539 Implementer's Guide", ~~draft-ietf-ipp-implementers-guide-v11-04.txt, work in progress~~[RFC 3196](#),
1540 ~~October 8~~[November](#), 2001.
- 1541 [TIFF]
1542 "Tag Image File Format", Revision 6.0, Adobe Developers Association, June 3, 1992,
1543 [tp://ftp.adobe.com/pub/adobe/devrelations/devtechnotes/pdf/tiff6.pdf](http://ftp.adobe.com/pub/adobe/devrelations/devtechnotes/pdf/tiff6.pdf)
- 1544 The TIFF 6.0 specification dated June 3, 1992 specification
1545 (c) 1986-1988, 1992 Adobe Systems Incorporated. All Rights Reserved.
- 1546 [[tiff-fx](#)]
1547 [McIntyre, L., Zilles, S., Buckley, R., Venable, D., Parsons, G., and G. Rafferty, "File Format for](#)
1548 [Internet Fax", <draft-ietf-fax-tiff-fx-11.txt>, work in progress, intended to obsolete RFC 2301](#)
1549 [\[RFC2301\], November 21, 2001.](#)
- 1550 [X509]
1551 CCITT. Recommendation X.509: "The Directory - Authentication Framework". 1988.

1552 19 Authors' addresses

Thomas N. Hastings Xerox Corporation 701 Aviation Blvd. El Segundo, CA 90245 Phone: +1 310-333-6413 FAX: +1 310-333-5514 email: hastings@cp10.es.xerox.com	Ira McDonald High North Inc 221 Ridge Ave Grand Marais, MI 49839 Phone: +1 906-494-2434 Email: imcdonald@crt.xerox.com
Paul Moore Neteon	Gail Songer Neteon

Phone: +1 425-462-5852 Email: pmoore@peerless.com	Phone: +1 650-237-5324 Email: gsonger@netreon.com
John Pulera Minolta System Labs Irvine, CA Phone: +1 949 737-4520 x348 Email: jpulera@minolta-mil.com	

1553

1554 Contact Information:

1555

1556 IPP Web Page: <http://www.pwg.org/ipp/>1557 IPP Mailing List: ipp@pwg.org

1558

1559 To subscribe to the ipp mailing list, send the following email:

1560 1) send it to majordomo@pwg.org

1561 2) leave the subject line blank

1562 3) put the following two lines in the message body:

1563 subscribe ipp

1564 end

1565

1566 Implementers of this specification document are encouraged to join the IPP Mailing List in order to
 1567 participate in any discussions of clarification issues and review of registration proposals for additional
 1568 attributes and values. In order to reduce spam the mailing list rejects mail from non-subscribers, so you
 1569 must subscribe to the mailing list in order to send a question or comment to the mailing list.

1570

1571 Other Participants:

Ron Bergman - Hitachi Koki	Dan Calle - Digital Paper
Jeff Christensen - Novell	Lee Farrell - Canon Info Systems
Satoshi Fujitani - Ricoh	Roelop Hamberg - Océ
Rich Heckelmann - Panasonic USA	Robert Herriot - Xerox
Koichi "Hurry" Izuhara - Minolta	Charles Kong - Panasonic
Mike Kuindersma - PrinterOn	Marty Joel - Netreon
Harry Lewis - IBM	Toru Maeda - Cannon
Carl-Uno Manros - Xerox	Frank Martin - Brother
Lloyd McIntyre - Xerox	Hugo Parra - Novell
Patrick Pidduck - PrinterOn	Stuart Rowley - Kyocera
Yuji Sasaki - JCI	Norbert Schade - Oak Technology
Richard Shockey - Newstar	Howard Sidorski - Netreon
Gail Songer - Netreon	Geoff Soord - Software 2000
John Thomas - Sharp Labs	Jerry Thrasher - Lexmark
Shinichi Tsuruyama - Epson	Aisushi Uchino - Epson

Shigeru Udea - Canon	Mark VanderWiele - IBM
Bill Wagner - NetSilicon/DPI	Don Wright - Lexmark
Michael Wu - Heidelberg Digital	Peter Zehler - Xerox

1572 20 Appendix **AB**: vCard Example

1573 The following ASCII text is a complete vCard v3.0 [RFC2426, RFC2425] example:

```

1574 BEGIN:VCARD
1575 VERSION:3.0
1576 N:Moore;Paul
1577 FN:Paul Moore
1578 ORG:Peerless Systems Networking
1579 TEL;CELL;VOICE:1+206-251-7008
1580 ADR;WORK;;;10900 NE 8th St;Bellvue;WA;98004;United States of America
1581 EMAIL;PREF;INTERNET:pmoore@peerless.com
1582 REV:19991207T215341Z
1583 END:VCARD
1584

```

1585 21 Appendix **BC**: Generic Directory Schema for an IPPFAX Receiver

1586 This section defines a generic schema for an entry in a directory service. A directory service is a means by
1587 which service users can locate service providers. In IPPFAX environments, this means that Receivers
1588 (IPPFAX Printers) can be registered (either automatically or with the help of an administrator) as entries of
1589 type PRINTER in the directory using an IMPLEMENTATION SPECIFIC mechanism such as entry
1590 attributes, entry type fields, specific branches, etc. Directory clients can search or browse for entries of type
1591 PRINTER. Clients use the directory service to find entries based on naming, organizational contexts, or
1592 filtered searches on attribute values of entries. For example, a client can find all printers in the "Local
1593 Department" context. Authentication and authorization are also often part of a directory service so that an
1594 administrator can place limits on end users so that they are only allowed to find entries to which they have
1595 certain access rights. IPPFAX itself does not require any specific directory service protocol or provider.

1596 Note: Some directory implementations allow for the notion of "aliasing". That is, one directory entry object
1597 can appear as multiple directory entry objects with different names for each object. In each case, each alias
1598 refers to the same directory entry object which refers to a single IPPFAX Printer object.

1599 The generic IPPFAX schema is a subset of IPPFAX Job Template and Printer Description attributes (Table
1600 1, Table 2, and [RFC2911] sections 4.2 and 4.4). These attributes are identified as either
1601 RECOMMENDED or OPTIONAL for the directory entry itself. This conformance labeling is NOT the
1602 same conformance labeling applied to the attributes of IPPFAX Printers objects. The conformance labeling
1603 in this Appendix is intended to apply to directory templates and to [IPPFAX Printer implementations](#)
1604 [Receivers](#) that subscribe by adding one or more entries to a directory. RECOMMENDED attributes
1605 SHOULD be associated with each directory entry. OPTIONAL attributes MAY be associated with the
1606 directory entry (if known or supported). In addition, all directory entry attributes SHOULD reflect the
1607 current attribute values for the corresponding IPPFAX Printer object.

1608 The names of attributes in directory schema and entries SHOULD be the same as the IPPFAX Printer
1609 attribute names as shown, as much as possible.

1610 In order to bridge between the directory service and the IPPFAX Printer object, one of the
1611 RECOMMENDED directory entry attributes is the Printer object's "printer-uri-supported" attribute. The
1612 directory client queries the "printer-uri-supported" attribute (or its equivalent) in the directory entry and then
1613 the IPPFAX client addresses the IPPFAX Printer object using one of its URIs. The "uri-security-supported"
1614 attribute identifies the protocol (if any) used to secure a channel. If a Printer object supports both IPP and
1615 IPPFAX, there should be two separate directory entries in order to represent these two services.

1616 Table 17 defines the generic schema for directory entries of abstract type PRINTER. In the future this
1617 schema could also be directory entries of type FAX. In either case, the concrete type MUST be IPPFAX. If
1618 a Printer object supports both IPP and IPPFAX, there should be two separate directory entries in order to
1619 represent these two services, one with concrete type IPP and the other with concrete type IPPFAX,
1620 respectively.

1621 **Table 17 - Generic Schema Directory Entries**

Attribute	Conformance	Reference
All of the attributes in [RFC2911] section 16 Appendix E Generic Directory Schema, plus:	As stated in [RFC2911] section 16	[RFC2911]
ippfax -versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	RECOMMENDED	section 6.2
ippfax-uif-profiles- supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	RECOMMENDED	section 6.6

1622

1623 **22 Appendix C: Summary of other IPP documents**

1624 The full set of IPP documents includes:

- 1625 1. Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2567]
1626 2. Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol
1627 [RFC2568]
1628 3. Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics (this document)
1629 4. Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport [RFC2910]
1630 5. Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide [~~IPP-IG~~[RFC3196](#)] and [~~ipp-iig~~]
1631 6. Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [RFC2569]
1632

1633 The "Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol" document takes a broad look at distributed printing
1634 functionality, and it enumerates real-life scenarios that help to clarify the features that need to be included in
1635 a printing protocol for the Internet. It identifies requirements for three types of users: end users, operators,
1636 and administrators. It calls out a subset of end user requirements that are satisfied in IPP/1.0. A few
1637 OPTIONAL operator operations have been added to IPP/1.1.

1638 The "Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol" document
1639 describes IPP from a high level view, defines a roadmap for the various documents that form the suite of IPP
1640 specification documents, and gives background and rationale for the IETF working group's major decisions.

1641 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport" document is a formal mapping of the abstract
1642 operations and attributes defined in the model document onto HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616]. It defines the
1643 encoding rules for a new Internet MIME media type called "application/ipp". This document also defines
1644 the rules for transporting over HTTP a message body whose Content-Type is "application/ipp". This
1645 document defines a new scheme named 'ipp' for identifying IPP printers and jobs.

1646 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide" document gives insight and advice to
1647 implementers of IPP clients and IPP objects. It is intended to help them understand IPP/1.1 and some of the
1648 considerations that may assist them in the design of their client and/or IPP object implementations. For
1649 example, a typical order of processing requests is given, including error checking. Motivation for some of
1650 the specification decisions is also included.

1651 The "Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols" document gives some advice to implementers of gateways
1652 between IPP and LPD (Line Printer Daemon) implementations.

1653 **23 Appendix D: Description of the IEEE Industry Standards and Technology** 1654 **(ISTO)**

1655 The IEEE-ISTO is a not-for-profit corporation offering industry groups an innovative and flexible
1656 operational forum and support services. The IEEE-ISTO provides a forum not only to develop standards,
1657 but also to facilitate activities that support the implementation and acceptance of standards in the
1658 marketplace. The organization is affiliated with the IEEE (<http://www.ieee.org/>) and the IEEE Standards
1659 Association (<http://standards.ieee.org/>).

1660 For additional information regarding the IEEE-ISTO and its industry programs visit:

1661 <http://www.ieee-isto.org>.

1662 **24 Appendix E: Description of the IEEE-ISTO PWG**

1663 The Printer Working Group (or PWG) is a Program of the IEEE Industry Standards and Technology
1664 Organization (ISTO) and is an alliance among printer manufacturers, print server developers, operating
1665 system providers, network operating systems providers, network connectivity vendors, and print
1666 management application developers chartered to make printers and the applications and operating systems
1667 supporting them work together better. All references to the PWG in this document implicitly mean "The
1668 Printer Working Group, a Program of the IEEE ISTO." In order to meet this objective, the PWG will
1669 document the results of their work as open standards that define print related protocols, interfaces,
1670 procedures and conventions. Printer manufacturers and vendors of printer related software will benefit from
1671 the interoperability provided by voluntary conformance to these standards.

1672 In general, a PWG standard is a specification that is stable, well understood and is technically competent, has
1673 multiple, independent and interoperable implementations with substantial operational experience, and enjoys
1674 significant public support.

1675 For additional information regarding the Printer Working Group visit:

1676

<http://www.pwg.org>1677 **25 Revision History (to be removed when standard is approved)**

Revision	Date	Author	Notes
1	1/16/01	Paul Moore, Neteon	Initial version
2	2/27/01	Paul Moore, Gail Songer, Neteon	Specify TLS as MUST Removed Cover page and combined device Added need for big text types
3	4/11/01	Gail Songer, Neteon	Move attribute definition to first reference
4	5/24/01	Tom Hastings	Editorially updated the document to follow the style of the IPP standard documents. Added 23 issues to be reviewed. Capitalized the special terms throughout without showing revisions in order to make the document with revisions more readable.
5	5/21/01	Tom Hastings, John Pulera, Ira McDonald	Updated from the 6/6/01 telecon agreements on most of the 23 issues. There are 20 issues remaining, mostly new.
6	7/27/01	Tom Hastings, Ira McDonald	Updated from the 6/29/01 telecon. There are 41 issues remaining, mostly new.
7	10/8/01	Tom Hastings, Ira McDonald	Updated with all the resolutions to the 41 ISSUES from the August 1, 2001 IPPFAX WG meeting in Toronto, and the subsequent telecons: August, 9, 14, and 17, 2001. There are 4 (new) issues remaining.
<u>8</u>	<u>11/17/01</u>	<u>Tom Hastings</u>	<u>Updated with the agreements from the IPPFAX WG meeting, 10/24/01, Texas. See minutes. There are 5 issues remaining.</u>

1678